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AAPCC 2008 ANNUAL REPORT OF THE NPDS

2008 Annual Report of the American Association of Poison Control Centers' National Poison Data System (NPDS): 26th Annual Report

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Abstract

Background: This is the 26th Annual Report of the American Association of Poison Control Centers (AAPCC; http://www. aapcc.org) National Poison Data System (NPDS). During 2008, 60 of the nation's 61 US poison centers uploaded case data automatically. The median upload time was 24 [7.2, 112] (median [25%, 75%]) minutes creating a real-time national exposure and information database and surveillance system.

Methodology: We analyzed the case data tabulating specific indices from NPDS. The methodology was similar to that of previous years. Where changes were introduced, the differences are identified. Poison center cases with medical outcomes of death were evaluated by a team of 28 medical and clinical toxicologist reviewers using an ordinal scale of 1-6 to determine Relative Contribution to Fatality (RCF) from the exposure to the death.

Results: In 2008, 4,333,012 calls were captured by NPDS: 2,491,049 closed human exposure cases, 130,495 animal exposures, 1,703,762 information calls, 7,336 human confirmed nonexposures, and 370 animal confirmed nonexposures. The top five substances most frequently involved in all human exposures were analgesics (13.3%), cosmetics/personal care products (9.0%), household cleaning substances (8.6%), sedatives/hypnotics/antipsychotics (6.6%), and foreign bodies/toys/miscellaneous (5.2%). The top five most common exposures in children age 5 or less were cosmetics/ personal care products (13.5%), analgesics (9.7%), household cleaning substances (9.7%), foreign bodies/toys/miscellaneous (7.5%), and topical preparations (6.9%). Drug identification requests comprised 66.8% of all information calls. NPDS documented 1,756 human exposures resulting in death with 1,315 human fatalities deemed related with an RCF of at least contributory (1, 2, or 3).

Conclusions: Poisoning continues to be a significant cause of morbidity and mortality in the US. The near real-time, always current status of NPDS represents a national resource to collect and monitor US poisoning exposure cases and information calls. NPDS continues its mission as one of the few real-time national surveillance systems in existence, providing a model public health surveillance system for all types of exposures, public health event identification, resilience response and situational awareness tracking.

WARNING: Comparison of exposure or outcome data from previous AAPCC Annual Reports is problematic. In particular, the identification of fatalities (attribution of a death to the exposure) differed from pre-2006 Annual Reports (see Fatality Case Review - Methods). Poison center death cases are described as all cases resulting in death and those determined to be poison related fatalities. Likewise, Table 22 (Exposure Cases by Generic Category) since year 2006 restricts the breakdown including deaths to singlesubstance cases to improve precision and avoid misinterpretation.

Introduction

Sixty-one regional Poison Centers (PCs) serving the entire population of the 50 United States, American Samoa, District of Columbia, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the US Virgin Islands submit information calls and exposure case data collected during the course of providing patient tailored exposure management to callers. This data is compiled by the American Association of Poison Control Centers (AAPCC) into its National Poison Data System (NPDS). PCs place emphasis on exposure management, accurate data collection and coding, and the continuing need for poison related public and professional education. The centers' health care professionals are available free of charge to callers 24-hours a day every day of the year. PCs respond to questions from both the public and health care professionals. The continuous staff dedication at regional poison centers is manifest as the number of exposure and information calls continues to rise (Table 1A). Calls to PCs either involve an exposed human or animal (EXPOSURE CALL) or a request for information (INFORMATION CALL) with no person or animal exposed to a substance.

What's New in NPDS and the Annual Report

Several enhancements were made to the tables and figures in this 26th Annual Report. One of the goals of the writing team has been to remove inconsistencies and improve the reader's ability to clearly understand the data. Our first foray into this area was the new version of Table 22 introduced with the 2006 Annual Report. This year corrections for clarity were made to the age labels in all tables. NPDS age values may only be integers. So one can not be age 5½ or 20½, they are either 5 or 20 respectively. All major age brackets were conformed to the following major categories: ≤ 5 years, 6–12 years, 13-19 years, ≥ 20 years, and unknown. Only the headers were changed for clarity, this did not effect how the data were summarized. As in previous years, the complete report

Table 1A. Growth of the AAPCC population served and exposure reporting (1983–2008)

Year	No. of participating centers	Population served (in millions)	Human exposures reported	Exposures per thousand population
1983	16	43.1	251,012	5.8
1984	47	99.8	730,224	7.3
1985	56	113.6	900,513	7.9
1986	57	132.1	1,098,894	8.3
1987	63	137.5	1,166,940	8.5
1988	64	155.7	1,368,748	8.8
1989	70	182.4	1,581,540	8.7
1990	72	191.7	1,713,462	8.9
1991	73	200.7	1,837,939	9.2
1992	68	196.7	1,864,188	9.5
1993	64	181.3	1,751,476	9.7
1994	65	215.9	1,926,438	8.9
1995	67	218.5	2,023,089	9.3
1996	67	232.3	2,155,952	9.3
1997	66	250.1	2,192,088	8.8
1998	65	257.5	2,241,082	8.7
1999	64	260.9	2,201,156	8.4
2000	63	270.6	2,168,248	8.0
2001	64	281.3	2,267,979	8.1
2002	64	291.6	2,380,028	8.2
2003	64	294.7	2,395,582	8.1
2004	62	293.7	2,438,643	8.3
2005	61	296.4	2,424,180	8.2
2006	61	299.4	2,403,539	8.0
2007	61	301.3	2,482,041	8.4
2008	61	304.1	2,491,049	8.2
Total			48,456,030	



with all tables has been included in the print and online versions of the report. To better assist readers Tables 21 and 22 are also provided via separate electronic links in the internet version of this report.

Linear least squares regression lines were added to the 5 call frequencies reported (Figures 1 and 2). Doubling times and confidence intervals (CI) provide a simple measure of relative rate of increase. The data array attached to Figure 3 shows the Mean \pm SD [90% CI] by day of the week for each of the call types in Figures 1 and 2. The doubling time for human exposure calls was 38.4 [90% CI:36.4, 40.5] years compared to only 6.5 [90% CI:6.4, 6.7] years for information

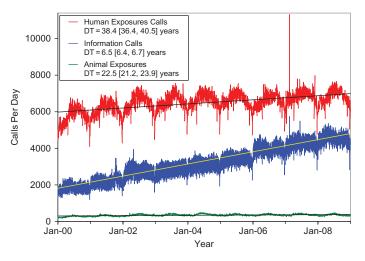


Fig. 1. Human Exposure Calls, Information Calls and Animal Exposure Calls by Day since January 1, 2000.

Line shows least-squares linear regression, DT = doubling time from the slope of the linear regression of the log-calls/day and 90% confidence interval.

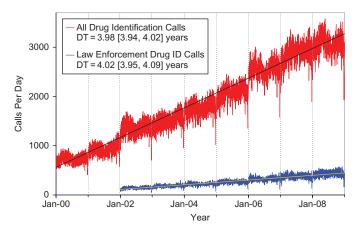


Fig. 2. Drug Identification and Law Enforcement Drug Identification Calls by Day since January 1, 2000.

Line shows least-squares linear regression, DT = doubling time from the slope of the linear regression of the log-calls/day and 90% confidence interval.

calls and 3.98 [90% CI: 3.94, 4.02] for all drug identification calls. Clearly the slope for drug identification calls is steeper than human exposures and all information calls. With the current economic crisis and associated impact on PC funding, some PCs have elected to terminate drug identification services. This clearly demonstrated ever increasing demand for drug identification assistance will need to be addressed as it impacts PC available resources and staffing. In addition, drug identification request data adds perspective on prescribing usage and diversion patterns.

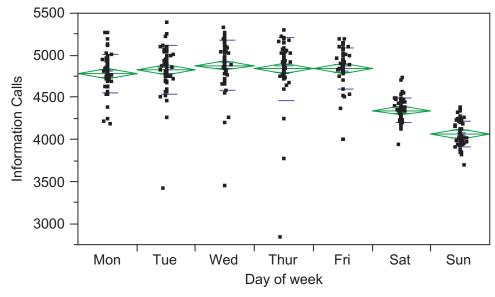
Figure 3 and its associated table quantifies call rates by "day of week" for human and animal exposures, all information calls, and the subsets all drug identification and law enforcement only requests. All group patterns are statistically significant with the largest absolute volume decrease being all information calls for Saturdays and Sundays. Figure 3 presents a statistical/graphical summary for information calls. Detailed analyses of this type can be used to assist PCs to maintain optimal staffing. In this example, based on information calls alone, centers could down-staff for management of information calls on Saturdays and Sundays. Application of these techniques could help PCs save valuable budget dollars. Curiously, the fewest number of information calls was Christmas day.

Previous versions of Table 19, Comparisons of Death Data (1985–2008), mixed deaths associated with exposures and poison related fatalities as categorized by at least 3 different fatality scoring systems. Death case data was meticulously reviewed back to 1985 to establish that most years reported absolute counts of cases with medical outcomes of death or death, indirect report. Table 19 now reports all years this way. We believe that this change will make it easier to compare absolute death counts from year to year. Table 19 can still be created using the NPDS application and including the desired Relative Contribution to Fatality (RCF) score. There have been several positive changes to Table 21 as well. A standardized set of alternate names and a standardized set of analyte names were created. Both names are lower case and uniformly applied throughout the table.

This year, Table 21 lists human exposures with medical outcome of death or death, indirect report regardless of RCF score. Deaths that were pregnant have also been flagged to allow for rapid identification. The Fatality Review process continued with the new system introduced in 2007. However, the fatality case selection process for narrative publication excluded cases with medical outcome of death, indirect report. Two pediatrician medical toxicologist Fatality Reviewers volunteered to review exclusively the 53 pediatric deaths for 2008. This was undertaken to provide a more consistent and enhanced review of these important cases.

In 2008, numerous enhancements were introduced in the NPDS application. Many of these focused on surveillance and are detailed in the Surveillance section. Transcending all of the improvements were the two NPDS web services: aggregate case counts (total and human exposure call volumes, and clinical effects volume by geographical and time





	Day of the Week, Mean ± SD [90% confidence interval]							
Calls per Day for	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	Sun	
	(N = 52)	(N = 53)	(N = 53)	(N = 52)	(N = 52)	(N = 52)	(N = 52)	
Human	7021 ± 359	6889 ± 339	6896 ± 395	6863 ± 431	6722 ± 367	6632 ± 342	6616 ± 348	
Exposure Calls	[6938, 7105]	[6811, 6967]	[6805, 6987]	[6762, 6963]	[6637, 6807]	[6553, 6712]	[6535, 6697]	
Information Calls	4784 ± 230 [4731, 4838]	4823 ± 290 [4757, 4890]	4879 ± 300 [4810, 4948]	4837 ± 374 [4750, 4924]	4844 ± 247 [4786, 4901]	4346 ± 143 [4313, 4379]	4064 ± 153 [4028, 4100]	
Animal Exposures	368 ± 42 [358, 378]	345 ± 43 [335, 355]	356 ± 43 [347, 366]	355 ± 47 [344, 366]	355 ± 38 [347, 364]	360 ± 42 [351, 370]	356 ± 43 [346, 366]	
All Drug Identification Calls	3105 ± 161 [3067, 3142]	3159 ± 190 [3115, 3203]	3216 ± 200 [3171, 3262]	3198 ± 245 [3141, 3255]	3265 ± 180 [3223, 3306]	3019 ± 120 [2991, 3046]	2806 ± 118 [2778, 2833]	
Law Enforcement Drug ID Calls	384 ± 37 [375, 392]	436 ± 46 [426, 447]	462 ± 51 [450, 474]	482 ± 66 [467, 498]	499 ± 45 [489, 510]	428 ± 31 [421, 435]	348 ± 30 [341, 355]	

Fig. 3. Information Calls (total) for 2008 by Day of Week.

Means and SEM (diamonds) and SDs (horizontal lines) by Oneway ANOVA, F(6, 1) = 78.3, p<0.0001, Rsquare = 0.566, N=366. Fewest calls (N=2825) was Thursday December 25, 2008. Data array shows the Mean ± SD [90% confidence interval] by day of the week for each of the call types in Figures 1 and 2.

period of interest) and the full case information web service. These web services provide data to external systems or viewers to analyze NPDS data in ways not currently possible in the NPDS application. The aggregate web service provides total call volume, human exposure call volume, or clinical effects counts linked by AND or OR allowing an external system such as RODS (Real-time Outbreak and Disease Surveillance, University of Pittsburgh, Department of Biomedical Informatics) to create time-series. Unique to NPDS, the aggregate case count web service is not only accessible by external computer systems but also directly by system users to create their own time series without the need for external system software. The full case web service provides entire cases or portions of cases to authorized users. Queries for both web services may be done for any date range and for any time period of interest (down to the hour) and by Center, State or ZIP code. Time series technology was not an initial NPDS function but the web service allows for time series creation. The web services also allow for NPDS data to be

provisioned in a federated manner where the data is always current in NPDS and can be readily accessed as needed without the need for costly cloning and warehousing.

The communications modules were also completed for the NPDS fatality and surveillance teams allowing for all correspondence to be stored within a fatality case or surveillance anomaly. Finally a new security model was introduced realizing the vision of the individual regional poison center controlling access to its data for its own users, sharing data with other centers, or allowing access to data by respective external organizations like State and local health departments.

Methods

Characterization of participating Poison Centers

All 61 participating centers submitted data to AAPCC for 2008. Fifty-eight centers (95%) were certified by AAPCC at



the end of 2008. The entire population of the 50 states, American Samoa, the District of Columbia, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the US Virgin Islands was served by PCs in 2008.

The average number of human exposure cases managed per day by all US poison centers was 6,825. Similar to other years, higher volumes were observed in the warmer months, with a mean of 6,121 cases per day in June compared with 5,073 per day in January. On average, ignoring the time of day and seasonal fluctuations, US PCs received one call concerning a suspected or actual human exposure every 12.7 seconds. The median time to upload data is 24 [7.2, 112] (median [25%, 75%]) minutes creating a real-time national exposure database and surveillance system.

Call management – specialized poison exposure emergency providers

Poison center operation as well as clinical education and instruction are directed by Managing Directors (most are PharmDs or RNs with American Board of Applied Toxicology [ABAT] board certification). Medical direction is provided by Medical Directors who are board-certified physician medical toxicologists. At some poison centers, the Managing and Medical Director positions are held by the same person.

Calls received at US PCs are managed by healthcare professionals who have received specialized training in toxicology and managing exposure emergencies. These providers include medical and clinical toxicologists, registered nurses, doctors of pharmacy, pharmacists, chemists, hazardous materials specialists, and epidemiologists. Specialists in Poison Information (SPIs) are primarily registered nurses, PharmDs, and pharmacists. They work under the supervision of a Certified Specialist in Poison Information (CSPI). SPIs must log a minimum of 2,000 calls over a 12 month period to become eligible to take the CSPI examination for specialists in poison information. Poison Information Providers (PIPs) are allied healthcare professionals. They manage information-type and low acuity (non-hospital) calls and work under the supervision of a CSPI. Of note is the fact that no nursing or pharmacy school offers a toxicology curriculum designed for poison center work and SPIs must be trained in programs offered by their respective PC.

NPDS - near real-time data capture

Launched on 12 April 2006, NPDS is the data repository for the 61 regional poison centers. In 2008, 60 of the 61 US PCs uploaded case data automatically to NPDS with one center uploading data periodically (beginning on 22 January 2009, all centers submitted data near real-time). The web-based NPDS software facilitates querying, reporting and a myriad of surveillance uses allowing AAPCC, its member centers and public health agencies to utilize US poisoning exposure

data. Users are able to access local and regional data for their own areas and view national aggregate data. The application allows for increased "drill-down" capability and mapping via a geographic information system (GIS). Custom surveillance definitions are available along with ad hoc reporting tools. Information in the NPDS database is dynamic. Each year the database is locked prior to extraction of annual report data to prevent inadvertent changes and ensure consistent, reproducible reports. The 2008 database was locked on 9 October 2009 at 1905 hours EDT.

Annual report case inclusion criteria

The information in this report reflects only those cases that are not duplicates and classified as CLOSED. A case is closed when the PC has determined that no further follow-up/ recommendations are required or no further information is available. Cases are followed as to precise a medical outcome as possible. Depending on the case specifics, most calls are "closed" within the first hours of the initial call. Some calls regarding complex hospitalized patients or cases resulting in death may remain open for weeks or months while data continues to be collected. Follow-up calls provide a proven mechanism for monitoring the appropriateness of management recommendations, augmenting patient guidelines and providing poison prevention education, enabling continual updates of case information as well as obtaining final/known medical outcome status to make the data collected as accurate and complete as possible.

NPDS surveillance

As previously noted, 60 of the 61 US PCs upload case data automatically to NPDS. This unique near real-time upload is the foundation of the NPDS surveillance system permitting both spatial and temporal case volume and case based surveillance. NPDS software allows creation of volume and case based definitions at will. Definitions can then be applied to national, regional, state, or ZIP code coverage areas. Geocentric definitions can also be created. This functionality is available not only to the AAPCC surveillance team, but to every regional poison center. PCs also have the ability to share NPDS real-time surveillance technology with external organizations such as their state and local health departments or other regulatory agencies. Another unique NPDS feature is the ability to generate system alerts on adverse drug events and other products of public health interest like contaminated food or product recalls. NPDS can thus provide real-time adverse event monitoring and surveillance for resilience response and situational awareness.

Surveillance definitions can be created to monitor a variety of volume parameters using a multiplicity of mathematical options with historical baseline periods from 1 to 8 years. Case based definitions for any desired substance or commercial product in the product database of over 350,000 entries



are also available (Micromedex® Healthcare Series [Internet database]. Greenwood Village, CO: Thomson Reuters [Healthcare] Inc.). NPDS surveillance tools include:

- · Volume alerts
 - 1. Total Call Volume
 - 2. Human Exposure Call Volume
 - 3. Clinical Effects Volume (signs and symptoms or laboratory abnormalities)
- Case Based Surveillance Definitions
 - 1. Substance
 - 2. Clinical Effects
 - 3. Various NPDS data fields
 - 4. Boolean field expressions

Incoming data is monitored continuously and any anomalous signal detected generates an automated email alert to the AAPCC's surveillance team or designated regional PC or public health agency. These anomaly alerts are reviewed by the AAPCC surveillance team and/or the regional PC that created the surveillance definition. When reports of potential public health significance are detected, additional information is obtained via e-mail or phone from reporting PCs. The regional PC then alerts their respective affected state or local health departments. Public health issues are brought to the attention of the Health Studies Branch, Division of Environmental Hazards and Health Effects, National Center for Environmental Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). This unique near real-time trace back ability is a unique feature offered by NPDS and the regional PCs.

AAPCC Surveillance team toxicologists review surveillance definitions on a regular basis to fine-tune the queries. CDC as well as state and local health departments with NPDS access as granted by their respective regional poison centers also have the ability to create surveillance definitions to respond to emerging public health events.

Fatality case review

NPDS fatality cases can be recorded as either DEATH or DEATH, INDIRECT REPORT. Medical outcome of death is by direct report. A reported fatality is coded as "indirect" if the PC was, in most cases, not directly contacted by the medical team, coroner, or family member, or post mortem reports were sent by the coroner or medical examiner for PC review, or the PC summarized a news account. However, a coroner or medical examiner or family member calling the PC with a question about the cause of death or a family member requesting interpretation of a toxicology laboratory result from a case not previously discussed with the PC is coded as a Death rather than Death, indirect report.

Although poison centers may report DEATH as an outcome, the death may not be the direct result of the poisoning exposure. We define Poison-related fatality as a death that was judged by the Fatality Review Team to be at least contributory to the exposure.

During the year, each death case is abstracted by the reporting regional PC center and verified for accuracy. These cases are then systematically reviewed at year end by Fatality Case Review Teams (CRT). Each CRT consisted of the following members:

Author – the PC medical director or their designee responsible for the case data entered, the abstract, and the initial choices of RCF and Substances;

Lead Reviewer - Medical Director or Managing Director (assigned from a PC other than the center from which the individual case originated using pseudorandom numbers) to provide the primary review of the case;

Peer Reviewer – Managing Director (if the lead reviewer was a Medical Director) or Medical Director (if the lead reviewer was a Managing Director) assigned (using pseudorandom numbers) to provide the second (complementary) review of the case;

Manager - Louis Cantilena MD (east coast) or Daniel A. Spyker MD (west coast) assigned by PC ZIP code.

The fundamental classification for the NPDS fatalities reporting is whether the exposure caused the death. The review teams assessed the following parameters for each fatality case:

- 1. Relative contribution of the toxic exposure to the death, RCF (see grading system below);
- 2. Cause Rank of the substances involved as described
- 3. Abstract scoring (see scoring system below);
- 4. Degree of agreement between the Abstract and the NPDS database entries for that case;
- 5. Degree of agreement and if resolution was required between determinations made by members of the CRT.

Cause Rank is a separate field associated with each substance to address the circumstance where 2 or more substances were judged causative, but we lack evidence to distinguish between them. Cause Rank defaults to the same number as the Substance Rank, 1, 2, 3, ... so it does not require additional data entry in the usual single substance or clear ranking circumstances. Changing Cause Rank permits assignment of equivalence in the event the reviewer cannot distinguish between causative substances, e.g., they may rank substances as 1, 1, 3 instead of 1,2,3 and so forth.

The primary basis of the case classification and abstract evaluations were the:

Clinical Case Evidence – includes a variety of information such as the data entered into NPDS and, when available, the medical examiner's report.



Medical Examiner's Report – the postmortem examination results, autopsy report or the coroner's report were always sought and, when available, became an important part of fatality case review.

Relative Contribution to Fatality

The definitions used for the Relative Contribution to Fatality (RCF) classification were as follows:

- Undoubtedly responsible In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence establishes beyond a reasonable doubt that the SUBSTANCES actually caused the death.
- **Probably responsible** In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence suggests that the SUBSTANCES caused the death, but some reasonable doubt remained.
- **Contributory** In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence establishes that the SUBSTANCES contributed to the death, but did not solely cause the death. That is, the SUBSTANCES alone would not have caused the death, but combined with other factors, were partially responsible for the death.
- **Probably not responsible** In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence establishes to a reasonable probability, but not conclusively, that the SUBSTANCES associated with the death did not cause the death
- Clearly not responsible In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence establishes beyond a reasonable doubt that the SUBSTANCES did not cause this death.
- Unknown In the opinion of the CRT the Clinical Case Evidence is insufficient to impute or refute a causative relationship for the SUBSTANCES in this death.

Review team procedure

A total of 14 review teams (28 individuals) volunteered to participate in the review. Reviewers were Medical Toxicologists (N = 15) or Clinical Toxicologists (N = 13). This year, a separate team of two Medical Toxicologists focused on the 53 pediatric fatalities. Names and affiliations of the reviewers are listed in Appendix A. Training and communication included weekly teleconferences, written guidance documents, spreadsheets (for assignment and reporting), the NPDS-Fatality Module (NPDS-FM) and individual telephone contacts. The initial 1,756 fatalities were randomly assigned such that each of the 28 individuals served as Lead Reviewer on 65-67 adult cases or 26-27 pediatric cases. Each individual peer reviewed another similar number of cases. For each fatality assigned, the Lead Reviewer:

- 1. Recorded their independent assessment of the RCF;
- 2. Recorded their assessment of the author's listing and ranking of the substance(s), and edited the case abstract as needed;

- 3. Scored the fatality case in regard to quality/completeness and novelty/educational value;
- 4. Evaluated the degree of agreement between the abstract and the NPDS database entries for that case;
- 5. Led the resolution of any questions with the CRT and Manager as required.

For each fatality assigned, the Peer Reviewer:

- 1. Recorded the agreement between the abstract and the NPDS database as described above for the Lead reviewer;
- 2. Reviewed the decisions of the Lead Reviewer (steps 1–4) and recorded their agreement with the Lead Reviewer.

Final decisions as to the fatality category and involved substances and sequence were derived from the Clinical Case Evidence. In most cases, the 3 members of the CRT were able to reach consensus. Decisions, which could not be resolved within the CRT, were queried to the responsible Manager for review and discussion.

Selection of abstracts for publication

The 89 abstracts included in Appendix C were selected for publication in a 3-stage process consisting of qualifying, ranking and reading. Qualifying was based on the RCF. Project reviewers recommended qualifying only RCF = 1, 2 or 3 (Undoubtedly Responsible, Probably Responsible or Contributory) as eligible for publication. Fatalities by Indirect report were not eligible for 2008. Qualifying cases thus numbered 1136. Ranking was based on the number of substances (33%) and weighted abstract scores (67%). The weightings were the averages chosen by the review team recommendations in 2006. Each was multiplied by the respective factors to obtain a weighted publication score: Hospital records * 4.4 + Postmortem * 7.6 + Blood levels * 6.9 + Quality/Completeness * 6.4 + Novelty/Educational value * 6.0.

The top ranked 200 abstracts were each read by 5 of the individual reviewers (Durback-Morris, Geller, Sangalli, Simone, Wiegand) and the 2 managers (Cantilena and Spyker). Each reader judged each abstract as "publish" or "omit" and all abstracts receiving 4 or more publish votes were selected, further edited and cross-reviewed by the 2 managers and a third writer (Rumack).

Results

2008 case summary

In 2008, the 61 participating PCs logged 4,333,012 total cases including 2,491,049 closed human exposure cases (Table 1A), 130,495 animal exposures (Table 1B), 1,703,762 information calls (Table 1C), 7,336 human confirmed nonexposures, and 370 animal confirmed nonexposures. An additional 1,296 calls were still open at the time of database lock.



Table 1B. Non-human exposures by animal type

Animal	Number	%
Dog	118,030	90.4
Cat	11,007	8.4
Bird	381	0.3
Rodent/lagomorph	306	0.2
Horse	259	0.2
Cow	81	0.1
Sheep/goat	73	0.1
Aquatic	46	0.0
Other	312	0.2
Total	130,495	100.0

The cumulative AAPCC database now contains close to 48.5 million human exposure case records (Table 1A). A total of 11,333,063 information calls (as described below) have been logged by NPDS since the year 2000. Figure 1 shows the human exposures, information calls and animal exposures by day since 2000. Linear regression and the least squares regression lines were added to the call frequencies reported. All were highly statistically significant (p < 0.001, N = 3288). Regressions of the natural log of the same data permitted calculation of a doubling time = ln(2)/slope (just as is done to calculate a disappearance half-life). We report these doubling times and 90% confidence intervals as a measure of relative rate of increase. The 90% CI was chosen as it gives the 5% lower bound and 95% upper bound.

PCs made 2,897,491 follow-up calls (or a series of calls) in 2008. Follow-up calls were done in 45.1% of human exposure cases. One follow-up call was made in 22.2% of human exposure cases, and multiple follow-up calls (range 2–128) were placed in 22.9% of cases.

Information calls to Poison Centers

Data from 1,703,762 information calls to PCs in 2008 (Table 1C) was transmitted to NPDS, including calls in optional reporting categories such as prevention/safety/education (36,804), administrative (27,727) and caller referral (64,081). Overall, the volume of information calls handled by US PCs increased by 6.3% over the 1,602,489 calls handled in 2007.¹

The most frequent information call was for drug identification, comprising 1,138,254 calls to PCs during the year (Figure 2). Of these, 147,144 (12.9%) could not be identified over the telephone. We examined call rates for 2008 by "day of week" using Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) with day as a nominal variable. Figure 3 shows a graphical summary for information calls where ANOVA F(6, 1) = 78.3, p < 0.0001, Rsquare = 0.566, N = 366. The majority of the drug identification calls were received from the public, followed by law enforcement and health professionals. Most of the drug identification requests were regarding drugs sometimes involved in abuse; however, these cases were categorized based on the drug's abuse potential without knowledge of whether abuse was actually intended.

Table 1C. Distribution of information calls

Table 1C. Distribution of information cans		
Information call type	No. of calls	% of info. calls
Dwg identification		-
Drug identification Public inquiry: Drug sometimes involved in abuse	535,733	31.44
Public inquiry: Drug not known to be abused	260,910	15.31
Public inquiry: Unknown abuse potential	10,874	0.64
Public inquiry: Unable to identify	121,193	7.11
HCP inquiry: Drug sometimes involved in abuse	12,444	0.73
HCP inquiry: Drug not known to be abused	22,995	1.35
HCP inquiry: Unknown abuse potential	998	0.06
HCP inquiry: Unable to identify	9,804	0.58
Law Enf. Inquiry: Drug sometimes involved in abuse	91,204	5.35
Law Enf. Inquiry: Drug not known to be abused Law Enf. Inquiry: Unknown abuse potential	49,601 1,994	2.91 0.12
Law Enf. Inquiry: Unable to identify	16,147	0.12
Other drug ID	4,357	0.26
Subtotal	1,138,254	66.81
Drug information	, , -	
Adverse effects (no known exposure)	15,920	0.93
Brand/generic name clarifications	6,189	0.36
Calculations	274	0.02
Compatibility of parenteral medications	255	0.01
Compounding	1,038	0.06
Contraindications	2,144	0.13
Dietary supplement, herbal, and homeopathic	1,024	0.06 0.99
Dosage Dosage form/formulation	16,908 3,946	0.99
Drug use during breast-feeding	5,912	0.23
Drug-drug interactions	34,838	2.04
Drug-food interactions	1,958	0.11
Foreign drug	1,442	0.08
Generic substitution	5,735	0.34
Indications/therapeutic use	69,914	4.10
Medication administration	5,597	0.33
Medication availability	1,314	0.08
Medication disposal	3,999	0.23
Pharmacokinetics	3,189	0.19
Pharmacology	2,867	0.17
Regulatory Stability/storage	5,127 3,930	0.30 0.23
Therapeutic drug monitoring	904	0.23
Other drug info	35,660	2.09
Subtotal	230,084	13.50
Environmental information	,	
Air quality	2,165	0.13
Carbon monoxide – no known patient(s)	1,063	0.06
Carbon monoxide alarm use	544	0.03
Chem/bioterrorism/weapons (suspected or	32	0.00
confirmed) Clarification of media reports of environmental contamination	42	0.00
Clarification of substances involved in a HAZMAT incident - no known victim(s)	152	0.01
General questions about contamination of air and/or soil	707	0.04
HAZMAT planning	171	0.01
Lead - no known patient(s)	1,064	0.06
Mercury thermometer cleanup	4,195	0.25
Mercury (excluding thermometers) cleanup	3,842	0.23
Notification of a HAZMAT incident - no known patient(s)	561	0.03
Pesticide application by a professional pest control operator	714	0.04
Pesticides (other)	2,991	0.18
Potential toxicity of chemicals in the environment	1,554	0.09
Radiation	85 2,165	0.00
Safe disposal of chemicals Water purity/contamination	970	0.13 0.06
Other environmental	6,080	0.36
Subtotal	29,097	1.71
Medical information	141	0.01
Dental questions Diagnostic or treatment recommendations for	161 10,327	0.01 0.61
Diagnostic or treatment recommendations for diseases or conditions – non-toxicology	10,347	0.01
Disease prevention	864	0.05
Explanation of disease states	1,585	0.09
General first-aid	1,854	0.11
Interpretation of non-toxicology laboratory reports	177	0.01
-		





Table 1C. (Continued)

Information call type	No. of calls	% of info. calls
Medical terminology questions	110	0.01
Rabies – no known patient(s)	390	0.02
Sunburn management	174	0.01
Other medical	16,057	0.94
Subtotal	31,699	1.86
Occupational information	52	0.00
Occupational treatment/first-aid guidelines - no	53	0.00
known patient(s) Information on chemicals in the workplace	193	0.01
MSDS interpretation	375	0.01
Occupational MSDS requests	1,175	0.02
Routine toxicity monitoring	49	0.00
Safe handling of workplace chemicals	120	0.01
Other occupational	253	0.01
Subtotal	2,218	0.13
Poison information		
Analytical toxicology	947	0.06
Carcinogenicity	124	0.01
Food poisoning – no known patient(s)	3,946	0.23
Food preparation/handling practices	7,921	0.46
General toxicity	39,742	2.33
Mutagenicity Plant toxicity	74 5,891	0.00 0.35
Recalls of non-drug products (including food)	840	0.33
Safe use of household products	3,919	0.03
Toxicology information for legal use/litigation	292	0.02
Other poison	20,825	1.22
Subtotal	84,521	4.96
Prevention/Safety/Education	,	
Confirmation of poison center number	15,521	0.91
General (non-poison) injury prevention requests	958	0.06
Media requests	354	0.02
Poison prevention material requests	16,715	0.98
Poison prevention week date inquiries	91 512	0.01
Professional education presentation requests	513 838	0.03 0.05
Public education presentation requests Other prevention	1,814	0.03
Subtotal	36,804	2.16
Teratogenicity information	20,00	2.10
Teratogenicity	4,794	0.28
Subtotal	4,794	0.28
Other information		
Other	42,801	2.51
Subtotal	42,801	2.51
Substance Abuse	0.405	0.56
Drug screen information	9,485	0.56
Effects of illicit substances – no known patient(s) New trend information	374 300	0.02 0.02
Withdrawal from illicit substances – no known	259	0.02
patient(s)	239	0.02
Other substance abuse	1,264	0.07
Subtotal	11,682	0.69
Administrative	,	
Expert witness requests	41	0.00
Faculty activities	56	0.00
Funding	20	0.00
Personnel issues	665	0.04
Poison center record request	201	0.01
Product replacement/malfunction (issues intended for	2,088	0.12
the manufacturer)	105	0.01
Scheduling of poison center rotations Other administration	197	0.01
Other administration Subtotal	24,459	1.44
Caller Referred	27,727	1.63
Immediate referral – animal poison center or	17,592	1.03
veterinarian	11,374	1.03
Immediate referral – drug identification	6,763	0.40
Immediate referral – drug information	499	0.40
Immediate referral – health department	7,373	0.43
Immediate referral – medical advice line	1,371	0.08
Immediate referral – pediatric triage service	67	0.00
Immediate referral – pesticide hotline	380	0.02
Immediate referral – pharmacy	3,813	0.22
Immediate referral – poison center	5,950	0.35
Immediate referral – private physician	2,905	0.17

(Continued)

Table 1C. (Continued)

Information call type	No. of calls	% of info. calls
Immediate referral – psychiatric crisis line	198	0.01
Immediate referral – teratology information program	160	0.01
Other call referral	17,010	1.00
Subtotal	64,081	3.76
Total	1,703,762	100.00

Drug information calls increased 30% from 2007 (177,436 calls) to 2008 (230,084 calls) and comprised 13.5% of all information request calls. Of these, the most common requests were in regards to the rapeutic use and indications, followed by drug-drug interactions and questions about dosage. Environmental inquiries comprised 1.7% of all information calls. Of these environmental inquiries, questions related to cleanup of mercury thermometers were most common followed by questions involving pesticides.

Of all the information calls, poison information comprised 5.0% of the requests., with inquiries involving general toxicity the most common followed by questions involving food poisoning or food preparation practices and plant toxicity.

Exposure calls to poison centers

Tables 22A (Nonpharmaceuticals) and 22B (Pharmaceuticals) provide summary demographic data on patient age and gender, reason for exposure, medical outcome, and use of a health care facility for all 2,491,049 human exposure cases, presented by substance categories.

Column 1 (grey shading) lists the number of exposures to the substance in the total number of cases including multiple exposures (as in previous years) and is sorted in the table under the name of the substance ranked first by the regional PC. This column counts all exposures to that substance.

Column 2 (and the breakdowns by Age, Treatment Site, Reason, and Outcome) report single substance exposures only, i.e., excludes cases with a multiple substance exposure. Subtracting column 2 from column 1 provides the number of cases where there were multiple substance exposures.

Tables 22A and 22B restrict the breakdown columns to single-substance cases to improve precision (avoid misrepresentation). Prior to 2007, when multi-substance exposures were included, a relatively innocuous substance was mentioned in a death column when, for example, the death was attributed to an antidepressant, opioid, or cyanide. This subtlety was not always appreciated by the uninformed user of the information. The restriction of the breakdowns to singlesubstance exposures should increase precision and reduce misrepresentation of the results in this unique by-substance table. Single substance cases reflect the majority (90.5%) of all exposures (Table 5).

Tables 22A and 22B tabulate 2,858,250 substance-exposures mentions, of which 2,254,267 were single-substance exposures



including 1,204,673 (53.4%) nonpharmaceuticals and 1,049,594 (46.6%) pharmaceuticals.

In 16.8% of exposures that involved pharmaceutical substances the reason for exposure was intentional, compared to only 2.9% when the exposure involved a nonpharmaceutical substance. Correspondingly, treatment in a health care facility was provided in a higher percentage of exposures that involved pharmaceutical substances (26.4%) compared with nonpharmaceutical substances (14.1%). Exposures to pharmaceuticals also had more severe outcomes. Of singlesubstance poison-related fatal cases, 350 were pharmaceuticals compared with 178 nonpharmaceuticals.

Age and gender distribution

The age and gender distribution of human poison exposure victims is outlined in Table 3. Children younger than 3 years were involved in 38.7% of exposures and children younger than 6 years accounted for half of all human exposures. A male predominance is found among recorded cases involving children younger than 13 years, but this gender distribution is reversed in teenagers and adults, with females comprising the majority of reported poison exposure victims.

Caller site and exposure site

As shown in Table 2, of the 2,491,049 human exposures reported, 76.0% of calls originated from a residence (own or other) but 93.4% actually occurred at a residence (Own or Other). Another 16.1% of calls were made from a health care facility. Exposures occurred in the workplace in 1.75% of cases, schools (1.3%), health care facilities (0.3%), and restaurants or food services (0.3%).

Exposures in pregnancy

Exposure during pregnancy occurred in 8,477 women (0.34%) of all human exposures). Of those with known pregnancy duration (n = 7.817), 31.4% occurred in the first trimester, 37.6% in the second trimester, and 31.0% in the third trimester. Most (72.6%) were unintentional exposures and 20.4% were intentional exposures.

Table 2. Site of call and site of exposure, human exposure cases

Site	Site of caller (%)	Site of exposure (%)
Residence		
Own	74.05	90.58
Other	1.98	2.82
Workplace	1.33	1.75
Health care facility	16.14	0.32
School	0.52	1.34
Restaurant/food service	0.02	0.29
Public area	0.34	1.03
Other	5.33	0.92
Unknown	0.29	0.95

Multiple patients

In 2008, 9.7% (241,258) of human exposures involved multiple patients. Examples of these include siblings sharing found medication, multiple victims of carbon monoxide exposure such as a family, or multiple patients inhaling vapors at a hazardous material spill.

Chronicity

The overwhelming majority of human exposures, 2,261,862 (90.8%) were acute cases (single, repeated or continuous exposure occurring over 8 hours or less) compared to 830 acute cases of 1,756 fatalities (47.3%). Chronic exposures (continuous or repeated exposures occurring over > 8 hours) comprised 1.9% (46,917) of all human exposures. Acuteon-chronic exposures (single exposure that was preceded by a continuous, repeated, or intermittent exposure occurring over a period greater than eight hours) numbered 158,490 (6.4%).

Reason for exposure

Most (82.8%) poison exposures were unintentional; suicidal intent was suspected in 8.7% of cases (Table 6A). Therapeutic errors accounted for 10.6% of exposures (263,942 cases), with unintentional misuse comprising 4.3% of exposures. Of the 263,942 therapeutic errors, the most common scenarios for all ages included: inadvertent double-dosing in 84,814 (34.0%) cases, wrong medication taken or give (15.3%), other incorrect dose (14.8%), doses given/taken too close together (9.5%) and inadvertent exposure to someone else's medication (9.4%). The types of therapeutic errors observed are different for each age group and are summarized in Table 6B.

The reason for most exposures was unintentional (82.8%) of all PC calls. Unintentional exposures outnumbered intentional poisonings in all age groups with the exception of age 13–19 years (Table 7). Intentional exposures were reported as frequently as unintentional exposures in patients age 13-19 years. In contrast, of the 1,315 of the reported human poisoning fatalities, the majority of the fatalities in children less than or equal to age 5 years was unintentional while most fatalities in adults (≥ 20 years) were intentional (Table 8).

Route of exposure

Ingestion was the route of exposure in 79.3% of cases (Table 9), followed in frequency by dermal (7.2%), inhalation/nasal (5.2%), and ocular routes (4.5%). For the 1,315 fatalities, ingestion (77.7%), inhalation/nasal (7.8%), and parenteral (3.6%) were the predominant exposure routes.

Clinical effects

The AAPCC database allows for the coding of up to 131 different clinical effects (signs, symptoms, or laboratory



Table 3. Age and gender distribution of human exposures

		Male		Female		own gender	To	otal	Cumulati	ve total
Age (y)	Number	% of age group total	Number	% of age group total	Number	% of age group total	Number	% of total exposures	Number	Col%
Children (<20)										
< 1	68,121	52.06	62,314	47.62	423	0.32	130,858	5.25	130,858	5.25
1	211,756	51.99	194,947	47.86	594	0.15	407,297	16.35	538,155	21.60
2	223,895	52.44	202,354	47.39	717	0.17	426,966	17.14	965,121	38.74
3	102,620	55.19	82,912	44.59	406	0.22	185,938	7.46	1,151,059	46.21
4	49,678	56.40	38,140	43.30	257	0.29	88,075	3.54	1,239,134	49.74
5	28,232	56.51	21,491	43.02	234	0.47	49,957	2.01	1,289,091	51.75
Unknown ≤5	1,650	45.05	1,408	38.44	605	16.52	3,663	0.15	1,292,754	51.90
Child 6-12	88,845	58.02	62,943	41.11	1,333	0.87	153,121	6.15	1,445,875	58.04
Teen 13-19	77,485	46.10	89,832	53.44	777	0.46	168,094	6.75	1,613,969	64.79
Unknown Child	2,394	40.36	2,227	37.54	1,311	22.10	5,932	0.24	1,619,901	65.03
Subtotal	854,676	52.76	758,568	46.83	6,657	0.41	1,619,901	65.03	1,619,901	65.03
Adults (≥20)	ŕ				ŕ					
20-29	90,778	46.15	105,770	53.77	164	0.08	196,712	7.90	1,816,613	72.93
30-39	66,211	42.72	88,651	57.20	119	0.08	154,981	6.22	1,971,594	79.15
40-49	59,204	41.55	83,177	58.38	95	0.07	142,476	5.72	2,114,070	84.87
50-59	43,557	39.51	66,629	60.44	58	0.05	110,244	4.43	2,224,314	89.29
60-69	24,483	37.14	41,413	62.82	32	0.05	65,928	2.65	2,290,242	91.94
70-79	14,402	35.06	26,659	64.89	20	0.05	41,081	1.65	2,331,323	93.59
80-89	8,565	32.17	17,977	67.53	80	0.30	26,622	1.07	2,357,945	94.66
≥90	1,330	28.30	3,364	71.59	5	0.11	4,699	0.19	2,362,644	94.85
Unknown adult	44,913	39.34	65,896	57.72	3,356	2.94	114,165	4.58	2,476,809	99.43
Subtotal	353,443	41.25	499,536	58.30	3,929	0.46	856,908	34.40	2,476,809	99.43
Other	,				-		ŕ			
Unknown age	4,991	35.05	6,301	44.25	2,948	20.70	14,240	0.57	2,491,049	100.00
Total	1,213,110	48.70	1,264,405	50.76	13,534	0.54	2,491,049	100.00	2,491,049	100.00

Table 4. Distribution of age^a and gender for fatalities^b

Age(y)	Male	Female	Unknown	Total (%)	Cumulative total (%)
< 1	5	0	0	5 (0.4%)	5 (0.4%)
1	4	4	0	8 (0.6%)	13 (1.0%)
2	1	1	0	2 (0.2%)	15 (1.1%)
3	3	1	0	4 (0.3%)	19 (1.4%)
4	3	1	0	4 (0.3%)	23 (1.8%)
5	1	2	0	3 (0.2%)	26 (2.0%)
6-12	3	5	0	8 (0.6%)	34 (2.6%)
13-19	45	29	0	74 (5.6%)	108 (8.2%)
Unknown Child	2	0	0	2 (0.2%)	110 (8.4%)
20-29	137	84	0	221 (16.8%)	331 (25.2%)
30-39	126	113	0	239 (18.2%)	570 (43.4%)
40-49	133	159	0	292 (22.2%)	862 (65.6%)
50-59	132	118	0	250 (19.0%)	1,112 (84.6%)
60-69	35	50	0	85 (6.5%)	1,197 (91.0%)
70–79	20	31	0	51 (3.9%)	1,248 (94.9%)
80-89	8	32	0	40 (3.0%)	1,288 (98.0%)
≥ 90	1	11	0	12 (0.9%)	1,300 (98.9%)
Unknown adult	8	3	0	11 (0.8%)	1,311 (99.7%)
Unknown age	0	1	3	4 (0.3%)	1,315 (100.0%)
Total	667	645	3	1,315 (100.0%)	1,315 (100.0%)

^aAge columns include both actual and estimated ages (e.g., Age 20-29 include 20s, and so forth).

abnormalities) for each case. Each clinical effect can be further defined as related, not related, or unknown if related. Clinical effects were coded in 707,555 (28.4%) cases. (14.9%) had 1 effect, 7.5% had 2 effects, 3.7% had 3 effects, 1.3% had 4 effects, 0.5% had 5 effects, and 0.5% had >5 effects coded). Of clinical effects coded, 79.2% were deemed related to the exposure(s), 9.2% were considered not related, and 11.6% were coded as unknown if related.

Table 5. Number of substances involved in human exposure cases

No. of substances	No. of cases	% of case	
1	2,254,267	90.5	
2	153,295	6.2	
3	48,003	1.9	
4	18,927	0.8	
5	8,116	0.3	
6	3,763	0.2	
7	1,958	0.1	
8	1,084	0.0	
≥9	1,636	0.1	
Total	2,491,049	100.00	

The duration of effect is required for all cases that report at least one clinical effect and have a medical outcome of minor, moderate or major effect (n = 493,386). Table 13 demonstrates an increasing duration of the clinical effects observed with more severe outcomes.

Case management site

The majority of cases reported to PCs were managed in a non-health care facility (72.6%), usually at the site of exposure, primarily the patient's own residence (Table 10). Another 1.8% of cases were referred to a health care facility but refused to go. Treatment in a health care facility was rendered in 24.0% of cases.

Of the 598,048 cases managed in a health care facility, 295,834 (49.5%) were treated and released without admission, 93,096 (15.6%) were admitted for critical care, and 55,878 (9.3%) were admitted for noncritical care.



^bIncludes cases with RCF of 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory.

Table 6A. Reason for human exposure cases

Reason	Number	% human exposures
Unintentional		
Unintentional - General	1,503,868	60.4
Unintentional – Therapeutic error	263,942	10.6
Unintentional – Misuse	106,743	4.3
Unintentional – Bite/sting	66,857	2.7
Unintentional – Environmental	56,457	2.3
Unintentional – Food poisoning	30,311	1.2
Unintentional – Occupational	30,018	1.2
Unintentional – Unknown	4,189	0.2
Subtotal	2,062,385	82.8
Intentional		
Intentional – Suspected suicide	217,813	8.7
Intentional – Misuse	54,257	2.2
Intentional – Abuse	46,265	1.9
Intentional – Unknown	18,939	0.8
Subtotal	337,274	13.5
Adverse Reaction		
Adverse reaction – Drug	44,334	1.8
Adverse reaction – Other	12,090	0.5
Adverse reaction – Food	5,888	0.2
Subtotal	62,312	2.5
Unknown	0=,0 ==	
Unknown reason	13,677	0.5
Subtotal	13,677	0.5
	13,077	0.5
Other — Malicious	0.505	0.2
	8,585	0.3 0.2
Other – Contamination/tampering Other – Withdrawal	5,524	0.2
Subtotal	1,292	***
	15,401	0.6
Total	2,491,049	100.0

The percentage of patients treated in a health care facility varied considerably with age. Only 9.9% of children younger 5 years or younger and only 11.1% of children between 6 and 12 years were managed in a health care facility compared with 42.8% of teenagers (13-19 y) and 35.8% of adults (age $\geq 20 \text{ y}$).

Medical outcome

Table 11 displays the medical outcome of the human poison exposure cases distributed by age, showing a greater incidence of severe outcomes in the older age groups. Table 12 compares medical outcome and reason for exposure and shows a greater frequency of serious outcomes in intentional exposures.

Decontamination procedures and specific antidotes

Tables 14 and 15 outline the use of decontamination procedures, specific antidotes, and measures to enhance elimination in the treatment of patients reported in this database. These must be interpreted as minimum frequencies because of the limitations of telephone data gathering.

Table 16 demonstrates the continuing decline in the use of ipecac-induced emesis in the treatment of poisoning. Ipecac was administered in only 641 (<0.01%) pediatric human poison exposures in 2008. The continued decrease in ipecac syrup use in the last decade was likely a result of ipecac use guidelines issued in 1997 by the American Academy of Clinical Toxicology; European Association of Poisons Centres and Clinical Toxicologists and updated in 2004.^{2,3} In a separate report, the American Academy of Pediatrics concluded not only that ipecac should no longer be used routinely as a home treatment strategy, but also recommended disposal of ipecac currently in homes.⁴

Top substances in human exposures

Table 17A presents the most common 25 substance categories involved in human exposures, listed by frequency of exposure. Tables 17B and 17C present similar data for children and adults, respectively, and show the differences between pediatric and adult poison exposures.

Distribution of suicides

Table 19 shows the modest variation in the distribution of suicides over the past 2 decades as reported to the NPDS's national database (45–68%). Since 1985, the percent of fatal

Table 6B. Scenarios for therapeutic errors by age*

	No. of cases	≤5y (row %)	6–12 y (row %)	13-19 y (row %)	≥20 y (row %)	Unknown (row %)
Inadvertently took/given medication twice	84,814	22.8	12.5	5.6	58.8	0.3
Wrong medication taken/given	38,138	16.4	11.9	6.6	64.6	0.4
Other incorrect dose	36,799	34.0	11.9	7.3	46.4	0.5
Medication doses given/taken too close together	23,663	24.2	9.8	7.4	58.3	0.4
Inadvertently took/given someone else's medication	23,506	19.5	19.0	7.4	53.8	0.3
Other/unknown therapeutic error	15,922	22.1	11.2	8.1	58.0	0.7
Incorrect dosing route	14,508	9.8	4.5	3.1	81.7	0.9
Confused units of measure	10,371	55.7	17.1	5.7	21.3	0.3
More than 1 product containing same ingredient	6,778	19.9	15.0	14.2	50.6	0.4
Incorrect formulation or concentration given	6,631	47.8	17.2	4.7	30.0	0.4
Health professional/iatrogenic error (pharmacist/nurse/physician)	5,922	30.0	10.9	6.5	51.1	1.4
Dispensing cup error	5,757	60.0	19.1	4.8	16.0	0.2
Drug interaction	1,768	8.5	7.6	6.8	76.8	0.3
Incorrect formulation or concentration dispensed	1,522	43.0	15.5	5.5	35.0	1.1
10-fold dosing error	1,349	59.8	6.6	3.1	30.2	0.3
Exposure through breast milk	133	88.7	0.0	0.0	8.3	3.0

Of the human exposure cases reported to U.S. Poison Centers in 2008, 451,279 (18.1%) were coded to 1 or more of the 56 'standard scenarios'

^{*}Age columns include both actual and estimated ages. ≥20 y includes "Unknown Adults". "Unknown" includes both "Unknown Child" and Unknown Age



Table 7. Distribution of reason for exposure by age*

Reason	≤5 y		6–12 y		13–19 y		≥20 y		Unknown		Total	
	No.	Row %	No.	Row %	No.	Row %	No.	Row %	No.	Row %	No.	Col %
Unintentional	1,284,243	62.3	138,082	6.7	76,534	3.7	550,000	26.7	13,526	0.7	2,062,385	82.8
Intentional	1,352	0.4	9,292	2.8	82,417	24.4	240,072	71.2	4,141	1.2	337,274	13.5
Adverse reaction	5,119	8.2	3,303	5.3	5,018	8.1	47,796	76.7	1,076	1.7	62,312	2.5
Other	1,273	8.3	1,690	11.0	2,226	14.5	9,779	63.5	433	2.8	15,401	0.6
Unknown	767	5.6	754	5.5	1,899	13.9	9.261	67.7	996	7.3	13,677	0.6
Total	1,292,754	51.9	153,121	6.1	168,094	6.7	856,908	34.4	20,172	0.8	2,491,049	100.0

^{*}Age columns include both actual and estimated ages. ≥20 y column also includes "Unknown Adult". "Unknown" column includes both "Unknown Child" and "Unknown Age

Table 8. Distribution of reason for exposure and age^a for fatalities^b

Reason	≤5 y	6–12 y	13–19 y	≥20 y	Unknown age	Total
Unintentional						
Unintentional – General	7	3	2	32	0	44
Unintentional – Environmental	4	1	2	32	2	41
Unintentional – Occupational	0	0	1	8	0	9
Unintentional – Therapeutic error	5	0	1	30	0	36
Unintentional – Misuse	0	0	0	10	0	10
Unintentional – Bite/sting	1	0	0	4	1	6
Unintentional – Food poisoning	0	0	1	1	0	2
Unintentional – Unknown	0	0	1	4	0	5
Subtotal	17	4	8	121	3	153
Intentional						
Intentional – Suspected suicide	0	0	28	633	2	663
Intentional – Misuse	1	0	2	36	0	39
Intentional – Abuse	0	2	26	201	0	229
Intentional – Unknown	0	0	4	55	0	59
Subtotal	1	2	60	925	2	990
Other						
Other – Malicious	3	1	1	2	0	7
Other – Withdrawal	0	0	0	2	0	2
Subtotal	3	1	1	4	0	9
Adverse reaction						
Adverse reaction – Drug	1	0	2	31	1	35
Adverse reaction – Other	0	0	0	1	0	1
Subtotal	1	0	2	32	1	36
Unknown						
Unknown reason	4	1	3	119	0	127
Subtotal	4	1	3	119	0	127
Total	26	8	74	1,201	6	1,315

^aAge columns include both actual and estimated ages. ≥20 yr includes "Unknown Adults". "'Unknown Age" includes both "Unknown Child" and "Unknown Age"

cases has increased from 0.036% to 0.070% and the percent of pediatric cases has decreased from 6.1% to 2.2%. (See Table 19).

Plant exposures

Table 20 provides a summary of plant exposures for those species and categories most commonly involved (top 25 of 63,362 total plant exposures). The top three table categories are essentially synonymous for unknown plant and comprise 14.1% (8,918/63,362) or all plant exposures. For a variety of reasons it was not possible to make a precise identification in these three groups. The top five most frequent plant exposures where a positive plant identification was made were descending order): Spathiphyllum species, Phytolacca americana (L.) – pokeweed, Euphorbia pulcherrima (Wild)), Philodendron (Species unspecified), and Toxicodendron radicans (L.).

Deaths and poison-related fatalities

A listing of cases (Table 21) and summary of cases (Tables 4, 11, 12, 18 and 19) are provided for fatal cases for which there exists reasonable confidence that the death was a result of that exposure. Of the 1,769 cases initially referred, 13 were miscoded (animal death, not a death, or not primary center). Of the 1756 finally classified, the CRT judged 1,315 poison related fatalities (RCF category = 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory). The remaining 441 cases were judged as follows: 91 as RCF = 4-Probably not responsible, 57 as 5-Clearly not responsible, and 293 as RCF = 6-Unknown.



^bIncludes cases with RCF of 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory.

Table 9. Route of exposure for human exposure cases

	In all expos	ure cases	In fatal ^b exposure cases		
Route	Number	%	Number	%	
Ingestion	2,076,414	79.31	1,101	77.70	
Dermal	188,930	7.22	22	1.55	
Inhalation/nasal	135,460	5.17	110	7.76	
Ocular	117,677	4.49	1	0.07	
Bite/sting	66,853	2.55	6	0.42	
Parenteral	15,516	0.59	51	3.60	
Unknown	8,734	0.33	103	7.27	
Other	2,604	0.10	6	0.42	
Otic	2,501	0.10	0	0.00	
Aspiration (with ingestion)	1,660	0.06	17	1.20	
Vaginal	940	0.04	0	0.00	
Rectal	748	0.03	0	0.00	
Not Coded	30	0.00	0	0.00	
Total Number of Routes	2,618,067	100.00	1,417	100.00	

Multiple routes of exposure may be reported. Percentage is calculated on the total number of exposure routes rather than the total number of cases.

Table 10. Management site of human exposures

Site of management	Number	%
Managed on site, nonhealth care facility Managed in healthcare facility	1,807,201	72.6
Treated/evaluated and released	295,834	11.9
Patient lost to follow-up/left AMA	101,902	4.1
Admitted to critical care unit	93,096	3.7
Admitted to noncritical care unit	55,878	2.2
Admitted to psychiatric facility	51,338	2.1
Subtotal (managed in HCF)	598,048	24.0
Refused referral	44,604	1.8
Other	28,759	1.2
Unknown	12,437	0.5
Total	2,491,049	100.0

Deaths are sorted in this listing according to the category, patient age and substance deemed most likely responsible for the death. Please note: the Substance listed in column 3 of Table 21 was chosen to be the most specific based upon all of the clinical information including the substances entered for that case. This substance may not agree with the categories

used in the summary tables (including Table 22). Additional agents implicated are listed below the primary agent in the order of their contribution to the fatality. The exposurerelated fatalities involved a single substance in 528 cases (40.2%), 2 substances in 316 cases (24.0%), 3 in 220 cases (16.7%), and 4 or more in the balance of the cases. The crossreferences at the end of each major category section list all cases that identify this substance as other than the primary substance.

The Case number is [bracketed] to indicate that the abstract for that case is included in Appendix C. The letters following the Case number include: i = reported to poison center indirectly (by coroner, medical examiner, or other) after the fatality occurred in 179 cases (13.6%), p = prehospital cardiacand/or respiratory arrest in 567 (43.1%), h = hospital records reviewed in 176 cases (143.4%), a = autopsy report reviewedin 359 cases (27.3%).

The distribution of RCF is as follows: 1 = Undoubtedlyresponsible in 670 cases (50.1%), 2 = Probably responsible in 466 cases (35.4%), 3 = Contributory in 179 cases (13.6%).

All fatalities – all ages

Table 4 presents the age and gender distribution for these 1,315 poison-related fatalities. The age distribution of reported fatalities is similar to that in past years with 74.8% (983 of 1,315) of fatal cases occurring in adults (age > 19 years) (Table 4). Although children younger than 6 years were involved in the majority of exposures, they comprised just 2.0% of the exposure-related fatalities. Most (76.2%) of the poisoning fatalities occurred in 20-to 59-year-old individuals.

Table 21 lists each of the 1,315 human fatalities along with all of the substances involved. Please note: the Substance listed in column 3 of Table 21 was chosen to be the most specific generic name based upon the substances entered for that case. This substance may not agree with the categories used in the summary tables (including Table 22).

Table 11. Medical outcome of human exposure cases by patient age*

	≤5 y		6-	6–12 y		13–19 y		≥20 y		Unknown		Total	
Outcome	No.	% ≤5 y	No.	% 6–12 y	No.	% 13–19 y	No.	% ≥20 y	No.	% Unknown Age	No.	% Total	
No effect	320,287	24.8	25,719	16.8	26,995	16.1	101,373	11.8	2,636	13.1	477,010	19.2	
Minor effect	98,628	7.6	22,504	14.7	41,516	24.7	186,683	21.8	2,273	11.3	351,604	14.1	
Moderate effect	10,689	0.8	4,023	2.6	20,030	11.9	95,426	11.1	631	3.1	130,799	5.3	
Major effect	832	0.1	228	0.2	2,054	1.2	15,859	1.9	61	0.3	19,034	0.8	
Death	32	0.0	9	0.0	77	0.1	1,397	0.2	20	0.1	1,535	0.1	
No follow-up, nontoxic	262,137	20.3	24,373	15.9	9,648	5.7	56,780	6.6	1,666	8.3	354,604	14.2	
No follow-up, minimal toxicity	559,863	43.3	68,750	44.9	47,289	28.1	293,365	34.2	6,516	32.3	975,783	39.2	
No follow-up, potentially toxic	23,001	1.8	3,884	2.5	16,071	9.6	71,126	8.3	5,771	28.6	119,853	4.8	
Unrelated effect	17,278	1.3	3,627	2.4	4,400	2.6	34,707	4.1	594	2.9	60,606	2.4	
Death, indirect report	7	0.0	4	0.0	14	0.0	192	0.0	4	0.0	221	0.0	
Total	1,292,754	100.0	153,121	100.0	168,094	100.0	856,908	100.0	20,172	100.0	2,491,049	100.0	

^{*}Age columns include both actual and estimated ages. ≥20 yr column also includes "Unknown Adult". "Unknown" column includes both "Unknown Child" and "Unknown Total number of cases where Death was an outcome (1,535 + 221) is greater than the number of fatalities judged to be exposure-related (1,315).



bIncludes cases with RCF of 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory.

Table 12. Medical outcome by reason for exposure in human exposures

	Uninten	tional	Intent	ional	Ot	her	Adverse	reaction	Unkı	nown	Tota	al
Outcome	No.	Col%	No.	Col%	No.	Col%	No.	Col%	No.	Col%	No.	Col%
No effect	416,223	20.18	56,381	16.72	1,839	11.94	1,522	2.44	1,045	7.64	477,010	19.15
Minor effect	238,511	11.56	93,668	27.77	3,007	19.52	14,225	22.83	2,193	16.03	351,604	14.11
Moderate effect	48,134	2.33	70,879	21.02	1,021	6.63	8,348	13.40	2,417	17.67	130,799	5.25
Major effect	2,929	0.14	14,280	4.23	123	0.80	785	1.26	917	6.70	19,034	0.76
Death	195	0.01	1,027	0.30	8	0.05	65	0.10	240	1.75	1,535	0.06
No follow-up, nontoxic	347,230	16.84	5,085	1.51	1,017	6.60	1,039	1.67	233	1.70	354,604	14.24
No follow-up, minimal toxicity	909,245	44.09	36,098	10.70	5,602	36.37	22,934	36.81	1,904	13.92	975,783	39.17
No follow-up, potentially toxic	56,874	2.76	53,288	15.80	1,728	11.22	4,587	7.36	3,376	24.68	119,853	4.81
Unrelated effect	43,013	2.09	6,403	1.90	1,053	6.84	8,805	14.13	1,332	9.74	60,606	2.43
Death, indirect report	31	0.00	165	0.05	3	0.02	2	0.00	20	0.15	221	0.01
Total	2,062,385	100.00	337,274	100.00	15,401	100.00	62,312	100.00	13,677	100.00	2,491,049	100.00

Total number of cases where Death was an outcome (1,535 + 221) is greater than the number of fatalities judged to be exposure-related (1,315).

Table 13. Duration of clinical effects by medical outcome

	Percent of patients in the category*							
Duration of effect	Minor effect	Moderate effect	Major effect					
≤2 hours	37.0	6.2	2.8					
>2 hours, ≤8 hours	26.8	21.8	6.5					
>8 hours, ≤24 hours	18.5	32.9	25.6					
>24 hours, ≤3 days	5.1	18.3	31.0					
>3 days, ≤1 week	1.5	5.9	16.8					
>1 week, ≤1 month	0.4	1.3	5.7					
>1 month	0.2	0.4	0.9					
Anticipated permanent	0.1	0.2	1.9					
Unknown	10.6	13.0	8.8					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0					

^{*493,386 (19.8%)} exposure cases reported duration of clinical effects.

Table 14. Decontamination and therapeutic interventions

Therapy	No. of patients	%
Decontamination Only	1,090,977	43.8
Therapeutic Intervention Only Decontamination and Therapeutic Intervention Not Coded	193,747 409,732 796,593	7.8 16.5 32.0
Total	2,491,049	100.0

Table 18 lists the top 25 substance categories associated with reported fatalities and the number of single exposure fatalities for that category – sedative/hypnotics/antipsychotics, opioids, and antidepressants lead this list followed by cardiovascular drugs, acetaminophen in combination, alcohols, and stimulants/street drugs. Although sedative/hypnotics/antipsychotics ranks 4th and antidepressants 7th among the most frequent exposures (Table 17A), there is otherwise little concordance between the frequency of exposures to a substance and the number of fatalities. Note that this Table tabulates all substances to which a patient was exposed (i.e., a patient exposed to an opioid may have also been exposed to 1 or more other products).

A single substance was implicated in 90.5% of reported human exposures, and 9.5% of patients were exposed to 2 or more drugs or products (Table 5). The exposure-related fatalities (Table 21) involved a single substance in 528 cases (40.2%) and 2 or more substances in 787 cases (59.8%). The first ranked substance was a pharmaceutical in 1,066 of the 1,315 fatalities (81.2%). These 1,066 pharmaceuticals included (first ranked substance):

- 1. 544 analgesics (110 acetaminophen, 73 acetaminophen/ hydrocodone, 71 methadone, 62 oxycodone, 48 salicylate, 34 morphine, 32 fentanyl transdermal, 25 acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine, 16 acetaminophen/oxycodone, 15 acetaminophen/propoxyphene)
- 2. 113 cardiovascular drugs (17 verapamil, 15 cardiac glycoside, 13 beta blockers, 12 diltiazem (extended release), 8 metoprolol, and 6 amlodipine)
- 3. 111 antidepressants (16 amitriptyline, 13 lithium, 10 bupropion, 11,)
- 4. 87 stimulants/street drugs (45 cocaine, 16 heroin, 8 amphetamine, 8 methamphetamine, and 6 MDMA)

The exposure was acute in 692 (52.6%), A/C = acute on chronic in 241 (18.3%), C = chronic exposure in 87 (6.6%)and U = unknown in 295 (22.4%).

Tissue Concentrations for 1 or more related analytes were reported in 597 cases (45.4%).

Route of exposure was: Ingestion in 1,101 cases (77.7%). Inhalation/nasal in 110 cases (7.8%), Parenteral in 51 cases (3.6%). (Table 9)

Intentional exposure reasons: Suspected suicide in 663 cases (50.4%), Intentional-Abuse in 229 cases (17.4%), Intentional-Misuse in 39 cases (3.0%). Unintentional exposure reasons: Environmental in 41 cases (3.1%), Therapeutic error in 36 cases (2.7%), Misuse in 10 cases 0.8%). (Table 8)

Pediatric fatalities – age less than 6 years

Although children younger than 6 years were involved in the majority of exposures, they comprised just 34 of 1,315 (2.0%) of fatalities. These numbers are similar to those reported since 1985 (Table 19). The percentage fatalities in children younger than 6 years related to total pediatric exposures was 26/1,292,754 = 0.00201%. By comparison, 1,201/856,908 =



Table 15. Therapy provided in human exposures by age*

Therapy	≤5 y	6–12 y	13–19 y	≥20 y	Unknown	Total
Decontamination						
Cathartic	4,061	361	5,454	17,801	50	27,727
Charcoal, multiple doses	231	30	597	1,831	5	2,694
Charcoal, single dose	21,055	1,317	17,733	54,322	176	94,603
Dilute/irrigate/wash Food/snack	659,632 144,576	67,643 11,390	41,416 5,936	254,026 31,149	5,029 397	1,027,746 193,448
Fresh air	7,701	5,227	5,935	54,622	1,824	75,309
Ipecac	641	70	119	370	5	1,205
Lavage	308	37	1,336	5,736	20	7,437
Other emetic	4,968	490	934	4,291	57	10,740
Whole bowel irrigation	118	21	435	1,703	6	2,283
Other Therapies	_				^	
2-PAM Alkalinization	5 128	3 58	3 1,738	53 7,669	0 9	0.602
Anyl nitrite	128	38 1	1,/38	7,009	0	9,602 11
Antiarrhythmic	8	6	55	468	0	537
Antibiotics	2,164	1,060	1,367	12,670	120	17,381
Anticonvulsants ^a	55	19	113	593	3	783
Antiemetics	536	274	3,160	7,718	8	11,696
Antihistamines	3,092	1,933	2,136	12,166	132	19,459
Antihypertensives Antivenin (fab fragment)	9 305	13 190	112 165	1,604 1,113	2 4	1,740
Antivenin (lab fragment) Antivenin/antitoxin ^b	303 47	30	44	277	3	1,777 401
Atropine	108	22	73	959	0	1,162
BAL	11	4	3	22	0	40
Benzodiazepines	852	367	3,797	17,138	44	22,198
Bronchodilators	508	262	404	4,325	25	5,524
Calcium	9,521	619	258	2,110	11	12,519
Cardioversion CPR	5 35	0 8	10 54	184 613	0 3	199 713
Deferoxamine	15	o 1	23	23	0	62
ECMO	3	0	1	4	ő	8
EDTA	56	7	2	13	1	79
Ethanol	7	4	7	169	0	187
Extracorp. procedure (other)	0	0	1	30	0	31
Fab fragments	25	17	22	563	0 177	627
Fluids, IV Flumazenil	6,011 119	1,357 17	19,537 201	89,504 1,808	5	116,586 2,150
Folate	14	0	26	743	0	783
Fomepizole	118	15	86	1,457	3	1,679
Glucagon	24	11	48	1,220	1	1,304
Glucose, > 5%	305	19	184	2,491	3	3,002
Hemodialysis	17	8	117	2,029	6	2,177
Hemoperfusion Hydroxocobalamin	1 2	0 3	4 0	22 31	0	27 36
Hyperbaric oxygen	33	40	37	251	1	362
Insulin	11	4	55	1,200	2	1,272
Intubation	543	111	1,401	16,236	34	18,325
Methylene blue	18	1	9	93	0	121
NAC, IV	216	85	3,273	11,208	36	14,818
NAC, PO Nalmefene	184 3	51 0	2,565 2	8,123 15	23	10,946 20
Naloxone	892	115	1,509	14,035	36	16,587
Neuromuscular blocker	45	9	115	996	1	1,166
Octreotide	41	4	23	217	1	286
Other	36,435	9,127	14,113	87,247	1,176	148,098
Oxygen	1,550	715	3,137	33,296	142	38,840
Pacemaker Penicillamine	3 1	0	4 1	169 11	0	176 13
Physostigmine	4	6	61	104	0	175
Phytonadione	42	3	69	641	3	758
Pyridoxine	8	6	64	366	0	444
Sedation (other)	303	75	1,086	9,723	13	11,200
Sodium nitrite	0	1	2	21	0	24
Sodium thiosulfate	0	1	3 513	48	0	52
Steroids Succimer	812 112	487 13	513 9	5,088 85	49 1	6,949 220
Transplantation	0	0	2	23	0	25
Vasopressors	96	28	240	4,195	6	4,565

^{*}Age columns include both actual and estimated ages. ≥20y includes "Unknown Adults". "Unknown" includes both "Unknown Child" and "Unknown Age".

aExcludes benzodiazepines. bExcludes Fab fragments.



Table 16. Decontamination trends (1985–2008)

Year	Human exposures reported	Ipecac administered (% of all exposures)	Activated charcoal administered (% of all exposures)	Exposures involving children ≤5 y (% of all exposures)	Ipecac administered (% of child exposures)	Activated charcoal administered (% of child exposures)
1985	886,389	132,947 (14.999)	41,063 (4.63)	568,691 (64.2)	94,919 (16.6908)	14,718 (2.59)
1986	1,095,228	145,516 (13.286)	56,481 (5.16)	690,137 (63.0)	99,688 (14.4447)	18,191 (2.64)
1987	1,164,648	117,840 (10.118)	60,310 (5.18)	730,228 (62.7)	83,443 (11.427)	18,507 (2.53)
1988	1,364,113	114,654 (8.4050)	88,876 (6.52)	843,106 (61.8)	80,749 (9.5776)	26,118 (3.10)
1989	1,578,968	110,545 (7.0011)	101,368 (6.42)	963,924 (61.0)	79,192 (8.2156)	30,345 (3.15)
1990	1,646,946	98,986 (6.0103)	108,341 (6.58)	999,751 (60.7)	73,469 (7.3487)	31,579 (3.16)
1991	1,836,364	94,877 (5.1666)	129,092 (7.03)	1,099,179 (59.9)	73,069 (6.6476)	36,177 (3.29)
1992	1,862,796	79,493 (4.2674)	135,625 (7.28)	1,094,256 (58.7)	63,486 (5.8018)	38,937 (3.56)
1993	1,747,147	65,078 (3.7248)	127,893 (7.32)	978,560 (56.0)	50,834 (5.1948)	35,791 (3.66)
1994	1,926,992	51,356 (2.6651)	138,247 (7.17)	1,042,651 (54.1)	41,489 (3.9792)	35,670 (3.42)
1995	2,023,089	47,359 (2.3409)	155,880 (7.71)	1,070,472 (52.9)	38,372 (3.5846)	38,095 (3.56)
1996	2,155,952	39,376 (1.8264)	157,331 (7.30)	1,137,263 (52.7)	32,622 (2.8685)	37,986 (3.34)
1997	2,192,088	32,098 (1.4643)	156,213 (7.13)	1,150,931 (52.5)	26,536 (2.3056)	35,856 (3.12)
1998	2,241,082	26,653 (1.1893)	152,134 (6.79)	1,180,989 (52.7)	22,247 (1.8838)	34,302 (2.90)
1999	2,201,156	21,942 (0.9968)	145,853 (6.63)	1,154,799 (52.5)	18,326 (1.5869)	33,812 (2.93)
2000	2,168,248	18,177 (0.8383)	145,911 (6.73)	1,142,796 (52.7)	15,239 (1.3335)	31,554 (2.76)
2001	2,267,979	16,058 (0.7080)	149,442 (6.59)	1,169,478 (51.6)	13,389 (1.1449)	30,367 (2.60)
2002	2,380,028	13,555 (0.5695)	149,527 (6.28)	1,227,381 (51.6)	11,163 (0.9095)	30,340 (2.47)
2003	2,395,582	9,284 (0.3875)	140,412 (5.86)	1,245,584 (52.0)	7,310 (0.5869)	28,888 (2.32)
2004	2,438,643	4,701 (0.1928)	135,969 (5.58)	1,250,536 (51.3)	3,366 (0.2692)	28,335 (2.27)
2005	2,424,180	3,027 (0.1249)	123,263 (5.08)	1,233,695 (50.9)	1,999 (0.1620)	26,338 (2.13)
2006	2,403,539	2,176 (0.0905)	111,351 (4.63)	1,223,815 (50.9)	1,337 (0.1092)	23,843 (1.95)
2007	2,482,041	1,740 (0.0701)	106,010 (4.27)	1,271,595 (51.2)	1,052 (0.0827)	22,829 (1.80)
2008	2,491,049	1,205 (0.0484)	97,297 (3.91)	1,292,754 (51.9)	641 (0.0496)	21,286 (1.65)

Table 17A. Substance categories most frequently involved in human exposures (Top 25)

Substance category	Number	%*
Analgesics	331,123	13.3
Cosmetics/Personal Care Products	224,884	9.0
Cleaning Substances (Household)	213,595	8.6
Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	165,539	6.6
Foreign Bodies/Toys/Miscellaneous	130,244	5.2
Topical Preparations	114,024	4.6
Antidepressants	102,510	4.1
Cold and Cough Preparations	98,636	4.0
Pesticides	93,998	3.8
Cardiovascular Drugs	91,421	3.7
Antihistamines	89,287	3.6
Alcohols	86,588	3.5
Bites and Envenomations	73,229	2.9
Antimicrobials	68,982	2.8
Vitamins	68,911	2.8
Plants	63,362	2.5
Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	58,274	2.3
Gastrointestinal Preparations	57,667	2.3
Hydrocarbons	46,418	1.9
Stimulants and Street Drugs	46,411	1.9
Anticonvulsants	45,905	1.8
Chemicals	44,736	1.8
Arts/Crafts/Office Supplies	38,940	1.6
Electrolytes and Minerals	34,507	1.4
Fumes/Gases/Vapors	34,361	1.4

^{*}Percentages are based on the total number of exposures (N = 2,491,049).

0.140% of all adult exposures involved a fatality. Of these 26, 17 (65.4%) were reported as unintentional and 3 (11.5%) were coded as resulting from malicious intent (Table 8). These 26 cases included 16 pharmaceuticals and 10 nonpharmaceuticals. The substances associated with these fatalities included: carbon monoxide/smoke inhalation (4 cases), oxycodone (3 cases), sodium bicarbonate (2 cases) and 17 other substances (1 each).

Table 17B. Substance categories most frequently involved in pediatric* (≤ 5 y) exposures (Top 25)

Substance category	Number	%**
Cosmetics/Personal Care Products	173,945	13.5
Analgesics	125,454	9.7
Cleaning Substances (Household)	124,934	9.7
Foreign Bodies/Toys/Miscellaneous	96,806	7.5
Topical Preparations	89,730	6.9
Cold and Cough Preparations	52,723	4.1
Vitamins	50,836	3.9
Antihistamines	44,649	3.5
Pesticides	43,526	3.4
Plants	43,398	3.4
Gastrointestinal Preparations	39,756	3.1
Antimicrobials	36,125	2.8
Arts/Crafts/Office Supplies	29,039	2.2
Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	26,810	2.1
Cardiovascular Drugs	25,523	2.0
Electrolytes and Minerals	25,047	1.9
Alcohols	23,998	1.9
Deodorizers	20,686	1.6
Dietary Supplements/Herbals/Homeopathic	19,403	1.5
Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	15,805	1.2
Asthma Therapies	15,760	1.2
Other/Unknown Nondrug Substances	15,334	1.2
Hydrocarbons	14,985	1.2
Antidepressants	14,276	1.1
Information Calls	12,707	1.0

^{*}Includes all children with actual or estimated ages \leq 5 years old. Results

Pediatric fatalities – ages 6–12 years

In the age range 6 to 12 years, there were 8 reported fatalities (Table 8), 4 of which were unintentional exposures and 2 intentional exposures. These 12 cases included 3 pharmaceuticals and 5 nonpharmaceuticals. The substances associated with these fatalities included: carbon monoxide/smoke inhalation (3 cases), bupropion, methadone, tramadol, hair spray and paraquat (1 each).



do not include "Unknown Child" or "Unknown Ages". **Percentages are based on the total number of pediatric exposures (N=1,292,754).

Table 17C. Substance categories most frequently involved in adult* $(\geq 20 \text{ v})$ exposures (Top 25)

Substance category	Number	%**
Analgesics	147,052	17.2
Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	126,003	14.7
Cleaning Substances (Household)	70,336	8.2
Antidepressants	70,081	8.2
Cardiovascular Drugs	57,791	6.7
Alcohols	52,940	6.2
Bites and Envenomations	47,416	5.5
Pesticides	41,040	4.8
Cosmetics/Personal Care Products	32,631	3.8
Anticonvulsants	31,330	3.7
Antihistamines	27,540	3.2
Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	26,553	3.1
Chemicals	25,955	3.0
Hydrocarbons	24,454	2.9
Antimicrobials	23,794	2.8
Fumes/Gases/Vapors	23,630	2.8
Cold and Cough Preparations	23,313	2.7
Stimulants and Street Drugs	22,113	2.6
Muscle Relaxants	21,100	2.5
Food Products/Food Poisoning	20,819	2.4
Topical Preparations	17,849	2.1
Foreign Bodies/Toys/Miscellaneous	14,093	1.6
Gastrointestinal Preparations	13,903	1.6
Miscellaneous Drugs	13,580	1.6
Information Calls	13,056	1.5

^{*}Includes all adults with actual or estimated ages ≥20 y old. Results also include "Unknown Adult" but do not include "Unknown Ages".

Adolescent fatalities - ages 13-19 years

In the age range 13 to 19 years, there were 74 reported fatalities (Table 8). These 74 cases included 60 pharmaceuticals and 14 nonpharmaceuticals, similar to the numbers reported

in this age group reported annually since 1999. The first ranked pharmaceuticals associated with these fatalities included: methadone and oxycodone (6 cases each), acetaminophen, bupropion and quetiapine (4 each), acetaminophen/ oxycodone, MDMA, opioid, and salicylate (3 each), and amphetamine, and lithium (2 each) and 26 other substances (1 each).

Of the 74 reported fatalities for adolescents, 28 (37.8%) were presumed suicides, and 26 (35.1%) were intentional abuse exposures (Table 8). The suspected suicide percentage is similar to recent years. The percentage of intentional abuse cases increased from 25.8% in 2006 to 35.7% in 2008. As in the past years, only a small number (8 of 74) of adolescent fatalities were coded as being unintentional.

Pregnancy and fatalities

A total of 26 deaths of pregnant women have been reported from the years 2000 through 2008. An average of 2 deaths per year was recorded from 2000 through 2004. Since 2005, the average number of deaths in pregnant women reported to NPDS doubled to four per year. The majority (20 of 26) were intentional exposures of misuse, abuse and suspected suicide. These deaths are flagged in Table 21 as of this year's report.

AAPCC surveillance system

NPDS surveillance processes, anomaly definitions, and application software continue to be developed, refined, and evaluated. Surveillance Anomaly 1 was generated at 2:00 pm EDT on September 17, 2006. This event marked the transition of

Table 18. Categories associated with largest number of fatalities (Top 25)

Substance	All mentions	All mentions %	No. of single exposure	No. of single exposure %
Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	467	14.81	32	3.96
Opioids	401	12.72	66	8.17
Antidepressants	247	7.83	29	3.59
Cardiovascular Drugs	238	7.55	54	6.68
Acetaminophen Combinations	235	7.45	53	6.56
Alcohols	210	6.66	40	4.95
Stimulants and Street Drugs	184	5.84	53	6.56
Acetaminophen Alone	168	5.33	69	8.54
Antihistamines	98	3.11	6	0.74
Anticonvulsants	85	2.70	4	0.50
Muscle Relaxants	83	2.63	6	0.74
Fumes/Gases/Vapors	78	2.47	63	7.80
Acetylsalicylic Acid Alone	73	2.32	25	3.09
Cyclic Antidepressants	71	2.25	17	2.10
Unknown Drug	55	1.74	61	7.55
Chemicals	44	1.40	31	3.84
Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory Drugs	44	1.40	5	0.62
Oral Hypoglycemic	36	1.14	5	0.62
Barbiturates	25	0.79	6	0.74
Antihistamine and/or Decongestant without Phenylpropanolamine	18	0.57	5	0.62
Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	17	0.54	1	0.12
Hydrocarbons	17	0.54	13	1.61
Automotive Products	16	0.51	12	1.49
Anticoagulants	15	0.48	5	0.62
Other Miscellaneous Drugs	15	0.48	8	0.99

Numbers represent total exposures associated with 1,315 fatalities (with RCF of 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory); each fatality may have had exposure to more than one substance.



^{**}Percentages are based on the total number of substances reported in adult exposures (N = 856,908).

Table 19. Comparisons of death* data (1985-2008)

	Tota	l fatalities		Suicides	Ped	liatric death
Year	No.	% of cases	No.	% of deaths	No.	% of deaths
1985	328	0.036	174	(53.0)	20	(6.1)
1986	406	0.037	223	(54.9)	15	(3.7)
1987	398	0.034	227	(57.0)	22	(5.5)
1988	544	0.040	296	(54.4)	30	(5.5)
1989	590	0.037	323	(54.7)	24	(4.1)
1990	553	0.032	320	(57.9)	21	(3.8)
1991	764	0.042	408	(53.4)	44	(5.8)
1992	705	0.038	395	(56.0)	29	(4.1)
1993	626	0.036	338	(54.0)	27	(4.3)
1994	766	0.040	410	(53.5)	26	(3.4)
1995	724	0.036	405	(55.9)	20	(2.8)
1996	726	0.034	358	(49.3)	29	(4.0)
1997	786	0.036	418	(53.2)	25	(3.2)
1998	775	0.035	421	(54.3)	16	(2.1)
1999	873	0.040	472	(54.1)	24	(2.7)
2000	921	0.042	477	(51.8)	20	(2.2)
2001	1,085	0.048	553	(51.0)	27	(2.5)
2002	1,170	0.049	635	(54.3)	27	(2.3)
2003	1,109	0.046	592	(53.4)	35	(3.2)
2004	1,190	0.049	642	(53.9)	27	(2.3)
2005	1,438	0.059	674	(46.9)	32	(2.2)
2006	1,515	0.063	705	(46.5)	39	(2.6)
2007	1,597	0.064	737	(46.1)	47	(2.9)
2008	1,756	0.070	797	(45.4)	39	(2.2)

^{*}Human exposures with medical outcome of death or death, indirect regardless of

AAPCC surveillance to NPDS. Since then more than 136,000 anomalies have been detected. Many individual PCs and CDC have created surveillance case definitions. Case definitions have been authored by many regional poison centers, the AAPCC, and Health Studies Branch, Division of Environmental Hazards and Health Effects, National Center for Environmental Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The system has been expanded to include new case based definitions, and enhanced surveillance capabilities at

the regional PC level. At the time of this report, 370 surveillance definitions run continuously, monitoring case and clinical effects volume and a variety of case based definitions from food poisoning to nerve agents.

Significant NPDS surveillance enhancements were introduced in 2008. Geocentric coverage was added to the volume definitions allowing centers to create definitions for all cases from their geographic coverage area, not just cases taken by their center. Case based definitions were improved with the addition of expanded Boolean expression size to allow more complex case based surveillance definitions to be created. Clinical effect anomaly analysis screen was optimized to allow for analysis per clinical effect. Increased definition creation flexibility was added to volume definitions. This flexibility included the ability to extend active definitions beyond their original expiration date. Anomaly alert email information was expanded to make the alert information richer and definition alerts could be chosen for one-time alerts to give the user the option to use the NPDS surveillance engine as a notification system to detect cases for study rather than a surveillance system. Six new surveillance reports and logging reports were added to the application to allow the user to search for definitions based on a variety of parameters in order to find a definition that pertains to certain characteristics of interest. A communications module was built into NPDS surveillance simplifying the process to store all analysis actions and correspondence with each anomaly.

NPDS implemented an aggregate count web service that allows users to extract case counts based on user defined parameters such as clinical effects and generate time series graphs for analysis. A second web service was added to allow external systems such as BioSense, RODS, ESSENCE, or state based system to extract NPDS data for the purpose of

Table 20. Frequency of plant exposures (Top 25)

	Botanical name	Generic code name	Number
1	Plants-general-unknown	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	3,274
2	Botanical terms	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	3,244
3	Unknown botanical name	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	2,389
4	Spathiphyllum species (botanic name)	Oxalate	1,867
5	Phytolacca americana (L.) (botanic name)	Gastrointestinal irritant	1,857
6	Philodendron (species unspecified)	Oxalate	1,142
7	Toxicodendron radicans (L.) (botanic name)	Dermatitis	1,138
8	Euphorbia pulcherrima (Willd.) (botanic name)	Gastrointestinal irritant	1,130
9	Ilex species (botanic name)	Gastrointestinal irritant	1,004
10	Lycopersicon lycopersicum (botanic name)	Solanine	712
11	Plants-cardiac glycosides	Cardiac Glycoside	651
12	Plants-pokeweed	Other toxic	629
13	Plants-cyanogenic glycosides	Amygdalin/cyanogenic glycosides	621
14	Berry	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	601
15	Caladium species (botanic name of all species of the genus Caladium)	Oxalate	586
16	Schlumbergera bridgesii (botanic name)	Non-Toxic	576
17	Malus species (botanical name)	Amygdalin/cyanogenic glycosides	549
18	Cherry (species unspecified)	Amygdalin/cyanogenic glycosides	543
19	Taraxacum officinale (botanic name)	Non-Toxic	523
20	Epipremnum areum (botanic name)	Oxalate	508
21	Mold	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	507
22	Crassula argentea (Thumb)(botanic name)	Non-Toxic	489
23	Narcissus pseudonarcissus (L.) (botanic name)	Gastrointestinal irritant	454
24	Zantedeschia aethiopica (botanic name)	Oxalate	446
25	Nandina domestica (Thumb) (botanical name)	Unknown toxic or unknown if toxic	443



using NPDS full case data with their own surveillance engines and algorithms. Thus external system viewers can be used to augment existing NPDS analysis tools in a federated approach transforming NPDS into a data utility with always the most current data available for analysis. The advent of the NPDS web services marked a new era in NPDS development direction with all external system access under the purview of the responsible regional PC.

External users may now be given NPDS surveillance access by a poison center. NPDS surveillance access is now controlled by each poison center through the NPDS application. A center may grant any user access to their data and they may limit that access by one or more state and/or by one or more ZIP code. Regional Poison Centers remain completely in control of all access to their poison center data from a surveillance perspective.

Each surveillance definition now has a defined organization (owner) who is responsible for monitoring and analyzing the anomalies detected by the definition. NPDS now supports Full and Basic surveillance access. Basic access allows a user to survey the granting organization's data through the creating of surveillance definitions. Full access allows a user to view all definitions and anomalies owned by the granting organization and it allows the user to survey the granting organization's data by creating their own definitions. NPDS provided new functionality to allow user's to update and maintain his/her contact information used for surveillance notifications from NPDS. Surveillance storage was expanded to manage this additional data.

Automated surveillance remains controversial as a system to detect the index case of a public health event. Uniform evaluation algorithms are not available to determine the best and optimize methodologies.5 Less controversial is the benefit to situational awareness that NPDS can provide. Typical NPDS surveillance data detects a response to an event rather than event prediction. The pre-recall tomato cases of the 2008 Tomato recall (see below) demonstrated the potential predictive value of NPDS as described using internet search engines. Recent work from several institutions has focused on the concept that queries to on-line information systems can predict major outbreaks.^{6,7} Analysis of PC calls analogous to internet search queries may provide predictive data for events of public health significance.

On June 7, 2008, FDA released an alert warning consumers not to eat certain types of raw red tomatoes. Possibly contaminated with Salmonella Saintpaul, an uncommon type of the bacteria.8 Since mid-April 2008, 145 cases if salmonellosis had been reported nationwide. AAPCC issued a tomato recall coding guideline to poison centers on 10 June 2008. A retrospective review of NPDS tomato information calls and exposure calls revealed that prior to the FDA recall, daily calls to poison centers ranged from 0 to 2 calls per day. Beginning on 1 June 2008, calls increased ranging from 1 to 7 per day until 9 June when total tomato calls increased to 46 before peaking on 10–11 June at over 90 calls per day (Figure 4). Clearly, the initial rise of tomato related calls occurred prior to the FDA

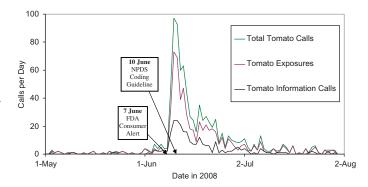


Fig. 4. Tomato Exposure and Information Calls by Day, 1 May - 2August 2008.

release and before the coding guidelines were released to the centers. This marks the first time that such phenomena in NPDS data has been seen although it has been shown in other Internet information systems.⁹ Food recalls are becoming more common. It is possible that augmenting NPDS with automated time series technology for common food products may provide useful data on outbreaks before they reach mainstream media. Although NPDS did not detect the index case, implementation of refined algorithms and close work with public health agencies shows NPDS promise as part of an early detection system. NPDS case data clearly presaged the FDA alert and the tomato information and exposure call patterns provided situational awareness about the event (Figure 4).

Discussion

Trends in reported poisonings/exposures

The total of 4,333,012 human exposure cases and information calls reported to PCs in 2008 does not reflect the full extent of poison center efforts which also include activities such as poison prevention and education and poison awareness. Additionally, we do not know the true denominator for exposures and information calls in the United States.

These data (Figure 1) do not directly identify a trend in the overall incidence of poisonings in the US because the percentage of actual exposures and poisonings reported to PCs is unknown. As is explained in this section, NPDS data reports fewer fatalities and more exposures than other CDC databases.

NPDS may be considered as providing "numerator data" since the "denominator" is not accurately determined. Attempts have been made to better define the incidence of poisoning. For example, based on the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), the estimated number of poisoning episodes in the US for the year 2000 was estimated to be 1,575,000.¹⁰ During the same time AAPCC centers received reports of 2.2 million poisoning exposures of which 475,079 were managed in a health care facility.1



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Non-Pharm	naceutical Ex	xposures								
Adhesives/C					A	Inhal	Int C	1		
1 pi	44 y M	Epoxy Adhesive	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-S	1		
Alcohols	14 v M				A	Inaat	Int II	2		
2 p	14 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-U	2		
3 pa	18 y M	Ethanal	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Ethanol	340 mg/dL In Blood
		Ethanol	1	1					Emanoi	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	400 mg/dL In Vitreous @
4	21 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Autopsy
		Methanol	1	1					Methanol	74 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
		Antifreeze	2	2						Clikilowii
5 noi	21 y F	(ethylene glycol)			A/C	Inaat	Int A	2		
5 pai	21 у г	Ethanol	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2	Ethanol	0.25 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.36 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
		Ethanoi	1	1					Eulanoi	@ Autopsy
[6 pa]	23 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Ethanol	0.37 g/dL In Blood
		Ешапоі	1	1					Emanoi	(unspecified) @ Unknowr
7 pai	23 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Ethanol	0.27.9/ (rrt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanoi	1	1					Eulanoi	0.37 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	0.41 % (wt/Vol) În Vitreous
8 ph	25 y F				A	Ingst	Oth-W	3		@ Autopsy
•	•	Ethanol	1 2	1		-				
		Bupropion (extended release)	2	2						
		Benzodiazepine	3	3						
		Olanzapine Sertraline	4 5	4 5						
		Acetaminophen/	6	6						
		hydrocodone Topiramate	7	7						
9 p	26 y F	Торпатас		,	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	3		
10	29 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Unk	Unk	1		
10	-	Methanol	1	1	A	Ulik	Olik	1		
11 pa	29 y M	Ethanal	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Ethanol	245 mg/dL In Dlagma @
		Ethanol	1	1					Ешапог	345 mg/dL In Plasma @ Unknown
12:	20 M	Isopropanol	2	2	A	Turnet	I4 A	2		
12 pai	30 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2	Ethanol	0.43 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Pd 1	1	4					F411	Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	0.43 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
13 pa	30 y M				A	Unk	Int-A	1		O
		Ethanol Propoxyphene	1 2	1 2					Norpropoxyphene	2311 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Propoxyphene	2	2					Propoxyphene	1161 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
14 pa	31 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	0.35 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
15 pa	31 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	3		
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	140 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Pheynylpropanol-	2	2						(unspectmen) @ Autopsy
		amine	3							
		Propoxyphene Promethazine	3 4	3 4						
16 pa	37 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Ethanol Drug, Unknown	1 2	1 2						
17 h	37 y F	Ethanol	1	1	C	Unk	Unk	2		

(Continued)



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Alcohols, co										
18 h	39 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Opioid	2	2						
19 pai	39 y M	Modern 1			U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Mathemat	0.00.0/ (4/37-1) In D1 - 1
		Methanol	1	1					Methanol	0.09 % (wt/Vol) In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
20 ha	39 y M				A	Unk	Unk	1		
		Methanol	1	1					Methanol	238 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
		Methanol	1	1					Methanol	63 mg/dL In Blood
21 ph	39 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	1		(unspecified) @ 14 h (pe)
21 pii	37 y W	Methanol	1	1	А	nigst	IIIt-A	1		
22 ph	40 y M	P411			A	Ingst	Int-A	2	Dd 1	507 / II. I., D1 1
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	597 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
23 ph	41 y M				A/C	Ingst	AR-D	2		(
		Ethanol Morphine	1 2	1 2						
		Benzodiazepine	3	3						
		Phenobarbital	4	4						
24 h	41 y M	Isoniazid	5	5	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
24 11	-	Methanol	1	1		nigst	III-5	1		
25 p	45 y F	P411			A/C	Ingst	Unk	2	Pd 1	204 / II. I., WI 1. D1 1
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	394 mg/dL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	78 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	@ Autopsy 330 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Diazepam	3	3					Nordiazepam	@ Autopsy 410 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Loratadine	4	4						@ Autopsy
		Amitriptyline	5	5						
		Citalopram	6	6						
		Atenolol Lisinopril	7 8	7 8						
		Famotidine	9	9						
26 pai	45 y F	Ethanal	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Ethanol	0.21.0/ (
		Ethanol	1	1					Eulalioi	0.31 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	0.33 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous @ Autopsy
27	45 14	Diazepam	2	2	С	T	Total A	2		O
27 a	45 y M	Ethanol	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-A	3	Ethanol	21 mg/dL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknown 11.5 mcg/mL In Blood
		recummophen	2	-					ricetammophen	(unspecified) @ Unknown
28 pai	45 y M	Ethanol	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Ethanol	0.08 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.11 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
										@ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.09 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	48 ng/mL In Whole Blood (a) Autopsy
29 h	46 y M	Methanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		O
30	47 y M				U	Unk	Oth-W	3		
31 h	47 y F	Ethanol	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-A	1		
31 11	-	Ethanol	1	1	C	mgst	1111-71			
32	47 y F	Ethanal	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Ethanal	500 mg/dL In Samum @
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	509 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
33 ai	52 y M	P.1 1			A	Ingst	Int-A	2	F.1 . 1	
		Ethanol	1	1					Ethanol	0.38 % (wt/Vol) In Blood (unspecified) @ 30 h (pe)
34	55 y M				C	Ingst	Int-A	3		(amprenied) (a 50 ii (pc)
35 p	55 y F	Ethanol	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
22 P	JJ , 1	Ethanol	1	1	11/0	111500	1111-15	1		





Table 21. I	Listing of fata	l nonpharmaceutical a	nd pharmaceu	itical expo	sures (this table	can be viewed	separately	online at w	ww.informahealth	ncare.com/ctx)
Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Alcohols, c										
36 h	57 y F	Methanol	1	1	A	Unk	Unk	1	Methanol	165 mg/dL In Blood
37	58 y M	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	3		(unspecified) @ Unknown
20 .:	50 F	Metformin	2	2		T 4	Total A	2		
38 ai	58 y F	Ethanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	3	Ethanol	402 mg/dL In Plasma @ 30 m (pe)
39 a	59 y M	Ethanol	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	3		m (pc)
40 p	59 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	3		
41	60 y F	Ethanol	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Ethanol Drug, unknown	1 2	1 2		-				
42	71 y M	Ed 1	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-A	3		
43	30+ y M	Ethanol	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
354, 362, 3 551, 552, 5 777, 797, 8	68, 377, 386, 63, 564, 571, 27, 828, 829, 003, 1009, 10	392, 400, 401, 411, 4 600, 603, 608, 618, 6 847, 851, 853, 857, 8	14, 421, 439, 19, 624, 626, 58, 862, 869,	443, 447, 636, 639, 872, 879,	454, 456, 457, 645, 650, 651, 886, 890, 896,	459, 467, 468, 4 652, 654, 655, 6 902, 913, 925,	473, 488, 4 683, 694, 7 931, 936, 9	89, 496, 50 02, 709, 71 51, 952, 96	9, 511, 512, 524, 5, 718, 720, 734, 6, 967, 969, 972,	315, 323, 330, 332, 340, 343, 353, 528, 529, 531, 542, 544, 547, 548, 738, 742, 745, 749, 751, 758, 769, 974, 975, 984, 988, 990, 994, 996, 35, 1238, 1242, 1248, 1258, 1264,
Arts/Crafts/ [44 ha]	Office Suppl 12 m F				A	Ingst+ Derm	Unt-G	1		
Automotive	e/Aircraft/Boa 24 y M	Hydrofluoric Acid at Products	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
13	21 9 101	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1	71	mgst	III 5	-		
46	28 y M	Methanol	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	2	Methanol	104 mg/dL In Blood
47.0	20 M				٨	Inact	Int C	1		(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
47 a	28 y M	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Ethylene glycol	18 mg/dL In Serum @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	31 mcg/mL In Serum @

Acetaminophen/ Acetaminophen 31 mcg/mL In Serum @ diphenhydramine Unknown Acetaminophen 3 4 3 4 Ethanol Ethanol 81 mg/dL In Serum @ Autopsy 48 2 36 y M A Ingst Int-S 1 Ethylene glycol 2 mmol/L In Blood Antifreeze (ethylene glycol) (unspecified) @ Unknown 49 pa 40 y F A Ingst Int-S 1 Antifreeze (ethylene glycol) Propylene Glycol 2 Acetaminophen/ oxycodone 50 42 y M Α Ingst Int-S Antifreeze Ethylene glycol 172 mg/dL In Serum @ 10 h (ethylene glycol) (pe) 51 a 43 y M Int-S 3 A Ingst Antifreeze (ethylene glycol) 52 44 y M A/C Int-S Ingst 1 Methanol Methanol 367 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown 53 48 y F U Ingst+ Unk Unk Glycol/methanol 1 Ethylene glycol 26 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown 300 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown Glycol/methanol 1 Methanol U Ingst 2 54 52 y F Int-S Antifreeze (ethylene glycol) Trazodone 1 1 2 2

(Continued)



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		t Products, continued				Incort	Int C	2		
55	57 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		(ethylene glycol) Oxycodone	2	2						
56	62 y M	Alprazolam	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	02) 111	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1		111501	III 5	-		
[67]	65 M	Ethanol	2	2		T4	Total C	1		
[57 a]	65 y M	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Ethylene glycol	3000 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
[58 ha]	69 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1	Ethylene glycol	156 mg/dL In Serum @ 1 h
59	73 y F	(ethylene glycol)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(pe)
N 1	740	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1					Ethylene glycol	74 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
See also cas Bites and E	se 749 nvenomations	.								
60	2 y M	Scorpion stings	1	1	A	B-S	Unt-B	1		
[61 p]	37 y M				A	B-S	Unt-B	1		
62	47 -	Envenomation (crotalid)	1	1		In cost D. C.	Llast D	3		
62 pa	47 y F	Envenomation, crotalid	1	1	A	Ingst+ B-S	Unt-B	3		
		Verapamil	2	2					Verapamil	7.2 mg/L In Blood
		Verapamil	2	2					Verapamil	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3.1 mg/L In Blood
		Verapamil	2	2					Verapamil	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 29 mg/kg In Liver @
		Hydrocodone	3	3						Autopsy
		Oxycodone	4	4					Oxycodone	0.11 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam Mirtazapine	5 6	5 6						
63 p	62 y F	· ·			A	B-S	Unt-B	3		
[64 p]	70 y M	Envenomation (crotalid)	1	1	A	B-S	Unt-B	2		
	•	Jellyfish stings	1	1						
65	Unknown child (<=19 y) M				A	B-S	Unt-B	1		
Chemicals		Bite, mammal	1	1						
[66 a]	18 y M	0.16 : :1			A	Oc+ Derm	Oth-M	1		
67	19 y M	Sulfuric acid	1	1	A	Ingst+ Derm	Unt-O	1		
		Citric acid Chemical,	1 2	1 2						
		unknown Cottonseed oil	3	3						
68	26 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Ethylene glycol	170 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol) Ketamine	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknown
69	26 y M	Dextromethorphan	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
0)		Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1	71	mgst	int 5			
70	27 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	A	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	1	Ethylene glycol	49.7 mg/dL In Blood
71 p	30 y M	(ethylene glycol)			A	Inhal	Unt-O	2	, ,,	49.7 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
•		Ammonia	1	1						
[72 a]	33 y M	Nitrate/nitrite	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-A	1	Methemoglobin	70 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
		Nitrate/nitrite	1	1					Methemoglobin	(unspecified) @ Unknown 41.2 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
		Ethyl chloride	2	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	nvenomations	, continued								
73	37 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		(ethylene glycol)	1	1						
74 h	38 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Antifreeze	1	1					Ethylene glycol	398.1 mg/dL In Unknown @
75	39 y M	(ethylene glycol)			U	Unk	Int-S	2		Unknown
13	39 y WI	Antifreeze	1	1	U	Olik	1111-5	2	Ethanol	0 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol)	•	-					Dumino.	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
		Antifreeze	1	1					Ethylene glycol	14 mg/dL In Blood
76	40 y M	(ethylene glycol)			A	Inhal	Unt-O	1		(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
70	40 y 141	Liquid nitrogen	1	1	71	111161	Ont-O	•		
77	40 y F	, ,			A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
		Cyanide	1	1						
78	41 y F	Smoke	2	2	A	Ingst	Unk	1		
70	71 y 1	Cyanide	1	1	А	mgst	Olik	1	Cyanide	4.3 mcg/mL In Serum @
		•								Unknown
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	3.2 mcg/mL In Serum @
79 a	46 y M	pseudoephedrine			A	Ingst	Unk	1		Unknown
17 a	40 y W	Antifreeze	1	1	А	mgst	Olik	1	Ethylene glycol	611 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol)								(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
80	46 y M	~ 40			A	Inhal	Unt-O	2		
81	47 y F	Sulfur	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
01	4/ y I	Antifreeze	1	1	А	nigst	1111-5	2	Ethylene glycol	35 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol)								(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Isopropranol	2	2					Isopropanol	10 mg/dL In Blood
82	48 y M					Inact	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknown
62	46 y W	Hydrochloric acid	1	1	A	Ingst	IIII-S	1		
83 a	49 y F	Try droemone deld	•	-	U	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Antifreeze	1	1					Ethylene glycol	72 mcg/dL In Serum @
FO 4 1-1	50 M	(ethylene glycol)				Toront	Int C	1		Unknown
[84 h]	50 y M	Antifreeze	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Ethylene glycol	248 mg/L In Whole Blood
		(ethylene glycol)	•	-					zany teme gry cor	@ Unknown
[85]	50 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Antifreeze	1	1						
		(ethylene glycol) Alprazolam	2	2						
86	51 y M	. inpraisonairi	-	-	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	•	Antifreeze	1	1		Ü				
5071 1	51 F	(ethylene glycol)				* .	T . C	2		
[87 ha]	51 y F	Antifreeze	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Ethylene glycol	17 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol)	•	•					Emplene giyeor	(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
		Ziprasidone	2	2						
88 p	52 y M	Ch 1	1	1	Α	Inhal	Unt-O	1		
		Chemical, unknown	1	1						
89 p	53 y F	unknown			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	-	Cyanide	1	1		-				
[90 a]	55 y F	A	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Pd. 111	5200 /I. I. Di 1
		Antifreeze (ethylene glycol)	1	1					Ethylene glycol	5300 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
91	56 y F	(curytene grycor)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) (a) Chikhowh
	,	Antifreeze	1	1		Ü			Ethylene glycol	31.89 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol)	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ dextromethorphan	2	2						
		Ciprofloxacin	3	3						
92 a	58 y M	•			A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	3		
		Charcoal	1	1						0.4 7.7 7.1
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	0.4 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Zolpidem	3	3					Zolpidem	0.1 mg/L In Blood
		•							- F	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	4	4					Citala	0.5 m =/f. To D1 = 1
		Citalopram	5	5					Citalopram	0.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy

(Continued)



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	nvenomations	s, continued				,	* . ~			
93	59 y M	Sulfuric Acid	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
94 ha	60 y M			1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Antifreeze	1	1					Ethylene glycol	181 mg/L In Blood
95 a	61 y M	(ethylene glycol)			A	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
	•	Antifreeze	1	1		Ü			Ethylene glycol	14.33 mcg/dL In Blood
96 pai	63 y F	(ethylene glycol)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknown
P	J -	Antifreeze	1	1		8			Ethylene glycol	16.8 mg/mL In Whole Blood
97	64 y F	(ethylene glycol)			U	Unk	Unk	1		@ Autopsy
,,	0.71	Antifreeze	1	1	C	Olik	Oilk	•	Ethylene glycol	7000 mg/dL In Blood
		(ethylene glycol) Iron	2	2					Iron	(unspecified) @ Unknown 224 mcg/dL In Blood
		non	2	2					non	(unspecified) @ Unknown
[98 pa]	72 y M	Cronido	1	1	A	Unk	Int-S	1		
		Cyanide Ethanol	2	1 2						
99	78 y M	0 1	1		A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
100	79 y M	Cyanide	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	•	Antifreeze	1	1		Ü			Ethylene glycol	413 mg/dL In Serum @
101 pha	85 v F	(ethylene glycol)			A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		Unknown
	,	Cyanide	1	1					Cyanide	0 Other (see abst) In Blood
		Smoke	2	2					Carboxyhemoglobin	(unspecified) @ 3.5 h (pe 10 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Smoke	_	-					Curboxynemogloom	@ 12 h (pe)
102 ph	22 m M	Nitrate/nitrite	1	1	A	Unk	Unt-G	1		
103 p	80+ y F	Titrate/intrite	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
		Cyanide Carbon monoxide	1 2	1 2					Carbayyhamaglahin	13 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Carbon monoxide	2	2					Carboxynemoglobin	(a) Unknown
104	TT1	Smoke	3	3		Torrest	Total C	2		
104 pa	Unknown age U				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	Ü	Cyanide	1	1					Cyanide	20 mcg/mL In Blood
See also cas	se 4, 49, 149,	172, 209, 235, 998, 11	76							(unspecified) @ Autopsy
Cleaning St 105 h	ubstances (Ho	ousehold)			A	Inact	Int-S	3		
103 11	22 y M	Hypochlorite	1	1	A	Ingst	1111-5	3		
		Lubricating oil	2 3	2						
106	24 y M	Ethanol	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	,	Toilet Bowl	1	1		8				
		Cleaner (acid) Aripiprazole	2	2						
[107 a]	25 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-O	2		
		Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	1	1						
108 p	36 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Cleaner (alkali) Cleaner (anionic/	1 2	1 2						
		nonionic)	2	2						
		Hair Spray Aftershave/	3 4	3 4						
		cologne/perfume	4	4						
		Isopropranol	5	5						
		Pregabalin Fluvoxamine	6 7	6 7						
109	40 y M		1	,	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Sodium hydroxide Ethanol	1 2	1 2						
110	43 y M				A	Ingst	Unt-G	3		
111 ph	43 y F	Hypochlorite	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
P.	-) -	Cleaner, household	2	1		o	•	=		
		Ethanol * Nail polish	1 3	2 2						
		remover *	3	-						





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Cleaning Su	ubstances (Ho	ousehold), continued								
112 ai	45 y M	Davis slaves	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Drain cleaner (alkali)	1	1						
113	48 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Toilet bowl cleaner	1	1						
		(acid) Colchicine	2	2						
		Propoxyphene/	3	3						
		salicylate								
		Metoclopramide Drain cleaner	4 5	4 5						
		(alkali)	3	3						
		Sodium hydroxide	6	6						
114	53 y M	Y 1 1.			A	Ingst	Unt-M	3		
[115 a]	54 y M	Laundry detergent	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt_M	1		
[115 4]	54 y 1VI	Sodium hydroxide	1	1	7.1	mgst: Aspn	Ont-ivi	1		
116 h	57 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Toilet bowl cleaner	1	1						
117 a	60 y F	(acid)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
117 4	00) 1	Drain cleaner	1	1		nigot	5	•		
		(hydrochloric								
118	68 y M	acid)			4	Inact	Int-S	2		
110	08 y IVI	Drain cleaner	1	1	A	Ingst	1111-5	2		
		(alkali)								
[119 a]	70 y F	m 11 -1 -1 -1			A	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
		Toilet bowl cleaner (acid)	1	1						
120 a	78 y F	(acid)			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Drain cleaner	1	1		8				
101	02 14	(alkali)				¥ 4	II . C	2		
121	82 y M	Cleaner (anionic/	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-G	2		
		nonionic)	•							
122	84 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Dishwashing detergents	1	1						
		(anionic/								
		nonionic)								
123 a	88 y F	I I am a alal a mita	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
124	93 y F	Hypochlorite	1	1	A	Inhal+	Unt-G	2		
	,,,,					Derm				
1051	00 11	Hypochlorite	1	1			**			
125 ha	98 y M	Laundry additive	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
		Loperamide	2	2						
		84, 614, 1231								
	Personal Care	Products			4	Inhal	Int A	1		
126 p	12 y F	Hair spray	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-A	1		
127	52 y M		-	-	A	Par	Int-S	1		
		Soap	1	1						
See also cas	se 108, 724, 1	Chloroxylenol	2	2						
Deodorizers		24)								
128 p	14 y F				A	Inhal	Int-A	2		
Food Produ	cts/Food Pois	Air freshener	1	1						
129 p	14 y F	soming			A	Ingst	Unt-F	2		
•	,	Tetrodotoxin	1	1						
[130 ha]	26 y M	Part and and a	,	1	A	Ingst	Unt-F	2		
		Food poisoning, bacterial	1	1						
	dies/Toys/Mi									
[131 pha]	39 y M				A	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-A	1		
		Foreign body	1 2	1 2					Benzoylecgonine	2.84 mg/L In Serum @
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzoyiecgonine	Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaethylene	0 mg/L In Serum @ Autops
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.16 mg/L In Serum @
		Cocume	-							Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Fumes/Gase						T. 1 1	II E			
132 pi	2 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	Α	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
133 pai	4 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	80 % In Blood (unspecified @ Autopsy
134 pha	4 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	2	Carboxyhemoglobin	
135 pai	5 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Oth-M	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	78 % In Blood (unspecified @ Autopsy
136 pha	6 y F	0.1			A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		@ Autopsy
137 pha	9 y M	Carbon monoxide Carbon monoxide	1	1 1	A	Inhal	Unt-G	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	66.4 % In Whole Blood @
138 pai	10 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Oth-M	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	20 m (pe) 68 % In Blood (unspecified
139 pi	14 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		@ Autopsy
140 pai	17 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	С	Ingst+ Inhal	Unt-E	1		
140 pai	17 y 1	Carbon monoxide	1	1	C	mgst mnar	Ont-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	74 % In Whole Blood @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Autopsy 138 mg/dL In Whole Blood
		Marijuana	3	3					Delta-9-carboxy-thc	@ Autopsy12 ng/mL In Whole Blood@ Autopsy
141 pa	18 y M	Nitrous oxide	1	1	U	Inhal	Int-A	1	Nitrous oxide	21 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
142 p	19 y M	0.1 1: :1	2		A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	1		(ш. 11utopsy
		Carbon dioxide Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine	3 1	1 2						
		(MDMA) Ethanol	2	3						
143 pai	21 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	С	Ingst+ Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	90 % In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	35 mg/dL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Marijuana	3	3					Delta-9-carboxy-thc	18 ng/mL În Whole Blood
	22 7	Marijuana	3	3			** - 0		Delta-9-thc	@ Autopsy 5.3 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
144 p	22 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-G	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	(unspecified) @ Unknow 28 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	(unspecified) @ Unknow 5.1 % In Blood (unspecified
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	@ Unknown 4 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Smoke	2	2						@ Unknown
145	23 y F	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	40 % In Blood (unspecified
146 pai	26 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	U	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-S	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	@ Unknown 77 % In Whole Blood @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Autopsy 0.04 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
147 p	27 y M	Hydrogor15.1	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-O	1		Blood @ Autopsy
148 i	27 y M	Hydrogen sulfide	1	1	C	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
149 p	28 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-G	1		
•	-	Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
		Cyanide	2	2					Cyanide	1.14 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 8 h (pe)
		Ethanol	3	3						, , , , , ,



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	es/Vapors, co	ntinued				Y 1 1	II . F			
150 ph	28 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	33.6 % In Serum @
151 pi	30 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		Unknown
152 pa	32 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
		Smoke	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	85.6 % In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
153	34 y F	Ethanol	2	2	A	Inhal	Int-S	2		
154 pai	36 y M	Methane	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	80 % In Blood (unspecifie @ Autopsy
155 pa	37 y F	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal+ Unk	Unk	3	Carboxyhemoglobin	20 % In Blood (unspecifie
		Smoke	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	@ 1 h (pe) 3 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Oxymorphone	2	2					Oxymorphone	@ 1 d (pe) 0.02 mg/L In Blood
156 pa	37 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
•	•	Smoke	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	68 % In Blood (unspecific @ Autopsy
157 pai	37 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	U	Inhal	Int-S	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	72 % In Blood (unspecifie
158 pai	38 y M				A	Inhal	Int-S	1	, , ,	@ Autopsy
p	,	Carbon monoxide	1	1				-	Carboxyhemoglobin	78 % In Blood (unspecifie @ Autopsy
159 pai	39 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	U	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	50 % In Blood (unspecific
160 ph	41 y F	Caroon monoxide	•	•	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carooxynemogroom	@ Autopsy
100 рп	, .	Carbon monoxide	1	1	11	iiiidi	Oll E	•	Carboxyhemoglobin	48.4 % In Whole Blood @ 20 m (pe)
161 pai	41 y M	Smoke	2	2	U	Inhal	Unt-E	1		20 iii (pc)
101 pai	41 y IVI	Carbon monoxide	1	1	C	IIIIai	One-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	62 % In Blood (unspecifie
162 pai	42 y F	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Oth-M	2	Carbovyhamoglabin	@ Autopsy62 % In Blood (unspecific
162 no	43 y M	SHOKE	1	1	4	Inhal	Unk	1	Carboxynemogloom	@ Unknown
163 pa	43 y WI	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	IIIIai	Ulik	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	55.8 % In Serum @
[164 pha]	43 y M	C. 1		1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Code de la constation	Unknown
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	(unspecified) @ 30 m (
1.0	44 34	Carbon monoxide	1	1			* . 0		Carboxynemoglobin	8 % In Blood (unspecified @ 210 m (pe)
165 p	44 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-S	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	67 % In Blood (unspecifie
166 pa	44 y M				A	Inhal+ Unk	Unt-G	1		@ Unknown
		Smoke	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	@ Unknown
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzylecgonine	0.01 mg/L In Vitreous @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzylecgonine	0.01 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop:
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.03 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.29 mg/L In Vitreous @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.02 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unkno
		Cocaine	2	2					Ecgonine methyl ester	0.24 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Cocaine	2	2					Ecgonine methyl ester	0.23 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop
		Oxycodone	3	3					Oxycodone	0.04 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Oxycodone	3	3					Oxymorphone	0.03 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop:
		Benzodiazepine	4	4						(unspecifica) (a) Autops



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
umes/Gase	es/Vapors, co	ntinued Opioid	5	5					Oxymorphone	0.03 mg/L In Blood
167 p	45 y M				A	Inhal	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Unknow
168 ha	48 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	U	Inhal	Int-S	1		
169	48 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	2		
	. ,	Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	46 % In Blood (unspecified @ Unknown
170 pi	49 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-S	2		(a) Cilatio Wii
171 pi	51 y M		1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
172 pa	52 y F	Carbon monoxide			A	Inhal	Int-S	1		
		Smoke Carbon monoxide	1 2	1 2					Carboxyhemoglobin	31 % In Blood (unspecified
		Cyanide	3	3						@ Unknown
		Acetaminophen	4	4					Acetaminophen	158 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Acetaminophen	4	4					Acetaminophen	258.7 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 16.15 h (pe)
173 p	52 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Par	Unt-T	1		10:12 11 (p.c)
174 pa	52 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-O	1		
175	55 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	3		
176 p	55 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-O	2		
177 pha	56 y F	Hydrogen sulfide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-M	1		
178 p	56 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
179 p	57 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-S	1		
	,	Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	48 % In Blood (unspecified @ Unknown
		Sotalol Simvastatin Angiotensin- converting	2 3 4	2 3 4						© 0
180 p	58 y F	Enzyme Inhibitor			A	Inhal+ Derm	Unt-E	1		
101	50 M	Smoke	1	1			II E	2		
181	58 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	Α .	Inhal	Unt-E	2		
182 ha	58 y M	Smoke	1	1	Α	Inhal	Unt-E	3	Carboxyhemoglobin	27 % In Blood (unspecified
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	@ Unknown 0.076 g/dL In Blood
183 p	64 y M				A	Inhal	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
184 pa	64 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
	. ,	Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	59 % In Blood (unspecified @ Autopsy
185 pi	65 y F	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		w rutopsy
186 ha	68 y M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
187 pi	73 y M	Smoke	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
188 ph	80 y M	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
		Carbon monoxide	1	1					Carboxyhemoglobin	19.8 % In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
189 p	83 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	Α	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
190 p	90 y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-G	3	Carboxyhemoglobin	20 % In Blood (unspecified
191 pai	19 m F	Caroon monoxide	1	•	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1	Carooxynomogioum	@ Unknown
191 pai	17 Ш Г	Carbon monoxide	1	1	А	mai	Ont-E	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	66 % In Blood (unspecified @ Autopsy





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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	es/Vapors, cor	ntinued								
192 pai	20+ y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A/C	Inhal	Unt-G	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	39 % In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
193 ai	40+ y F	Carbon monoxide	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Carboxyhemoglobin	25 % In Blood (unspecified)
		Opioid	3	2					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 0.15 mg/L In Blood
		Doxylamine	5	3					Doxylamine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.4 mg/L In Blood
		Clonazepam	2	4					Clonazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.024 mg/L In Blood
		Chlorpheniramine	4	5					Chlorpheniramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.25 mg/L In Blood
194 p	50+ y F	•			A	Inhal	Int-S	1	•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
•	Unknown	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
195 р	child (<=19 y) M				A	mnai	OIII-E	1		
106 n		Carbon monoxide	1	1		Inhal	Unt E	2		
196 p	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	2		
		Carbon monoxide Fume, gas or vapor, unknown	1 2	1 2						
197	Unknown adult (>=20 y) F	vapot, unknown			A	Inhal	Unt-E	2		
100		Smoke	1	1			** . **			
198	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M				A	Inhal	Unt-E	3		
100		Smoke	1	1	**	* 1 1	01.11			
199 р	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M				U	Inhal	Oth-M	2		
		Carbon monoxide	1	1						
		Benzodiazepine Eszopiclone	2 3	2 3						
200 pi	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M	·			A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
201 p	Unknown	Carbon monoxide	1	1	A	Inhal	Unt-E	2		
201 p	age U				71	iiiiai	OIII-L	2		
Heavy Meta		Carbon monoxide	1	1			V			
[202 ha]	36 y M	Mercury	1	1	A	Par	Int-S	1	Mercury, elemental	2
		Mercury	1	1					Mercury, elemental	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 552 mcg/dL In Urine
		Mercury	1	1					Mercury, elemental	
[203 a]	55 y M	Mercury	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-M	1	Mercury, elemental	6 d (pe) 1.108 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 2 d (pe)
[204 h]	57 y M	Arsenic	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Arsenic	2800 mcg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
	se 243, 1229									UHKHUWH
Hydrocarbo 205 p	ns 15 y M				U	Inhal	Int-U	2		
[206 h]	19 y M	Difluoroethane	1	1	A/C	Inhal	Int-A	1		
-		Fluorochlorocarbon/ propellant	1	1						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ons, continued									
207 p	19 y M	Chloroflurocarbon	1	1	U	Inhal	Int-U	2		
208 p	20 y M				A	Inhal	Int-A	2		
209 pai	21 y M	Trichloroethylene	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	2		
207 pai	21 y W1	Difluoroethane	1	1	AC	mgst innai	III-A	2		
		Tetrachloroethylene	2 3	2 3					Ethanal	0.04.0/ (+/V-1) In Wh -1-
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.04 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
210 p	22 y F	Diff	1	1	A	Inhal	Int-A	2		
211 p	32 y M	Difluoroethane	1	1	A/C	Inhal	Int-A	1		
•	,	Fluorochlorocarbon/	1	1						
212	33 y F	propellant			A	Inhal	Int-A	1		
) -	Fluorochlorocarbon/	1	1				-		
213 ha	34 y M	propellant			A/C	Ingst+ Inhal	Int_ A	1		
213 IIa	34 y WI	Fluorochlorocarbon/	1	1	A/C	nigst+ iiiiai	IIIt-A	1		
		propellant	2	2						
		Alprazolam Quetiapine	2 3	2 3						
[214 a]	40 y F				A	Par	Int-S	1		
		Lighter fluids and/ or naphtha	1	1						
215 h	41 y F	•			A	Inhal	Int-A	3		
216 pa	50 y M	Toluene	1	1	U	Inhal	Unk	2		
210 pa	30 y W	Difluoroethane	1	1	O	IIIIai	Ulik	2	1,1-difluoroethane	14 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Ed 1	2	2					E41	@ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	295 mg/dL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
217 a	80 y M				A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-G	1		O 1.
[218 a]	11 m M	Lamp oil	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-G	1		
		Mineral spirits	1	1						
219 pa	13 m M	Gasoline	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-G	1		
		Hydrocarbons	2	2						
See also cas Industrial C										
220	43 y M				A	Ingst+ Derm	Int-S	1		
221	70 F	Cleaner (acid)	1	1		Torret	Total C	2		
221 a	72 y F	Cleaner (alkali)	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
See also cas		, ,								
Mushrooms 222	s 51 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
) -	Mushrooms,	1	1		8		-		
[223 a]	53 y F	cyclopeptides			Δ	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
[223 a]	33 y 1	Mushrooms,	1	1	A	mgst	Ont-G	1		
[224 a]	55 y F	cyclopeptides				Inact	Unt-G	2		
[224 a]	33 y F	Mushrooms,	1	1	A	Ingst	Uni-G	2		
22.5	<i>(</i> 1	cyclopeptides								
225	61 y F	Mushrooms	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-M	1		
See also cas			•	•						
Other/Unkr 226 p	nown Nondrug 66 y M	Substances			A	Inhal	Unt-E	1		
-	-	Water	1	1	21	IIIIai		1		
227 p	84 y F	Lamp oil	1	1	Α	Ingst	Unt-M	1		
Pesticides		Lamp on	1	1						
[228 a]	8 y M	Dama	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-G	1	Damagnat	0.74 mag/ml In Hains
		Paraquat	1	1					Paraquat	0.74 mcg/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
226	17 5				**		T . C			15 d (pe)
229	17 y F	Organophosphate	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
230	27 y M				A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
231	37 y M	Carbamate	1	1	A	Ingst + Par	Int-S	1		
	-	Organophosphate	1	1				1		
232 h	37 y M	*			A	Ingst	Int-U	1		





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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Pesticides,	continued									
222	20 M	Glyphosate	1	1	A	Inaat	Unt-M	2		
233	38 y M	Glyphosate	1	1	A	Ingst	Ulit-ivi	2		
234	48 y M			,	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Glyphosate Herbicide	1 2	1 2						
		Acetaminophen	3	3						
235	48 y M	Glyphosate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
236 p	54 y M	Gryphosate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Insecticide,	1	1						
		unknown Pyrethroids	2	2						
237	56 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Rodenticide, unknown	1	1						
238 pai	56 y M	unknown			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Organophosphate	1	1					C. d 1.1	07.04(1) I. I.
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	97 Other (see abst) In Live. (a) Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	76 Other (see abst) In Live
239	58 y M				A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		@ Autopsy
239	36 y WI	Glyphosate Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2	A	nigst	Ont-G	2		
		opioid	3	3						
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine								
		Ibuprofen Simvastatin	4 5	4 5						
240	58 y F	Sinivastatin	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
241 -	•	Glyphosate	1	1			Total C	1		
241 a	58 y M	Glyphosate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[242]	59 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
[243 a]	61 y M	Copper Sulfate	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[243 a]	01 y W1	Strychnine	1	1	O	nigst	IIIt-3	1	Strychnine	1.2 mg/L In Blood
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Norpropoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 1.9 mg/L In Blood
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	2	2					Propoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.96 mg/L In Blood
		propoxyphene	2	2					торохурнене	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	3	3					Acetaminophen	148 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	3	3					Dihydrocodeine	(unspecified) @ 6 h (pe) 0.031 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone	2	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	3	3					Hydrocodone	0.19 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	4	4					Oxycodone	0.06 mg/L In Blood
		Arsenic	5	5						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Trazodone	6	6						
		Ethanol	7	7					Ethanol	30 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ 6 h (pe)
		Acetaminophen/	8	8						(unspectfied) (a) o ii (pc)
244	(0 F	pseudoephedrine				.	T . C	2		
244	68 y F	Carbamate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
245 p	30+ y M		1		A	Ingst+ Derm	Int-S	1		
See also cas Plants	se 593, 825	Organophosphate	1	1						
246	62 y F				A	Ingst	Unt-M	3		
		Pokeweed	1	1		C				
Sporting Eq 247	juipment 56 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
217	50 j 1 41	Selenous acid	1	1	21	111501	111t J	1		
Pharmaceu	ıtical Exposu	ıres								
Analgesics	•									
248 p	3 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Derm	Unk	2		
		Chlorhexidine	2	1 2						





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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued					Your	II T	1		
249 pai	3 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-T	1	Eddp (2-ethylidene- 1,5-dimethyl- 3,3-diphenyl Pyrrolidine)	0.07 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
50.50	4 5	Methadone	1	1		•			Methadone	0.28 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
[250 pa]	4 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1	Oxycodone	2 mg/L In Blood
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxymorphone	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.2 mg/L In Blood
251 pha	5 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Oth-M	1	Oxycodone	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.36 mg/L In Blood
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	(unspecified) @ 1 m (pe 0.045 mg/L In Blood
252 pai	6 y F				A	Ingst	Unk	2		(unspecified) @ 1 m (pe
-		Tramadol	1	1					Tramadol	1.5 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
		Tramadol	1	1					Tramadol	2.4 Other (see abst) In Live
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	0.22 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	0.69 Other (see abst) In Liver @ Autopsy
[253 pa]	12 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.24 mg/L In Other @ Unknown
		Alprazolam Marijuana	2 3	2 3						Chkhown
254	14 y F	Salicylate Lamotrigine * Lithium *	4 2 1	1 2 2	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
255	14 y F	Methylphenidate	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
200	1.71	Salicylate	1	1		111501	III 5	•	Salicylate	96 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	131 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	162 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
256	15 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecifica) (a) Official (
257	15 y F	Naproxen	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
258	15 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		150 / 7 7 7 1
259	16 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Inact	Int-M	1	Acetaminophen	150 mcg/mL In Unknown (Unknown
239	10 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	IIIt-IVI	1	Acetaminophen	144 mcg/mL In Serum @ 1 h (pe)
260 ph	16 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Unk	Int-A	1		(1-1)
261 pi	16 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone Oxycodone	1 2	1 2						
262	16 E	Amphetamine	3	3	U	Inact	Int C	1		
202	16 y F	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Hydralazine Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	2 3	2 3						
263 pai	16 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.18 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Promethazine Propoxyphene	2 3	2 3						Бюой (<i>@</i> Айюрѕу
264 pa	16 y M	Oxycodone Ethanol	1 2	1 2	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Ethanol	14.6 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknov





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
265 pai	17 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Oxycodone	0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	@ Autopsy 1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	@ Autopsy 94 ng/mL In Whole Blood
50441.3	45 5	Aiprazolani	3	3			*		Aipiazoiaiii	@ Autopsy
[266 ha]	17 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	137.7 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 28 h (pe
267 ph	17 y M	Opioid	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
268 p	17 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
269 pai	17 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
•	•	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	20 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	50 ng/mL În Whole Blood
270 p	17 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		@ Autopsy
•	•	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	3	3						
		Aripiprazole Escitalopram	4 5	4 5					Escitalopram	410 Other (see abst) In
		Eschalopiani	3	3					Escharopiani	Unknown @ Autopsy
271 p	18 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	345 mcg/mL In Serum @
272 pha	10 v M	oxycodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	1	•	9 h (pe)
272 pila	16 y W1	Methadone	1	1	Α	nigst	IIIt-S	1		
		Opioid Acetaminophen	2 3	2 3						
273	18 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Oxycodone Ethanol	2 1	1 2						
274 a	18 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	800 mg/dL In Blood
		Sancylate	1	1					Sancylate	(unspecified) @
275 p	18 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	2		Unknown
·	•	Methadone Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2		-				
		hydrocodone								
276 pa	18 y M	Methamphetamine	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
	,	Morphine	1	1		8			Morphine	2.3 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.73 mg/kg In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	5 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	Autopsy 0.062 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	Autopsy 0.29 mg/L In Blood
		Diazepam	3	3					Nordiazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
277	10 5	Ethanol Theophylline	4 5	4 5		D.	T . A	2		(unspecifica) @ rattopoy
277 pa	18 y F	Opioid	1	1	A	Par	Int-A	2	Codeine	0.01 mg/L In Blood
		Opioid	1	1					Morphine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.03 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzoylecognine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3.1 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.03 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued					Torrest	Total C	1		
278 ph	18 y M	Tramadol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Tramadol	5.53 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Diazepam	2	2					Diazepam	1.37 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Diazepam	2	2					Nordiazepam	0.21 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
279 pai	18 y M	Escitalopram Paroxetine	3 4	3 4	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
277 pai	10 / 111	Hydrocodone	1	1	700	mgst	1111 71	•	Hydrocodone	0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	@ Autopsy 122 ng/mL In Whole Bloo @ Autopsy
280 ai	19 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1	Acetaminophen	60 mcg/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Unknow 33 mg/dL In Blood
		Ethanoi	2	2					Ethanoi	(unspecified) @ Unknow
[281 ph]	19 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	92 ng/mL In Serum @ 30 r (pe)
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	54 ng/mL In Serum @ 48 l
282 pha	19 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst + Unk	Unt-U	1	Oxycodone	(pe) 211 ng/mL In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Unknow 11 ng/mL In Blood
		Citalopram Acetaminophen Marijuana	3 4 5	3 4 5						(unspecified) @ Unknow
283 p	19 y M	Opioid	1	1	A	Oth + Unk	Int-A	1		
284 pai	19 y M	Cocaine	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.11 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	164 ng/mL In Whole Bloo
285	20 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		@ Autopsy
286 pa	20 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1		
		Propoxyphene	1	1					Norpropoxyphene	3.7 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	2.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Chlordiazepoxide Methamphetamine	2 3	2 3						
		Escitalopram Bupropion (extended release)	4 5	4 5						
287 pa	20 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Unk	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.17 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.13 mg/L In Blood
		Tramadol	2	2					N-demethyl Tramadol	(unspecified) @ Autops: 0.51 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops:
		Tramadol	2	2					O-demethyl Tramadol	0.15 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Tramadol	2	2					Tramadol	0.57 mg/L In Blood
		Citalopram	3	3					Citalopram	(unspecified) @ Autops: 0.121 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops:
		Citalopram	3	3					N-desmethy-	0.15 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
F200 3	20. 5	Acetaminophen/ codeine	4	4		*	T ~		lcitalopram Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.67 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
[288 a]	20 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	700 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,					**	T (1) D	T . A	4		
289 pai	20 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Par	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.19 mcg/mL In Whole
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.05 mcg/mL In Whole
		Methamphetamine	3	3					Methamphetamine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
[290 pa]	20 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Methadone	0.27 mg/L In Blood
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.3 mg/L In Blood
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 1.7 mg/kg In Liver @
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	Autopsy 0.057 mg/L In Blood
		Î	3	3					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
[291 pha]	20 y M	Carisoprodol			A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1						
		Methadone Carisoprodol	2 3	2 3						
292 pai	20 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Par	Int-S	1	Fentanyl	14.8 ng/mL In Whole Blood
293 h	20 y F	transdermal			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		@ Autopsy
	. ,	Acetaminophen Alprazolam	1 2	1 2		<i>G</i>				
		Carisoprodol	3	3						
294 pa	20 y M	Ethanol	4	4	A	Ingst	Unk	1		
25 . pu	20)	Fentanyl transdermal	1	1		got	C.III	•	Fentanyl	0.015 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.14 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
295	20 y M	D	1		U	Ingst	Int-U	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Buprenorphine Alprazolam	1 2	1 2						
		Oxycodone Fentanyl transdermal	3 4	3 4						
		Marijuana	5	5						
296	21 y F	Opioid	6	6	U	Ingst	Int-A	3		
	•	Acetaminophen Ethanol	1 2	1 2		Ü				
297	21 y F		1		A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	A	606 m ag/ml In Samura @
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine		1					Acetaminophen	696 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen Tramadol	2 3	2						
		Acetaminophen/	4	4						
200		propoxyphene Ibuprofen	5	5			x . a			
298	21 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Iron Acetaminophen/	2 3	2 3						
		dextromethorphan								
299 p	21 y M	Diphenhydramine	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1						
300 a	21 y M	Salicylate	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	101.6 mg/dL In Serum @
		Fluoxetine	2	2					Fluoxetine	15 h (pe) 2.7 mg/L In Blood
		Fluoxetine	2	2					Norfluoxetine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 1.3 mg/L In Blood
		Venlafaxine	3	3					O-desmethy-	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.14 mg/L In Blood
		Venlafaxine	3	3					lvenlafaxine Venlafaxine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.82 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
analgesics,	continued									
		Acetaminophen Ibuprofen	4 5	4 5					Ibuprofen	4.4 mg/L In Blood
		Touproteir	3	3					Touproteir	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
301 pai	21 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	89.4 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone							•	Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.08 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Oxycodone	0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
		oxycodone Acetaminophen/	3	3					Norpropoxyphene	Blood @ Autopsy 0.29 mcg/mL In Whole
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	3	3					Propoxyphene	Blood @ Autopsy 0.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		propoxyphene Quetiapine	4	4					Quetiapine	@ Autopsy 6.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Oxcabazepine	5	5					10-hydroxy-	@ Autopsy 14 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Lamotrigine	6	6					carbazepine Lamotrigine	@ Autopsy 14 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	7	7						@ Autopsy
		Sertraline	8	8					Sertraline	1.1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
302 pai	21 y M				U	Unk	Int-A	1		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.19 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.08 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.12 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous @ Autopsy
303	22 y F	A contraction of the	,		A	Ingst	Int-S	1		w rutopsy
304	22 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1		
		Methadone	1	1		-			Methadone	3441 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone Metabolite	2734 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Clonazepam	2 3	2 3						
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	3	3						
305	22 y F	A /	1	4	C	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1						
306 a	22 y F-	Promethazine	2	2	С	Ingst	Int-M	2		
300 a	pregnant				C	nigst	IIII-IVI	2		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	81 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
307 pai	22 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.81 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	260 ng/mL In Whole Blood
308 p	22 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	2		@ Autopsy
•	•	Morphine	1	1		Ü				
		Ethanol Benzodiazepine	2 3	2 3						
309 pa	22 y M	•			U	Ingst	Unk	1		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.27 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	0.13 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Opioid	3	3					Hydrocodone	0.09 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
310	22 y F	Duloxetine	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecifica) to Autopsy
510	y 1	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	11	111531	III-D	1		
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
311	22 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	580 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine							Î	(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1					Acetaminophen	855 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
312 pai	22 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.41 mcg/mL In Whole
		Diazepam	2	2					Diazepam	Blood @ Autopsy 1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Diazepam	2	2					Nordiazepam	@ Autopsy 0.37 mcg/mL In Whole
212	22 F	Temazepam	3	3		T	T C	2		Blood @ Autopsy
313	23 y F	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Benzodiazepine	2	2		_				
314 p	23 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		hydrocodone Carisoprodol	2	2						
21.5	22 5	Alprazolam	3	3			.			
315 p	23 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
316 pa	23 y M	Ethanol	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
это ра	25 y 111	Oxycodone	1	1	71	mgat	in C	•	Oxycodone	1.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.7 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzoylecgonine	2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	0.1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
217	22 E	Sertraline	3	3	A /C	Toront	T4 A	2		
317 p	23 y F	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
210	22 14	Benzodiazepine	2	2	A /C	T 4	To 4 A	2		
318 p	23 y M	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	3		
210 :	22 14	Oxycodone	2	2		.	T . A			
319 pai	23 y M	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.16 mcg/mL In Whole
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.14 mcg/mL In Whole
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxymorphone	Blood @ Autopsy 18 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	3	3						@ Autopsy
320 pa	23 y M	Mathadana	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone Acepromazine	1 2	1 2						
		Citalopram	3	3						
		Lysergic Acid Diethylamide	4	4						
		(LSD)	5	5						
321	23 y F	Alprazolam	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
222	•	Oxycodone	1	1		-	Total C	1		
322 pa	23 y M	Opioid	1	1	A	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	1	Morphine	110 ng/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Opioid	1	1					Oxycodone	23 ng/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Oxycodone Cocaine	2 3	2 3					Benzoylecognine	380 ng/mL In Serum @
		Hydroxyzine	4	4					Hydroxyzine	Unknown 25 ng/mL In Serum @
		Carbamazepine	5	5					Carbamazepine	Unknown 3.6 mcg/mL In Serum @
222	22 v. M	-			ŢŢ	Inact	Int C	1	*	Unknown
323 pa	23 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Oxycodone	0.091 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)





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nalgesics,	continued									
,		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Clonazepam	0.005 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
		Cocaine Ethanol	3 4	3 4					Ethanol	50 mg/dL In Blood
324 p	23 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe
	- 3	Methadone	1	1		8				
		Acetaminophen/ codeine	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3						
325 pa	24 y M	01	1		A	Ingst	Unk	1	0	0.74 ··· · /r I · D1 · · 1
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.74 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Opioid	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.05 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Carisoprodol	3	3					Carisoprodol (n-isopropyl	2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
									meprobamate)	(unspecified) @ Autops
226 no	24 y M	Diphenhydramine	4	4	A	Unk	Int-U	1		
326 pa	24 y IVI	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ulik	IIII-U	1	Codeine	0.3 mg/L In Blood
		codeine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Morphine (free)	(unspecified) @ Autops 140 mcg/L In Blood
		codeine Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.079 mg/L In Blood
225	24 34	- inprazorani	-	-			**		1 II pruizoium	(unspecified) @ Autops
327	24 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
328 pa	24 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Morphine	0.11 mg/L In Blood
		·							•	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Oxycodone	1	1					Morphine	4.36 mg/L In Bile @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.01 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.04 mg/kg In Other @ Autopsy
329 a	24 y M	~			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Salicylate Beta Blocker	1 2	1 2						
		Benzodiazepine	3	3						
		Paroxetine 1	4	4						
330	24 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1	Salicylate	90 mg/dL In Blood
		•							Sancylate	(unspecified) @ Unkno
221 20	24 v. E	Ethanol	2	2	A	Inact	Int-S	1		
331 pa	24 y F	Methadone	1	1	Α	Ingst	IIIt-S	1	Methadone	0.13 mg/L In Blood
		Quetiapine	2	2						(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe
		Duloxetine	3	3						
		Alprazolam	4	4					Alprazolam	0.06 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe
332	24 y M				A	Ingst	Int-U	3		(unspecifica) (@ 1 ii (pe
		Oxycodone	1	1						
		Alprazolam Ethanol	2 3	2						
333 h	24 y M		J	5	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		diphenhydramine Methadone	3	3						
334 p	24 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
335 p	24 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
500 p	- · y · · · ·	Oxycodone	1	1	S		0	-		
		Cocaine	2	2						
		Methamphetamine Alprazolam	3 4	3 4						
336 pa	24 y M	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Methadone	1	1					Eddp (2-ethylidene- 1,5-dimethyl- 3,3-diphenyl Pyrrolidine)	160 ng/mL In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy





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Analgesics,	continued	Methadone	1	1					Methadone	1000 ng/mI. In Whole Place
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	1000 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy 85 ng/mL In Whole Blood
337 p	25 y M	Citaropiani	2	-	С	Ingst	Unk	2	Спаторгані	@ Autopsy
-		Acetaminophen	1	1	A	_	Int-S	1		
338 pa	25 y F	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	1111-5	1	Methadone	0.55 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
339 a	25 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecifica) (ii) 1 ii (pe)
340 a	25 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	28 mg/L In Serum @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	3 d (pe) 90 mg/dL In Serum @
341	25 y M	Ethano	-	-	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Dulanor	Unknown
311	23 y 141	Acetaminophen	1	1	71	mgat	III S	1	Acetaminophen	327 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 24 h (pe)
		Sodium Carbonate/ trisodium Phosphate	2	2						(unspecified) (@ 2 · ii (pe)
		Hypochlorite Cleaners (Anionic/ nonionic)	3 4	3 4						
[342 h]	25 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Saliclylate	96.5 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
343 pai	25 y F	Tramadol	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Tramadol	2.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Venlafaxine	2	2					Venlafaxine	@ Autopsy 0.9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Cyproheptadine Ethanol	3 4	3 4					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 0.02 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.04 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous @ Autopsy
		Hydroxyzine Trazodone	5 6	5 6					Trazodone	5.5 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
344 h	25 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	C	Ingst	Unk	2		@ Autopsy
345 pa	25 y F	hydrocodone	1		U	Ingst	Unk	2		
545 pa	23 y I	Methadone	1	1	O	nigst	Olik	2	Methadone	0.62 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Diazepam	0.23 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Nordiazepam	0.29 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
346 pa	25 y F	Methadone Morphine	1 2	1 2	A	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecifica) @ Autopsy
		Quetiapine Benzodiazepine	3 4	3 4						
347	26 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
348	26 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	250 mcg/mL In Serum @
349 p	26 y M	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	2 d (pe) 59 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
250 :	26.36	Clonazepam	2	2	**					(unspectified) (a) Chikhowi
350 pai	26 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.15 mcg/mL In Blood
		oxycodone Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Unknown 140 ng/mL In Blood
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Unknown 186 ng/mL In Whole Blood
351	26 y F	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1	Acetaminophen	@ Autopsy 53 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	, continued									
352 pa	26 y M	Madadas	1	1	C	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Methadone Cocaine	1 2	1 2						
		Benzodiazepine	3	3						
		Marijuana	4	4						
353	26 y M	· ·			C	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	3		
		Oxycodone	1	1						
		Cocaine Ethanol	3 4	2 3						
		Marijuana	2	4						
354 pa	26 y M	iviarijuana	2	7	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	,	Methadone	3	1		S			Methadone	320 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	4	2					Hydrocodone	56.3 ng/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		propoxyphene	1	3						
		Ethanol	2	4						
		Diazepam	5	5					Diazepam	52.3 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
255:	26 14	Alprazolam	6	6	A	Inact	Int A	1		
355 pai	26 y M	Morphine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.14 mcg/mL In Whole
		1-101pinne	1						14101pillile	Blood @ Autopsy
356 pai	26 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.39 mcg/mL In Whole
		A 1	2	2						Blood @ Autopsy
357 ha	27 y F	Alprazolam	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
33 / Ha	27 y 1	Acetaminophen/	1	1	C	mgst	1111-21	1		
		hydrocodone								
358 pa	27 y M				U	Ingst+ Unk	Unk	2		,
		Morphine	1	1					Hydromorphone	357 ng/mL In Urine
										(quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	334 ng/mL In Blood
			-	-					orp.iiiie	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Clonazepam	2	2					Lorazepam	22.9 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Propoxyphene	3	3					Norpropoxyphene	92 ng/mL In Blood
		Marijuana	4	4					Carboxy-thc	(unspecified) @ Unknow 32.8 ng/mL In Blood
			·	·					curouty inc	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Marijuana	4	4					Carboxy-thc	30 ng/mL In Urine
										(quantitative only) @
			4						TEM .	Unknown
		Marijuana	4	4					The (tetrahydrocanna	1.4 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
									binol)	(unspecified) @ Offkilow
359 pai	27 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	1	omory	
•	•	Methadone	1	1		C			Methadone	1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
			•							@ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	58 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Amitriptyline	3	3						@ Autopsy
360	27 y F	rumurptymic	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1		8				
361	27 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	280 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 87 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acctaninophen	1	1					Acctaninophen	(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	16 mcg/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ 2 d (pe)
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	5 mcg/mL In Blood
362 p	27 y M				A/C	Inget	Int-A	1		(unspecified) @ 3 d (pe)
302 p	∠ / y IVI	Methadone	1	1	AC	Ingst	m-A	1		
		Ethanol	2	2						
363 h	27 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Methadone	1	1		-				
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		diphenhydramine Citalopram	3	3						
		Benzodiazepine	3 4	3 4						
		Benzodiazenine	4	4						





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics, 364	continued 27 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	1		
365 h	27 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	33.8 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
366 a	27 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst+ Unk	Unk	3	Acetaminophen	52 mcg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Marijuana	2	2						(unspectfied) (a) Offknown
367 pai	27 y M	Fentanyl Transdermal	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	10.9 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
368 p	27 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	2		w rutopsy
		Opioid Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2					Acetaminophen	32 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Barbiturates	3	3						Olikilowii
		(extended release) Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	0.18 % (wt/Vol) In Serum @ Unknown
369 h	27 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2					Acetaminophen	16 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
370 pa	28 y M	•			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.3 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
251	20. 14	Acetaminophen	2	2	**		* . **			(unopermen) @ ranopoy
371 pa	28 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	3	Methadone	0.17 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
372	28 y M	G.11. 1.4.	1	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(1) (1)
		Salicylate Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1 2	1 2						
		Ibuprofen	3 4	3 4						
373	28 y M	Clomipramine	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
374	28 y F- pregnant	Acetaminophen	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen	1	1						
375 pai	28 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 0.18 mcg/mL In Whole
376 pai	28 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	Blood @ Autopsy 181.3 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaiiiiiopiieii	Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.59 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	81 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxymorphone	@ Autopsy 16.1 ng/mL In Whole Blood
377	28 y F				C	Ingst	Int-M	3		@ Autopsy
	Ž	Acetaminophen	1 2	1		Ü				
378 pai	28 y F	Ethanol	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
1	j	Oxycodone	1	1		S			Oxycodone	0.67 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.08 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
2501	20 5	Diazepam	3	3			T . G			(4
379 h	29 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	69 mcg/mL In Serum @ 11.5 h (pe)
[380 ha]	29 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	360 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe) 210 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 7 h (pe) 350 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Sertraline	2	2					Sertraline	(unspecified) @ 23 h (pe) 29 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
381	29 y F	Acataminanhan	1	1	С	Ingst	Unk	1	Acataminanhan	78.3 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow
382 h	29 y F				C	Ingst	Int-A	3		
		Acetaminophen Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2						
		hydrocodone	_	2						
383 pai	29 y M	T	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2	Troma dal	1 mg/L In Blood
		Tramadol	1	1					Tramadol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Sucralfate	2	2						(1) (1)
384 pai	29 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	16 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
205	20 M				A/C	Toront	Int C	2		@ Autopsy
385	29 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Salicylate ^	2	2						
206:	20 M	Drug, Unknown	3	3	A/C	Toront	Total A	1		
386 pai	29 y M	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
										@ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	61 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.05 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		T4 1	2	2					Ed. 1	Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.06 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous @ Autopsy
387 h	29 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	2		<u> </u>
200 n	20 v E	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Inact	Int-S	1		
388 p	29 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	1111-5	1	Acetaminophen	235 mcg/mL In Blood
		•							Î	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Iron	2	2					Iron	320 mcg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Diphenhydramine	3	3						(unspecified) (ii) Chikhow
200 -	20 E	Citalopram	4	4	A /C	T	Total C			
389 a	29 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Quetiapine	2	2						
200 a	20 F	Topiramate	3	3	4	Inaat	Int C	1		
390 a	29 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	93.8 mg/dL In Serum @
									~ 44-1-0, 14-1-0	Unknown
391	29 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		diphenhydramine	1	1						
392 a	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	2.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Promethazine	2	2					Promethazine	110 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		El	2	2					Pl	@ Autopsy
		Fluoxetine	3	3					Fluoxetine	430 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Fluoxetine	3	3					Norfluoxetine	460 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 36 mg/dL In Blood
		Ethanoi	4	4					Ethanoi	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Diphenhydramine	5	5						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Bupropion Anticholinergic	6 7	6 7					Dicyclomine	12 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		rintenomicigic	,	,					Dicycloninic	@ Autopsy
393 a	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1						
		Diphenhydramine	2	2						
204	20 v. M	Acamprosate	3	3	A	Ingat	Int C	1		
394	30 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	1100 mg/L In Blood
		•								(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Hydroxyzine Diuretic, unknown	2 3	2 3						
		Cefdinir	3 4	3 4						
		Ibuprofen	5	5						
		Prednisone	6	6						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,					U	Don	T4 A	1		
395 pa	30 y F	Morphine	1	1	U	Par	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.25 mg/L In Blood
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 174 mg/L In Bile @ Autops
		Cocaine	2	2					orpe	17 1 mg 2 m 2m @ 1 mtops
396 p	30 y F	Drug, unknown	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	•	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		-				
397 pa	30 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Ingst+ Derm	Unk	1	Fentanyl	22 ng/mL In Blood
		Transdermal Fentanyl	1	1					Norfentanyl	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 12 ng/mL In Blood
		Transdermal							Norrentanyi	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ibuprofen Piroxicam	2 3	2 3						
398	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1						
399	30 y F				A	Ingst	Unk	1		
400 pa	30 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Par	Int-A	2		
· · · · · · ·	20)	Fentanyl	1	1					Fentanyl	0.002 mg/L In Blood
		transdermal Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.239 g/dL In Blood
		Diozonom	3	3					Diazanam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	0.232 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
401 pai	30 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	A	Ingst+ Derm	Int-A	2	Fentanyl	14.2 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		transdermal							•	@ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.04 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.06 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
402	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	1		@ Autopsy
	, -	Methadone	1	1		8		_		
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2						
		Clonazepam	3	3						
403 pai	30 y F	Alprazolam	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.96 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	108 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Amitriptyline	3	3					Amitriptyline	@ Autopsy 0.35 mcg/mL In Whole
										Blood @ Autopsy
		Amitriptyline	3	3					Nortiptyline	2.1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
404 pai	30 y M	M.d. d	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
405 h	30 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	A aataminanhan	75 mg/L In Urine
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(quantitative only) @
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	Unknown 63 mg/L In Blood
		Carisoprodol	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknown
406 pai	30 y M	•	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Mathadana	0.19 mcg/mL In Whole
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	Blood @ Autopsy
407	30 y F	Tramadol	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Tizanidine	2	2						
408	30 y F	Metaxalone	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
100	50 , 1	Acetaminophen	1	1	2.1	111501	1111 5		Acetaminophen	59 mcg/mL In Serum @
409 a	31 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		48 h (pe)
	. J =	Acetaminophen	1	1		<i>6</i>		-		
410 pa	31 y M	Diphenhydramine	2	2	A/C	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	2		
	, .	Oxycodone	1	1		<i>Q</i> =			Oxycodone	0.17 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	0.34 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	3	3					Acetaminophen	6.13 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	3	3					Diphenhydramine	0.24 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Alprazolam	4	4					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.05 mg/L In Blood
		Diazepam	5	5					Diazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.01 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	6	6					Benzoylecgonine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.47 mg/L In Blood
411 p	31 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2	, .	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
411 p	31 y 1VI	Acetaminophen	1	1	O	mgst	IIIt-5	2	Acetaminophen	40 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Unknown 330 mg/dL In Serum @
412	31 y F				A	Ingst	Int-M	1		Unknown
413 pa	31 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
ч 15 ра	31 y W1	Oxycodone	1	1	O	nigst	III-A	1	Oxycodone	0.3 mg/L In Blood
		Morphine	2	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
414	31 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-M	1		
415 p	31 y F	Ethanol	2	2	Α	Ingst	Int-M	1		
415 р	Jiyi	Acetaminophen/	1	1	А	Iligst	1111-141	1		
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	2	2						
416 h	31 y F	diphenhydramine			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	,-	Acetaminophen/	1	1		8			Acetaminophen	26.3 mcg/mL In Serum @
		oxycodone Carisoprodol	2	2						Unknown
417 pai	31 y M	Tramadol	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Tramadol	1.8 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 0.05 mcg/mL In Whole
		•	3	3					Try drovodone	Blood @ Autopsy
		Cyclobenzaprine Cocaine	4	4					Benzoylecgonine	0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
		Cocaine	4	4					Benzoylecgonine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.13 Other (see abst) In
418	31 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Brain @ Autopsy
419	-	Acetaminophen	1	1	U		Int-S	1		
419	32 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	IIII-S	1	Acetaminophen	713 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Oxycodone	2	2						Unknown
420	32 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	159 mcg/mL In Blood
421 -	22 E	1 Tee aminopinen	-	•		Tut	Int C	1	· recummophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow
421 a	32 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	17.9 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Clonazepam	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Salicylate Ethanol	3 4	2 3 4						
422	32 y F				C	Ingst	Int-M	2		
[423 pa]	32 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Methadone	1	1					Eddp (2-ethylidene- 1,5-dimethyl-	0.19 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
									3,3-diphenyl Pyrrolidine)	
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.3 mcg/mL In Blood
424	32 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
	-	Acetaminophen Drug, Unknown	1 2	1 2		-				
425	32 y M	-			A	Ingst	Int-S	1	A automin 1	67 mag/ml In Di . 1
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	67 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued					T	T + N f	2		
426h	33 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	3		
		diphenhydramine	1	1						
427 a	33 y M				U	Ingst	Unk	2	0 1	
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.15 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone								(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	3	3					Alprazolam	0.11 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Meprobamate	4	4					Meprobamate	3 mg/L In Blood
120	22 - E					T	Int C	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
428 p	33 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Fluoxetine/	2	2						
		olanzapine	2	2						
429 p	33 y M	Methadone	3	3	A	Unk	Unk	2		
•	•	Morphine	1	1		-				
430 a	33 y F	A	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	A	120 /I In Comm.
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	129 mg/L In Serum @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	0.65 mg/L In Serum @
421	22 - E				C	T	I I.a.I.	2		Autopsy
431	33 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Unk	2	Acetaminophen	39.9 mg/dL In Blood
				-						(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	24.1 mg/dL In Blood
432 pai	33 y M				A/C	Ingst+ Derm	Int-A	1		(unspecified) @ 12 h (pe)
P	J	Fentanyl	1	1		8		-	Fentanyl	7.5 ng/mL In Serum @
		transdermal	2	2						Autopsy
433	33 y M	Diazepam	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
433	33 y 141	Tramadol	1	1	71	mgst	III-5	3		
		Lorazepam	2	2						
434 ph	34 y M	Temazepam	3	3	U	Inact	Int-U	1		
434 pii	34 y IVI	Oxycodone	1	1	O	Ingst	IIII-O	1	Oxycodone	50 mg/L In Urine
		•							•	(quantitative only) @
435 pa	34 y F				С	Ingst+ Derm	Int_II	1		Unknown
433 pa	34 y I	Fentanyl	1	1	C	nigst Denn	IIII-O	1	Fentanyl	25 ng/mL In Blood
		transdermal							•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl Transdermal	1	1					Norfentanyl	7.1 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	0.06 mg/L In Blood
			_							(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Amitriptyline	3	3					Amitriptyline	0.18 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	4	4					Diphenhydramine	0.07 mg/L In Blood
126	24 5					.	T . C	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
436 p	34 y F	Propoxyphene	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Baclofen	2	2						
		Pregabalin	3	3						
427	24 5	Trazodone	4	4		Torred	Total C			
437	34 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	30 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine	•	•					. rectalininopiien	(unspecified) @ Unknowr
		Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	12 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	(unspecified) @ 2 d (pe) 7.9 mg/dL In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ 2 d (pe)
		Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	6.5 mg/dL In Blood
438 pa	34 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	1		(unspecified) @ 3 d (pe)
150 pa	J. y 1	Methadone	1	1	2.	111501	111t-U	1		
120	24 -	Gabapentin	2	2				_		
439 pa	34 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	1	Fentanyl	22 ng/mL In Blood
		transdermal	1	1					1 cinally1	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl	1	1					Norfentanyl	20 ng/mL In Blood
		transdermal								(unspecified) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
analgesics,	continued	Dinkankadaania	2	2					Dinkankadaania	0.24 m =/I. In Dland
		Diphenhydramine Ethanol	2	3					Diphenhydramine Ethanol	0.34 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.11 g/dL In Vitreous @
		Drug, unknown	4	4						Autopsy
440 pai	34 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Derm	Int-S	1		
		transdermal								26 / 11 WH 1 DI 1
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	26 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Olanzapine	3	3					Olanzapine	0.15 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
[441 pa]	34 y M	Mirtazapine	4	4	U	Ingst+ Derm	Int-S	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	12 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Norfentanyl	6.2 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	0.25 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
442.1	24 5	Citalopram	3	3		Torrest	L., C	2		(unspectfied) @ Autopsy
442 h	34 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
443 pa	34 y F	hydrocodone			U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	153.3 mg/L In Serum @ 2 h (pe)
		Ethanol Antihistamine	2 3	2 3					Diphenhydramine	0.971 Other (see abst) In Blood (unspecified) @
		Citalopram	4	4					Citalopram	Autopsy 32 ng/mL In Blood
		Zopiclone	5	5					Eszopiclone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 23 ng/mL In Blood
444	34 y M				A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
		Phencyclidine Cocaine	2 3	2 3						
445 pa	34 y F	Benzodiazepine	4	4	U	Inact	Unk	2		
443 pa	34 y F	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst	Ulik	2	Morphine	215 ng/mL In Blood
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 182 ng/mL In Blood
		Spironolactone	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
446	34 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	150 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Carbamazepine	2	2					Carbamazepine	Unknown 21 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Topiramate	3	3					•	Unknown
447	34 y M	Lorazepam	4	4	С	Ingst	Int-A	2		
44 /	34 y IVI	Methadone Ethanol	1 2	1 2	C	nigst	III-A	2	Ethanol	0.067 mg/dL In Blood
448 p	34 y M				Α	Ingst	Int-U	2		(unspecified) @ Unknown
+10 р	54 y 1VI	Methadone	1	1	71	nigst	IIIO	2		
		Amitriptyline Diazepam	2 3	2 3						
449 pa	35 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Benzodiazepine Drug, unknown	2 3	2 3						
450 h	35 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		propoxyphene								
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2						
451 a	35 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	530 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Cocaine		2					Benzoylecognine	(unspecified) @ Unknown 490 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued	Carisoprodol	3	3					Carisoprodol	0.44 mcg/mL In Blood
		Carisoprodol	3	3					Meprobamate	(unspecified) @ Unknown 6.3 mcg/mL In Blood
		Lorazepam	4	4					Lorazepam	(unspecified) @ Unknown 59 ng/mL In Blood
452	35 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	2	•	(unspecified) @ Unknown
	y	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		8		_		
453 h	35 y F	·	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1 2	1 2						
454 pai	35 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.17 mcg/mL In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.03 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
455	35 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		Blood @ Autopsy
	Ž	Acetaminophen/	1	1		Č				
		propoxyphene Bupropion	2	2						
		Diazepam	3	3						
456	35 y M	Quetiapine	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
150	55 y 111	Acetaminophen/	1	1	21	mgst	III 5	2	Acetaminophen	177 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe) 77 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 3 h (pe) 128 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 29 h (pe) 88 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 53 h (pe) 58 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ 61 h (pe)
		Ethanoi	2	2					Eulanoi	210 mg/dL In Serum @ 1 h (pe)
457 h	35 y M	Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Ethanol	2	2						
458 a	35 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
459 pa	35 y F	hydrocodone			U	Ingst	Unk	2		
F	, -	Hydrocodone	1	1	-	8		_	Hydrocodone	0.19 mg/L In Blood
		Promethazine	2	2					Promethazine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.49 mg/L In Blood
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.19 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
460	25 M					To and	Int C	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
460	35 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
461	36 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	91.8 mg/dL In Blood
462	36 y F				A/C	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	62 mcg/mL In Plasma @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2						Challown
463	36 y M	Diazepam	3	3	U	Unk	Unk	2		
.05	50 J 1.1	Acetaminophen	1	1	C	O IIII	O IIII	-		
		Cocaine Marijuana	2 3	2 3						
464 pai	36 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Morphine (free)	0.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		· ·							• ` ` ′	@ Autopsy
		Oxycodone Acetaminophen/	2	2					Oxycodone Hydrocodone	0.63 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy 0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone	3	3					Trydrocodolle	Blood @ Autopsy
465	36 y M	Tramadol	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	3		





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
		Alprazolam Cyclobenzaprine	2 3	2 3						
		Benzodiazepine	4	4						
466	36 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	63 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine								(unspecified) @ Unknow
467 pa	36 y M	Olanzapine	2	2	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Int_S	1		
407 pa	30 y W1	Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1	A	nigst+ Aspii	III-3	1		
		Ethanol	2	2						
468 pai	36 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	14 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Transdermal Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 0.11 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.2 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
469 pha	36 y F	Opioid	1	1	A	Unk	Int-S	2	Hydrocodone (free)	@ Autopsy 11 ng/mL In Blood
		•							. ,	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Opioid	1	1					Oxycodone (free)	95 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Opioid	1	1					Oxycodone (total)	87 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Opioid	1	1					Oxymorphone (total)	180 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	80 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
470 p	37 y F	Propoxyphene	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
471	37 y M				A	Ingst	Unt-M	3		
		Salicylate Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2						
472 p	37 y F	·			U	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Hydrocodone Benzodiazepine	3 2	1 2						
		Quetiapine	1	3						
473 ph	37 y M	Fantana 1	1		U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1						
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.075 g/dL In Blood
474	37 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
	- · · ·	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		3			Acetaminophen	206 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
475 pa	37 y M	•			U	Unk	Unk	2	**	
		Opioid	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.13 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol (n-isopropyl	10 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					meprobamate) Meprobamate	14 mg/L In Blood
		Drug, unknown	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
476	37 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	100.4 mg/dL In Blood
		Salicylate	1	1					Sancylate	(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Valproic acid	2	2					Valproic acid	239 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Trazodone	3	3						C IIIIII O WII
477 h	37 y F	Sertraline	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
	-	Sulindac	1	1						
478	37 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		hydrocodone Carisoprodol	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3						
479	37 y M	Zolpidem	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1 /2	3 / y IVI	Salicylate Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2	Α	mgst	1111-3	1		





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	, continued				A/C	In ant Dame	Tot A	1		
480 pai	37 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Derm	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	18.5 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		transdermal Methadone	2	2					Methadone	@ Autopsy 0.14 mcg/mL In Blood
		Hydrocodone	3	3					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.05 mcg/mL In Whole
481 pai	37 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		Blood @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.31 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	69 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
482 pai	37 y F	Citalopram	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		O
.02 pai	<i>3,</i>	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	120	111800		-		
483 pa	37 y F	Diazepam	2	2	A	Inget	Int-S	1		
463 pa	37 y r	Hydromorphone	1	1	A	Ingst	IIIt-3	1	Hydromorphone	2525.8 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Hydromorphone	1	1					Hydromorphone	0.06 mg/L In Blood
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.12 mg/L In Blood
40.4	25 5	Oxycodone	3	3			*			(unspecified) @ Autopsy
484 pai	37 y F	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2	Methadone	0.6 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	@ Autopsy 0.04 mcg/mL In Whole
485 pai	37 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-U	1		Blood @ Autopsy
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.21 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	82 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Citalopram	3	3					Citalopram	0.53 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
486 p	37 y M	Cyclobenzaprine	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
•	•	Morphine Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1 2	1 2						
487 pai	37 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Derm	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	32.1 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Transdermal Oxycodone	2	2					·	@ Autopsy
488 pa	37 y M	Propoxyphene	1	1	A	Unk	Int-A	1	Norpropoxyphene	5809 ng/mL In Blood
		Propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 5975 ng/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	2	2					Тюрохурнене	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
489 pha	38 y M		1		A	Ingst	Int-S	1	0	0.00 m.cc/ml In Disc.d
		Oxycodone		1					Oxycodone	0.09 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Ethanol	2	2				_	Ethanol	0.06 % (wt/Vol) În Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
490 p	38 y F	Acetaminophen (extended release)	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
491 pai	38 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Methadone	1.9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Amitriptyline	@ Autopsy 1.7 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Nortiptyline	@ Autopsy 0.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Cyclobenzaprine	3	3					Cyclobenzaprine	@ Autopsy 2.7 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
492	38 y F	Сустооспиартне	3	J	U	Inget	Int A	3	Сустооспиартне	@ Autopsy
4 74	зо у г	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	3		
		Carisoprodol	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3						



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,										
493 pa	38 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Oxycodone	1.3 mg/L In Blood
494 pa	38 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
тэт pa	36 y 1	Methadone	1	1	А	nigst	III-5	1	Methadone	0.13 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.31 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Methadone	1	1					Morphine	0.22 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
495	38 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) (a) Autopsy
496 pai	38 y M	Salicylate	1	1	U	Ingst+ Par	Int-A	1		
		Morphine Ethanol	1 2	1 2					Ethanol	0.08 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
497 p	39 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ 15 m (pe)
P	, -	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
498 p	39 y M	Acetaminophen	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
470 p	3) y IVI	Methadone	1	1	71	mgst	Int-D			
499 p	39 y F	Alprazolam	2	2	U	Ingst	Unk	2		
.>> P	<i>5,</i> , 1	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	Ü	111500	O.m.	-	Acetaminophen	22 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
500	39 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	
		hydrocodone							•	145 mcg/mL In Unknown @ 1 h (pe)
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	47 mcg/mL In Unknown @ Unknown
501	39 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		caffein/salicylate								
		Imatinib Digoxin	3 4	3 4						
502 pa	39 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	389 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	1 h (pe) 140 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone Pregabalin	2	2					Pregabalin	26 h (pe) 2.1 mg/L In Blood
		Eszopiclone	3	3					Eszopiclone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.007 mg/L In Blood
		Hydroxyzine	4	4					Hydroxyzine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.77 mg/L In Blood
		Promethazine	5	5						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
503 h	39 y F				A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
5041	20 E	Lorazepam	2	2	T T	Torrest	T A	2		
504 h	39 y F	Salicylate	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
505	39 y M	Alprazolam	2	2	U	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
303	39 y IVI	Acetaminophen	1	1	O	nigst	Ont-G	1	Acetaminophen	86 mcg/mL In Serum @
506 p	39 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		Unknown
507	39 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acetaminophen	1	1		8				
		Cyclobenzaprine Acetaminophen/	2 3	2						
508	39 y F	hydrocodone			С	Ingst	Int-M	2		
200	37) 1	Acetaminophen/	1	1	C	111501	1111 111	-		
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	2	2						
509 ph	40 y M	pseudoephedrine			U	Ingst	Int-M	1		
oos pii		Opioid	1	1	S		171			
		Morphine Ethanol	2 3	2 3						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
nalgesics,	continued									
510 pa	40 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Oxycodone	0.72 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Diazepam	(unspecified) @ Autops: 0.16 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Nordiazepam	(unspecified) @ Autops: 0.13 mg/L In Blood
		Carisoprodol	3	3					Carisoprodol (n-isopropyl meprobamate)	(unspecified) @ Autops 2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Carisoprodol	3	3					Meprobamate	10 mg/L In Blood
		Promethazine	4	4					Promethazine	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.28 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Diphenhydramine	5	5						(unspectified) @ Autops
		Docusate	6	6						
511	40 14	Gabitril	7	7	A /C	T	Total A	2		
511	40 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Ethanol	2	2						
512	40 y F		_	_	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	-	Acetaminophen	1	1		C			Acetaminophen	37 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 49 Other (see abst) In Bloom
~1.0	40. 5	Ethanol	2	2			Y . Q			(unspecified) @ Autops
513	40 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	250 mcg/mL In Blood
514	40 y M				A	Inact	Int C	2		(unspecified) @ Unknow
514	40 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	69.8 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 2 h (pe 13.1 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Citric acid/	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknow
		salicylate/sodium bicarbonate	2	2						
[515pa]	41 y M	Acetaminophen	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[313pa]	41 y IVI	Methadone	1	1	700	mgst	IIIt-5		Methadone	0.63 mg/L In Blood
516h	41 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
31011	41 y 1	Acetaminophen	2	1	NC	nigst	III-3	1	Acetaminophen	15 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unkno
		Acetaminophen	2	1					Acetaminophen	11 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unkno
517n	41 v. E	Clomipramine	1	2	A/C	Incat	Int-S	2		(unspectfied) (a) Offkilo
517p	41 y F	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1	AC	Ingst	IIIt-S	2	Acetaminophen	50 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Verapamil	2	2						(unspectfied) @ Clikilo
		Duloxetine	3	3						
		Pregabalin	4	4						
		Cyanocobalamin	5	5						
[518a]	41 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	53 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.33 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.63 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Acetaminophen/	1	1					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Autops 14 mg/kg In Liver @
		diphenhydramine	2	2						Autopsy
		Oxymorphone Venlafaxine	2 3	3					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	0.4 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @
		Venlafaxine	3	3					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	Unknown 0.53 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @
		Venlafaxine	3	3					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	Unknown 0.75 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @
		Venlafaxine	3	3					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	Autopsy 2.2 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	, continued	Venlafaxine	3	3					Venlafaxine	0.29 mg/L In Blood
		Venlafaxine	3	3					Venlafaxine	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.72 mg/L In Blood
		Venlafaxine	3	3					Venlafaxine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3.5 mg/kg In Liver @
			4	4					Vemulaxiile	Autopsy
		Salicylate Quetiapine	5	5						
		Zolpidem Hydroxyzine	6 7	6 7					Hydroxyzine	0.076 mg/L In Blood
		Clonazepam	8	8					,,	(unspecified) @ Unknown
519 ha	41 y F	· ·			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Opioid Benzodiazepine	1 2	1 2						
		Acetaminophen	3	3						
[520 h]	41 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		transdermal	1	1						
521 a	41 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	60 mcg/mL In Serum @
		diphenhydramine							Acctaninophen	2 d (pe)
		Diphenhydramine Benzodiazepine	2 3	2 3						
522 p	41 y M	•		3	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
		Lamotrigine	2	2						
523	41 y F	Clonazepam	3	3	U	Ingst	Unk	1		
323	41 y 1	Acetaminophen	1	1	O	mgst	Olik	1	Acetaminophen	61.4 mcg/mL In Plasma @
		Drug, Unknown	2	2						Unknown
524 a	41 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	301 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	4688 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
525	41 F	Ethanol	3	3	A /C	T	TC			(
525	41 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	130 mcg/mL In Blood
526 a	41 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
	, .	Acetaminophen	1	1		8			Acetaminophen	32.2 mcg/mL In Plasma @
527	41 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		25 h (pe)
	•	Acetaminophen/	2	1		C				
		hydrocodone Fentanyl	1	2						
		Transdermal	2	2						
528	41 y M	Duloxetine	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Acetaminophen Ibuprofen	1 2	1		-				
		Salicylate	3	2 3						
520.1	42 M	Ethanol	4	4	A /C	T	TT1	2		
529 ha	42 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	3	Acetaminophen	17 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	1 h (pe) 26 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone							•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.095 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	161 mg/dL In Plasma @
530 a	42 y M				U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	1		1 h (pe)
	•	Acetaminophen/	1	1		<u> </u>			Acetaminophen	21.9 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Cocaine	2	2					Benzoylecgonine	(unspecified) @ 4 d (pe) 0.11 mg/L In Blood
		Salicylate	3	3						(unspecified) @ Unknown
531	42 y F	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Colchicine Buspirone	1 2	1 2						
		Loratadine	3	3						
		Ethanol	4	4						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued									
532	42 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	93.7 mcg/mL In Serum @
		propoxyphene	1	1					Acctammophen	Unknown
533 pai	42 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.49 mcg/mL In Whole
		Oxycodolie	1	1					Oxycodolie	Blood @ Autopsy
534 pai	42 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Methadone	0.68 mcg/mL In Whole
		Methadone		1						Blood @ Autopsy
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.05 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3						Blood @ Autopsy
[535]	42 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	1	Acetaminophen	76 mcg/mL In Plasma @
		Acctaninophen	1	1					Acctammophen	Unknown
536 ph	42 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	88 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	Unknown
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	1490 ng/mL In Serum @
		Hydrocodone	3	3					Hydrocodone	Unknown 838.2 ng/mL In Serum @
527	42 14	·			C	Torrest	II T		•	Unknown
537	43 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst	Unt-T	1		
		caffeine/								
538 ai	43 y M	salicylate			U	Ingst	Int-U	1		
	,	Methadone	1	1	_	8*-		_	Methadone	0.42 mcg/mL In Whole
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						Blood @ Unknown
539 pa	43 y M	•			A	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-G	3		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Tobacco	2	2						(unspecifica) (a) ratopsy
540 p	43 y F	Methadone	2	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Quetiapine	1	2						
		Acetaminophen Benzodiazepine	3 4	3 4						
541	43 y F	Benzodiazepine	7	7	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	143 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
542 pai	43 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		Chkhowh
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	0.012 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl	1	1					Fentanyl	0.003 mg/L In Blood
		transdermal	2	2					•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	170 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	3	3					Alprazolam	0.007 mg/L In Blood
		Clonazepam	4	4					7-aminoclonazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.005 mg/L In Blood
		Clonazepam	4	4					Clonazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.004 mg/L In Blood
		Cionazepani		4					Cionazepani	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	5	5					Diazepam	0.022 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	5	5					Nordiazepam	0.044 mg/L In Blood
5.42	42 E	•			T T	Torrest	T C		•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
543	43 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	202 mcg/mL In Blood
5.4.4	42 E				0	Y .	7 . 3 .		•	(unspecified) @ Unknow
544 a	43 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	1	Acetaminophen	28 mcg/mL In Blood
		•		2					•	(unspecified) @ Unknow
545	43 y F	Ethanol	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	-	Acetaminophen	1	1		-				
546 pa	43 y M	Morphine	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1	Morphine	1.95 mg/L In Blood
5.45	44 5				**	Y .	*	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
547	44 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Ethanol	2	2						
		Ibuprofen	3	3						





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics, 548 h	continued				С	Ingat	Int-U	1		
346 11	44 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	C	Ingst	IIII-U	1	Acetaminophen	63.1 mcg/mL In Plasma @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Unknown 165 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
549 pa	44 y M	Propoxyphene	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1	Norpropoxyphene	1.44 mg/L In Blood
		Propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Unknow 1.08 mg/L In Blood
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.06 mg/L In Blood
550 pai	44 y F	hydrocodone Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Methadone	(unspecified) @ Unknow 1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	@ Autopsy 3.8 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	@ Autopsy 14 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		•							•	@ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	146 ng/mL In Whole Bloo @ Autopsy
551 pai	44 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.3 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	Blood @ Autopsy 88 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 0.07 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.1 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
552 p	44 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		@ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1					Acetaminophen	169.5 ng/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	250 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
553 p	44 y F	Morphine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
554 pai	44 y M	Trazodone	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.3 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	87 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
555 p	44 y F	Cyclobenzaprine	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		· · ·
•	•	Acetaminophen	1	1		S			Acetaminophen	184 Other (see abst) In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
5556 1	44 5	Alprazolam	2	2			T . C			Clikilowii
[556 a]	44 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Par	Int-S	1	** 1	0.21 / / / / DI 1
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.31 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.081 mg/dL In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Hydrocodone	Autopsy 0.37 mg/dL In Blood
		hydrocodone Tramadol	3	3					Tramadol	(unspecified) @ Autops 1.4 mg/dL In Blood
		Promethazine	4	4						(unspecified) @ Autops
557 p	44 y F	Hydromorphone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
558 ai	44 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Oxycodone	0.14 mcg/mL In Whole
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.12 mcg/mL In Whole
559	45 y M	-			A	Ingst	Int-S	3	•	Blood @ Autopsy
	•	Methadone Clonazepam	1 2	1 2		Ü				
560 a	45 y F	Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	480 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknov



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1					Acetaminophen	210 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1					Diphenhydramine	6.1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	0.02 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Temazepam	3	3					Temazepam	0.22 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Lorazepam	4	4					Lorazepam	0.01 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
561 ai	45 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Unk	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.75 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
562 ai	45 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	1.9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Tricyclic antidepressant	3	3					Doxepin	@ Autopsy 0.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
563	45 y M	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Ethanol Amitriptyline	2 3	2 3						
564 p	45 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	7 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 7 mcg/mL In Blood
		oxycodone Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.014 Other (see abst) In Blood (unspecified) @
		Salicylate	4	4					Salicylate	Unknown 5.1 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
565 pai	45 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Oxycodone	0.43 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
566 mai	45 y F	Diazepam Citalopram	2 3	2 3	U	Inget	Int-A	3		2.00d @ 1.14tops)
566 pai	43 y I	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	IIIt-A	3	Acetaminophen	60.7 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.49 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
567 p	45 y F	Diazepam Diphenhydramine	2 3	2 3	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
307 p	43 y I	Methadone	1	1	71	mgst	III21	2		
568 p	45 y F	Cocaine	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
569	45 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	,	Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1	1		Ü				
570 h	45 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	40 mcg/mL In Unknown @ Autopsy
571	45 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	224 mcg/mL In Blood
		diphenhydramine Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Unknow 448 g/dL In Blood
572	46 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 390 mcg/mL In Serum @
573 a	46 y F	Oxymorphone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Oxymorphone	Unknown 0.22 mg/L In Blood
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2					Cyclobenzaprine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.11 mg/L In Blood
		Acetaminophen	3	3					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 89 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	3	3					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 13.9 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	, continued									
574 pai	46 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.45 mcg/mL In Whole
575 pa	46 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		Blood @ Autopsy
373 pu	10) 1	Methadone	1	1	7100	mgst	III 5	-	Methadone	1075 ng/mL In Serum @
		Butalbital (unkown	2	2						Unknown
		combination) Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	679 ng/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen/	4	4						Unknown
		oxycodone	7	7	**					
576 pai	46 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.33 mcg/mL In Whole
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	Blood @ Autopsy 2.1 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	@ Autopsy 2.6 mcg/mL In Whole Blo
		•							•	@ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	3	3					Alprazolam	63 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
577	46 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
578	46 y F		1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2	Acetaminophen	83.6 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen							*	(unspecified) @ 30 m (p
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	75.5 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 4 h (pe
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	53.7 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 13.3 h (
579 pa	46 y M	Mathadana	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2	Methadone	
		Methadone	1	1						0.75 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	0.63 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
580 i	46 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	217 mcg/mL In Serum @
£01:	46 E	rectammophen	1		* 1	Toront	Total A	2	rectammophen	20 h (pe)
581 pai	46 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Hydrocodone	1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 0.9 Other (see abst) In Liv
		hydrocodone Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	@ Autopsy 4.6 mcg/mL In Whole Blo
		•							· ·	@ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	5.1 mcg/mL In Whole Bloe @ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	30 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
582	46 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		©
		Chlordiazepoxide	2	2				_		
583	46 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Methadone	2	2 3						
		Temazepam Lorazepam	3 4	4						
584 pa	46 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-G	3	Oxycodone	0.32 mg/L In Whole Bloo
		•							•	@ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Diazepam	0.245 mg/L In Whole Blo @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Nordiazepam	0.247 mg/L In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
		Codeine/	3	3					Codeine	0.11 mg/L In Whole Blood
		promethazine Codeine/	3	3					Promethazine	@ Autopsy 0.18 mg/L In Whole Blood
		promethazine Alprazolam	4	4					Alpha-oh-alprazolam	@ Autopsy 2 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	4	4					Alprazolam	Autopsy 0.026 mg/L In Whole Blo
		•							•	@ Autopsy
		Temazepam	5	5					Temazepam	0.012 mg/L In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
		Skeletal Muscle Relaxant	6	6					Carisoprodol	0.07 mg/L In Whole Blood @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
		Skeletal muscle	6	6					Meprobamate	4.74 mg/L In Whole Blood
		relaxant Carbamazepine	7	7					10-hydroxy-	@ Autopsy 9 mg/L In Whole Blood @
		Carbamazepine	7	7					carbazepine Carbemazepine	Autopsy 0.02 mg/L In Whole Blood
		Trazodone	8	8					Trazodone	@ Autopsy 0.6 mg/L In Whole Blood @
		Diphenhydramine	9	9						Autopsy
		Cleaner (anionic/ nonionic)	10	10						
585 ai	46 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.29 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 15 m (p
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.17 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 15 s (pa
		Alprazolam	3	3						, , , , ,
		Diazepam	4 5	4						
586	46 y M	Temazepam	3	5	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
200	.0) 1.1	Salicylate	1	1		mgo.	1111 0	•	Salicylate	87 mg/dL In Serum @ 4 h (p
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	25 mcg/mL In Serum @ 4 h (p
		Acetaminophen/ dextromethorphan	3	3						
[587 a]	47 y F	dexironiciiorphan			A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1		
	·	Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	46.6 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
[588 ha]	47 y F	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	434.4 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.86 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydromorphone	26.4 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 12.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
589 a	47 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen	1	1		3			Acetaminophen	498 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Clonidine	3	3						
		Promethazine Ibuprofen	4 5	4 5						
		Naproxen	6	6					Naproxen	22 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
590 pa	47 y M	Morphine	1	1	A	Unk	Unk	2	Morphine	0.24 mg/L In Blood
		Diazanam	2	2					Diozonom	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam Oxycodone	3	3					Diazepam	0.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Sertraline	4	4					Sertraline	0.08 mg/L In Blood
591 pa	47 y F				U	Unk	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Morphine Morphine	1 1	1 1					Morphine Morphine	102 mg/L In Bile @ Autop: 50 mg/L In Urine (quantitativ
		Meprobamate	2	2					Meprobamate	only) @ Autopsy 15 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
502 -	47 N.	Pregabalin	3	3	A	Ina-t	Int C	1		(unspecifica) (w Autops)
592 a	47 y M	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	435 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 0.25 h (p
		Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	162.2 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 4 h (pe) 84.5 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ 25.5 h (p 26.8 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 67 h (pe
		Lorazepam	2	2						(unspectmen) (W 0 / II (pe
		Alprazolam	3	3						
		Dextromethorphan	4	4						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
nalgesics, 593 h	continued 47 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen Permethrin	1 2	1 2		<i>G</i>			Acetaminophen	11.9 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
594 ph	47 y M	Oxycodone Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	3		(unspecified) (a) Crimio w
595 pai	47 y M	hydrocodone			U	Unk	Int-A	1		
		Morphine Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1 2	1 2					Oxycodone	0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
596	47 y M	Methadone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
597	47 y F	Diazepam	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone Carisoprodol	1 2	1 2						
598	47 y F	Alprazolam	3	3	С	Ingst	Int-M	1		
599	48 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone Cyclobenzaprine	1 2	1 2						
600 h	48 y M	Paroxetine Acetaminophen/	3	3 1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	2 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone Diazepam Ethanol	2 3	2 3					Ethanol	1 d (pe) 7 mg/dL In Serum @ 1 d (pe)
601 pa	48 y M	Methadone	2	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Methadone	0.65 mg/L In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ codeine	1	2						
· • •	10 5	Acetaminophen/ opioid	3	3			*			
602	48 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
603 pa	48 y F	Propoxyphene	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Norpropoxyphene	1.5 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	1.1 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.026 g/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
604	48 y M	Opioid	1	1	A	Unk	Int-S	2		
605 a	48 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	1	Acetaminophen	212 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknown 210 mg/L In Blood
	40. M	Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	2	2	**	.	T . A		Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 1.22 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
606 pai	48 y M	Fentanyl transdermal	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	13.8 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	0.23 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
[607]	48 y F	Acetaminophen/ caffeine/ salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
608 pai	48 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Hydrocodone	6.4 Other (see abst) In Liver
		hydrocodone Metaxalone	2	2					Metaxalone	@ Autopsy 128 Other (see abst) In Live
		Trazodone	3	3					Trazodone	@ Autopsy 337 Other (see abst) In Liver
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 0.05 % (wt/Vol) In Whole Blood @ Autopsy



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,										
609 pa	48 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	A aataminanhan	562 mg/L In Samum @
		hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	563 mg/L In Serum @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	1.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	1.25 mg/kg In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	0.14 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
610 pa	48 y M	Zolpidem	3	3	U	Ingst	Unk	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
010 ра	40 y WI	Methadone	2	1	O	nigst	Olik	2	Methadone	0.4 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	2						(unspectified) (ii) Pratopsy
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
611 p	48 y M	oxycodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
-	-	Oxycodone	1	1						
[612 a]	48 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	1		
613 ai	48 y M	•			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Hydrocodone	1	1						
		Meprobamate Diphenhydramine	2 3	2 3						
614	48 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		diphenhydramine	2	2						
		Acetaminophen Drain cleaner	2 3	2 3						
615	48 y F	(Acid)			A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	2		
013	40 y 1	Salicylate	1	1	AC	mgst	Ont-1	2		
616	48 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen/	1	1						
617	49 y F	hydrocodone			U	Ingst	Int-U	1		
	., , -	Acetaminophen/	1	1	-	8		-		
(10	40 E	oxycodone			. 10	T .	T . C	2		
618	49 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		hydrocodone								
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2						
		Ethanol	4	4						
		Diltiazem	5	5						
		Topiramate Clonazepam	6 7	6 7						
619 pai	49 y F	Стопагерант	,	,	U	Ingst+ Derm	Int-A	1		
•	•	Fentanyl	1	1		C			Fentanyl	9 ng/mL In Whole Blood @
		transdermal Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	Autopsy 0.25 mcg/mL In Whole
		Hydrocodolle	2	2					nyurocodone	Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.12 % (wt/Vol) În Whole
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.15 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
620 pa	49 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		@ Autopsy
P.	, -	Opioid	1	1		8			Hydrocodone	0.58 mg/L In Blood
		Zolpidem	2	2					Zolpidem	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.97 mg/L In Blood
		Gabapentin	3	3				_		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
621 p	49 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		transdermal Zolpidem	2	2						
		Opioid	3	3						
622	49 y F	- F		-	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1						
623 p	49 y M	Opioid	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
•	-	Methadone	1	1						
624 p	49 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
analgesics,	continued									40.7 / LL N
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	48.7 mcg/mL In Plasma @ Unknown
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	36 mg/dL In Plasma @ Unknown
625 pai	49 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.64 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	155 ng/mL In Whole Bloo
		Diazepam	3	3						@ Autopsy
626 pa	49 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3	Acetaminophen	400 mcg/mL In Blood
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	1	1					Norpropoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Autops 2.9 mcg/mL In Blood
		propoxyphene								(unspecified) @ Autops
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	4.3 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Lamotrigine	2	2					Lamotrigine	15 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Cyclobenzaprine	3	3					Cyclobenzaprine	480 ng/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autops 146 mg/dL In Blood
		Zopiclone	5	5					Zopiclone	(unspecified) @ Autops 50 ng/mL In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Antihistamine	6	6					Diphenhydramine	25 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
627 pai	49 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Methadone	0.29 mcg/mL In Whole
(20	50 F		•	•		T .	T . C	2		Blood @ Autopsy
628	50 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	48.4 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Carisoprodol	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unkno
629	50 y M	Î			A	Ingst	Int-S	1	A	447
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	447 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unkno
630 pa	50 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Par	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.76 mg/L In Blood
		•		1						(unspecified) @ Autops
		Morphine Drug, unknown	1 2	2					Morphine	57 mg/L In Bile @ Autop
631 pa	50 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Acetaminophen	23.9 mcg/mL In Blood
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	1	1					Norpropoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Autops 2248 ng/mL In Blood
		propoxyphene								(unspecified) @ Autops
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1					Propoxyphene	2210 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Morphine	4	2					Morphine	132 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Morphine	4	2					Morphine	50000 ng/mL In Urine
										(quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Sertraline	3	3					Norsertraline	991 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Sertraline	3	3					Sertraline	712 ng/mL In Blood
		Meprobamate	2	4						(unspecified) @ Autops
		Hydromorphone	5	5					Hydromorphone	1087 ng/mL In Urine
										(quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	6	6					Alpha-oh-alprazolam	350 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Almeralam	6	6					Almazalam	Autopsy
		Alprazolam	6	6					Alprazolam	566 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Acetaminophen/	7	7					Hydrocodone	Autopsy 111 ng/mL In Urine
		hydrocodone	•	,					-,	(quantitative only) @
		Diphenhydramine	8	8					Diphenhydramine	Autopsy 279 ng/mL In Blood
632 pa	50 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
- Pu	· - J -	Methadone	1	1				•	Methadone	0.69 mg/L In Blood



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued	Morphine	2	2					Morphine	0.13 mg/L In Blood
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 35 mg/L In Urine
		Cocaine	3	3					Panzovlacgonina	(quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	3	3					Benzoylecgonine	2.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	3	3					Benzoylecgonine	98 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	3	3					Cocaine	0.07 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Loratadine Drug, unknown	4 5	4 5						
[633 pha]	50 y F	-			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Morphine	1	1						
		Benzodiazepine Pregabalin	2 3	2 3						
		Duloxetine	4	4						
634 ai	50 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	1	Morphine	0.16 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						Unknown
635 pai	50 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Methadone	0.44 mcg/mL In Blood
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 16 Other (see abst) In Liver
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Amitriptyline	@ Autopsy 43 mcg/mL In Blood
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Amitriptyline	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3.9 Other (see abst) In Liver
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Nortiptyline	@ Autopsy 45 mcg/mL In Blood
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Nortiptyline	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 8.1 Other (see abst) In Liver
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	@ Autopsy 62 ng/mL In Blood
636 pai	50 y M	Diphenhydramine	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
030 pai	30 y W	Methadone	1	1	700	mgst	III7 X	1	Methadone	5.6 Other (see abst) In Liver @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	50 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Tramadol	3	3					Tramadol	7 Other (see abst) In Liver @ Autopsy
		Citalopram	4	4					Citalopram	3.5 Other (see abst) In Liver @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	5	5					Ethanol	0.07 % (wt/Vol) In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
637 a	50 y F	Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-M	1		
638 pai	50 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.22 mcg/mL In Whole
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
		Diazepam Phentermine	3 4	3 4					Phentermine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.45 mcg/mL In Whole
		. noncomme	7	,					ee.	Blood @ Autopsy
639	50 y M	Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
640 hi	50 y F	Ethanol	2	2	A	Ingst	Unk	3		
	,-	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		8		-		
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2						
c4:	51 F	Carbamazepine Perphenazine	3 4	3 4			Y	•		
641 a	51 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-M	2	Acetaminophen	286.6 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknown 230 mcg/mL In Plasma @ Autopsy



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									(2 / L L WI 1 DI
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	62 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2					Dihydrocodone (free)	13 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.1 mg/L In Plasma @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone (free)	23 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	400 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3					Nordiazepam	370 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	4	4					Temazepam	76 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl transdermal	5	5					Fentanyl	12 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ephedrine	6	6					Ephedrine	77 ng/mL În Whole Blood
		Midazolam	7	7					Midazolam	@ Autopsy 100 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Ibuprofen	8	8					Ibuprofen	@ Autopsy 50 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
642 a	51 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	2		@ Autopsy
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	640 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Antihistamine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	190 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Marijuana	3	3					Delta-9-thc	1.5 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
643 p	51 y F	Morphine	1	1	A	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	2		©
644 pai	51 y M	Benzodiazepine	2	2	U	Inact	Int-A	2		
очч раг	31 y WI	Methadone	1	1	O	Ingst	III-A	2	Methadone	0.63 mcg/mL In Whole
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	Blood @ Autopsy 285 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Imipramine	3	3				_		@ Autopsy
645 h	51 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Salicylate	68.6 mg/dL In Serum @
		Isopropanol	2	2					Isopropanol	1 h (pe) 123.3 mg/dL In Serum @
646 pai	51 y M				U	Derm	Int-A	1		1 h (pe)
•	•	Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	30.1 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
647	51 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	74.6 mg/dL In Blood
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Surrey luce	(unspecified) @ Unknow
649 -	51 M	hydrocodone	2	2		T	Int C	2		
	51 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S			
649	51 y M	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
650 a	51 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	2	Acetaminophen	25 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	Unknown 33.2 mg/L In Blood
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 19 mg/dL In Serum @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Unknown 0.02 mg/L In Blood
651 h	51 y F	-	_	-	A/C	Ingst	Int-M	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
, 	<i>y</i> -	Acetaminophen/ butalbital/	1	1			111	_		
		caffeine Ethanol	2 3	2						
652 a	51 y M	Salicylate	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
**		Acetaminophen Ethanol	1 2	1 2		<i>3</i>		-		



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued									
653	51 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	579 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 200 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 36 h (pe
654 pa	51 y M	Propoxyphene	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Propoxyphene	1539 ng/mL In Blood
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 23.5 mg/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.07 % (wt/wt) In Blood
655	61 E	Ethanoi	3	3	A/C	Toront	Ind C	2	Luianoi	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
655 p	51 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	178 mg/L In Blood
		propoxyphene Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe) 212 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
656 pai	51 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	2		,
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	69.5 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.25 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Carisoprodol	35 Other (see abst) In Liver (a) Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	2	2					Meprobamate	23 Other (see abst) In Liver
657 pa	52 y F	Alprazolam	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
05 / pa	32 y I	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	100	mgst	1111 11	-	Hydrocodone	0.18 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Skeletal muscle	2	2					Carisoprodol	7.8 mg/L In Blood
		relaxant Skeletal muscle	2	2					Meprobamate	(unspecified) @ Unknow 7.2 mg/L In Blood
		relaxant Benzodiazepine	3	3					Diazepam	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.015 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	3	3					Nordiazepam	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.57 mg/L In Blood
		Acetaminophen/	4	4					Norpropoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.04 mg/L In Blood
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	4	4					Propoxyphene	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.007 mg/L In Blood
		propoxyphene Topiramate	5	5					Topiramate	(unspecified) @ Unknow 12.4 mg/L In Blood
		Zolpidem	6	6					Zolpidem	(unspecified) @ Unknow 0.14 mg/L In Blood
658 h	52 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	141.3 mcg/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
659	52 y F				C	Ingst	Int-M	1		Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1						
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2						
660	52 M	Acetaminophen	3	3		Incont	Ind C	1		
660	52 y M	Acetaminophen/ opioid	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
661 p	52 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		oxycodone Phenobarbital	2	2						
662	52 y F	Lithium	3	3	A	Ingst	Unk	2		
	•	Acetaminophen	1	1						
663 pa	52 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	87 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.6 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone Lorazepam	2	2					Lorazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.02 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,						Tut	Int C	2		
664 ph	52 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
665	52 y F	Oxycodolic	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
	,-	Acetaminophen	1	1		8			Acetaminophen	23.3 mcg/mL In Plasma @ 24 h (pe)
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	23.3 mcg/mL In Serum @ 24 h (pe)
		Antidepressant, unknown	2	2						4 /
666	52 y M				C	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1			*	•		
667	52 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	24 mcg/mL In Blood
		codeine Hydromorphone	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknow
668	52 y M				C	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	41.7 mcg/mL In Unknown @ Unknown
669 pa	52 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2	Oxycodone	0.74 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone Alprazolam	2 3	2 3					Alprazolam	0.05 mg/L In Blood
670 pai	52 y F				U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
o o pui	32 y 1	Acetaminophen/ codeine	1	1	C	mgst. Om	1111 71	•	Acetaminophen	65.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ codeine	1	1					Codeine	1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	2	2						w rutopsy
		Carisoprodol	3	3						
671	53 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst+ Oth	Unt-T	2		
(72.1	52 N	hydrocodone				* .	T . C			
672 h	53 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Morphine	2	2						
		Phenobarbital	3	3						
		Hydromorphone	4	4						
		Carisoprodol	5	5						
		Diphenoxylate/ atropine	6	6						
673 h	53 y F	auopine			A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
0,011	22) 1	Salicylate	1	1		mgot	0	•	Salicylate	53.8 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
674 pa	53 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	0.27 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Potassium chloride	2	2						
		Butalbital/caffein/	3	3						
		salicylate Furosemide	4	4						
		Acetaminophen/	5	5						
		hydrocodone								
675 pa	53 y M	Morphine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Morphine	1.5 mg/L In Blood
676 pa	53 y F				С	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
070 pa	33 y I	Acetaminophen/	1	1	C	nigst	III-A	2	Morphine	1.44 mcg/mL In Lung @
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Morphine	Autopsy 0.52 mcg/mL In Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Morphine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 6.23 mg/kg In Liver @
		hydrocodone							•	Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Morphine	1.27 Other (see abst) In Gastric (stomach content
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						@ Autopsy
		oxycodone Diazepam	3	3						
677 pai	53 y F	Made to			U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Methadone Hydrocodone	1 2	1 2					Hydrocodone	0.13 mcg/mL In Whole
		11, 0100000110	2	2					11, 01000000110	Blood @ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	3	3					Meprobamate	3.1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,	continued									
_		Diphenhydramine	4	4					.1 1	100 / 1 1 101 1
		Benzodiazepine	5	5					Alprazolam	102 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	5	5					Alprazolam	102 ng/mL In Whole Blood
678 i	53 y M				A	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	1		@ Autopsy
0/81	33 y W	Acetaminophen	2	1	А	nigst+ i ai	1111-5	1		
		Quetiapine	1	2						
(70	52 M	Insulin	3	3	A /C	In cost I Don	Total C			
679	53 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	1		
		Quetiapine	2	2						
		Insulin	3	3						
680 pai	53 y M	A actaminanhan/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	2	Acataminanhan	10.0 mag/mL In Whala
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	19.9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.52 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone								Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	1.1 Other (see abst) In Live
		Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydrocodone	@ Autopsy 1.8 Other (see abst) In
		hydrocodone		-					,	Gastric (stomach content
	50 11						* . 0			@ Autopsy
681 a	53 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	47 mg/L In Blood
		Acctaninophen	1	1					Acctaninophen	(unspecified) @
										Unknown
		Hydrocodone	2	2						
682 h	54 y M	Quetiapine	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
002 11	34 y 1V1	Methadone	1	1	А	nigst	III-5	2		
683 pai	54 y M				U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	2		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.46 mcg/mL In Whole
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	Blood @ Autopsy 0.18 mcg/mL In Whole
		Trydrocodone	-	-					11) diocodone	Blood @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.05 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
		Diazepam	4	4						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	5	5					Benzoylecgonine	1.7 Other (see abst) In Brain
										@ Autopsy
		Cocaine	5	5					Cocaethylene	0.02 mcg/mL In Whole
		Cocaine	5	5					Cocaine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.56 mcg/mL In Whole
		Cocame	3	3					Cocame	Blood @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	5	5					Cocaine	1.1 Other (see abst) In Brain
604	54 M				***	In cost I Don	Total C			@ Autopsy
684 p	54 y M	Propoxyphene	1	1	U	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	1		
		Heroin	2	2						
		Benzodiazepine	3	3	~			_		
685 h	54 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	3	Acetaminophen	38 mcg/mL In Plasma @
		hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	Unknown
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
	n	dextromethorphan			**		** •			
686 pa	55 y F	Methadone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Methadone	0.183 mg/L In Blood
		Methadone	1	1					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine *	4	3						(
		Diphenhydramine *	3	3					Diphenhydramine	0.193 mg/L In Blood
		Meprobamate	2	4					Meprobamate	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 2.12 mg/L In Blood
		wicprobamate	4	4					1410p100amate	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Promethazine	5	5						(
687 p	55 y F	0.11.1.			U	Ingst	Int-S	1	0.11.1.	066 /11 7 0
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	96.6 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
688 p	55 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		CHKHOWH
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- , -	Acetaminophen/	2	1		<i>G</i>		-		
		hydrocodone		2						
		Tramadol	1	2						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

nnual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration (a time
nalgesics, [689 a]	continued 55 y F				A	Inact	Int-S	2		
[009 a]	33 y I	Salicylate	1	1	А	Ingst	IIIC-S	2	Salicylate	83 mg/dL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	Unknown 74 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Antihistamine	3	3					Doxylamine	Unknown 0.09 mg/L In Serum @
690	55 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ codeine	7	1						
		Marijuana	2 3	2						
		Citalopram		3						
		Topiramate	4	4						
		Pregabalin	5	5						
		Naproxen	6	6						
		Opioid	1 8	7 8						
		Anticonvulsant, pyrrolidinone derivitive	0	o						
691 ph	55 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
(02	55 F	Benzodiazepine	2	2	***	T	T C	2		
692	55 y F	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
693	55 y F	nydrocodone			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
0,0	22) 1	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	120	111600	5	•		
		Morphine	2	2						
		Carisoprodol	3	3						
		Alprazolam	4	4						
		Zolpidem	5	5						
694 pai	55 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Morphine	1	1						
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	11 Other (see abst) In Liv @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	127 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.03 % (wt/Vol) In Urine (quantitative only) @ Autopsy
695 h	55 y M				C	Ingst	Unt-T	2		Autopsy
073 11	33 y IVI	Acetaminophen/	1	1	C	mgst	Ont-1	2		
606	56 F	hydrocodone			С	Toront	II T	2		
696	56 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	C	Ingst	Unt-T	3	Acetaminophen	50 mcg/mL In Unknown
		Acetaiiiiiopiicii	1	1					Acetaninophen	Unknown
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	41 mcg/mL In Unknown (1 d (pe)
697	56 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(**)
0,7	50) 1	Salicylate	1	1	••	111,500	D	-		
		Ibuprofen	2	2						
698 a	56 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
	-	Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	102 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone								Unknown
		Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	6.8 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
699 pai	56 y F				U	Ingst	Int-U	1		- IIIII - III
F	,-	Oxycodone	1	1	-	8		-	Oxycodone	0.78 mcg/mL In Whole
		•							•	Blood @ Autopsy
700		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2			*		Cyclobenzaprine	0.44 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
700 pa	56 y F	Methadone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3	Methadone	0.81 mg/L In Whole Bloo
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Amitriptyline	@ Autopsy 0.66 mg/L In Whole Bloo
		Amitriptyline	2	2					Nortiptyline	@ Autopsy 0.79 mg/L In Whole Bloo
		Fluoxetine	3	3					Fluoxetine	@ Autopsy 0.41 mg/L In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	, continued									
701 pai	56 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	A/C	Derm	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	18.9 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		transdermal Fentanyl	1	1					Fentanyl	@ Autopsy 10.3 ng/mL In Vitreous @
702	56 M	transdermal	•	•	A /C	Towns	Total A	2	1 chany 1	Autopsy
702 pa	56 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2	Oxycodone	271 ng/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 330 mg/dL In Blood
[703]	56 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	Ž	Salicylate	1	1		Ü			Salicylate	116 mg/dL In Serum @ 7 h (pe)
704 p	56 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		, n (pe)
5 0.5		hydrocodone	1	1	**	** 1	** 1			
705 pa	56 y M	Morphine	1	1	U	Unk	Unk	2	Morphine	0.31 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Nordiazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.21 mg/L In Blood
706 a	56 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Salicylate	1	1		6			Salicylate	110 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	149.5 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	62 mg/L In Plasma @
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	Unknown 61 mg/L In Blood
707 pa	57 y F				U	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Codiene	1	1						
		Amphetamine Carisoprodol	2 3	2 3						
		Cimetidine	4	4						
		Vitamins-multiple	5	5						
708 pa	57 y M	A /	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene								
		Cocaine	2	2						
700:	67 - M	Methadone	3	3	U	Torrest	Total A	1		
709 pai	57 y M	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Oxycodone	0.17 mcg/mL In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.18 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.23 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
		Ethanoi	2	2					Eulanoi	@ Autopsy
710 p	57 y F	Oxymorphone	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-S	2		
711 pai	57 y F	• •			C	Ingst+ Unk	AR-D	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	31.8 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	35 Other (see abst) In Brain @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	0.81 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Promethazine	3	3						Biood (6) Hatopsy
710		Trazodone	4	4						
712 pa	57 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Diazepam	2	2					Nordiazepam	0.08 mg/L In Blood
713	57 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	Ž	Salicylate	1	1		Ü			Salicylate	109 Other (see abst) In Unknown @ Unknown
714	57 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Olikilowii (w Olikilowii
715 h	57 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	3		
	•	Acetaminophen	1	1		Ü			Acetaminophen	72 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	130 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	40 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,					* 1	TT1	To a A	1		
716 pai	5 / y M	Fentanyl transdermal	1	1	U	Unk	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	7.2 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
717 pai	58 y F	Morphine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.17 mcg/mL In Whole
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	Blood @ Autopsy 41 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Secobarbital Carisoprodol	3 4	3 4					Carisoprodol	3.7 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Carisoprodol	4	4					Meprobamate	@ Autopsy 13 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		Clonazepam	5	5						@ Autopsy
718 pa	58 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	1	Hydrocodone	0.4 mg/L In Serum @
		hydrocodone Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	Unknown 204 g/dL In Serum @
		Isopropanol	2	5						10 m (pe)
719 p	58 y F	Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
720	58 y F	Acetaminophen/	2	1	C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		hydrocodone Benzodiazepine	1	2						
721	58 y F	Isopropranol	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	·	Acetaminophen/ caffeine/	1	1		S				
722	58 y F	salicylate Diphenhydramine	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
,,,,	30) 1	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1	71	mgst	III 5	•		
722	50 E	Carisoprodol	2	2		T .	T . C			
723	59 y F	Acetaminophen	2	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	217 mcg/mL In Blood
		Lithium	1	2					Lithium	(unspecified) @ Unknow 4.6 mEq/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
724 a	59 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	221 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Ethanol	2	2						Unknown
725 pha	59 y M	Morphine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Morphine (total)	0.26 mg/L In Blood
		Opioid	2	2					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ 5 h (pe) 0.39 mg/L In Blood
		Oxycodone	3	3					Oxycodone (free)	(unspecified) @ 5 h (pe) 2.01 mg/L In Blood
		Oxycodone	3	3					Oxycodone (total)	(unspecified) @ 5 h (pe) 1.86 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	4	4					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ 5 h (pe) 0.03 mg/L In Blood
		Butalbital (unkown combination)	5	5						(unspecified) @ 5 h (pe)
726	59 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Salicylate	560 mcg/mL In Whole
		Supplement, botanical	2	2						Blood @ Autopsy
727	59 y M		1	1	A	Par	Unt-T	3		
		Acetaminophen Acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine	1 2	1 2						
728	59 y M	N-acetylcsysteine	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	3		
120	37 y 1VI	Tramadol	1	1	AC	Iligat	III-U	S		
		Olmesartan Mirtazapine Levothyroxine	2 3 4	2 3 4						





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,								_		
729 p	59 y M	Fentanyl	1	1	A	Ingst+ Derm	Int-S	2		
		transdermal	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2	2						
730	59 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
731	60 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1		
/31	00 y I	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	nigst	OIII-I	1	Acetaminophen	200 mcg/mL In Blood
		propoxyphene								(unspecified) @ 4 h (pe)
732	60 y F		4		A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	1	1						
		Venlafaxine	2	2						
5 22		Benztropine	3	3			*			
733	60 y M	Salicylate	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	3	Salicylate	52 mg/dL In Serum @
		Sancylate	1	1					Sancylate	Unknown
734 pai	61 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.26 mcg/mL In Whole
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Blood @ Autopsy 0.31 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
		Linanoi	2	_					Ethanor	Blood @ Autopsy
735	61 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	56.6 mg/dL In Serum @
		Ibuprofen	2	2						Unknown
736	61 y M	Touproton			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Acetaminophen/	1	1						
737 i	61 y F	oxycodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
/3/1	or y r	Salicylate	1	1	A	nigst	1111-5	2		
		Nortriptyline	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
		hydrocodone Benzodiazepine	4	4						
738 p	61 y F	Benzoulazepine	4	7	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	•	Oxycodone	1	1		Ü				
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2						
		Ethanol	3	3						
739	62 y M	Ziiidii Oi			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
7401	(2 E	Salicylate	1	1		.	** 1			
740 h	62 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst	Unk	1		
		hydrocodone	1	1						
741 pha	63 y F	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-U	3		
		Acetaminophen/	1	1						
		hydrocodone Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	12 ng/mL In Blood
		Tipiuzoium	-	-					. inpraisoration	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
742 a	63 y M		2		A	Ingst	Int-S	2		47 / 1 1 WH 1 DI
		Acetaminophen	2	1					Acetaminophen	47 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ 0 d (pe)
		Atenolol	1	2					Atenolol	0 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ 0 h (pe)
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	32 mg/dL In Blood
743	64 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ 0 d (pe)
7 13	0.71	Acetaminophen/	1	1	750	mgst	III D	•		
		oxycodone	_							
744	64 y F	Warfarin	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
/	о т у 1	Acetaminophen/	1	1	А	mgst	1111-13	4		
		hydrocodone								
		Carisoprodol	2	2						
745 a	65 y M	Alprazolam	3	3	C	Ingst	Int-M	3		
1 т.э. а	55 y 1VI	Acetaminophen	1	1		mgst	111t-1VI	5	Acetaminophen	49 mcg/mL In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @
										Unknown
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	continued				**	** 1	** 1			
746 pa	65 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Unk	Unk	3	Oxycodone	0.12 mg/L In Blood
		Trazodone	2	2					Trazodone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.45 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Tramadol	3	3					Tramadol	0.17 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
747 pa	65 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	194 mcg/mL In Serum @
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Alprazolam	Unknown 1.1 mg/L In Serum @
		hydrocodone							•	Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Carisoprodol	40 mg/L In Serum @ Unknown
748 pai	65 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Unk	Int-A	1	Fentanyl	29.2 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		transdermal	1	•					1 chany i	@ Autopsy
749 h	65 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2	Acetaminophen	41 mg/L In Blood
		diphenhydramine Methanol	2	2					•	(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Antifreeze	3	3						
750	65 y M	(ethylene glycol)			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
,	y	Acetaminophen	1	1	-	8		_		
		Salicylate Metoprolol	2 3	2 3						
751 pa	66 y F	Oxycodone	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2	Oxycodone	0.37 mg/L In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Diazepam	0.16 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Nordiazepam	0.39 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.1 g/dL In Vitreous @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen	4	4						Tutopoy
		Salicylate Chlordiazepoxide/	5 6	5 6						
		clidinium Benzonatate	7	7						
		Drug, unknown	8	8						
752	66 y F	Chlorothiazide	9	9	U	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		8				
		Drug, unknown	2	2						
753	66 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-M	3		
754	(7 F	hydrocodone	•	•	T T	In code Decision	TT-1	2		
754 pa	67 y F	Fentanyl	1	1	U	Ingst+ Derm	Unk	2	Fentanyl	3 ng/mL In Blood
		transdermal Fentanyl	1	1					Norfentanyl	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 4.9 ng/mL In Blood
		transdermal							•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	0.15 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	0.05 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diazepam	3	3					Nordiazepam	0.19 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Metoprolol	4	4						(unspecified) to rutopsy
755 h	67 y F	Diovan	5	5	С	Ingst	Unt-M	3		
		Salicylate	1	1		8				
		Nonsteroidal antiinflammatory	2	2						
756	68 y F	drug			С	Ingst	Int-M	2		
, 50	50 , 1	Acetaminophen/	1	1	Č	111501	.110 171	-		
757 a	69 y F	hydrocodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	130.3 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Quetiapine	2	2						(_F) (



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
analgesics.	continued									
,		Salicylate	3	3						
		Duloxetine	4	4						
		Clopidogrel	5 6	5						
		Zolpidem Tiotropiumt-	7	6 7						
		iotropium	,	,						
		Fluticasone/ salmeterol	8	8						
		Benzodiazepine	9	9						
		Solifenacin	10	10						
758 h	69 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1		
		hydrocodone Ethanol	2	2						
		Salicylate	3	3						
759	70 y M	Surreyrane	J		A	Par	AR-D	1		
		Hydromorphone	1	1		_				
760 ai	70 y F	M1.1	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	2	M1.5	0.00 / 1. 1. 17/11.
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	0.09 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Unknown
		Tramadol	2	2					Tramadol	0.69 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
761	70 M	Diphenhydramine	3	3	T T	Torrest	TT1	2		U 17
761 a	70 y M	Salicylate	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	3	Salicylate	24.3 mg/dL In Blood
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	(unspecified) @ Unknow 32 mg/dL In Blood
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	(unspecified) @ Unknow 28 mg/dL In Blood
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	(unspecified) @ Unknow 25 mg/dL In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	14.4 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
762	71 y M	0.11.1.4			Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
763 p	72 y F	Salicylate	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	2		
•		Methadone	1	1		_				
764 p	72 y F	Opioid	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
765	73 y F				C	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Salicylate	1	1					Salicylate	37.2 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Quetiapine	2	2						(unspectfied) to Children
[766 a]	73 y F	0.11.1.			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Salicylate Donepezil	1 2	1 2						
767	75 y F	Donepezn	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	, -	Acetaminophen/	1	1		8		_		
		hydrocodone	•	•						
		Sitagliptin Gabapentin	2 3	2 3						
		Clonazepam	4	4						
		Darifenacin	5	5						
		Metformin	6	6						
		Doxazosin	7	7						
768 p	76 y F	Buspirone	8	8	A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Int_S	3		
700 p	70 y I	Acetaminophen/	1	1	NC	nigst+ Aspii	III-5	3		
		hydrocodone Bismuth	2	2						
		subsalicylate								
		Hydrocholorothiazi be/irbesartan	3	3						
7.00	76.35	Levothyroxine	4	4		Y .	T . ~			
769	76 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		diphenhydramine	2							
770 h	77 v F	Ethanol	2	2	Λ	Inget	Int-S	2		
/ / U II	77 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	1111-S	2		
		Oxycodone	2	2						
771	77 y F	A	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	1		
		Acetaminophen	1	1						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
analgesics,	continued 78 y F				A	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
	-	Salicylate	1	1						
773	79 y M	Salicylate	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
774	79 y F	Acetaminophen	2	2	A	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
775	80 y F	Opioid	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
113	80 y I	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Higst	III-5	2		
776	80 y F	propoxyphene			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1						
777 a	80 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	300 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Acetaminophen	Blood @ 6 h (pe) 43.2 mg/L In Whole Blood
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen/	1	1					Hydrocodone	@ Unknown 2.67 mg/L In Whole Blood
		hydrocodone							•	@ Unknown
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydromorphone	0.47 mg/L In Whole Blood @ Unknown
		Temazepam	2	2					Temazepam	0.28 mg/L In Whole Blood @ Unknown
		Ethanol Beta Blocker	3 4	3 4						
778 pa	80 y M	Tramadol	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	3	Tramadol	3.1 mg/L In Blood
779 h	81 y F	Tumuu	•	•	A	Unk	Unk	2	114114401	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	-	Salicylate	1	1						
780 a	81 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-U	2	Acetaminophen	17.7 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Iron	2	2					Iron	2 d (pe) 253 mcg/dL In Serum @
		Famciclovir	3	3						2 d (pe)
781	82 y M	Acetaminophen/	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
782	83 y F	hydrocodone			U	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	3		
	,	Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1		<i>5</i> 1			Acetaminophen	229 mcg/mL In Plasma @ 1 h (pe)
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	1	1					Acetaminophen	317 mcg/mL In Plasma @
500	00 7	Activated Charcoal	2	2			* . 0			4 h (pe)
783	88 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
784	89 y F	oxycodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	500 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Warfarin Simvastatin	2 3	2 3						, , ,
785	89 y F	Acetaminophen/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
707	90 M	hydrocodone	1	1		Towns	Total Ci	,		
786	89 y M	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Acetaminophen	159 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	4 h (pe) 369 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	1	1					Acetaminophen	19 h (pe) 289 mcg/mL In Serum @
787 h	90 y F	•			A/C	Ingst	Unt-G	2	•	36 h (pe)
788 ha	97 y F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	J -	Naproxen	1	1	••			•	Naproxen	640 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Unknown
789	99 y F	0.11. 1			A	Ingst	Unk	1		Diood @ Olikilowii
		Salicylate Temazepam	1 2	1 2						
		Acetaminophen	3	3					Acetaminophen	56 mcg/mL In Plasma @ Unknown





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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Analgesics,					* 1	T.T1	Od. M			
790 pa	13 m F	Morphine	1	1	U	Unk	Oth-M	1	Morphine	381 ng/mL In Blood
		Morphine	1	1					Morphine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 96048 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
791 p	14 m M				U	Derm	Int-M	2		Autopsy
791 p	14 III IVI	Fentanyl transdermal	1	1	O	Demi	IIIt-IVI	2		
792 i	18 m F	Acetaminophen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1	Acetaminophen	107 mcg/mL In Blood
793 p	20+ y M				U	Ingst	Unk	2		(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
794 pa	40+ y M	Oxymorphone	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	1		
/> . pu	10 / 3 1/1	Oxycodone	1	1	120	111501	O IIII	-	Oxycodone	1630 ng/mL In Blood
		Duloxetine	2	2					Duloxetine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 743 ng/mL In Blood
		Bupropion	3	3					Bupropion	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 118 ng/mL In Blood
		Gabapentin	4	4					Gabapentin	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 2.7 ng/mL In Blood
		Zolpidem	5	5					Zolpidem	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 90 ng/mL In Blood
		Diphenhydramine	6	6					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 79.9 ng/mL In Blood
795 a	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M				A	Ingst	Int-U	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxycodone	0.19 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	1	1					Oxymorphone	0.07 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	0.03 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
796	Unknown adult (>=20 y) F				U	Ingst	Unk	2		(unspecified) (ii) Flatopsy
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	1	1						
		Quetiapine Trazodone	2 3	2 3						
		Clonazepam	4	4 5						
		Alprazolam	5	5						
		Benzodiazepine Acetaminophen/	6 7	6 7						
		hydrocodone	,	,						
797pa	Unknown adult (>=20 y) M				A	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Fentanyl transdermal	1	1					Fentanyl	18.3 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.14 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	3	3					Hydrocodone	0.07 mg/L In Blood
		hydrocodone Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.11 mg/L In Blood

(unspecified) @ Autopsy See also case 8, 13, 15, 17, 18, 23, 25, 27, 28, 47, 49, 55, 62, 113, 155, 166, 172, 193, 234, 239, 243, 800, 801, 802, 806, 809, 813, 817, 822, 826, 827, 833, 834, 841, 843, 846, 848, 849, 852, 856, 857, 861, 863, 866, 871, 874, 880, 883, 885, 886, 887, 889, 897, 898, 899, 901, 903, 904, 907, 910, 916, 917, 921, 925, 926, 929, 932, 958, 960, 962, 963, 968, 972, 984, 986, 987, 989, 990, 991, 1003, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1015, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1034, 1043, 1050, 1061, 1067, 1072, 1077, 1078, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1108, 1110, 1111, 11114, 1116, 1117, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1132, 1141, 1146, 1156, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1169, 1172, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1182, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1195, 1209, 1219, 1220, 1234, 1235, 1238, 1239, 1242, 1245, 1255, 1256, 1259, 1263, 1266, 1269, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1278, 1282, 1284, 1295, 1303, 1304, 1307, 1310 Anticholinergic Drugs

ergic Drugs							
39 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	3
	Benztropine	1	1				
	Quetiapine	2	2				
se 392, 732,	757, 767, 1113, 1134						
ants							
73 y M				A	Par	Unt-T	3
	Activase	1	1				
	39 y M se 392, 732, ants	39 y M Benztropine Quetiapine se 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M	39 y M Benztropine 1 Quetiapine 2 se 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M	39 y M Benztropine 1 1 Quetiapine 2 2 se 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M	39 y M A Benztropine 1 1 Quetiapine 2 2 see 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M A	39 y M A Ingst Benztropine 1 1 Quetiapine 2 2 see 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M A Par	39 y M A Ingst Int-S Benztropine 1 1 Quetiapine 2 2 se 392, 732, 757, 767, 1113, 1134 ants 73 y M A Par Unt-T



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ints, continue	d			**	_	** 1			
800	78 y M	E			U	Par	Unk	3		
		Enoxaparin Clopidogrel	1	1 2						
		Salicylate	2 3	3						
		Warfarin	4	4						
801	79 y M	vv arrarm	7	7	C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
001	,,,1.1	Warfarin	1	1	C	111501				
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
see also cas	se 743, 757, 7	84, 905, 921, 951, 96	2, 1015, 1055	, 1167						
Anticonvuls										
802	23 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Gabapentin	1	1						
		Paroxetine	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3 4	3 4						
		Fluoxetine Naproxen	5	5						
		Zolpidem	6	6						
		Opioid	7	7						
		Acetaminophen	8	8					Acetaminophen	20 mcg/mL In Blood
		rectammophen	O	O					7 rectammophen	(unspecified) @ Unknown
803	26 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		(
	,	Valproic acid	1	1		C				
804	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Topiramate	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2	2						
805	30 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Lamotrigine	1	1						
007	21 14	Venlafaxine	2	2	* *	** 1	Y . A			
806 pa	31 y M	Oxcabazepine	1	1	U	Unk	Int-A	1	Oxcarbazepine	96 mg/L In Blood
		T 1.1	2	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
907	21 E	Tramadol	2	2	* 1	Toront	T Inda	2		
807 pa	31 y F	Corbomozonino	2	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2	Carhamazanina	22.6 mcg/mL In Whole
		Carbamazepine	2	1					Carbemazepine	Blood @ Autopsy
		Topiramate	4	2					Topiramate	37.2 mcg/mL In Whole
		гориание	•	~					торишнис	Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	16.9 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Ziprasidone	1	4						w rutopsy
808	31 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Carbamazepine	1	1						
		Alprazolam	2	2						
		Hydroxyzine Cocaine	3 4	3 4						
809 p	31 y F	Cocame	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
809 p	31 y F	Anticonvulsant	1	1	A	mgst	1111-5	2		
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		oxycodone	-	-						
		Quetiapine	3	3						
		Benzodiazepine	4	4						
		Cyclobenzaprine	5	5						
		Amitriptyline	6	6						
		Alprazolam	7	7						
810	39 y F	0.1			U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Gabapentin Drug, Unknown	1 2	1						
811 pha	18 v M	Diug, Ulikilowii	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
orr piia	46 y W	Valproic acid	1	1	A/C	nigst	1111-5	2		
		Haloperidol	2	2						
		Clonazepam	3	3						
		Trazodone	4	4						
		Benzodiazepine	5	5						
812	56 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Carbamazepine	1	1					Carbemazepine	53 mg/L In Blood
		O with t	2	^						(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Quetiapine	2	2 3						
		Anticonvulsant, pyrrolidinone	3	3						
		derivitive								
		Duloxetine	4	4						
813	56 y M	Duioacuiic	7	7	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
0.0	20 J 111	Phenytoin	1	1	140			-		
		Phenobarbital	2	2						
		Quetiapine	3	3						
		Trazodone	4	4						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Anticonvul	sants, continu	ıed								
	,	Escitalopram Emtricitabine/	5 6	5 6						
		tenofovir	_	-						
		Oxycodone Mothylphopidata	7 8	7 8						
		Methylphenidate Metformin	9	9						
		Zolpidem	10	10						
		Ondansetron	11	11						
		Pregabalin Metoclopramide	12 13	12 13						
814	58 y M	Metociopiannae	13	13	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
01.	20) 1.1	Zonisamide	1	1		nigot .	1111 5	-		
		Pregabalin	2	2						
815	60 y F	Lamotrigine	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
813	00 y r	Valproic acid	1	1	А	nigst	1111-5	2		
		Clonazepam	2 3	2						
		Metformin		3						
		Lisinopril	4	4						
		Losartan Simvastatin	5 6	5 6						
		Haloperidol	7	7						
		Calcium antagonist	8	8						
	89, 891, 893,	4, 301, 322, 389, 436, 4 901, 912, 917, 971, 98								830, 848, 853, 856, 860, 867 1, 1255
816 ai	6 y F				A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
		Bupropion	1	1		8			Bupropion	20.3 mg/L In Whole Blood
0.1.7.1		(extended release)					*			@ Autopsy
817 h	14 y M	Citalopram	3	1	Α	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Metaxalone	1	2						
		Meloxicam	2	3						
		Tobacco	4	4						
818 p	17 y F	Dummanian	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Bupropion (extended release)	1	1						
[819 a]	17 y F	(extended release)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	·	Bupropion	1	1		J			Bupropion	31 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
020	17 14	(extended release)			**	*	T . C	2		@ Autopsy
820 p	17 y M	Citalopram	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
[821 a]	18 y M	Спаюргані		1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
L	- 5	Bupropion	1	1		8			Bupropion	2200 ng/mL In Blood
		(extended release)							** 1 1 .	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Bupropion (extended release)	1	1					Hydroxybupropion	2600 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Aripiprazole	2	2					Aripiprazole	330 ng/mL In Blood
		F F							r r · · · ·	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Gabapentin	3	3						
822 pa	18 y F	Lorazepam	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
622 pa	10 y 1	Tricyclic	1	1	A/C	nigst	IIII-3	2		
		antidepressant	_	-						
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						
		Opioid	3 4	3 4					Underwrine	200 ng/ml. In Pland
		Hydroxyzine Cyclobenzaprine	5	5					Hydroxyzine Cyclobenzaprine	300 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy 19 ng/mL In Blood
		Сустовендартне							Сустобендартне	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Manilla		6		Inact	Int-S	1		
823 ha	10 v F	Marijuana	6	U	II		1111-13	1		
823 ha	19 y F	•			U	Ingst				
823 ha	19 y F	Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide	6 1 2	1 2	U	nigst				
		Amitriptyline	1	1		-				
823 ha [824 ha]		Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide /olmesartan	1 2	1 2	U A/C	Ingst	Unt-G	3		
		Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide /olmesartan Bupropion	1	1		-		3		
		Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide /olmesartan	1 2	1 2		-		3		
[824 ha]	19 y F	Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide /olmesartan Bupropion (extended release) Lithium	1 2 1	1 2 1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-G			
[824 ha]	19 y F	Amitriptyline Hydroclorothiazide /olmesartan Bupropion (extended release)	1 2	1 2	A/C	Ingst	Unt-G		Brodifacoum	0 Other (see abst) In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antidepress 826 pa	sants, continue 20 y M	ed			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
620 pa	20 y IVI	Citalopram	1	1	А	mgst	III-5	1	Citalopram	1.9 mg/L In Blood
		·	2	2					Î	(unspecified) @ 999 h (pe)
		Tramadol	2	2					Tramadol	6 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 999 h (pe)
827	21 y M				C	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspective) (ii) 555 ii (pc)
		Escitalopram	1	1						
		Acetaminophen Ibuprofen	2 3	2 3						
		Methylphenidate	4	4						
		Ethanol	5	5		_				
828 p	21 y M	Fluoxetine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Quetiapine	2	2						
		Bupropion	3	3						
		(extended release)	4							
		Oxcabazepine Methylphenidate	4 5	4 5						
		Ethanol	6	6						
829 pa	23 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Venlafaxine	1	1					Venlafaxine	67 mcg/mL In Serum @
		(extended release) Ethanol	2	2						Autopsy
830	25 y M	Diminor	-	-	U	Ingst	Unt-U	3		
		Duloxetine	1	1					**	
		Valproic acid (extended release)	2	2					Valproic acid	123 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Olanzapine	3	3						Chkhown
831	25 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
922	26 E	Amitriptyline	1	1	4	To must	Int C			
832 p	26 y F	Amitriptyline	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
833 p	26 y M	· immirpiyimo	•	•	U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Escitalopram	1	1						
		Oxycodone Cocaine	2 3	2 3						
834	27 y M	Cocume	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	•	Bupropion (extended release)	1	1						
		Compazine	2	2 3						
		Olanzapine	3	3						
		Clonazepam Ibuprofen	4 5	4 5						
		Acetaminophen/	6	6						
		hydrocodone								
835	27 y F	Bupropion	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	1		
		(extended release)	1	1						
[836 pa]	29 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Bupropion	3	1					Bupropion	8.49 mg/L In Other @
		Bupropion	3	1					Bupropion	Autopsy 0.63 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
		Bupropion	3	1					Bupropion	6.05 mg/kg In Liver @
		Bupropion	3	1					Bupropion	Autopsy 397 Other (see abst) In
		Bupropion		•					Zupropion	Gastric (stomach content)
		Olanzapine	1	2					Olanzapine	@ Autopsy 0.17 mg/L In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Olanzapine	1	2					Olanzapine	4.73 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
		Olanzapine	1	2					Olanzapine	12.1 Other (see abst) In Gastric (stomach content) @ Autopsy
		Olanzapine	1	2					Olanzapine	1.03 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 d (pe)
		Carvedilol	2	3						(unspecifica) (w 1 a (pc)
837	30 y F- pregnant +C4592				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	. 0 1372	Escitalopram	1	1						
		Bupropion (extended release)	2	2						





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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration (a time
	sants, continu	ed				_				
838	30 y F	Bupropion	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Duloxetine	2	2						
839 p	31 y M	Amitriptyline	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
840	33 y F	Amurptymic	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Amitriptyline	1	1						
		Clonazepam Lorazepam	2 3	2 3						
841 pa	33 y F	· ·			U	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Sertraline	1	1					Sertraline	2.79 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	159 mg/L In Blood
0.42	24 5	hydrocodone				T .	4 D. D.	2		(unspecified) @ Autop
842	34 y F	Lithium	1	1	С	Ingst	AR-D	2		
843	35 y F	Limani		•	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Nortriptyline	1	1						
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2						
[844 a]	36 y F	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-U	1		
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	2.3 mg/L In Blood
		(extended release)								(unspecified) @ Autop
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	3 mg/L In Blood
		(extended release)								(unspecified) @ Autop
		Bupropion	1	1					Threobupropion	22 mg/L In Blood
		(extended								(unspecified) @ Autor
		release) Bupropion	1	1					Thrachumranian	40 mg/L In Blood
		(extended	1	1					Threobupropion	(unspecified) @ Autor
		release)								
		Bupropion (extended	1	1					Threobupropion	140 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
		release)								тигорзу
		Sertraline	2	2					Norsertraline	7.5 mg/L In Blood
		Sertraline	2	2					Norsertraline	(unspecified) @ Autop 2 mg/L In Blood
									ronsertranne	(unspecified) @ Autor
		Sertraline	2	2					Norsertraline	36 mg/kg In Liver @
		Sertraline	2	2					Sertraline	Autopsy 4.7 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autor
		Sertraline	2	2					Sertraline	1.4 mg/L In Blood
		Sertraline	2	2					Sertraline	(unspecified) @ Autop 13 mg/kg In Liver @
										Autopsy
		Cocaine	3	3					Benzoylecgonine	0.23 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop
		Cocaine	3	3					Cocaethylene	0.024 mg/L In Blood
		~							•	(unspecified) @ Autop
845 a	37 y F	Cyclobenzaprine	4	4	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
043 a	37 y 1	Bupropion	1	1	C	mgst	IIIt-5			
846	37 y M				C	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
		Sertraline Benzodiazepine	1 2	1 2						
		Etodolac	3	3						
847 a	37 y F	ъ :	4		A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	ъ :	146 / 1 1 1
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	14.6 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop
		Buspirone	2	2						(unspecified) (ii) Flutop
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.11 g/dL In Blood
		Iron	4	4						(unspecified) @ Autop
		Duloxetine	5	5						
		Omeprazole	6	6						
848 pa	37 y F	Drug, unknown	7	7	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
· r ·		Antidepressant	1	1	-	<i>G</i>		-		
		Anticonvulsant	2 3	2						
		Antipsychotic, unknown	3	3						
		SSRI	4	4					Sertraline	630 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autop



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antidepres	sants, continu	ed Lamotrigine	5	5					Lamotrigine	52 mcg/mL In Blood
		C							-	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Acetaminophen	6	6					Acetaminophen	11 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Antihistamine	7	7					Doxylamine	63 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
849 a	38 y M	Bupropion	8	8	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
047 a	30 y W1	Amitriptyline	1	1	71	mgst	Int-5	1	Amitriptyline	0.7 mg/L In Blood
		Tramadol	2	2					Tramadol	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.4 mg/L In Blood
		Methamphetamine	4	3					Methamphetamine	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.1 mg/L In Blood
		Diazepam	3	4					Diazepam	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.1 mg/L In Blood
850 a	38 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
) -	Tricyclic antidepressant	1	1		8			Doxepin	7646 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Tricyclic	1	1					Nordoxepin	978 ng/mL In Blood
		antidepressant Benzodiazepine *	2	2					Alprazolam	(unspecified) @ Autops 28.2 ng/mL In Blood
		Quetiapine *	3	2					Quetiapine	(unspecified) @ Autops 2675 ng/mL In Blood
		Fluoxetine	4	4					Fluoxetine	(unspecified) @ Autops 543 ng/mL In Blood
		Fluoxetine	4	4					Norfluoxetine	(unspecified) @ Autops 214 ng/mL In Blood
		Cyclobenzaprine	5	5					Cyclobenzaprine	(unspecified) @ Autops 18.4 ng/mL In Blood
0.5.1	20 E	Сустовениирине	3	3		T	Total C	1	Сустовендартніс	(unspecified) @ Autops
851	38 y F	Bupropion	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Benzodiazepine Ethanol	2 3	2 3						
852 pa	38 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2	ar. 1	0.50
		Citalopram	1	1					Citalopram	0.56 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Trazodone	2	2					Trazodone	0.1 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Diphenhydramine Naproxen	3 4	3						
853 a	39 y M	Amitriptyline	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Nortiptyline	0.1 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	315 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Carbamazepine	3	3					Carbemazepine	3.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
854	40 y M	Bupropion	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
855 h	40 y F	Nordoxepin	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
856 p	41 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Venlafaxine Olanzapine	1 2	1 2						
		Sertraline	3	3						
		Lamotrigine	4 5	4 5						
857 p	41 y F	Ibuprofen	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	•	Citalopram	1	1		Ü			P.1 1	0.00 (17.7.75)
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.22 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Salicylate	3	3					Salicylate	5.1 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
858 a	41 y F	Bupropion	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Bupropion	2656 ng/mL In Serum @
										1 h (pe)
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	1927 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	995 ng/mL In Serum @ 1 h (pe)
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	1443 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Ethanol	3	3						(



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nnual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
ntidepress	ants, continue	ed								
859 ha	41 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Venlafaxine	1	1						
		(extended								
		release)								
		Verapamil	2	2						
		Trazodone	3	3						
		Angiotensin-	4	4						
		converting								
		enzyme inhibitor								
		Eszopiclone	5	5						
860 a	42 y M				C	Ingst	AR-D	1		
		Lithium	1	1						
		Oxcabazepine	2	2						
		Aripiprazole	3	3						
		Clonazepam	4	4						
861	42 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Venlafaxine	2	1						
		Tramadol	3	2						
		Zolpidem	1	3						
862	42 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Bupropion	1	1						
		(extended								
		release)								
		Ethanol	2	2						
863 pa	43 y F				A	Unk	Int-S	1		
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	3.6 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	5.3 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Bupropion	1	1					Bupropion	1 mg/kg In Liver @ Auto
		Bupropion	1	1					Threobupropion	21 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Bupropion	1	1					Threobupropion	13 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Bupropion	1	1					Threobupropion	58 mg/kg In Liver @
										Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	1.2 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Ketoprofen	3	3						
864 pa	43 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Doxepin	1	1						
865 p	43 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Nortriptyline	1	1		_		_		
[866 pha]	44 y F	~			A	Ingst	Int-S	2	~	
		Citalopram	1	1					Citalopram	1300 mcg/L In Unknown
										Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		hydrocodone								
		Diazepam	3	3						
867 h	44 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Escitalopram	1	1						
		Ziprasidone	2 3	2						
		Lamotrigine	3	3						
868 ph	44 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Nortriptyline	1	1					Nortiptyline	500 ng/mL In Serum @
										Unknown
869 pa	44 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Tricyclic	1	1					Desipramine	3621 ng/mL In Blood
		antidepressant								(unspecified) @ Autop:
		Fluoxetine	2	2					Fluoxetine	1258 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autops
		Fluoxetine	2	2					Norfluoxetine	1154 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autop
		Duloxetine	3	3					Duloxetine	1258 ng/mL In Blood
		•	•						•	(unspecified) @ Autop
		Trazodone	4	4						
			5	5						
		Oxybutynin								
		Oxybutynin Metoclopramide		6						
		Metoclopramide	6	6 7						
		Metoclopramide Benzodiazepine	6 7	7						
870	44 v F	Metoclopramide	6		IJ	Ingst	Int-U	3		
870	44 y F	Metoclopramide Benzodiazepine Ethanol	6 7 8	7 8	U	Ingst	Int-U	3		
	-	Metoclopramide Benzodiazepine	6 7	7						
870 871 a	44 y F 44 y M	Metoclopramide Benzodiazepine Ethanol	6 7 8	7 8	U A	Ingst Ingst	Int-U Int-S	3	Nortiptyline	2968 ng/mL In Blood





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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
ntidepress	ants, continu	ed Cocaine	3	2					Benzoylecgonine	3218 ng/mL In Blood
		Cocaine	3	2					Cocaethylene	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 58 ng/mL In Blood
		Cocaine	3	2					Cocaine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 161 ng/mL In Plasma @
		Topiramate	2	3					Cocame	Autopsy
872 p	44 y M	Opioid	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	Ž	Amitriptyline Ethanol	1 2	1 2		Ü				
873	44 y F	Lithium	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Lithium	4.8 mEq/L In Serum @
		Quetiapine	2	2						Unknown
874 p	45 y F	Alprazolam	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Venlafaxine Tramadol	1 2	1 2						
		Drug, unknown	4	4						
875 p	45 y F	Tricyclic	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		antidepressant	2	2						
876 pai	45 y M	Phenobarbitone	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
670 pai	43 y WI	Doxepin	1	1	Α	nigst	III-5	2	Doxepin	9.6 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
877 a	46 y F	Bupropion (extended	1	1	A	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	1		(c) Писороу
		release) Benzodiazepine	2	2						
878	46 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Duloxetine	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2 3	2						
879 p	46 y F	Zolpidem	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
6/Ур	40 y 1	Amitriptyline Ethanol	1 2	1 2	Α	nigst	III-5	2		
880 a	46 y M	Ethanor	-	-	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	, , , , , ,	Bupropion	1	1		8		-		
		Venlafaxine	2	2						
		Fexofenadine	3 4	3						
881 p	46 y M	Ibuprofen	4	4	U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	2		
001 p	40 y W	Tricyclic antidepressant	1	1	O	mgst Onk	III-5	2		
		Cocaine	2	2						
882 p	47 y M	Cocumo	-	-	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
•	•	Amitriptyline	1	1		C				
883 p	48 y F	Bupropion	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
003 þ	40 y F	Amitriptyline Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2	A/C	nigst	III-S	2	Acetaminophen	99.3 mcg/mL In Serum @
		propoxyphene Acetaminophen/	3	3						Unknown
		codeine	4	4						
		Lorazepam Trazodone	4 5	4 5						
884	48 y M	Trazodone	3	5	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Cyclic antidepressant,	1	1		C				
885 a	48 y F	unknown			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
003 a	40 y I	Tricyclic	1	1	A/C	mgst	1111-5	3	Amitriptyline	0.41 mg/L In Whole Blood
		antidepressant Tricyclic	1	1					Nortiptyline	@ Autopsy 0.11 mg/L In Whole Blood
		antidepressant Acetaminophen	2	2					* *	@ Autopsy 10.3 mg/L In Whole Blood
007	40 5	Ассыннорнен	4	2		T .	T . C		Acetaminophen	@ Autopsy
886 a	48 y F	Amitriptyline Amitriptyline	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Amitriptyline Amitriptyline	83 mg/kg In Liver @ Autops; 1157 mg/L In Gastric (stomach content) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
antidepressa	ants, continue								N	22 / 1 / 1 /
		Amitriptyline	1	1					Nortiptyline	23 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
		Amitriptyline	1	1					Nortiptyline	2 mg/L In Gastric (stomach content) @ Autopsy
		Beta blocker	2	2						content) to rutopsy
		Tramadol	3	3						
		Hydrochlorothiazid	4	4						
		e/triamterene								
		Ethanol	5	5					Ethanol	0.36 g/dL In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Ethanol	5	5					Ethanol	Autopsy 0.23 g/dL In Vitreous @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	6	6					Oxycodone	1.9 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	6	6					Oxycodone	1663 mg/L In Gastric
		·							·	(stomach content) @ Autopsy
		Hydrocodone	7	7					Hydrocodone	1.3 mg/L In Gastric
										(stomach content) @
005	40. 34						* . ~			Autopsy
887 a	48 y M	Vanlafarina	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Namort-fact	2 10 mg/L L D1 · · · 1
		Venlafaxine (extended	1	1					Norvenlafaxine	3.19 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		release)								(unspecifica) @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	1	1					Venlafaxine	19.9 mg/L In Blood
		(extended								(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		release)								,
		Gabapentin	2	2						
		Sitagliptin	3	3						
		Ibuprofen	4	4					Ibuprofen	24.7 mg/dL In Blood
888	49 y F				A	Inact	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
000	49 y F	Nortriptyline	1	1	A	Ingst	1111-5	1		
889	49 y F	Northptyllic	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
00)	., , 1	Venlafaxine	1	1	120	111,500	1111 5	-		
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2						
		Tramadol	2 3	3						
		Lamotrigine	4	4						
		Benzodiazepine	5 6	5						
000	40 E	Hydroxyzine	6	6		.	T . C	2		
890 p	49 y F	Citalamana	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Citalopram Escitalopram	1 2	1 2						
		Venlafaxine	3	3						
		Ethanol	4	4						
891 pa	49 y M	Dillino1	•	·	U	Ingst	Unk	3		
•	,	Citalopram	1	1		Ü			Citalopram	690 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Citalopram	1	1					Desmethylcitalopram	138 ng/mL In Blood
		Mirtazapine	2	2					Mirtazapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 554 ng/mL In Blood
		Gabapentin	3	3					Gabapentin	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 53.2 mcg/mL In Blood
		Gavapentin	3	3					Gavapentin	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Hydroxyzine	4	4					Hydroxyzine	259 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
892 pa	50 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspectified) @ Autopsy
•	Ž	Amitriptyline	1	1		Ü			Amitriptyline	9610 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Amitriptyline	1	1					Nortiptyline	6222 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
893 a	50 y M	.			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Bupropion	1	1						
		Lamotrigine Olanzapine	2 3	2 3						
		Duloxetine	4	4						
		Alprazolam	5	5						
894	50 y M	i i prazoram	J		A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
)	Antidepressant	1	1		8		_		
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						
		•			U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
895 pai	51 y F				-					
895 pai	51 y F	Mirtazapine	1	1		Ü			Mirtazapine	
895 pai	51 y F	Mirtazapine Citalopram	1 2	1 2	-	Č			Mirtazapine Citalopram	0.4 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy 2.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antidepress	sants, continue	ed			ŢŢ	Linie	Unle	1		
896 pa	51 y F	Doxepin	1	1	U	Unk	Unk	1	Doxepin	52 mg/kg In Liver @
		Doxepin	1	1					Doxepin	Autopsy 1.2 mg/L In Other @
		Doxepin	1	1					Nordoxepin	Autopsy 0.2 mg/L In Other @
		Doxepin	1	1					Nordoxepin	Autopsy 4.2 mg/kg In Liver @
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	Autopsy 130 mg/dL In Other @
										Autopsy
		Clonazepam	3	3					7-aminoclonazepam	0.058 mg/L In Other @ Autopsy
		Clonidine Drug, unknown	4 5	4 5						
		Diphenhydramine	6	6						
		Sildenafil	7	7						
		Sertraline	8	8						
		Duloxetine	9	9						
		Oxybutynin	12	12						
		Escitalopram	14	14	~	_		_		
897 p	51 y M	TP 1			С	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Trazodone	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2	2						
		Oxycodone	3 4	3 4						
		Zolpidem Amiodarone	5	5						
		Acetaminophen/	6	6						
		oxycodone	Ü	U						
898	52 y F	oxycodone			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
0,0	02) 1	Tricyclic	1	1		111,500	1111 0	5		
		antidepressant	•	•						
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	48 mcg/mL In Serum @
		D	2	2						Unknown
899 p	52 y F	Benzodiazepine	3	3	A/C	Inaat	Int-S	2		
899 p	32 y F	Nortriptyline	1	1	A/C	Ingst	IIII-S	2		
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2						
		Hydrocodone	3	3						
900 p	53 y F	,			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Doxepin	1	1		8				
		Benzodiazepine	2	2						
		Escitalopram	3	3						
901 h	53 y F				C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
		Lithium	1	1						
		Oxybutynin	2	2						
		Albuterol	3	3						
		Angiotensin-	4	4						
		converting								
		enzyme inhibitor	5	5						
		Acetaminophen	6	5 6						
		Topical Steroids	7	7						
		Valproic acid	8	8						
		(extended	o	· ·						
		release)								
902	53 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	,	Escitalopram	1	1		C				
		Duloxetine	2	2						
		Zolpidem	3	3						
		Temazepam	4	4						
		Ethanol	5	5						
903 ai	53 y F				U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	2	ъ	20 / 11 11 1 11
		Imipramine	1	1					Desipramine	2.8 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Imipramine	1	1					Desipramine	78.6 Other (see abst) In
		Imipramine	1	1					Desipramine	Liver @ Autopsy 3.9 Other (see abst) In
		ппраппис	1						Desipramine	Gastric (stomach content)
		Imipramine	1	1					Imipramine	@ Autopsy 1.4 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		•							Î	@ Autopsy
		Imipramine	1	1					Imipramine	17.3 Other (see abst) In Liver @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antidepress	ants, continue	ed Imipramine	1	1					Iminromino	14.4 Other (see abst) In
		miipramine	1	1					Imipramine	Gastric (stomach conten
		Paroxetine	2	2					Paroxetine	@ Autopsy 0.29 mcg/mL In Whole
		Fentanyl	3	3						Blood @ Autopsy
004.1	54 P	transdermal					* . 0			
904 ph	54 y F	Amitriptyline	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Oxycodone	2	2						
905	54 y F	Escitalopram	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3	Citalopram	8.67 mg/L In Lung @ Autopsy
		Metoprolol	5	2						rutopsy
		Carisoprodol	4	3						
		Clopidogrel	2 3	4 5					Diazanam	1.86 mg/L In Blood
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Diazepam	3	5					Nordiazepam	0.92 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
906 pai	54 y F	Danimonnina	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Danimonnina	17000 a.a/a.I. In Dia a
		Desipramine	1	1					Desipramine	17000 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Citalopram	2	2					Citalopram	3400 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops:
907 ai	56 y M	Nortriptyline	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	1	Nortiptyline	2.4 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		Northptyffile	1	1					Northptyfffie	(a) Autopsy
000		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2			T G		Hydrocodone	0.17 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
908	56 y F	Duloxetine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
909 p	57 y M	Duloxetine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
•	•	Lithium	1	1		Ü			Lithium	3.1 mmol/L In Unknown (
		Lithium	1	1					Lithium	Unknown 2.7 mmol/L In Unknown (Unknown
		Lithium	1	1					Lithium	0.58 mmol/L In Unknown (Unknown
		Lithium	1	1					Lithium	0.52 mmol/L In Unknown Unknown
910	57 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		ommo wn
		Lithium	1	1						
		Acetaminophen Zaleplon	2 3	2 3						
		Diphenhydramine	4	4						
011		Lisinopril	5	5			* . 0			
911 p	57 y M	Trazodone	1	1	С	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Alprazolam	2	2						
		Desvenlafaxine	3	3						
912	57 y F	Amitryptiline/ perphenazine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Gabapentin	2	2						
913	58 y M	Lithium	1	1	С	Ingst	AR-D	3		
		Ethanol	2	2						
[914 ha]	58 y F	Dumior	-	-	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Venlafaxine (extended release)	1	1					Venlafaxine	20000 ng/mL In Serum @ 1 d (pe)
915	59 y M	, and the second second			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Lithium Tranylcypromine	1 2	1 2						
916	62 y F	Transfeypronnie	2	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	~- <i>)</i> -	Protriptyline	1	1				-		
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	572 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	1 h (pe) 770 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	5 h (pe) 850 mcg/mL In Serum @
		Acctaninophen							/ tectaminophen	1 d (pe)
		Lorazepam	3	3						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antidepres	sants, continu	ed								
917 pa	63 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
•	•	Amitriptyline	1	1		C			Amitriptyline	6200 ng/mL In Blood
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.13 mg/L In Blood
		Promethazine	3	3					Promethazine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.3 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Mirtazapine	4	4						(unspectfied) @ Autopsy
		Clonazepam	5	5						
		Atenolol	6	6						
		Prazosin	7	7						
		Trazodone	8	8						
		Niacin (B3)	9	9						
		Pravachol	10	10						
		Gabapentin	11	11						
		Drug, unknown	12	12						
		Venlafaxine	13	13						
918 pi	63 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
•	,	Lithium	1	1		J				
919 pai	65 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
•	•	Bupropion	1	1		C			Bupropion	21.1 Other (see abst) In
920	68 y F				C	Ingst	AR-D	3		Liver @ Autopsy
		Lithium	1	1						
921 pa	73 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Doxepin	1	1					Desmethyldoxepin	1200 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Doxepin	1	1					Doxepin	910 ng/mL In Whole Blood
										@ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	140 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Acetaminophen/	3	3					Acetaminophen	10 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		butalbital/ caffeine								@ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	3	3					Butalbital	7.9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		butalbital/	3	5					Buttional	@ Autopsy
		caffeine	3	3					Caffeine	9.2 / I W/b 1 D1 J
		Acetaminophen/ butalbital/	3	3					Carreine	8.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		caffeine								
		Irbesartan	4	4						
		Ezetimibe	5	5						
		Salicylate	6	6						
		Clopidogrel	7	7						
922 p	76 y F	• =			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Trazodone	1	1						
		Thiothixene	2	2						
923 a	78 y F				A/C	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Venlafaxine	1	1						
		(extended release)	2	2						
924	40+ y F	Temazepam	2	2	A	Inact	Int-S	2		
924	+0⊤ y r				A	Ingst	IIII-S	4		

40+ y r A Ingst Int-S 2

Citalopram 1 1

See also case 8, 25, 54, 62, 92, 108, 243, 254, 265, 270, 278, 282, 286, 287, 300, 301, 309, 316, 320, 329, 331, 336, 343, 359, 363, 372, 380, 388, 392, 403, 435, 436, 440, 441, 443, 445, 448, 455, 476, 481, 485, 491, 516, 517, 518, 527, 553, 562, 563, 565, 584, 590, 599, 608, 631, 633, 635, 636, 644, 661, 663, 665, 690, 700, 711, 718, 723, 728, 732, 737, 746, 757, 794, 796, 802, 805, 809, 811, 812, 813, 925, 937, 950, 951, 958, 961, 962, 963, 967, 968, 969, 974, 976, 979, 983, 987, 988, 991, 1003, 1014, 1015, 1024, 1037, 1061, 1086, 1090, 1098, 1099, 1110, 1111, 1113, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1137, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1149, 1150, 1152, 1156, 1157, 1159, 1167, 1169, 1172, 1174, 1181, 1182, 1186, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1198, 1221, 1248, 1259, 1278, 1302, 1303

Antihistam	ines	1176, 1221, 1246, 1237,	1276, 130	2, 1303						
925 p	16 y M	Diphenhydramine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Diphenhydramine	9091 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Trazodone	2	2						. 1
		SSRI	3	3					Norsertraline	561 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		SSRI	3	3					Sertraline	176 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Ethanol	4	4						
		Salicylate	5	5						
926 pa	18 y M				U	Unk	Unk	2		
		Chlorpheniramine	1	1					Chlorpheniramine	0.14 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Dextromethorphan	2	2					Dextromethorphan	0.84 mg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	3	3						(
		Oxycodone	4	4					Oxycodone	0.07 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

932 p 35 y M	Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Part	Antihistamines	s, continued									
1	927 pha 2	4 y M	B1 1 1 1 1			A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
1928 25 ym 25 ym				1							
Part				3	3						
1929 26 y M				-							
929 a	[928 a] 2	5 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1			Diphenhydramine	1	1			* . 0			
Saleylate	929 a 2	6 y M	Dinhanhudramina	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1											
1930 30 y M 19th phydramine 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											
93 93 93 94 95 94 95 95 95 95 96 96 96 96											
1	020 2	0 M	Homeopathic agent	5	5		Incore	Int C	1		
931 pk 1	930 3	о у м	Dinhenhydramine	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
Complete Complete	931 p 3	1 y M	Dipilennyuraninie	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
Ethanol 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		,	Cyproheptadine		1		8				
S				2							
932 p			Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	180 mg/dL In Blood
Promethazine 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	932 n 3	5 v M				Δ/C	Inget	Int_S	2		(unspecified) @ Unknow
Acetaminophen 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2)32 p 3	5 y 1v1	Promethazine	1	1	700	mgst	IIIt-D	2		
93 pai											
Promethazine Prom			hydrocodone								
Sample S	933 pai 3	8 y F	D: 1 1 1 :			A	Ingst	Int-A	2	D: 1 1 1 :	0 / 1 1 12 1 12 1
934 p 38 y M			Dipnennyaramine	1	1					Dipnennyaramine	9 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
Post	934 n 3	8 v M				Α	Ingst	Int-S	3		W Autopsy
Hydroxyzine 1	30.P	0) 1.1	Diphenhydramine	1	1		nigot .	1111 0			
1936 Page Page Page Page Promethazine	935 4	8 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
Clonazepam 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5											
936 p											
Diphenhydramine 1	936 p 4	8 v F	Cionazepani	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
937 a	, гор .	0) 1	Diphenhydramine	1	1	120	nigot .	1111 0	-		
Promethazine Prom			Etĥanol	2	2						
Promethazine 2 1 Promethazine 2 1 Promethazine 1 5 mg/kg In Autopsy	937 a 4	8 y F		_		U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
Promethazine 2 1			Promethazine	2	1					Promethazine	0.3 mg/L In Blood
Promethazine 2			Promethazine	2	1					Promethazine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 15 mg/kg In Liver @
Mirtazapine 1 2 Mirtazapine 5.7 mg/kg Intrapried 1 2 Mirtazapine 0.86 mg/L Intrapried 0.97 mg/kg Intrapried 0.97 mg/kg Intrapried 0.97 mg/kg Intrapried 0.97 mg/kg Intrapried 0.98 mg/L Intrapried 0.99 mg/kg Intrapried			Tromediazine	-						Tromediazine	
Mirtazapine 1 2 Mirtazapine 1 2 Mirtazapine 1 2 Mirtazapine 5.7 mg/kg In Autopsy Mirtazapine 0.86 mg/L In (unspecific Clonidine 3 3 3 Clonazepam 4 4 See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 13, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 13, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 13, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584 See also case 13, 25, 193, 252, 263, 285, 863, 880, 889, 891, 896, 901, 910, 917, 955, 956, 958, 987, 1030, 1037, 1061, 1062, 1079, 11 See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 Antibiotic 1 1 See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 Antineoplastics 942 23 y M Vincristine 1 1 Vincristine 1 1 Vincristine 1 1			Promethazine	2	1					Promethazine	0.32 mg/L In Blood
Mirtazapine 1 2					2					N.C	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
Mirtazapine 1 2			Mirtazapine	1	2					Mirtazapine	5.7 mg/kg In Liver @
Mirtazapine 1 2			Mirtazapine	1	2					Mirtazapine	0.86 mg/L In Blood
Clonidine 3 3 3 Clonazepam 4 4 4 4 See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584, 532, 635, 677, 686, 689, 707, 711, 721, 760, 794, 808, 822, 852, 863, 880, 889, 891, 896, 901, 910, 917, 955, 956, 958, 987, 1030, 1037, 1061, 1062, 1079, 11, 1145, 1168, 1192, 1194, 1235, 1275 Antimicrobials 938			Mirtazanine	1	2					Mirtazanine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.97 mg/kg In Blood
Clonidine Clonazepam 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			wintazapine	1	2					wiiitazapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
See also case 15, 25, 193, 252, 263, 298, 305, 322, 325, 343, 388, 392, 393, 394, 409, 430, 435, 439, 459, 502, 510, 518, 521, 524, 526, 531, 556, 566, 579, 584, 532, 635, 677, 686, 689, 707, 711, 721, 760, 794, 808, 822, 852, 863, 880, 889, 891, 896, 901, 910, 917, 955, 956, 958, 987, 1030, 1037, 1061, 1062, 1079, 1184, 1186, 1192, 1194, 1235, 1275 Antimicrobials 938			Clonidine	3	3						(,,,
632, 635, 677, 686, 689, 707, 711, 721, 760, 794, 808, 822, 852, 863, 880, 889, 891, 896, 901, 910, 917, 955, 956, 958, 987, 1030, 1037, 1061, 1062, 1079, 1184, 1186, 1192, 1194, 1235, 1275 Antimicrobials 938			Clonazepam								
Antimicrobials 938											
Antimicrobials 938					032, 003,	, 000, 009, 091,	890, 901, 910	, 917, 933, 5	930, 936, 96	7, 1030, 1037, 1001,	1002, 1079, 1110, 1111, 1140
938			, ,,	-							
Metformin 2 2 2 A/C Ingst AR-D 2 2 3940 h 60 y F	938 4	8 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
939 ha 58 y M											
See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 A Oth Unt-T 1 Vincristine 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	020 bo 5	0 M	Metformin	2	2	A/C	Inaat	AD D	2		
940 h 60 y F	939 IIa 3	o y IVI	Isoniazid	1	1	A/C	nigst	AK-D	2		
Quinine 1 1 1 1	940 h 6	0 y F	Isomazia			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
941 Unknown		•					C				
age U Antibiotic 1 1 See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 Antineoplastics 942 23 y M Vincristine 1 1 Antipiotic 1 1 Vincristine 1 1	044		Benzodiazepine	2	2	**	** .				
Antibiotic 1 1 See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 Antineoplastics 942 23 y M Vincristine 1 1 Antibiotic 1 1 Vincristine 1 1	941 L					U	Unk	AR-D	3		
See also case 23, 91, 394, 780, 813, 1090, 1103, 1248 Antineoplastics 942 23 y M A Oth Unt-T 1 Vincristine 1 1		age O	Antibiotic	1	1						
Antineoplastics 942 23 y M A Oth Unt-T 1 Vincristine 1 1	See also case 2	23, 91, 394.			1						
Vincristine 1 1			, .,,00								
	942 2	3 y M				A	Oth	Unt-T	1		
1945 38 y r A/C Ingst Unt-1 1	[042] 5	0 E	Vincristine	1	1	A /C	To cont	Har T	1		
	[943] 5	оуг	Methotrovate	1	1	A/C	ingst	∪nt-1	1	Methotravata	0.14 mmol/L In Blood
			1VICIIOII CAALE	1	1					MICHIGIICAAIC	(unspecified) @ Unknow
[944] 67 y M A Par AR-D 2	[944] 6	7 y M				A	Par	AR-D	2		



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Antineoplas	stics, continue	ed Methotrexate	1	1					Methotrexate	403.12 Other (see abst) In
		Wichiou cauc	1						Wiethoriexate	Serum @ 1 d (pe)
945	73 y F	YO O :1			A/C	Par	AR-D	2		<u> </u>
See also cas Asthma The		Ifosfamide	1	1						
946	66 y F				A/C	Ingst	AR-D	2		
947	93 y F	Theophylline	1	1	A/C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
<i>,</i> 1, 1	<i>75</i>	Theophylline	1	1	700	111531	THE D	3	Theophylline	28.8 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Theophylline	1	1					Theophylline	20.6 mcg/mL In Blood
		Theophylline	1	1					Theophylline	(unspecified) @ 1 d (pe) 7 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 2 d (pe)
	se 276, 757, 9	01, 958								(*************************************
Cardiovasc 948					A	Par	Unt-T	2		
74 0	4 y M	Cardiac glycoside	1	1	А	1 41	OIII-1	2	Digoxin	8 ng/mL In Unknown @
040 1-	14 E					Toront	Ind C	1		Unknown
949 h	14 y F	Disopyramide	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Angiotensin-	2	2						
		converting								
		enzyme inhibitor Diltiazem	3	3						
		(extended								
[950 a]	14 y M	release)			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[>30 u]	11,7111	Flecainide	1	1	71	mgst	IIIC S	•	Flecainide	12 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Flecainide Metoprolol	2 3	2 3					Metoprolol	140 ng/mL In Blood
		Wictoprotor	3	5					Wictoprofor	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Citalopram	4	4					Citalopram	420 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
951	18 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Calcium antagonist	1	1						
		SSRI Benzodiazepine	4 3	2 3						
		Ethanol	6	4						
		Clopidogrel	2	5						
952 pha	25 y F	Marijuana	5	6	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
F	, -	Diltiazem	1	1		8		-	Diltiazem	2133 ng/mL In Blood
		Metoprolol	2	2					Metoprolol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 642 ng/mL In Blood
		•							Î	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	180.9 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Cyclobenzaprine	4	4					Cyclobenzaprine	24.6 ng/mL In Blood
953 p	26 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
955 p	20 y 1vi	Propranolol	1	1	A	nigst	mes	1		
954	30 y M		1		A/C	Ingst	Int-M	1		
955 pai	30 y F	Verapamil	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2		
•	•	Clonidine	1	1					Clonidine	26 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	2.4 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
956	33 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		@ Autopsy
	, -	Diltiazem (extended	1	1		8				
		release) Nifedipine	2	2						
		Diphenhydramine	3	3						
		Hydralazine	4 5	4						
957	33 y F	Simvastatin	3	5	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	· - J =	Verapamil	1	1	, =	<i>G</i>		-		
		Quetiapine	2 3	2						
958 a	34 y F	Temazepam	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	•	Metoprolol	1	1		-				
		Calcium antagonist	2	2						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Cardiovascu	ılar Drugs, co	ntinued								
		Amitriptyline Acetaminophen/	3 4	3 4						
		oxycodone								
		Zolpidem	5	5						
		Rabeprazole	6	6						
		Antihistamine	7	7						
		Venlafaxine Prednisone	8 9	8 9						
		Skeletal muscle	10	10						
		relaxant Zafirlukast	11	11						
[959]	35 y M	Zamukast	11	11	A	Ingst	Unt-M	1		
[,0,]	55 y 1.1	Stone (cardiac glycoside)	1	1		mgs.	0110 111	•		
960 p	37 y F	grycosiacy			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
Р	, , -	Nifedipine	1	1						
		Baclofen	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/ propoxyphene	3	3						
961 p	38 y F				A/C	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Nifedipine	1	1					Nifedipine	0.083 mcg/mL In Serum (6 6 d (pe)
		Atenolol	2	2					Atenolol	0.44 mcg/mL In Serum @ 6 d (pe)
		Quinapril Sertraline	3 4	3 4						
962	40 y F	SCI II AIIIIE	4	4	A	Ingst	Unk	3		
702	40 y 1	Diltiazem (extended	1	1	71	nigst	Olik	3		
		release)	_							
		Warfarin	2 3	2						
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
		hydrocodone Metoclopramide	4	4						
		Mirtazapine	5	5						
		Temazepam	6	6						
963 p	41 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	,	Beta Blocker	1	1		8				
		Duloxetine	2	2						
		Olanzapine	3	3						
		Alprazolam Acetaminophen/	4 5	4 5						
064	41 E	hydrocodone				Torrest	T. d. C	1		
964	41 y F	Diltiazem	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		(extended release)								
965	42 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Verapamil	1	1		C				
		Ramipril	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3			_			
966 a	42 y M				Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Carvedilol Ethanol	1	1						
		Ethanol Cocaine	3 2	2 3						
967	42 y M	Cocaille	2	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	.2 j 141	Verapamil	1	1	250	111500	111113	1		
		Risperidone	2	2						
		Citalopram	3	3						
		Ethanol	4	4						
968	43 y F				A	Unk	Unk	3		
		Beta Blocker	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2	2						
		Trazodone Ibuprofen	3 4	3 4						
		Salicylate	5	5						
969	43 y F	Sancylate	J	J	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	15 J 1	Diltiazem	1	1	11	111531	111t-U	-		
		Mirtazapine	2	2						
		Ethanol	3	3						
970	43 y F	Flecainide	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
971 p	44 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
-		Metoprolol	1	1		-				
		Glyburide/ metformin	2	2						



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Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Cardiovascu	ılar Drugs, co	ontinued								
		Topiramate	3	3						
		Cardiac glycoside	4	4						
		Insulin	5	5						
		Barbiturates (extended release)	6	6						
		Cocaine	7	7						
		Benzodiazepine	8	8						
972 a	46 y F	771			U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Flecainide Clonazepam	1 2	1 2					Clonazepam	41.2 ng/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	3	3					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ Autops 51 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @ Unknown
		Ethanol	4	4						Ulikilowii
973	46 y F	Beta blocker	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Atenolol	0.36 mg/L In Blood
		Beta blocker	1	•					rtenoioi	(unspecified) @ Autops
974 a	47 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Propafenone	1	1						
		Beta Blocker	3	2						
		Alprazolam	5	3						
		Fluoxetine	6	4						
		Ethanol	7	5						
		Cardiac glycoside	2	6						
275	47 E	Clonazepam	4	7	y *	T	T4 C	2		
975 a	47 y F	70.11.1			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Diltiazem	1	1						
		Diazepam	2	2						
		Zolpidem	3	3					Total 1	155 /17 7 6
		Ethanol	4	4					Ethanol	157 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
976 a	47 y M	Cardiac glycoside	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Digavin	44.4 ng/ml. In Place
		Cardiac grycoside	1	1					Digoxin	44.4 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	18 ng/mL In Blood
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	(unspecified) @ Autops 18 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Barbiturates	2	2					Phenobarbital	@ Autopsy3 Other (see abst) In Blood
		(extended release) Nortriptyline	3	3						(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Atenolol	4	4						
		Doxepin	5	5						
			6	6						
		Citalopram		7						
		Buspirone	7 8	8						
977	47 y F	Fluoxetine	8	٥	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Verapamil	2	1						
270	47 E	Esomeprazole	1	2		T	Total C	2		
978	47 y F	37	1		Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
[979 ha]	47 y F	Verapamil	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[9/9 114]	4/ y I	Verapamil	1	1	A	nigst	III-3	1	Norverapamil	1733 ng/mL In Whole Bloo
		Verapamil	1	1					Verapamil	@ Autopsy 2685 ng/mL In Whole Bloo
		Escitalopram	2	2						@ Autopsy
		Antihistamine	3	3						
980 pa	47 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
*	,	Clonidine	1	1		J				
		Pregabalin	2	2						
		Clonazepam	3	3						
981	48 y M	-			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Verapamil	1	1						
982	48 y M	Stone (cardiac	1	1	Α	Ingst	AR-D	1		
002	40 E	glycoside)			A 10	T	T-4 C	2		
983	48 y F	Amlodipine	2	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Amlodipine	470 ng/mL In Blood
		Metoprolol	1	2					Metoprolol	(unspecified) @ Autops 1086 ng/mL In Blood
									-	('C' 1) () ()
		Ezetimibe/	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autops



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ular Drugs, co	ontinued			1.10		* . a			
984 a	49 y M	Verapamil	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Verapamil	4.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Meloxicam	2	2						© Tatopsy
005	50 F	Ethanol	3	3			* . 0			
985 a	50 y F	Amlodipine/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		benazepril Alprazolam	2	2						
986 a	50 y F	Aipiazoiaiii	2	2	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	,	Diltiazem(extended release)	1	1		J			Diltiazem	4005 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Diltiazem(extended release)	1	1					Diltiazem	2000 ng/mL In Serum @ Unknown
		Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	53 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
987 a	50 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Drug, unknown Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2		8			Hydrocodone	0.018 mg/L In Unknown @
		hydrocodone Acetaminophen	3	3					Acetaminophen	Autopsy 148.8 mcg/mL In Blood
		Î	4	4					•	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.035 mg/L In Lung @
		Lorazepam							Lorazepam	Autopsy
		Gabapentin Hydroxyzine	5 6	5 6						
		Cyclic antidepressant, unknown	7	7						
		Hyoscyamine	8	8						
988	51 y M	Proprenalal	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Propranolol Doxepin	2	2						
		Ethanol	5	3						
		Clonazepam	4	4						
000	51 36	Citalopram	3	5		.	** 1			
989	51 y M	Metoprolol	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	1		
		Salicylate	2	2					Salicylate	13.9 mg/dL In Serum @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen	3	3					Acetaminophen	48 mcg/mL In Serum @ Unknown
990 a	51 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Chkhowh
	,	Verapamil	1	1		8			Verapamil	1.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Tramadol	2	2					Tramadol	0.4 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Lisinopril	3	3						(unspectified) (a) Nutopsy
		Enalapril	4	4						
		Ethanol	5	5					Ethanol	227 mg/dL In Blood
991	51 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Beta blocker Bupropion (extended	1 2	1 2				_		
		release) Alprazolam	3	3						
		Fluoxetine	4	4						
		Enalapril	5	5						
		Zolpidem	6	6						
		Cyclobenzaprine Glibenclamide	7 8	7 8						
		Lisinopril	9	9						
		Diclofenac	10	10						
		Lovastatin	11	11						
992 a	51 y M	Beta Blocker	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Metformin	1 2	1 2						
		Amlodipine	3	3						
993 a	51 y M	Labetalol	1	1	A	Par	Unt-T	3		
994	52 y F	Lauctaiui	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
	,	Beta Blocker	1	1		<i>3</i>	. =			
		Ethanol	2	2						
		Benzodiazepine Cocaine	3 4	3 4						
		Cocamic	-τ	7						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ular Drugs, co	ontinued			1.10		T . C	2		
995 h	52 y F	D	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Benazepril	1	1						
		Amlodipine Metformin	2 3	2 3						
996 a	52 y F	Wictioniiii	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
))0 u	32 y 1	Verapamil	1	1	71	mgst	Int-5		Verapamil	2.5 mcg/mL In Blood
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.182 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
007 1	52 M				4	Turnet	Int C	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
997 h	52 y M	Propranolol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Beta blocker	2	2						
		Ethanol	3	3						
998 h	52 y M	Zumio:	J		A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
	J	Amlodipine	1	1		8		-		
		Atenolol	2	2						
		Charcoal	3	3						
999 ha	53 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Beta blocker	1	1						
		Clonidine	2	2						
		Hydralazine	3	3						
		Nifedipine	4	4						
		Angiotensin- converting enzyme inhibitor	5	5						
		Ethanol	6	6						
1000	53 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	-	Beta blocker	1	1		C				
		Labetalol	2	2						
		Esomeprazole	3	3						
1001 a	54 y F	Atenolol	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Atenolol	39 mg/L In Plasma @
		Barbiturates	2	2					Primidone	Unknown 5.1 mg/L In Plasma @
		(extended release)								Unknown
		Zolpidem	3	3					Zolpidem	0.1 mg/L In Plasma @ Unknown
		Amlodipine	4	4						
		Lisinopril	5	5		_				
1002	54 y F	*** '1			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Verapamil	1	1						
		Amlodipine Zolpidom	2 3	2 3						
		Zolpidem Lorazepam	4	4						
1003 pa	54 v F	Lorazepain	4	4	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1005 pa	34 y 1	Amlodipine	1	1	A	mgst	III-3	1		
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	400 mg/dL In Blood
		Lindhoi	2	2					Linarior	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.05 % (wt/Vol) In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.03 % (wt/Vol) In Bile @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	0.02 % (wt/Vol) In Vitreous
		Oxycodone	3	3					Oxycodone	@ Autopsy 0.3 mg/L In Blood
		Citalopram	4	4					Citalopram	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 1.1 mg/L In Blood
		Acetaminophen	5	5					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 62 mcg/mL In Blood
		Acetaminophen	5	5					Acetaminophen	(unspecified) @ Unknow 61 mg/L In Blood
1004	54 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	-	Verapamil	1	1		-				
1005 h	54 y M				C	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	3.7 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
1006	54 y F				C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
	-	Cardiac glycoside	1	1		-				
1007	55 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1000		Nifedipine	1	1			T . C			
1008 p	55 y M	Voranom:1	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Verapamil Beta blocker	1 2	1 2						





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ular Drugs, co	ontinued				_				
[1009 ha]	55 y M	Matanralal	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Matanralal	95000 ng/mL In Serum @
		Metoprolol	1	1					Metoprolol	Autopsy
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	187 mg/dL In Serum @
1010	55 36					T .	T . C			Autopsy
1010	55 y M	Amlodipine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Beta blocker	2	2						
		Ethanol	2 3	3						
		Indomethacin	4	4						
1011 h	56 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Verapamil	2	1						
		Doxazosin Lisinopril	1 3	2 3						
1012 pa	56 y F	Lisinopin	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
P	,-	Beta blocker	1	1		8		_		
		Acetaminophen	2 3	2						
		Diazepam	3	3					Diazepam	0.24 mg/L In Blood
1013 a	57 y M				A/C	Ingat	Int C	1		(unspecified) @ Autops
1013 a	3 / y IVI	Metoprolol	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Isradipine	2	2						
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	221 mg/dL In Blood
		F.1 1							T. 1	(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.02 g/dL In Blood
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	(unspecified) @ Autops: 0.04 g/dL In Vitreous @
		Zumio.	J						Zuidio:	Autopsy
1014	57 y M				A/C	Ingst+ Unk	Unk	2		1 3
		Atenolol	1	1						
		Fluoxetine	2	2						
		Benzodiazepine	3 4	3 4						
		Zolpidem Hydrocodone/	5	5						
		ibuprofen	3	3						
		Hydrocodone	6	6						
		Marijuana	7	7		_				
1015 p	57 y F	D:1/-:	2	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Diltiazem Lorazepam	3 1	1 2						
		Methylphenidate	2	3						
		Duloxetine	2 4	4						
		Zolpidem	5	5						
		Celecoxib	6	6						
1016	50 F	Warfarin	7	7			*	•		
1016	58 y F	Diltiazem	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1017	59 y M	Diitiazeiii	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1017	55 y 141	Verapamil	1	1	Ü	mgst	III S	•		
		Clonidine	2	2						
		Acetaminophen	3	3						
1018	59 y F	*** '1			U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Verapamil Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2						
		hydrocodone	2	2						
1019	59 y M	nyurocouone			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	,	Diltiazem	1	1		C				
		(extended								
		release)	2	2						
		Alprazolam	2	2						
		Esomeprazole Sotalol	3 4	3 4						
		Salicylate	5	5						
		Hydromorphone	6	6						
		Morphine 1	7	7						
1020 a	60 y F	Diff.		4	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1	Dild.	2.00 / 1.1.751 .1
		Diltiazem	1	1					Diltiazem	3.98 mcg/mL In Blood
		(extended release)								(unspecified) @ Autops
		Clonazepam	2	2					7-aminoclonazepam	180 ng/mL In Blood
		·							•	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Clonazepam	2	2					Clonazepam	21000 ng/mL In Gastric (stomach content) @ Autopsy
		Zolpidem	3	3						. 1410203
			-							



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ular Drugs, co	ontinued					* · · ·			
1021	60 y F	Diltiazem	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		(extended	1	1						
		release)								
		Hydrochlorothiazide	2	2						
1022	62 y M				A	Par	Unt-T	2		
1022	(2 M	Nesiritide	1	1	A /C	T	YY1			
1023 p	63 y M	Cardiac glycoside	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	1	Digoxin	4.6 mcg/mL In Blood
		Cardiac grycoside							Digoxiii	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe
1024	63 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		(4)
		Calcium antagonist	1	1						
		Hydroclorothiazide/	2	2						
		olmesartan Citalopram	3	3						
		Alprazolam	4	4						
		Zolpidem	5	5						
		Ethanol	6	6						
1025	64 y M	37	1		С	Ingst	Unt-T	2		
1026	64 y M	Verapamil	1	1	A	Ingst	AR-D	3		
1020	04 y IVI	Carvedilol	1	1	Α	nigst	AK-D	3		
1027	65 y M	Cui / Cui i ci	•	•	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Beta blocker	1	1						
		Calcium antagonist	2	2						
1028	66 y F	Valproic acid	3	3	A	Inget	Int-S	1		
1028	00 y 1	Metoprolol	1	1	A	Ingst	III-3	1		
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	13.2 mcg/dL In Plasma @
		propoxyphene							•	Unknown
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	13.2 mcg/mL In Plasma @
		propoxyphene Gemfibrozil	3	3						Unknown
		Ethanol	4	4						
1029 a	68 y F	Ziliano.	•	•	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Beta blocker	1	1						
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		hydrocodone Alprazolam	3	3						
1030	68 y F	Alprazolalli	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1000	00) 1	Beta blocker	1	1	120	ings.		-		
		Cardiac glycoside	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
		butalbital/ caffeine								
		Promethazine	4	4						
1031	70 y F	1 Tomounaemo	•	•	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
		Verapamil	1	1						
1022 -1	70 14	(extended release)			A /C	T	T C	2		
1032 ph	70 y M	Amlodipine/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		benazepril	1	1						
		Carvedilol	2	2						
1033	71 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1024	7. 5	Amlodipine	1	1			** 1			
1034	71 y F	Digoxin	1	1	C	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
		propoxyphene								
1035	71 y F	G # 1 :1			C	Ingst	AR-D	2	m: ·	00 (11 0
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	8.2 ng/mL In Plasma @ Unknown
1036 ha	72 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		Clikilowii
1000 114	, = , 1	Verapamil	1	1	120	ings.		-		
		Metoprolol	2	2						
		Amlodipine/	3	3						
1037	72 y M	atorvastin			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
103/	1 ∠ y 1 v1	Clonidine	1	1	А	ingst	1111-13	3		
		Amlodipine	2	2						
		Phenytoin	3	3						
		Sertraline	4	4						
		Cortisone acetate Hydroxyzine	5 6	5 6						
		Carbamazepine	7	7						
		pine	•	,						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ılar Drugs, co	ontinued				T	T + C	2		
1038	72 y F	Amlodipine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Chlorpromazine	2	2						
1039	74 y F	•			C	Ingst	Unt-G	1		
1040	70 v M	Calcium antagonist	1	1	A/C	Inact	Unt T	2		
1040	79 y M	Digoxin	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	3	Digoxin	3.9 ng/mL In Blood
		Digoxiii		•					Digoxiii	(unspecified) @ Unknow
1041	79 y F				C	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
1042	00 F	Cardiac Glycoside	1	1		D	II T	2		
1042	80 y F	Labetalol	1	1	A	Par	Unt-T	3		
1043	81 y F	Edocutor		•	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Diltiazem (extended release)	1	1						
		Amiodarone	2	2						
		Beta blocker	3	3						
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	4	4						
		Morphine	5	5						
1044 p	81 y F	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Diltiazem (extended release)	1	1						
[1045]	82 y F	Olanzapine	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[1043]	02 y 1	Amiodarone	1	1	O	mgst	1111-15	1		
1046	84 y F			-	C	Ingst	Unt-U	3		
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1		_		_		
1047 a	84 y F	Cardiac glycoside	1	1	A	Par	AR-D	3		
		Diltiazem	2	2						
[1048 h]	86 y F				C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
1040	06 E	Cardiac glycoside	1	1		.	4 D. D.	2		
1049	86 y F	Cardiac glycoside	1	1	С	Ingst	AR-D	3	Digoxin	3.7 ng/mL In Serum @
		Cardiac grycoside	1	1					Digoxiii	Unknown
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	1 ng/mL In Serum @
						_				Unknown
1050 ha	87 y M	Amlodipine	2	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Atenolol	1	2						
		Acetaminophen	3	3						
1051	87 y F	~			С	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	3.3 ng/mL In Serum @ 30 m
1052	88 y F				С	Ingst	Unt-T	3		(pe)
) -	Beta Blocker	1	1		8				
1053	88 y F	~			C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	3.58 ng/mL In Serum @ Unknown
1054	89 y F				С	Ingst	AR-D	3		Chkhown
	•	Cardiac glycoside	1	1		8				
1055	90 y F	Diltiazem (extended release)	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-T	2		
		Glyburide	2	2						
		Tenormin Warfarin	3 4	3 4						
		Furosemide	5	5						
		Potassium chloride	6	6						
		Metolazone	7	7						
1056	90 y F	Hydralazine	8	8	С	Ingst	AR-D	3		
1030	90 y 1	Digoxin	1	1	C	nigst	AK-D	3		
[1057 a]	91 y F	•		-	A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Unt-T	1		
		Diltiazem (extended release)	1	1					Diltiazem	3.8 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 5 h (pe)
1058	92 y F	,			C	Ingst	AR-D	3		
		Cardiac glycoside	1	1					Digoxin	6.3 ng/mL In Serum @
1059 ha	11 m M				A	Ingst	Unt-G	1		Unknown
1009 Ha	1 1 1 1 1 1 IVI	Amlodipine	1	1	А	111531	Ont-O	1	Amlodipine	1300 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
	ular Drugs, co	ontinued					V			
[1060 ha]	23 m M	Flecainide	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-G	1	Flecainide	3.19 mcg/mL In Blood
1061	Unknown adult (> = 20				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
	y) F	Metoprolol	1	1						
		Acetaminophen *	4	2					Acetaminophen	694 mcg/mL In Serum @ 1 h (pe)
		Paroxetine * Hydroxyzine , 239, 262, 329, 501, 5 1174, 1181, 1190, 119		2 4 728, 742,	750, 754, 767,	768, 777, 784, 8	815, 823, 83	36, 859, 886	5, 896, 897, 901, 905,	910, 917, 921, 937, 1079, 1081
Cold and C	ough Preparat		0, 12.0		A (C)	T .	4 D. D.	2		
1062 pha	3 y M	Hydrocodone/	1	1	A/C	Ingst	AR-D	2	Hydrocodone	0.21 mcg/mL In Blood
		phenyltoloxamine Chlorpheniramine	2	2					Chlorpheniramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.38 mcg/mL In Blood
		Diphenhydramine	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
[1063 a]	21 y M	Antihistamine		1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1	Diehankadeania	2.26 mg/L In Dland
		Anunistamine	1	1					Diphenhydramine	3.26 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
1064 a	24 y M	Antihistamine *	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	2		
		Methamphetamine *	2	1						
		Cocaine Methylenedioxyme	3 4	3 4						
		thamphetamine (MDMA)	4	4						
		Gamma- hydroxybutyric	5	5						
		acid Marijuana	6	6						
1065 p	26 y F	•	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Benzonatate Ethanol	1 2	1 2						
1066 pai	26 y M	Chlorpheniramine/	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1	Chlorpheniramine	0.59 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone							•	Blood @ Autopsy
		Chlorpheniramine/ hydrocodone	1	1					Hydrocodone	0.34 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1067 a	28 y M	·			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Blood @ Autopsy
		Chlorpheniramine Acetaminophen/ caffeine/	1 2	1 2						
1068 h	42 y F	salicylate			A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1060	•	Dextromethorphan/ guaifenesin	1	1	С	-	Int M	2	Dextromethorphan	62 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
1069 p	65 y F	Antihistamine	1	1	C	Ingst	Int-M	2		
1070 pa	10 m M	Pseudoephedrine	1	1	A	Unk	Unk	1	Pseudoephedrine	2255 ng/mL In Blood
		Pseudoephedrine	1	1					Pseudoephedrine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 2373 Other (see abst) In
		•	1	1					•	Liver @ Autopsy
		Pseudoephedrine	1	1					Pseudoephedrine	53993 ng/mL In Gastric (stomach content) @ Autopsy
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2					Cyclobenzaprine	166 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2					Cyclobenzaprine	238 Other (see abst) In Live (a) Autopsy
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	2					Cyclobenzaprine	10000 ng/mL In Gastric (stomach content) @
		91, 243, 298, 443, 508 bals/Homeopathic	3, 514, 584, 5	86, 592, 6	26, 642, 663, 68	85, 751, 848, 92	26, 927, 929	9, 979, 1103	3, 1120, 1133, 1303	Autopsy
1071	32 y M	Î		,	A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-S	1		
		Guarana Cocaine	1 2	1 2						
See also cas	se 726, 929, 1		-	-						





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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Diuretics										
1072 ha	31 y F				С	Par	AR-D	2		
		Furosemide	1	1						
Caa alaa aa	aa 204 445 6	Tramadol	2	2						
	se 394, 443, 6 s and Minerals	74, 751, 886, 1021, 10	33							
1073	3 y F	•			A	Oth	Unt-T	2		
1075	5 7 1	Sodium bicarbonate	1	1	2.	Oth	Ont 1	-		
1074 p	49 y F				C	Ingst	Int-M	2		
-	-	Sodium bicarbonate	1	1		Ü				
1075	7 m M				A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
	se 97, 298, 38 tinal Preparati	Sodium bicarbonate 8, 674, 780, 847, 929,	1 1055, 1167	1						
[1076 pha]		OHS			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
[10/0 pila]	21 y WI	Loperamide	1	1	A/C	nigst	IIII-S	1		
1077 a	88 y F	Loperannae	•	•	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
) -	Belladonna/	1	1		8			Phenobarbital	101 mcg/mL In Whole
		phenobarbital								Blood @ Unknown
		Acetaminophen	2	2						<u> </u>
		83, 510, 672, 757, 768	, 813, 847, 86	59, 896, 9	01, 958, 962, 97	77, 987, 1000,	1019, 1105			
	and Hormone	Antagonists				_				
1078	26 y M	Market :		1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Metformin	1	1						
1079 a	33 y F	Oxycodone	2	2	U	Inget	Int C	1		
10/9 a	33 y F	Metformin	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Pioglitazone	2	2						
		Diphenhydramine	3	3						
		Sitagliptin	4	4						
		Sildenafil	5	5						
		Valsartan	6	6						
		Simvastatin	7	7						
1080 a	38 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Metformin	1	1						
1081	41 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Metformin	1	1						
1002	46 E	Lotensin	2	2		T	Total C	2		
1082	46 y F	Metformin	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Lotensin	2	2						
1083	50 y F	Lowisin	-	-	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1005	20) 1	Metformin	1	1		111,500	1111 5	-		
1084	50 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	-	Metformin	1	1		Ü			Metformin	75 mcg/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Unknow
1085	54 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Metformin	3	1						
		Glyburide	2	2						
		Insulin	1	3						
1086	56 v E	Rosiglitazone	4	4	Λ.	Inact	Int C	2		
1000	56 y F	Metformin	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Olmesartan	2	2						
		Atorvistatin/	3	3						
		amlodipine	-	-						
		Fluoxetine	4	4						
1087	58 y M				A	Ingst	Int-M	2		
		Glipizide	2	1						
		Ethanol	1	2						
1088	62 y M				С	Ingst	AR-D	3		
		Metformin	1	1						
1089	63 y F	Allopurinol	2	2	A/C	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	2		
1009	03 y I	Insulin	1	1	A/C	mgst+1 ai	IIII-S	2		
		Carisoprodol	2	2						
1090	66 y F	Curisoprodor	-	-	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	, -	Metformin	2	1		0	0	•		
		Quetiapine	3	2						
		Venlafaxine	4	3						
		(extended								
		release)								
		Clonazepam	5	4						
		Pioglitazone	1	5						
		Sulfamethoxazole/	6	6						
		trimethoprim								



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Hormones 1091		Antagonists, continue	ed		A/C	Inact	Unk	2		
1091	70 y F	Amaryl	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Ulik	2		
		Glyburide	2	2						
1092	71 y M	r 1		,	A/C	Par	Int-S	2		
1093	75 y F	Insulin	1	1	С	Ingst	Unt-G	3		
	-	Metformin	1	1		nigst				
1094 p	82 y F	Insulin	2	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Zolpidem	1	2						
		8, 679, 728, 767, 768	, 813, 815, 88	7, 938, 95	8, 971, 991, 992	2, 995, 1037, 1	055, 1097, 1	110, 1158,	1186, 1248	
11scellane [1095]	ous Drugs 22 y F				A	Par	Unt-T	3		
[10/3]	22 y 1	Drotrecogin alfa	1	1	71	1 (1)	Ont-1	3		
1096	28 y M	-			A	Par	AR-D	2		
		Succinylcholine	1	1						
		Lidocaine Vecuronium	2 3	2 3						
		Etomindate	4	4						
1097 pa	31 y M				A	Par	Int-S	1		
		Succinylcholine	1	1						
		Etomindate	2 3	2 3						
1098 p	66 y F	Insulin	3	3	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1000 р	00 / 1	Modafinil	1	1	7.1	mgst	III 5	-		
		Lithium	2	2						
		Quetiapine	3	3						
1099	76 y F	Diazepam	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
10))	70 y 1	Memantine	1	1	AC	nigst	Ont-G	2		
		Lorazepam	2	2						
	04 5	Paroxetine	3	3			** 1			
1100 p	94 y F	Dononoril	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	2	Donanazil	0.21 mg/L In Pland
		Donepezil	1	1					Donepezil	0.21 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Beta blocker	2	2						(unopeenieu) (o i iutopo
1101	9 M M				C	Ingst	Unt-T	2		
ee also ca	re 727 766 8	Tacrolimus 13, 1088, 1169, 1188	1 1301	1						
Iuscle Re		13, 1000, 1107, 1100	, 1301							
	21 y M				U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Carisoprodol	1	1					Carisoprodol	10 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc
		Carisoprodol	1	1					Meprobamate	@ Autopsy 14 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo
		- m p m								@ Autopsy
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	120 ng/mL In Whole Bloo
1103 pa	28 y F				A	Unk	Unk	3		@ Autopsy
1103 ра	26 y 1	Carisoprodol	1	1	А	Olik	Ulik	3	Carisoprodol	3 mg/L In Blood
		Carisoprodor							(n-isopropyl	(unspecified) @ Autops
									meprobamate)	
		Carisoprodol	1	1					Meprobamate	30 mg/L In Blood
		Opioid	2	2					Hydrocodone	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.05 mg/L In Blood
		Spiola	2	2					11, 0100000110	(unspecified) @ Autops
		Ibuprofen	3	3						
		Acyclovir	4	4						
		Azithromycin Metronidazole	5 6	5 6						
		Guaifenesin/	7	7						
		pseudoephedrine								
1104	28 y M	0.11			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Cyclobenzaprine Diflunisal	1 2	1 2						
1105	31 y M	Diriumsai	4	2	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	- ,	Carisoprodol	1	1	-	<i>6</i>		-		
		Dicyclomine	2	2						
		Ibuprofen	3	3					A noto	404 mag/mt In II
		Acetaminophen	4	4					Acetaminophen	404 mcg/mL In Unknown Unknown
		6.1: 1.	-	5					Salicylate	48.5 mg/dL In Unknown (
		Salicylate	5	3					Surregrate	TO.3 IIIg/UL III Olikilowii (
		Salicylate	5	3					Surreylate	Unknown
1106	42 y F	Cyclobenzaprine	5 1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	Saireyiae	Unknown





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Muscle Rela	axants, contin									
		Carisoprodol	3	3						
		Hydromorphone	4	4						
		Acetaminophen/	5	5						
		hydrocodone								
1107 p	44 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Carisoprodol	1	1						
		Ethanol	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3						
		Benzodiazepine	4	4						
		Pregabalin	5	5						
1108	46 y F	~			A/C	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Carisoprodol	1	1						
		Acetaminophen	2	2					Acetaminophen	4.1 mcg/mL In Plasma @
1100 %	47 E				A /C	Turnet	Int C	2		Unknown
1109 h	47 y F	Baclofen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	3		
1110	47 E	Dacioleli	1	1	A	Inact	Int C	2		
1110	47 y F	Baclofen	6	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
			2	2						
		Acetaminophen/ butalbital	2	2						
		Alprazolam	3	3						
		Hydroxyzine	4	4						
		Mirtazapine	5	5						
		Pregabalin	ĺ	6						
		Levothyroxine	7	7						
1111	47 y F	20 comproning	,	,	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Baclofen	1	1		8				
		Hydroxyzine	2	2						
		Mirtazapine	3	3						
		Acetaminophen/	4	4						
		butalbital								
		Alprazolam	5	5						
		Pregabalin	6	6						
1112 pa	47 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
		Cyclobenzaprine	2	1						
		Oxycodone	1	2					Oxycodone	110 ng/mL In Blood
		nd d		•					P.1 1	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	15 mg/dL In Blood
1112 mb	47 M				A/C	Inact	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1113 ph	47 y IVI	Baclofen	1	1	A/C	Ingst	1111-5	2		
		Trihexyphenidyl	2	2						
		Quetiapine	3	3						
		Diazepam	4	4						
		Fluoxetine	5	5						
1114 pai	49 v F				A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
F		Carisoprodol	1	1		8.			Carisoprodol	11 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		•								@ Autopsy
		Carisoprodol	1	1					Meprobamate	21 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		•							•	@ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Acetaminophen	27 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		hydrocodone								@ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.15 mcg/mL In Whole
		hydrocodone								Blood @ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	3	3					Alprazolam	71 ng/mL In Whole Blood
1115	50 M				* *	Torred	Total C	2		@ Autopsy
1115 p	50 y M	mttit		1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1116	£2 E	Tizanidine	1	1	* 1	Turnet	Int C	2		
1116 p	53 y F	Camia amua 4a1	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Carisoprodol	2	2						
1117	54 y F	Acetaminophen	4	2	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
111/	Этуг	Carisoprodol	1	1	А	111531	1111-13	4		
		Alprazolam	2	2						
		Acetaminophen/	3	3						
		hydrocodone	5	5						
1118 p	57 y F	,			U	Unk	Int-S	1		
. г		Carisoprodol	1	1	-	-	-	-		
		Ethanol	2	2						
		Zolpidem	3	3						

See also case 238, 290, 291, 293, 310, 314, 325, 384, 405, 407, 416, 417, 436, 451, 465, 475, 478, 485, 491, 492, 507, 510, 550, 554, 573, 576, 581, 584, 588, 597, 599, 608, 626, 628, 656, 657, 670, 672, 677, 693, 699, 707, 717, 722, 744, 809, 817, 822, 844, 850, 889, 899, 905, 952, 958, 960, 991, 1070, 1089, 1127, 1159, 1174, 1248, 1273



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
pnotics/Antij	osychotics								
15 y F	O official and	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	2	0	12.5 /I. I., D1 1
	Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	13.5 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
16 y F				U	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecifica) to rutopsy
•	Quetiapine	1	1		C			Quetiapine	9000 ng/mL In Serum @
	T amazemiaina	2	2						Autopsy
		3	3						
	dextromethorphan/	3	3						
	doxylamine				_				
18 y M	Propofol	1	1	Α	Par	AR-D	3	Propofol	0 Other (see abst) In Other
	Порогог	1	1					Торогог	(a) 2 d (pe)
18 y M				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		O (4 .)
	Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	483 ng/mL In Whole Blood
	Unlaparidal	2	2						@ Autopsy
19 v F	Traioperidoi	2	2	Α	Ingst	Int-S	3		
,	Quetiapine	1	1		8				
	Carbamazepine	2	2					Carbamazepine	38.7 mcg/L In Blood
	Sertraline	3	3						(unspecified) @ Unknow
20 v F	Scrtranic	3	3	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
) -	Aripriprazole	1	1		8				
	¥		2						
21 v M	v aiproic acid	2	4	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
,	Clonazepam	1	1		8				
	Citalopram								
21 v F	Ethanoi	7	4	Α	Ingst	Int-S	1		
,	Quetiapine	1	1		8			Quetiapine	1800 ng/mL In Blood
	G': 1	2	2					C' 1	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	Citalopram	2	2					Citralopram	4100 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
	Bupropion	3	3					Bupropion	8300 ng/mL In Blood
	(extended							1 1	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		2	2					** 1 1 :	2000 / 1 1 101 1
		3	3					Hydroxybupropion	2000 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
	release)								(unspectified) (ii) riutopsy
	Trazodone	4	4						
21 y M	Diamana	1	1	Α	Unk	Int-A	2	Diamanam	900 mg/ml. In Whala Dia d
	Diazepam	1	1					Diazepam	890 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
	Methadone	2	2					Methadone	600 ng/mL In Whole Blood
									@ Autopsy
	Cyclobenzaprine	3	3					Cyclobenzaprine	1.4 ng/mL In Whole Blood
22 v F				A/C	Ingst	Int-II	3		@ Autopsy
22 J I	Butalbital (unkown	1	1	700	mgst	mi c	3	Butalbital	1.3 mg/L In Blood
	combination)								(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	0.08 mg/L In Blood
	Acetaminophen/	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
	hydrocodone	3	3						
23 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	Alprazolam	1	1					Alprazolam	170 ng/mL In Blood
	Acetaminophen	2.	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
24 y F	. recummophen	-	-	C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	Quetiapine	1	1						
								Acetaminophen	44 mcg/mL In Serum @
	propoxyphene	•	-						Unknown
25 y F				A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	1		
	Clozapine	1	1					Clozapine	6285 ng/mL In Blood
	CI :	1	1					Norclozapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3804 ng/mL In Blood
	Clozapine								
	Clozapine	1	•						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
25 y M	Benzodiazepine	2	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	pnotics/Antip 15 y F 16 y F 18 y M 18 y M 19 y F 20 y F 21 y M 21 y F 21 y M 22 y F	pnotics/Antipsychotics 15 y F Quetiapine 16 y F Quetiapine Lamotrigine Acetaminophen/ dextromethorphan/ doxylamine 18 y M Propofol 18 y M Quetiapine Garbamazepine Sertraline 20 y F Aripriprazole Amphetamine Escitalopram Valproic acid 21 y M Clonazepam Citalopram Mirtazapine Ethanol 21 y F Quetiapine Citalopram Mirtazapine Ethanol 21 y F Quetiapine Citalopram Mirtazapine Ethanol 21 y F Quetiapine Citalopram Mirtazapine Ethanol 22 y F Bugropion (extended release) Bupropion (extended release) Trazodone Diazepam Methadone Cyclobenzaprine 22 y F Butalbital (unkown combination) Alprazolam Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone Alprazolam Acetaminophen Quetiapine Diazepam Temazepam Tema	Protection	Age/Sex Substances Fank Fank	Age/Sex Substances Fank Fank Chronicity	Age/Sex	Age/sex	Age	Age



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		psychotics, continued				Y D	T . C			
[1133 ha]	26 y F	Alprazolam	1	1	A	Ingst + Par	Int-S	1	Alprazolam	120 ng/mL In Blood
		Antihistamine	2	2						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1134 pa	27 y M	Olanzapine	3	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1	Olanzapine	3.3 mcg/mL In Blood
		Benztropine	2	2					Benztropine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.05 mcg/mL In Blood
		Valproic acid	1	3					mesylate	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1135	28 y M	Phenobarbital	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unt-U	3	Phenobarbital	67.2 mg/L In Blood
[1136	28 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
pha]		Quetiapine	1	1		-			Quetiapine	4500 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	390 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Benzodiazepine	2	2					Alprazolam	390 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	102 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Atenolol Pregabalin	4 5	4 5						(unspecified) (w Offkilow
1137	29 y M	Diazepam	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	1	Diazepam	120 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Î	2	2					•	@ Autopsy 25 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Benzodiazepine Fluoxetine	3	3					Lorazepam Fluoxetine	@ Autopsy 95 ng/mL In Whole Blood
										@ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	4	4					Venlafaxine	110 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Monoamine oxidase	5	5						
		inhibitors Tryptophan	6	6						
1138 p	29 y M	Lamotrigine	7	7	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Alprazolam Phencyclidine	1 2	1 2						
1139	30 y M	Marijuana	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
[1140	30 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
ha]	,	Doxylamine Diphenhydramine	1 2	1 2		8				
1141 pa	30 y M	Quetiapine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-U	1	Ouetiapine	31 mg/L In Blood
		Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 3.6 mg/L In Blood
		Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 30 mg/kg In Liver @
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	Autopsy 0.3 mg/L In Blood
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.12 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Methadone Benzodiazepine	2 3	2 3					Methadone Alprazolam	1 mg/kg In Liver @ Autops 0.014 mg/L In Blood
1142	30 y F		_		A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1143 p	31 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Quetiapine Trazodone	1 2	1 2						
1144 p	31 y M	Phenobarbital	1	1	U	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Tricyclic antidepressant	2	2						
1145 ph	32 y F	Alprazolam	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Trazodone Buspirone	2 3	2 3						
		Hydroxyzine	4	4						



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		psychotics, continued				_				
1146 pa	33 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	1	Alprazolam	72 ng/mL In Blood
		•							•	(unspecified) @ Unknown
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	340 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
1147	33 y F				A	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	2		(unspectified) @ Offknow
		Quetiapine	1	1						
		Cocaine Clonazepam	2 3	2 3						
1148 p	34 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1149 p	35 y F	Clonazepam	1	1	A	Par	Int-S	3		
·- P	, -	Quetiapine	1	1						
		Lithium	2	2					Lithium	0.7 mg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Clonazepam	3	3						(unspecified) (a) Chikhowh
1150 ph	36 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2	Clanazanam	0.11 mg/L In Blood
		Benzodiazepine	1	1					Clonazepam	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Quetiapine	2	2					Quetiapine	0.54 mg/L In Blood
		Venlafaxine	3	3						(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		(extended	-	-						
1151	37 y F	release)			A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1131	37 y 1	Diazepam	1	1	А	mgst	III-5	2		
1150 -	20 E	Ethanol	2	2	A /C	To and	I Inda	2		
1152 a	38 y F	Ouetiapine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Risperidone	2	2						
1153 p	38 y F	Paroxetine	3	3	A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
1133 р	30 y 1	Alprazolam	1	1	71	nigst	OIII-G	2		
1154 n	20 v M	Drug, unknown	2	2	A/C	Inact	Int C	2		
1154 p	39 y M	Quetiapine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1155 p	39 y M	•			A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
1156	39 y F	Alprazolam	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1150	37 9 1	Quetiapine	1	1	21	mgst	III 5	-		
		Bupropion Phenobarbital	2 3	2 3						
		Levetiracetam	4	4						
1157:	40 E	Tramadol	5	5	**	T4	AD D	2		
1157 pai	40 y F	Olanzapine	1	1	U	Ingst	AR-D	3	Olanzapine	1.1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		•							Gianzapine	@ Autopsy
		Quetiapine	2 3	2 3					Citalanram	1.1 mag/mL In Whala Pland
		Citalopram	3	3					Citalopram	1.1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Duloxetine	4	4					Duloxetine	1.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
1158 p	42 y F				U	Ingst+ Par	Int-S	3		@ Autopsy
) -	Quetiapine	1	1				-		
1159	42 y F	Insulin	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1139	42 y 1	Clonazepam	1	1	O	ingst	III-5	1		
		Zolpidem	2 3	2						
		Tramadol Cyclobenzaprine	3 4	3 4						
		Trazodone	5	5						
1160	43 y M	Duloxetine	6	6	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	-	Quetiapine	1	1		-	III-5			
1161 pai	44 y M	Almragalam	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Alprazolam	260 ng/mL In Whole Blood
		Alprazolam	1	1					Aiprazoiaiii	(a) Autopsy
		Hydrocodone	2	2					Hydrocodone	0.26 mcg/mL In Whole
1162 p	44 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		Blood @ Autopsy
-		Alprazolam	1	1		_				
1163 p	44 y F	Benzodiazepine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Oxycodone	2	2						
1164 p	45 y M			4	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Doxylamine	1	1						



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		osychotics, continued						_		
1165	46 y F	D:	2		U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Diazepam Ethanol	2 1	1 2						
1166 p	47 y F	Eulanoi	1	2	A	Unk	Int-U	3		
1100 p	4/ y I	Zolpidem	1	1	А	Olik	IIIt-O	3		
1167 h	47 y F	Zoipidein	•	•	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	., , -	Quetiapine	1	1						
		Citalopram	2	2						
		Warfarin	3	3						
		Potassium chloride	4	4						
1168 p	47 y F	751 1 12:1			U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	2	701 1 1 1 1 1	
		Phenobarbital	1	1					Phenobarbital	11.24 mg/L In Blood
		Antihistamine	2	2					Dinhanhudramina	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.091 mg/L In Blood
		Anumstanine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1169	48 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		(unspecified) (a) Nutopsy
110)	.0) 1	Quetiapine	1	1	120	111650		-	Quetiapine	4400 ng/mL In Serum @
		C							Ç	1 h (pe)
		Quetiapine	2 3	2 3						* /
		Benzodiazepine	3	3						
		Oxycodone	4	4						
		Methadone	5	5						
		Propoxyphene	6	6						
		Tricyclic	7	7						
		antidepressant Varenicline	8	8						
		Venlafaxine	9	9						
		Lithium	11	11					Lithium	0 mEq/L In Blood
		Divingin	• •						Diviliani	(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
1170	48 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Chlorpromazine	1	1						
		Quetiapine	2	2						
	40 34	Benzodiazepine	3	3			*			
1171 p	48 y M	A 1	1		A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1172 n	49 y F	Alprazolam	1	1	Α.	Inget	Int-S	2		
1172 p	49 y r	Alprazolam	1	1	A	Ingst	IIIt-S	2		
		Citalopram								
		Ziprasidone	2 3	2 3						
		Lamotrigine	4	4						
		Opioid	5	5						
1173	49 y M				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Temazepam	1	1						
1174 pa	49 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Quetiapine	1	1						
		Beta blocker	2 3	2 3					Dink anhadaanin a	1200/ L. In Dia - 4
		Diphenhydramine	3	3					Diphenhydramine	1300 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Bupropion	4	4						(unspectfied) @ Clikilow
		Topiramate	5	5						
		Lisinopril	6	6						
		Tizanidine	7	7						
		Mirtazapine	8	8					Mirtazapine	150 ng/mL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
		Mirtazapine	8	8					Mirtazapine	150 ng/mL In Blood
		m								(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Tamsulosin	9	9					D 1	0.22 /41 .1 121 1
		Cocaine	10	10					Benzoylecgonine	0.23 mg/dL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe)
1175	51 y F				A	Ingst	Int-U	2		(unspectfied) (@ 1 if (pe)
11/5	31 y 1	Alprazolam	1	1	71	nigst	IIIt-C	_		
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	218 mg/dL In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Unknow
1176 h	53 y M				A/C	Ingst+ Aspir	Int-S	2		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Quetiapine	1	1						
		Charcoal	2	2				e.		
1177 a	53 y F	A 1	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2	A11	1.04(1.01.01.01.1
		Alprazolam	1	1					Alprazolam	1 Other (see abst) In Blood
1179	55 v.M				U	Inact	Int C	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1178	55 y M	Quetiapine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Zachapine	2	2						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		psychotics, continued				T	T . C			
1179	55 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
		Marijuana Î	3	3						
		Cocaine	4 5	4 5						
1180 pai	55 v M	Opioid	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-A	2		
F	J	Alprazolam	1	1					Alprazolam	176 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2					Acetaminophen	28 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.24 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1181 a	57 y F	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		O 13
		Quetiapine Benzodiazepine	1 2	1 2					Lorezepam	0.39 mg/L In Blood
		•								(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Duloxetine	3	3						
1182	60 y F	Prazosin	4	4	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1102	50 J I	Olanzapine	2	1	250	111500	IIID	2		
		Duloxetine	1	2						
		Zolpidem Acetaminophen/	3 4	3 4						
		codeine	7	7						
1183 p	61 y F	Olanzapine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
1184	62 y M	Gianzapine	1		U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Phenobarbital	1	1						
		Zolpidem Lorazepam	2 3	2 3						
		Alprazolam	4	4						
1185 h	62 y F				A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1186	67 y M	Phenobarbital	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	3		
1100	07 y 1VI	Prochlorperazine	3	1	71	nigst	IIIt-5	3		
		Diphenhydramine	6	2						
		Glyburide Metformin	5 4	3 4						
		SSRI	2	5						
		Benzodiazepine	1	6						
1187 p	67 y F	CI			A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Clonazepam Ethanol	1 2	1 2						
1188 a	68 y F	Ethanor	-	-	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	2.4 mg/L In Blood
		Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Quetiapine	1	1					Quetiapine	21 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	2	2					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	2.2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	2	2					O-desmethy- lvenlafaxine	2 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	2	2					Venlafaxine	2.4 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	2	2					Venlafaxine	0.9 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Venlafaxine	2	2					Venlafaxine	0.92 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Donepezil	3	3					Donepezil	0.71 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Donepezil	3	3					Donepezil	0.78 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Donepezil	3	3					Donepezil	7.8 mg/kg In Liver @ Autopsy
1189	69 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Diazepam Duloxetine	1 2	1 2						
		Risperidone	3	3						
		Ibuprofen	4	4						



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		psychotics, continued								
1190	74 y M	Benzodiazepine	1	1	Α	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Ranolazine	2	2						
		Angiotensin-	3	3						
		converting								
		enzyme inhibitor Nitroglycerin	4	4						
		Acetaminophen/	5	5						
		hydrocodone								
		Metoprolol	6 7	6 7						
		Sertraline Hydralazine	8	8						
		Cardiac glycoside	9	9						
1191 pa	75 y F	DI 1 11:1			A	Ingst	Int-S	1	DI 1 1 1 1	((0
		Phenobarbital	1	1					Phenobarbital	66.8 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknown
		Phenobarbital	1	1					Phenobarbital	42 mg/L In Blood
										(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.19 mg/L In Blood
1192 ph	75 v M				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy
P	, - ,	Zolpidem	1	1		8		_		
		Hydroxyzine	2	2						
1193	80 y F	Ethanol	3	3	A/C	Ingst	Unt-T	3		
1173	00 y 1	Quetiapine	1	1	AC	nigst	Ont-1	3		
1194 pai	81 y M				A	Unk	Int-S	1		
		Pentobarbital	1	1					Pentobarbital	23 mg/L In Blood
		Diphenhydramine	2	2					Diphenhydramine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 0.55 mg/L In Blood
		py	_	_					- ·p·····	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
1195 h	84 y F	~ 1 · · ·			A/C	Ingst	Unt-U	3		
		Zolpidem Fentanyl	1 2	1 2						
		transdermal	2	2						
1196 a	84 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
		Barbiturates	1	1					Phenobarbital	50 mg/L In Blood
		(extended release)								(unspecified) @ Unknown
1197 i	Unknown				U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	age F	D + 11.1 + 1 / 1							D + 11 1 1	25 7 1 11 1
		Butalbital (unkown combination)	1	1					Butalbital	25 mg/L In Unknown @ Unknown
See also cas	se 8, 23, 25, 2		92, 106, 166,	193, 199,	213, 253, 265,	269, 270, 276	5, 278, 279, 2	82, 284, 28	6, 290, 293, 295, 301	304, 307, 308, 309, 312, 313
440, 441, 44554, 555, 55654, 555, 55654, 656, 65789, 794, 79877, 878, 88976, 980, 981117, 1118,	43, 444, 446, 59, 560, 565, 57, 661, 663, 96, 798, 802, 83, 889, 893, 35, 987, 988,	448, 449, 451, 455, 46, 566, 575, 576, 582, 58, 669, 670, 672, 676, 6804, 807, 808, 809, 894, 896, 897, 898, 901, 994, 1001, 1002, 1224, 1245, 1250, 125	62, 465, 466, 83, 584, 585, 77, 678, 679, 11, 812, 813, 00, 902, 905, 1012, 1014, 1	469, 472, 590, 591, 681, 683, 815, 821, 910, 911, 015, 1019	478, 481, 482, 592, 596, 597, 684, 686, 691, 822, 828, 830, 916, 917, 921, 1, 1020, 1024, 10	485, 492, 498 600, 609, 613 693, 694, 705 834, 836, 840 922, 923, 926)29, 1038, 104	5, 502, 503, 56 6, 618, 620, 62 7, 712, 717, 7 7, 846, 847, 86 7, 935, 937, 96 14, 1090, 1096	04, 510, 51 21, 625, 62 18, 720, 72 48, 849, 85 40, 951, 95	8, 519, 521, 522, 531, 6, 631, 633, 634, 635, 729, 737, 741, 744, 0, 851, 856, 859, 860, 7, 958, 962, 963, 965.	410, 421, 427, 428, 432, 433 534, 538, 540, 542, 550, 551 636, 638, 640, 641, 643, 644 751, 754, 757, 765, 767, 777 861, 866, 867, 869, 873, 875 967, 968, 971, 972, 974, 975 1107, 1110, 1111, 1113, 1114
1198 pa		ugo			U	Ingst	Unk	1		
-	-	Amphetamine	1	1		-				
		Mirtazapine		2						
			2	2						
[1199 pa]	14 y M	Clonidine	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-M	1		
[1199 pa]	14 y M		3	3	U	Ingst	Int-M	1	Benzoylecgonine	3.14 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
[1199 pa]	14 y M	Clonidine	3		U	Ingst	Int-M	1	Benzoylecgonine Cocaine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
	·	Clonidine Cocaine	3	1		-				(unspecified) @ Autopsy
[1199 pa] 1200 h	14 y M 16 y F	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine	3	1	U A	Ingst	Int-M	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
	·	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine	3 1 1	1		-				(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
1200 h	16 y F	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme	3 1 1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
	16 y F	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine (MDMA)	3 1 1	1 1		-				(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
1200 h	16 y F	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine	3 1 1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
1200 h 1201 pai	16 y F 17 y M	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine (MDMA) Heroin Methylenedioxyme	3 1 1	1 1	A A	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
1200 h 1201 pai	16 y F 17 y M	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine (MDMA) Heroin Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine	3 1 1 1	1 1 1	A A	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood
1200 h 1201 pai	16 y F 17 y M	Clonidine Cocaine Cocaine Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine (MDMA) Heroin Methylenedioxyme	3 1 1 1	1 1 1	A A	Ingst	Int-A	2		(unspecified) @ Autopsy 10.5 mg/L In Blood





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

AAPCC Annual Substance Cause Blood concentration @ report ID Age/Sex Substances rank rank Chronicity Route Reason RCF Analyte time Stimulants and Street Drugs, continued [1204 pa] 18 y F A Ingst Int-A Drug, unknown * 1 1 2 274 ng/mL In Serum @ Methylenedioxyme 1 Mdma (3,4thamphetamine methylenedioxym Unknown (MDMA) * ethamphetamine) U 2 1205 pi 18 y M Ingst Int-S Amphetamine 1 1 1206 pha 20 y M A Int-A Ingst Cocaine 1 1 1207 20 y M A Ingst Int-A 2 Methylenedioxyme 1 thamphetamine (MDMA) 1208 p 21 y F A/C 2 Ingst Int-A Cocaine Drug, unknown 2 2 1209 pai 21 y M U Ingst Int-A Cocaine 1 Cocaethylene 0.02 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy Cocaine 1 Cocaine 0.11 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy Oxycodone 2 2 Oxycodone 0.7 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy 46 ng/mL In Whole Blood 3 3 Alprazolam Alprazolam @ Autopsy [1210 pa] 21 y F Α Par Int-A Heroin 1 1211 21 y F 2 Α Ingst Int-A Methylenedioxyme 1 1 thamphetamine (MDMA) [1212 A/C 22 y F Par Int-S 2 1 pha] 1213 Heroin 1 23 y M U Unk Unk 2 Amphetamine Drug, unknown 2 2 A/C 1214 p 23 y M Par Int-U 1 Heroin 1 1215 pa 23 y M Α Int-A Ingst Methylenedioxyme 1 1 thamphetamine (MDMA) Methamphetamine 2 2 U Ingst+ Unk 2 1216 p 23 y F Int-U 1 Cocaine Ethanol 2 2 [1217] 23 y F A Ingst Int-S Caffeine 189.1 mg/L In Blood Caffeine 1 1 (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe) 1218 pa 24 y F Α Par Int-S 1 $0.02\ mcg/mL$ In Blood Heroin 1 6-monoacetylmorphine (unspecified) @ Autopsy Heroin 1 Morphine 0.61 mcg/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy 1219 p 24 y M Α Ingst Int-S 2 Cocaine Barbiturate 2 2 Opioid 3 3 1220 24 y M A/C Inhal Int-S 2 Methamphetamine Oxycodone Ethanol 3 3 A/C 1221 pa 25 y M Ingst+ Par Int-S Heroin Valproic acid 2 2 3 3 Trazodone 1222 A/C 26 y M Ingst Int-M 3 1 Crack cocaine 1 1223 p 26 y M Int-S Α Ingst 1 1 Cocaine 1224 pa 26 y M Α Ingst+ Par Int-A Heroin 1 1 0.02 mcg/mL In Whole Morphine Blood @ Autopsy 91 ng/mL In Whole Blood 2 2 Alprazolam Alprazolam @ Autopsy



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Stimulants	and Street Dru	gs, continued Cocaine	3	3					Benzoylecgonine	0.84 mcg/mL In Whole
		Cocaine	3	3					Benzoylecgonine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.36 Other (see abst) In
		Cocaine	3	3					Cocaine	Brain @ Autopsy 0.06 mcg/mL In Whole
1225 a	27 y M	Cocume	3	5	A	Unk	Int-U	1	Cocume	Blood @ Autopsy
1225 a	27 y 141	Cocaine	1	1	71	Olik	III-O	1	Benzoylecognine	1.6 mg/L In Serum @ Unknown
		Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecognine	36 mg/L In Urine (quantitative only) @ Autopsy
1226	27 y M	Cocaine	1	1	U	Unk	Unk	1		rutopsy
1227 5	27 F	Drug, unknown	2	2	U	Par	Int-U	2		
1227 p	27 y F	Heroin	1	1						
1228	27 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-U	3		
1229 pa	27 y M	Phencyclidine	2	2	U	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	2		
		Amphetamine	1	1					Methamphetamine	444 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Cadmium	2	2					Cadmium	9.6 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
1230 pai	28 y M	Heroin	1	1	A	Par	Int-A	1	Morphine	0.45 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzoylecgonine	(unspecified) @ Autops 1.87 ng/mL In Blood
		Cocaine	2	2					Ecgonine methyl	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.044 ng/mL In Blood
1231 ph	28 y M				A	Par	Int-A	2	ester	(unspecified) @ Autops
•	•	Cocaine Sodium	1 2	1 2						
1222 m	20 M	hypochlorite	-	-	U	Unk	Unk	2		
1232 p	28 y M	Heroin	1	1				3		
1233 h	28 y F- pregnant	**			A	Par	Int-A	3		
		Heroin Cocaine	1 2	1 2						
1234 pa	29 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	1	Benzoylecognine	34167 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
		Opioid Mariinana	2 3	2 3						Unknown
1235 pai	29 y F	Marijuana			U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	D 1	0.06 Od (d. a) I
		Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecgonine	0.86 Other (see abst) In Brain @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	0.1 mcg/mL In Whole Bloo @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	0.07 Other (see abst) In Brain @ Autopsy
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	0.3 mcg/mL In Whole Bloc @ Autopsy
		Diphenhydramine	3	3					Diphenhydramine	0.4 mcg/mL In Whole Bloe @ Autopsy
1236 a	29 y M	Ethanol	4	4	A	Unk	Int-U	1		
1237 pai	29 y M	Methamphetamine	1	1	A/C	Unk	Int-A	1		
1257 par	27 9 111	Amphetamine	1	1	120	O.III.		•	Methamphetamine	0.08 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1238 pai	31 y M	Phencyclidine	1	1	A/C	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1	Phencyclidine	25 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unkno
		Methylenedioxyme thamphetamine (MDMA)	2	2						(unspectived) (a) CHKIIO
		Ethanol	3	3					Ethanol	0.29 % (wt/Vol) In Blood
		Oxycodone Hydrocodone	4 5	4 5						(unspecified) @ Unknow



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Annual eport ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		ugs, continued								
1239 pai	31 y M	Methamphetamine	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-A	1	Amphetamine	0.16 mcg/mL In Whole
		•							•	Blood @ Autopsy
		Methamphetamine	1	1					Methamphetamine	1 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Acetaminophen/ hydrocodone	2	2						
1240 ph	31 y M	•	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	3		
1241 pa	32 y M	Cocaine		1	U	Par	Int-U	1		
		Heroin	1	1					Morphine	0.18 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Heroin	1	1					Morphine	0.14 mg/kg In Brain @
1242 pi	32 y M				A	Ingst	Int-A	2		Autopsy
		Methamphetamine Methadone	1 2	1 2						
		Ethanol	3	3						
[1243 pa]	32 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-M	1	Benzoylecgonine	4.661 mg/mL In Brain @
									, ,	Autopsy
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	2.714 mg/mL In Brain @ Autopsy
		Cocaine	1	1					Ecgonine methyl	10.274 mg/mL In Brain @
1244	32 y M				A	Ingst	Unk	2	ester	Autopsy
1245 pa	32 y M	Methamphetamine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	1		
12 15 pu	32 y 141	Amphetamine	3	1	11	mgst	III 5	•	Amphetamine	1600 ng/mL In Unknown
		Acetaminophen/	1	2					Acetaminophen	Autopsy 59 mcg/mL In Blood
		opioid Benzodiazepine	2	3						(unspecified) @ Unknow
[1246 a]	32 y M	•			A/C	Ingst	Int-M	1		
		Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecgonine	2500 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ Unknow
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	95 ng/mL In Blood
1247 ai	33 y M				A	Ingst	Int-M	1		(unspecified) @ Unknow
		Heroin	1	1					Morphine	0.23 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autops
		Cocaine	2	2					Benzoylecgonine	2.81 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	2	2					Cocaine	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.39 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	2	2					Ecgonine methyl	(unspecified) @ Autops 0.83 mg/L In Blood
10.10		Cocame	2	-			*		ester	(unspecified) @ Autops
1248 a	34 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Ethanol	2	2						
		Tricyclic antidepressant	3	3						
		Atenolol/ chlorthalidone	4	4						
		Lisinopril	5	5						
		Pioglitazone	6	6						
		Baclofen Simvastatin	7 8	7 8						
		Cephalexin	9	9						
12.10	25 5	Insulin	10	10						
1249	35 y F	Cocaine	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
		Hydrogen peroxide	2	2						
1250 p	38 y M				U	Unk	Int-A	2		
		Heroin Alprazolam	1 2	1 2						
[1251 a]	38 y M	•		2	A	Ingst	Int-M	1		
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	3200 ng/mL In Blood (unspecified) @ 1 h (pe
1252 h	39 y M	a :			A	Unk	Int-A	1		(
		Cocaine Benzodiazepine	1 2	1 2						
		Marijuana	3	3						
[1253 a]	39 y M				A	Oth	Int-M	2		



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Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
		igs, continued								
1254 pai	39 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A/C	Unk	Int-A	1	Benzoylecgonine	0.68 mcg/mL In Whole
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	Blood @ Autopsy 0.04 mcg/mL In Whole
1255 p	41 y M				A	Ingst+ Unk	Int-S	2		Blood @ Autopsy
1233 p	71 y IVI	Cocaine	1	1	А	mgst Onk	1111-15	2		
		Acetaminophen/	2	2						
		diphenhydramine Alprazolam	3	3						
		Valproic Acid	4	4				_		
1256	41 y M	Cocaine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-U	2		
		Opioid	2	2						
1257 p	41 y F	Heroin	1	1	A	Unk	Int-A	2		
1258 pha	41 y M	Ticroin	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Amyl/butyl nitrites	1	1						
1259 pai	42 y M	Ethanol	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
•	Ž	Cocaine	1	1		S				0.05
		Morphine	2	2					Morphine	0.05 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Citalopram	3	3					Citalopram	0.91 mcg/mL In Whole
		Butalbital (unkown	4	4					Butalbital	Blood @ Autopsy 1.3 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
		combination)	7	7					Dutaionai	@ Autopsy
[1260 ha]	42 y M	C	1		A	Unk	Int-S	3	D 1	0.22 / I Wil 1 D1
		Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecgonine	0.23 mg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1261	42 y M				A	Ingst+ Par	Int-A	1		U 17
		Heroin Cocaine	1 2	1 2						
1262 a	43 y M				A	Oth	Int-A	1		
		Cocaine Heroin	1 2	1 2						
1263 ai	43 y F	Ticroin	2	2	A/C	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	3		
		Cocaine	1	1						
1264 pai	43 v M	Methadone	2	2	A/C	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	3		
	- 7	Cocaine	1	1		8			Benzoylecgonine	0.7 Other (see abst) In Liver
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	@ Autopsy 0.02 % (wt/Vol) In Whole
[1265	45 y M				U	Unk	Unk	2		Blood @ Autopsy
pha]	45 y 1v1	Cocaine	1	1	C	Olik	Olik	2	Benzoylecgonine	1.556 mg/L In Blood
		Cocaine	1	1					Eaganina mathul	(unspecified) @ 3 h (pe)
		Cocame	1	1					Ecgonine methyl ester	0.371 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ 3 h (pe)
1266 p	46 y M	a :			U	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-A	1		
		Cocaine Methadone	1 5	1 2						
		Morphine	3	3						
		Hydrocodone Benzodiazepine	4 2	4 5						
		Naproxen	6	6						
1267 pai	47 y M	Methamphetamine	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-A	2	Amphetamine	0.08 mcg/mL In Whole
1268 ai	47 y F				U	Ingst+ Unk	Tot A	2		Blood @ Autopsy
1206 at	4/ y r	Cocaine	1	1	U	nigst∓ ∪nk	Int-A	2	Benzoylecgonine	0.7 mcg/mL In Blood
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	(unspecified) @ Unknown 0.04 mcg/mL In Blood
		Alprazolam	2	2						(unspecified) @ Unknown
1269	47 y M	Î			A	Ingst	AR-O	3		
		Methamphetamine Acetaminophen/	1 2	1 2						
1270 pai	47 v M	propoxyphene			U	Unk	Int-A	2		
, o par	., , 111	Cocaine	1	1	J	J		-	Benzoylecgonine	0.07 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Stimulants :	and Street Dri	ugs, continued				* .	II . C	2		
1272 p	48 y M	Cocaine	1	1	A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
		Mushroom	2	2						
		(psilocybin and								
1273 ai	48 y F	psilocin)			U	Ingst+ Unk	Int-A	1		
12/3 ai	40 y 1	Cocaine	1	1	O	nigst: Onk	1110-21	1	Cocaine	0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood
			•							@ Autopsy
		Alprazolam	2	2					Alprazolam	65 ng/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Hydrocodone	3	3					Hydrocodone	0.37 mcg/mL In Whole
		0 : 11								Blood @ Autopsy
1274 h	51 y M	Carisoprodol	4	4	A	Ingst+	Int-A	2		
12/411	31 y 141				71	Inhal+ Par	1110-21	2		
		Cocaine	1	1						
		Amphetamine Methadone	2 3	2 3						
		Benzodiazepine	4	4						
1275 pai	51 y M	-			U	Ingst	Int-A	1		
		Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecgonine	0.14 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Methadone	2	2					Methadone	0.25 mcg/mL In Whole
										Blood @ Autopsy
1276 pai	51 M	Promethazine	3	3	A/C	Unk	Int-A	1		
12/0 pai	31 y WI	Amphetamine	1	1	A/C	Ulik	IIIt-A	1	Amphetamine	0.56 mcg/mL In Whole
		•							•	Blood @ Autopsy
		Amphetamine	1	1					Methamphetamine	0.18 mcg/mL In Whole
1277 pi	53 y M				A	Ingst	Int-S	1		Blood @ Autopsy
•		Amphetamine	1	1		-	1111 0			
1278 pai	54 y M	Madennatar			A/C	Unk	Int-A	3	Made and the contract	0.06
		Methamphetamine	1	1					Methamphetamine	0.06 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
		Oxycodone	2	2					Oxycodone	0.32 mcg/mL In Whole
		Canton line	3	3					Cantualina	Blood @ Autopsy
		Sertraline	3	3					Sertraline	0.69 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1279 ai	54 y M				U	Unk	Int-A	2		() (p-)
1200 1-	56 - M	Cocaine	1	1	A	T I ala	Tot A	2		
1280 h	56 y M	Cocaine	1	1	А	Unk	Int-A	2		
		Heroin	2	2						
1281 pai	57 y F	o :			U	Unk	Int-A	2	<i>a</i> :	0.2 / 1.1 101 1 101 1
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	0.2 mcg/mL In Whole Blood @ Autopsy
1282 h	59 y F				A	Ingst	Unt-G	3		ш титороу
		Cocaine	1	1						
		Amphetamine Opioid	2 3	2 3						
1283 ha	62 y M	Opiola	3	5	A	Inhal	Int-A	3		
1204		Cocaine	1	1	**	Y Y 1 1	T . C	2		
1284 p	65 y F	Cocaine	1	1	U	Ingst+ Inhal	Int-S	3		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
1285 i	Unknown	1			U	Unk	Unk	1		
	adult (> = 20									
	y) M									
	• /	Cocaine	1	1					Benzoylecognine	3043 ng/mL In Blood
		Cocaine	1	1					Cocaine	(unspecified) @ Autopsy 15045 ng/mL In Blood
		Cocame	1	1					Cocame	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Marijuana	2	2					Carboxy-thc	13.3 ng/mL In Blood
		Marijuana	2	2					Carbovy tha	(unspecified) @ Autopsy
		Marijuana	2	2					Carboxy-thc	305 ng/mL In Urine (quantitative only) @
										Autopsy
		Marijuana	2	2					The	11.2 ng/mL In Blood
									(tetrahydrocanna binol)	(unspecified) @ Autopsy

See also case 15, 131, 140, 142, 143, 166, 253, 254, 261, 275, 277, 282, 283, 286, 289, 295, 316, 320, 322, 323, 335, 352, 353, 358, 366, 395, 410, 417, 444, 451, 463, 530, 567, 632, 638, 641, 642, 683, 684, 690, 707, 708, 808, 813, 822, 827, 828, 833, 844, 849, 871, 881, 927, 931, 951, 966, 971, 994, 1014, 1015, 1064, 1071, 1124, 1138, 1147, 1174, 1179, 1295, 1310



Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Unknown D 1286 pa					A	Inhal	Int-A	3		
•	-	Drug, unknown	1	1						
1287	18 y F	Sevoflurane	1	1	Α	Inhal	AR-D	1		
1288 p	18 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	3		
1289	20 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	2		
1290	27 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-A	1		
1291 ai	27 y M	-			A	Ingst	Unt-G	2		
1292 ph	29 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1293 ph	31 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1294 p	32 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	Α	Unk	Unk	2		
•	-	Drug, unknown	1	1						
1295 p	33 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Unk	Int-A	2		
		Opioid	2	2						
		Benzodiazepine Alprazolam	3 4	3 4						
		Cocaine	5	5						
1206	24 E	Marijuana	6	6		Torrad	Tot TT	2		
1296 p	34 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-U	2		
		Ethanol	2	2						
1297	36 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	Α	Ingst	Unt-G	3		
1298	37 y M	Drug, unknown		1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1299	43 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	U	Unk	Link	2		
1299	43 y r	Drug, unknown	1	1	U	Ulik	Unk	2		
1300 ph	44 y F	-	1		A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
1301 i	44 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	A/C	Ingst	Int-S	2		
	•	Drug, unknown	1	1		J				
1302 p	45 y F	Allopurinol	2	2	U	Ingst	Int-S	3		
1502 p	15 / 1	Drug, unknown	1	1	C	ingst	iii 5	5		
		Bupropion	2	2					Bupropion	12.9 mg/L In Blood (unspecified) @ Autopsy
1303 p	47 y M				A	Ingst	Unk	1		(unspecified) (a) Nutopsy
		Drug, unknown	1	1						
		Loratadine Acetaminophen/	2 3	2 3						
		propoxyphene Duloxetine	4	4						
		Zolpidem	5	5						
1304 p	49 y M	D. 1			U	Ingst	Int-U	3		
		Drug, unknown Acetaminophen	1 2	1 2					Acetaminophen	79.7 mcg/mL In Serum @
1205	40 M	•			T T	I I.a.I.	I Ind.	2	•	Unknown
1305	49 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	U	Unk	Unk	3		
		Ethanol	2	2					Ethanol	270 mcg/dL In Blood
1306 p	50 y F				U	Unk	Int-S	2		(unspecified) @ Unknown
-	-	Drug, unknown	1	1						
1307	51 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
		Acetaminophen	2	2						
1308	52 y M	Drug, unknown	1	1	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
1309	52 y M	-		1	U	Unk	Unk	2		
1210 m	52 E	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Inact	Linia	2		
1310 p	53 y F	Drug, unknown	1	1	A	Ingst	Unk	2		
		Methadone	2 3	2 3						
1311	53 y F	Marijuana	3	3	U	Ingst	Int-S	1		
	JU , 1	Drug, unknown Benzodiazepine	1 2	1 2	J	501	5	•		





Table 21. Listing of fatal nonpharmaceutical and pharmaceutical exposures (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Annual report ID	Age/Sex	Substances	Substance rank	Cause rank	Chronicity	Route	Reason	AAPCC RCF	Analyte	Blood concentration @ time
Unknown E	Orug, continue	d								
1312 p	59 y F				A	Ingst	Int-S	2		
•	•	Drug, unknown	1	1		Ü				
1313	61 y F	-			U	Ingst	Unk	3		
		Drug, unknown	1	1						
1314	66 y M				A	Inhal	AR-D	1		
		Sevoflurane	1	1						
1315	Unknown adult (>=20 y)				A	Inhal	AR-D	2		
	M									
		sevoflurane	1	1						

Listing of 1,315 fatalities classified as RCF category = 1-Undoubtedly responsible, 2-Probably responsible, or 3-Contributory).

Case: Bracketed [case number] = Narrative provided for this case in Appendix B, i = case was reported to poison center indirectly (by coroner, medical examiner, or other) after the fatality occurred, p = prehospital cardiac and/or respiratory arrest, h = hospital records reviewed, a = autopsy report reviewed.

Age Gender: y = years, m = months, d = days, F = female, F-pregnant = pregnant female), M = male, U = unknown.

Chronicity: C = chronic exposure, A = acute exposure, A/C = acute on chronic, U = unknown.

Route: Aspir = Aspiration (with ingestion), B-S = Bite/sting, Derm = Dermal, Ingst = Ingestion, Inhal = Inhalation/nasal, Oc = Ocular, Ot = Otic, Oth = Other, Par = Parenteral,

Rec = Rectal, Unk = Unknown, Vag = Vaginal.

Reason: AR-D = Adverse reaction – Drug, AR-F = AR – Food, AR-O = AR – Other, Int-A = Intentional – Abuse, Int-M = Int – Misuse, Int-S = Int – Suspected Suicide, Int-U = Int – Unknown, Oth-C = Other – Contamination/tampering, Oth-M = Oth – Malicious, Oth-W = Oth – Withdrawal, Unk = Unknown reason, Unt-B = Unintentional – Bite/sting, Unt-E = Unt – Environmental, Unt-F = Unt – Food poisoning, Unt-G = Unt – General, Unt-M = Unt – Misuse, Unt-O = Unt – Occupational, Unt-T = Unt – Therapeutic error,

RCF (Relative Contribution to Fatality): 1 = Undoubtedly responsible, 2 = Probably responsible, 3 = Contributory, 4 = Probably not responsible.

*Cause Rank differed from Substance Rank for these substances in this multisubstance case.



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Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	J. O.		Age			Reason	u		Treated		-	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Adhesives/Glues Miscellaneous Adhesives/Glues Connocombates (Sunaschuse atc.)	0.073	980 8	3 063	1 188	7,607	5098	187	35	73	1 027	1 001	1 650	370	v	C
Cyanoacrylates (Superglues, etc.) Epoxy Non Towic Adherings/Glues (White Glue	772	688 688 717	256	1,466 46 240	297 297	650 650 1 643	16	y 4 c	£ 4 "	201	154	1,039	31.3	n — c	o c
Non-10xic Adnesives/Glues (White Glue, Paper Glue, etc.)	1,613	1,/14	1,201	349	173	1,042	90	7	n	2	197	90	n	0	>
Toluene/Xylene (Adhesives Only) Unknown Types of Adhesive, Glue,	505 4,235	490 4,065	284 2,021	48 534	113	462 3,832	20 114	1 14	9	75 745	128 795	86 675	14 124	0	0 0
Category Total: Alcohols	16,398	15,943	7,725	2,465	4,390	15,281	392	110	134	2,991	2,365	2,640	447	11	-
Miscellaneous Alcohols	6	•	,	,	•		;			;	,	,			
Ethanol (Beverages) Ethanol (Non-Beverage, Non-Rubbing) Higher Alcohols (Butanol, Amyl Alcohol,	50,919 17,291 201	8,560 15,901 150	1,459 12,491 60	1,833 1,616 10	4,380 1,485 45	2,496 15,100 142	5,512 587 5	204 165 2	196 20 1	3,552 844 56	1,153 4,060 46	1,174 1,142 25	935 107 7	185 14 0	0 0 0
Isopropanol (Excluding Rubbing	7,405	6,784	3,989	534	1,916	5,825	843	61	23	1,302	1,684	1,040	270	33	0
Accords and Cleaning Agents) Methanol (Excluding Automotive Production of Cleaning Agents)	792	619	149	69	319	530	62	5	5	326	152	114	48	15	7
Other Types of Alcohol Unknown Types of Alcohol	534 652	514 271	403 82	27 42	66 106	499 162	9 85	- 8	4 4	49 105	164 44	45 43	20	0 111	0 0
Rubbing Alcohols Rubbing Alcohols: Ethanol with Methyl	9	9	S	0	1	S	-	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0
Salicylate Rubbing Alcohols: Ethanol without	249	242	152	14	69	223	17	1	0	28	73	30	4	0	0
Rubbing Alcohols: Isopropanol with	331	315	235	17	50	293	18	2	0	64	116	47	9	-	0
Rubbing Alcohols: Isopropanol without Mathyl Salicylete	7,566	7,083	4,514	520	1,755	6,239	735	99	13	1,221	1,665	1,049	234	30	0
Rubbing Alcohols: Unknown Category Total:	71 86,017	64 40,509	30 23,569	9 4,691	10,211	53 31,567	7,881	3 518	0 266	10 7,558	9,162	15 4,724	1,636	2 291	0 27
Arts/Crafts/Office Supplies Miscellaneous Arts/Crafts/Office Supplies															
Artist Paints (Non-Water Color) Artist Paints (Water Color)	3,193 1,295	3,093 1,268	2,237 1,105	399 110	374 42	3,020 1,259	46 2	9 v	16 2	118 18	440 153	143 23	17	0 1	00
Chalks Clays	1,798 2,617	1,762 2,568	1,624 2,223	95 245	30 77	1,737 2,522	30 30	- 4	£ 2	40 73	214 301	86 86	m ∞	00	00
Crayons	2,483	2,428	2,126	206	77	2,393	29	ю -	0 -	56	249	38	7 0	00	00
Office Supplies: Miscellaneous Other Types of Arts/Crafts/Writing	211	203	87 87 87	26 284 684	69 474	192	01 021	0 1	3,1	233	37	35	0 4 °C	0 -	0 -
Products) () (} ;	} ;) è	,	•	
Pencils Pens or links	2,471	2,431	1,211	1,037 3,869	130 474	2,312 15,684	79 463	2, 4	0 26	367	214 2,155	186 374	23	- 0	00
Typewriter Correction Fluids Unknown Types of Arrs/Crafts/Writing	1,776	1,753	1,344	276	95 4	1,684	56	60	0 -	108	435	133	60	00	00
Products	701			1 6	F ,		> (• ;	o ;) (,		•	,
Category Total: Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Products	38,860	37,865	28,331	7,008	1,866	36,714	808	173	131	1,166	2,087	1,351	103	ε.	-
Automotive Products: Brake Fluids Automotive Products: Ethylene Glycol	1,073 5,363	1,016 4,921	317	100	498 3,170	959	43 648	7 88	30	397	242 949	271 780	49	9 140	0 7
(Including Antifreeze) Automotive Products: Glycol and	235	223	51	36	104	206	13	2	-	99	54	49	4	ε	-
Methanol Mixtures															



Table 224. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

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Death 0 0 0 0000000 00000 0 - 0 000 0 - 0 0 0 0 - 0 00000 10 12 12 0 4 0 0 0 3 3 10004 - 2 -0 0 7 00000 713 123 50 18 $\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 202 \\ 204 \\ 0 \\ 18 \end{array}$ 55 05 24 64 3 115 5 5 259 1 6 26 89 428 65 37 17 17 583 576 46 Moderate 2,877 277 38 099 89 295 228 38 103 8 13 2 0 46 95 21 11,180 10 10 2,975 16 7 52 615 2,670 328 394 Treated in Health 1 0 8 8 30 2,211 52 361 541 490 8 21 246 facility 546 220 26 777 350 118 40 6 32 57 144 804 122 122 39 360 360 525 40 90 care 0 - 1 - 0 0 - 1 - 0 3 3 3 3 3 94802120 4 Adv 25 13 146 Reason 000 33 0 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 5 1 90 100 lnt ,011 779 306 2,458 1,023 11,038 798 135 4,680 61 9,213 1,505 7,883 1,272 1,307 293 10,378 15,488 1,888 ,876 293 67 67 14 14 135 35 69 581 838 000 12 27 27 834 201 Unint 39 32 2 2 2 1 1 18 30 30 527 47 925 20 20 1,916 615 4,129 564 735 114 5,200 9,893 873 306 461 776 9 21 388 628 63 292 6,361 714 251 75 1,01 80 26 936 12 1,723 1,474 6-19157 25 25 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 86 4 162 379 42 220 ,421 341 215 54 54 ,651 334 134 167 725 0 0 4 4 188 294 $_{Age}$ 2 7 115 2,187 31 76 89 301 0 6 95 3,122 107 41 97 178 1,063 251 741 9 3 14 14 36 3,122 69 806 142 5,007 1,149 66 9,678 2,598 12,275 1,017 781 317 7 66 71 1,526 7,890 1,303 1,313 295 10,525 15,495 1,891 600 838 9002 112 36 850 ,932 exposures No. of single 3,160 3,160 3,160 825 149 5,079 68 9,898 1,027 785 332 608 840 2,008 12 39 857 2,737 1,245 2,017 13,133 1,585 7,984 1,319 1,323 309 10,694 15,522 1,921 7 68 73 nentions No. of case Automotive Products: Other Glycols Miscellaneous Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Products Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Products: Non-Fish Stings Jellyfish and Other Coelenterate Stings Other or Unknown Marine Animal Bites (Transmission Fluids, Power Steering Automotive Products: Methanol (Dry Gas, Windshield Washing Solutions, Other Types of Battery Penlight/Flashlight/Dry Cell Batteries Exotic Snake: Unknown If Poisonous Automotive Products: Hydrocarbons Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Products: Unknown Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Products: Automotive/Aircraft/Boat Batteries Batteries
Disc Batteries
Disc Batteries: Alkaline (MNO2) Disc Batteries: Nickel Cadmium Centipede or Millipede Bites Mosquito Bites Other Insect Bites and/or Stings Disc Batteries: Mercuric Oxide Exotic Snakes: Non-Poisonous Bee, Wasp, or Hornet Stings Disc Batteries: Silver Oxide Unknown Types of Battery **Exotic Snakes: Poisonous** Disc Batteries: Unknown and/or Envenomations Disc Batteries: Zinc-Air Disc Batteries: Lithium Disc Batteries: Other Miscellaneous Batteries Category Total: Bites and Envenomations Ant or Fire Ant Bites Other Mammal Bites Scorpion Stings Tick Bites Mammals Dog Bites Fox Bites Human Bites Bat Bites Cat Bites Category Total:



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	No		Age			Reason	ı		Treated		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv rxn	care facility	None	Minor]	Moderate	Major	Death
Raccoon Bites Rodent or Lagomorph Bites (Squirrels, Rats, Mice, Gerbils, Hamsters, Rabbits,	156	154 1,459	14 324	23 416	88 510	153 1,437	0 5	13	5 0	85 391	16 70	29 313	8 21	00	00
etc.) Skunk Bites	187	183	20	31	68	175	1	5	-	15	15	36	4	0	0
Miscellaneous bites and Envenomations Other or Unknown Animal Bites Other or Unknown Reptile Bites Unknown Types of Insect or Spider Bite	362 722 4,308	357 706 4.272	55 242 738	61 237 698	191 184 2.513	354 682 4.247	0 111 7	0 7 8	0 8 7	125 129 578	11 53 44	115 190 499	37 22 168	707	000
and/or Envenomation Miscellaneous Snake Bites and Envenomations Unknown or Known Non-Poisonous	1,301	1,288	108	436	645	1,285	0	-	-	460	84	539	51	ю	0
Snake Bites Unknown Types of Snake Envenomation	1,678	1,662	126	440	994	1,659	-	0	1	1,206	58	669	353	26	_
Snakes Copperhead Envenomations	1,287	1,268	50	227	931	1,262	4	0	_	1,176	12	377	829	30	0
Coral Envenomations Cottonmouth Envenomations	99 189	98 185	c1 &	19 24	66 143	98 183	0 -	00	00	89 160	w w	62 62	26 73	<i>-</i> 9	00
Rattlesnake Envenomations Unknown Crotalid Envenomations	1,158	1,130	53 23	157 129	873 339	1,120	7 0	0 1	0 0	1,013 465	27 10	239 158	550 240	78	0 1
Spiders Black Widow Spider Bites and/or	2,524	2,511	202	349	1,750	2,503	3	3	-	966	114	630	396	18	0
Envenomations Brown Recluse Spider Bites and/or Envenometions	1,564	1,545	116	191	1,026	1,534	2	2	9	515	41	353	244	11	0
Other Decretizing Spider Bites and/or	173	169	26	23	76	169	0	0	0	43	6	55	16	0	0
Control Spider Bites and/or Envenomations Tarantula Bites and/or Envenomations	8,085	8,041 101 72,475	939	1,379	4,763	8,017	2 - 2	\$ 0	005	1,491	138	1,826	495	9 0 0	004
Category 10tar. Building and Construction Products Insulation	207,67	6/+,7/	10,000	21,2,61	t, 0, 1,	72,033	/71	101	1/	101,11	1,55,1	13,123	0,000	4	J.
Assessor	485	431	39	41	234	422	- 5	- 0	ω <u>ξ</u>	100	89	28	10	0	0
ribergiass Other Types of Insulation	93/	88/ 106	3/8 36	151 8	239 42	85 / 102	10	0	7 7	5 7 7 7	6 6	22	ς ς «	00	00
Unknown Types of Insulation Urea or Formaldehyde Insulations	490 13	456 13	270 3	39 2	121	439 12	ж - -	0 5	9 0	38	1	59 6	15	0 0	00
Miscellaneous Building and Construction Products Caulking Compounds and Construction Parties	1cts 2,667	2,588	1,904	174	403	2,544	18	7	19	213	517	193	30	0	0
Cement or Concrete (Excluding Glues) Other Types of Building or Construction	1,453 $2,870$	1,397 2,683	409 1,526	74 219	755 720	1,359 2,602	12 34	4 15	16 29	538 460	162 459	291 399	264 142	9 %	0 0
rrouters Soldering Flux Unknown Types of Building or Construction Products	261 115	258 110	98	28 16	106	242 108	0 1	4 0	11	72 28	42	82 23	16	0 1	00
Category Total: Chemicals Acids	9,402	8,929	4,683	752	2,693	8,687	98	42	76	1,571	1,428	1,281	518	15	0
Hydrochloric Acid Hydrochloric Acid	2,539	2,115	143	416	1,277	2,033	39	16	18	783	189	723	260	L L	- 0
Other Types of Acid Unknown Types of Acid	5,531 240	4,783	672 15	753 30	2,642 135	4,594 196	93	25 8	33	1,676	508	1,454 54 54	296 38 38	2 2	0.70
														(Con	(Continued)



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	Mo		Age			Reason	n		Treated		С	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	nn rreann care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Miscellaneous Chemicals Acetone (Excluding Nail Polish	1,151	996	347	115	418	883	43	12	12	285	167	196	47	2	0
Removers) Alkalis (Excluding Cleaning Agents, Blacker Batteries, and Patengers)	4,117	3,571	580	808	2,028	3,401	72	37	39	1,762	334	1,089	63.7	55	0
Ammonia (Excluding Cleaning Agents) Borates of Boric Acid (Excluding	3,561 2,796	2,711 2,539	706 1,239	349 266	1,291 840	2,520 2,359	116 92	34 40	23 35	945 414	293 594	807 242	279 48	15	1 0
I opicals and Pesticides) Chlorates (Excluding Matches and	33	26	ю	9	15	24	2	0	0	10	-	11	2	0	0
Cyanides (Excluding Rodenticides)	238	174	20	9	127	125	25	13	- 0	121	56	39	Ξ	r 0	80
Dioxins Ethylene Glycol (Excluding Automotive,	797	611	47	49	418	334	207	25	3 0	398	74	84	75	107	0 41
Allerati, of Boat Froducis) Formaldehyde or Formalin Ketones Methylene Chloride (Excluding Paint	951 489 258	839 403 219	1111 130 51	165 23 38	429 211 104	756 382 215	36 8 3	10 0	21 11 1	343 196 78	1111 72 34	262 130 57	43 47 22	- 2 2	000
Strippers) Nitrates and Nitrites (Excluding	1,417	1,311	445	477	315	1,168	108	22	7	247	285	177	40	11	1
Other Chemicals – Unknown If Toxic Other Glycols (Eveluding Automotive, Other Glycols (Eveluding Automotive, Arien February)	12,979 88 1,035	11,170 82 847	4,295 67 397	1,784 3 81	$\frac{3,970}{10}$	10,133 77 779	433 0 35	211 4 8	334 1 18	2,524 8 245	2,095 10 170	1,889 2 158	647 4 44	35 0 2	0 0 0
Aliciali, of Boat Froducis) Phenol or Creosotes (Excluding	374	346	32	32	212	333	3	1	3	156	30	103	46	2	0
Dismiectants) Strychnine (Excluding Rodenticides) Tolinana Discognanata	40	34	14	3	14	23	9	m v	77	14	∞ o	4 6	1 22	0	00
Unknown Chemicals Category Total:	4,220 44,361	3,927 38,236	987 10,470	577 5,783	1,724 17,327	3,232 34,877	138 1,479	291 768	158 754	1,330 12,383	528 5,722	864 8,721	$\frac{20}{306}$	28 306	25
Cleaning Substances (Household) Automatic Dishwasher Detergents Automatic Dishwasher Detergents:	3,600	3,537	3,015	06	335	3,502	14	15	S	118	1,008	459	20	-	0
Automatic Dishwasher Detergents:	3,437	3,390	2,953	78	301	3,369	14	4	3	131	1,050	429	21	0	0
Liquids Automatic Dishwasher Detergents:	1,866	1,854	1,742	33	63	1,843	3	4	3	<i>L</i> 9	295	245	-	0	0
Automatic Dishwasher Rinse Agents Other or Unknown Types of Automatic Dishwasher Detergent	1,062 7,322	1,026	890	19	82 274	1,017 7,240	7 6	13	3	91 232	208 2,005	198 1,120	11 22	0 1	0 0
Bleaches: Borates Bleaches: Hypochlorite (Liquid and Dry) Bleaches: Non-Hypochlorite Bleaches: Other or Unknown (Household)	280 37,890 479 437	247 32,429 417 352	14,145 192 156	3,119 33 33	71 12,735 154 135	236 30,239 387 324	4 1,396 16 17	2 398 1 8	2 273 11 1	37 6,128 64 92	49 5,277 70 45	46 8,612 116 82	5 990 12 24	0 23 0 1	0070
Anionic or Nonionic Cleansers Other or Unknown Types of Household Cleanser	2,284 1,702	2,104	1,664	100	265 428	2,049	32 53	21	11	176 341	463 316	242 309	27	0 -1	0 0
Disinfectants Disinfectants: Hypochlorite (Non-Bleach	14,650	12,331	4,813	1,403	4,827	11,416	553	182	144	2,554	1,668	3,022	488	7	1
Disinfectants: Other or Unknown Disinfectants: Phenol Disinfectants: Phenol Disinfectants: Pine Oil	7,563 1,550 4,060	7,162 1,516 3,717	4,858 951 2,274	700 253 258	1,272 261 1,031	6,860 1,403 3,457	171 67 173	61 42 48	55 3 16	664 138 662	1,543 361 1,124	1,292 208 796	102 25 76	839	000
															1



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	97. 14	9		Age			Reason			Treated			Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in Health care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Drain Cleaners															
Drain Cleaners: Acids	57	40	7	- !	56	40	0	0	0	12	5	«	7	0	0
Drain Cleaners: Alkalis	3,861	3,217	ر ا	242	1,954	2,9/2	1.70	30	30	9/2	205 53	827	360	30	.n -
Drain Cleaners: Other or Unknown	780	6/1	113	7.7	335	580	22	> m	∞ ∞	1991	82 8	145	59	9	- 0
Drain Cleaners: Sulfuric Acid	432	345	36	25	218	332	5	-	9	137	31	91	74	5	0
Fabric Softeners/Antistatic Agents	c	c	c	c	c	c	c	c	c	-	,	c	c	c	c
Fabric Softener/Antistatic Agent: Other or Unknown	6	6	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	-	3	0	0	0	0
Fabric Softeners/Antistatic Agents:	172	163	147	3	10	160	-	-	-	S	33	16	0	0	0
Aerosol or Spray	7	7	9	c	c	9	c	c	c	ŗ	c	c		c	c
rabite Softeners/Anustatic Agents: Dry or Powder	0	0	0	•	0	0	>	0	0	7	•	0	0	•	>
Fabric Softeners/Antistatic Agents:	1,044	826	783	43	132	951	10	7	15	98	223	106	5	0	0
Liquid Fabric Softeners/Antistatic Agents: Solid	553	540	459	24	4	530	4	2	4	13	84	35	-	0	0
or Sheet															
Glass Cleaners		000	0	0	0	0	ţ	Ċ	c	i	, 00	,	ć	•	•
Glass Cleaners: Ammonia Containing Glass Cleaners: Anionics or Nonionics	4,324	5,925	3,265	697 16	329	3,783	/ ₄	ξ 4	× c	255	40° 40°	486 26	23	7 0	-
Glass Cleaners: Isopropanol	3,146	2,894	2,276	223	331	2,792	72	19	m	229	692	327	17	0	0
Glass Cleaners: Other or Unknown Types	1,571	1,409	1,096	110	161	1,335	53	12	5	148	335	165	=	-	0
of Household Hand Dishwashing															
Anionic or Nonionic Hand Dishwashing	5,498	5,060	3,294	376	1,179	4,844	85	73	49	310	577	922	46	2	-
Detergents															
Other or Unknown Types of Household	3,329	3,073	1,902	242	298	2,916	61	62	29	144	371	440	24	0	0
Hand Dishwasning Detergent Laundry Additives															
Enzyme and/or Microbiological Laundry	100	06	52	3	27	68	-	0	0	22	14	25	5	0	0
Additives I comdant Diving and/or Describe	36	=	10	r	c	Q	-	<	c	v	9	9	<	c	c
Launary Bluing and/or Brigntening Agents (without Detergent)	6	4	19	_	6	04	-	0	0	n	0	0	0	•	0
Laundry Detergent Boosters	49	36	21	2	11	34	2	0	0	2	11	9	0	0	0
Other or Unknown Laundry Additives or	2,617	2,448	2,054	147	206	2,370	38	29	6	168	529	301	19	0	0
Water Softeners	52	48	21	ν.	13	46	0	_	O	4		9	0	0	0
Laundry Detergents	}	2	i	,	:	?	,	,	,			•	,	,	,
Laundry Detergents: Granules	4,121	3,919	3,165	173	472	3,835	29	∞ ;	15	474	781	754	50	-	0
Laundry Detergents: Liquids	4,945	4,724	3,529	261	770	4,587	86	19	16	561	814	1,012	69 69	Ś	0
Launary Detergents: Omer of Onknown Types of Household Laundry Detergent	134	110	/1	-	C7	100	1	1	7	† 7	01	17	o	>	>
and/or Fabric Cleaner															
Laundry Detergents: Soaps	79	71	46	9	15	89	-	-	-	10	15	10	4	0	0
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers:	391	374	326	19	21	370	-	-	2	70	57	78	20	0	0
Aerosol or Spray Solvent Based			į			į				,	1	i	!	,	,
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers:	292	282	264	m	12	281	0	-	0	62	23	54	12	0	0
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Dry	1	1	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Solvent Based	•	•	ò	,	•	•		((c	7	c	,	((
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Dry Surfactant Based	109	109	96	s.	n	108	-	0	0	×	71	×	τ,	0	0
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Liquid	965	917	725	38	112	905	7	4	3	133	292	148	16	0	0
Solvent Based I aundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Liquid	2 878	2 763	2 461	×	791	2 731	20	4	7	375	520	467	78	"	C
Surfactant Based	ĺ	Í	í			Î									
														į	

Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

				Age			Reason			Treated		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	lnt	Other	Adv	m rieaith care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Other	2,621	2,519	2,024	120	310	2,475	25	S	12	263	531	545	42	1	0
or Unknown Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Other	113	105	88	1	13	102	1	1	_	22	20	23	4	0	0
or Unknown Solvent Based Laundry Prewash/Stain Removers: Other or Unknown Surfactant Based	95	91	85		4	91	0	0	0	7	12	11	2	0	0
Miscellaneous Cleaners Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Acids Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Alkalis Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Anionics	1,974 9,514 7,364	1,722 8,707 6,729	1,060 5,786 4,833	87 535 419	471 2,044 1,217	1,667 8,376 6,497	23 182 103	11 69 48	18 63 66	327 1,425 775	434 1,890 1,376	399 1,489 1,102	85 299 109	1 6 4	0 0 0
or Nontonics Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents:	2,647	2,464	1,314	227	<i>L</i> 69	2,231	109	92	26	485	575	208	9/	0	0
Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Ethanol (Excluding Automotive Products)	612	594	442	75	89	574	10	∞	7	45	137	62	5	0	0
Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Glycols	858	908	511	98	170	772	21	9	7	117	171	145	17	-	1
Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Isopropanol (Excluding Automotive	1,918	1,865	1,127	473	199	1,734	87	31	6	206	466	280	23	0	0
Products and Glass) Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Methano (Excluding Automotive	17	17	5		6	17	0	0	0	S	4	7	0	0	0
Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Other or	5,308	4,819	3,220	417	932	4,587	101	89	46	714	1,128	906	119	3	0
Unknown rousehold Cleaning Agents Miscellaneous Cleaning Agents: Phenol (Excluding Disinfectants)	S	v	3	-	-	Ś	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0
Miscellaneous Cleaning Substances (Household) Ammonia Cleaners (All Purpose) Carpet, Upholstery, Leather, or Vinyl	1,346 5,617	999 5,271	365 4,148	103 220	441 742	936 5,162	46 46	8 15	r 44	196 651	162 1,123	227 877	44 88	4 v	0 0
Hydrofluoric Acid or Bifluoride Wheel	78	77	23	9	45	75	2	0	0	57	10	32	14	0	0
Starches, Fabric Finishes, or Sizing	521	208	434	22	44	496	∞	-	ъ	18	76	45	-	-	0
Oven Cleaners: Acids Oven Cleaners: Alkalis	10 2.008	1.938	2 436	1 236	3 1.042	8	0 48	0 16	0	3 754	2 219	3 530	1 279	0 11	00
Oven Cleaners: Detergent Types Oven Cleaners: Other or Unknown	16 387	, 16 365	6 84	1 56	, 8 182	, 16 338	120	0 %	0 9	3 116	2 14	1 87	31	0 7	0 0
Rust Removers Rust Removers: Acids Other Than Hydrofluoric Acid Tymes	691	609	246	35	278	586	15	7	0	150	128	161	40	2	0
Representation of the Property Removers: Alkalis Bust Demovers: Hydrollogic Acid	313	3	0 5	0 5	3	3	0 2	0 ٢	0 %	137	0 5	1 2 1	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 0	00
Rust Removers: Other or Unknown Snot Removers: Other or Unknown Snot Removers: Other or Unknown	176	152	23	13	88	139	7	-	0 6	40	18	42	52	0	0
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents: Anionics or Nonionics	200	184	156	7	19	181	-	-	-	19	52	24	4	0	0
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents:	362	342	233	26	54	335	8	0	4	43	104	64	4	0	0
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents:	42	41	28	2	6	41	0	0	0	6	∞	6	3	0	0
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents: Other Halogenated Hydrocarbon Containing Products	46	45	23	∞	Ξ	44	0	0	0	12	6	6	4	0	0
														i	



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	J. J.	3° 2N		Age			Reason	ņ		Treated			Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	nn rreann care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents: Other Hydrocarbon and/or Non-	564	520	259	47	174	501	7	4	7	132	111	148	21	1	0
Halogenated Containing Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents:	146	136	100	9	24	134	-	0	-	27	33	23	7	0	0
Spot Removers/Dry Cleaning Agents: Perchloroethylene	25	24	18	ю	2	22	0	2	0	7	6	ς.	7	0	0
Tollet Bowl Cleaners Toilet Bowl Cleaners: Acids Toilet Bowl Cleaners: Alkalis Toilet Bowl Cleaners: Other or Unknown	6,346 3,015 2,582	4,301 2,668 2,305	1,787 1,784 1,766	399 121 78	1,774 611 362	4,119 2,607 2,246	132 45 37	21 4 2	27 12 12	775 370 246	953 807 573	1,540 508 256	227 70 40	13 3	0 0 0
Wall/Floor/Tile Cleaners Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning	2,650	2,311	1,563	134	515	2,235	35	13	26	397	640	557	\$	0	0
Agents: Acids Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning	7,935	7,037	4,839	421	1,455	6,771	162	42	48	1,113	1,655	1,366	222	9	1
Agents: Alkalis Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning A gents: A pionics or Nomionics	7,446	6,753	4,246	516	1,685	6,434	223	49	31	1,138	1,433	1,120	1111	3	-
Agents: Amontos of Nomonics Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning	2,767	2,452	1,634	197	489	2,337	72	18	18	328	476	458	51	-	0
Agents: Cauonics Wall/FloorTile/All-Purpose Cleaning	237	217	180	15	17	206	2	9	3	6	4	24	0	0	0
Agents: Euranol Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning	2,082	1,851	1,465	95	234	1,803	28	6	8	143	476	276	21	0	0
Agents: Crycons Wall/Floor/Tile/Al-Purpose Cleaning	700	643	545	28	57	628	7	2	9	48	177	100	5	0	0
Agents: Isopropanol Wall/Floor/Tile/All-Purpose Cleaning	1,571	1,429	952	81	312	1,360	31	∞	22	216	379	262	4		0
Category Total: Cosmetics/Personal Care Products	213,214	191,379	120,295	14,127	46,754	182,923	4,980	1,699	1,343	27,481	39,379	38,103	5,034	181	14
Dental Care Products False Teeth Cleaning Agents Other Dental Care Products (Excluding	1,573 5,627	1,550 5,528	301 2,689	70 946	1,047 1,548	1,499	36 97	8 1	5 113	78 219	297 850	115 465	7 23	0 0	0 0
Fluoride Supplements) Toothpastes (with Fluoride) Toothpastes (without Fluoride) Unit Casa Bendance	23,468 2,309	22,910 2,209	20,610 1,959	956 85	1,085	22,165 2,134	246 13	106	386 56	383 31	4,395	1,119	43	1 0	0
Curl Activators Hair Coloring Agents (Excluding	55 2,572	52 2,489	38 1,002	3 227	$\frac{10}{1,015}$	50 2,077	2 26	0 4	378	10 495	17	9 578	3 153	0 0	0
Feroxides) Hair Oils	369	364	313	20	27	362	- (0	- 9	99	67	56	10	0	0
Hair Relaxers (with Other Alkalines) Hair Relaxers (with Other Non-Alkalines)	610 83	601 80	476 65	30	K 8	586 75	7 7	0 -	2 4	277	165 27	195 20	64 6	0 5	00
Hair Relaxers (with Sodium Hydroxide) Hair Rinses, Conditioners, Relaxers	763 2,289	2,182	536 1,859	120	137	2,124	33	0 %	18	359 160	148 433	237	96 27	0 0	00
Hair Sprays Other Hair Care Products (Excluding	1,976 3,249	1,783 3,123	1,230 2,251	218	309 514	1,580 2,956	180 53	9 8	108	264 429	405 552	286 434	42 95	0 %	0
Peroxides) Permanent Wave Solutions Shampoos Miccellus Commercial Commercials	312 6,863	305 6,512	187 5,159	24 464	73 732	285 6,263	4 178	0 13	16 51	110 487	56 942	91 991	32 71	0 1	0 0
Misconancous Cosmetos/Fersonal Care Front Baby Oils Bath Oils and/or Bubble Baths Creams I orions and Make-I in	2,291 3,895 28,088	2,233 3,817	2,045 3,468	57 197	96 119 2 003	2,200	19 31 230	s 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	7 29 333	161 144 757	516 665 4 082	208	17 17 93	1 0 4	000
Decdorants Deplatories Deputatories Douches	24,682 1,355 159	24,419 24,419 1,323 156	22,258 22,258 365 131	1,105 1,105 255 5	877 877 575 16	23,813 23,813 897 151	285 285 62 3	65 0 0	241 354 2	603 275 8	3,416 123 36	1,478 1,478 314	83 132 1	1000	000



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	,	,		Age			Reason			Treated			Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in rieann care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Eye Products Lipsticks and Lip Balms (with Camphor) Lipsticks and Lip Balms (without	1,475 1,001 4,442	1,399 975 4,278	$1,210 \\ 877 \\ 4,035$	45 56 156	104 31 71	1,366 953 4,214	6 8 23	3 3	24 10 34	51 26 63	204 201 540	66 67 133	14 0 11	0 0	0 0 0
Camphor) Perfumes, Colognes, and Aftershaves Peroxides Powders Made of Material Other Than	14,692 9,983 2,052	14,329 9,605 2,009	12,044 3,931 1,850	1,22 <i>7</i> 866 68	873 4,038 71	13,816 9,025 1,981	364 202 19	89 55 4	44 307 5	1,058 734 129	3,215 1,444 338	2,799 1,526 352	79 153 24	7 8 7	000
Powders Made of Talc Soaps (Bar, Hand, or Complexion) Suntan and/or Sunscreen Products	2,607 19,475 13,106	2,526 18,755 12,903	2,195 14,400 11,622	150 1,517 686	147 2,369 463	2,465 18,009 12,668	38 342 43	14 151 20	7 235 168	271 781 458	513 2,759 1,728	518 1,965 1,699	42 1114 79	3 0	000
Mouthwashes: Ethanol Containing Mouthwashes: Fluoride Containing Mouthwashes: Non Ethanol Containing Mouthwashes: Unknown	10,963 6,002 1,108 189	10,331 5,937 1,052 178	3,580 4,276 516 61	2,073 1,278 218 43	3,912 327 270 53	8,985 5,872 999 166	1,213 36 42 7	96	46 23 9 3	1,193 54 59 18	1,783 1,114 202 33	1,069 119 71 12	246 3 10 4	12 0 0 0	0000
Nail Products Acrylic Nail Adhesives Acrylic Nail Primers Acrylic Nail Removers Miscellaneous Nail Products Nail Polish Removers (Acetone	1,295 247 53 1,123 2,347	1,281 233 49 1,077 2,289	529 195 26 720 1,726	360 9 3 50 190	339 22 17 255 319	1,237 231 44 1,052 2,215	28 0 0 112 50	7 1 0 0 118	8 1 2 1 10 9 9	425 74 11 190 255	132 53 8 232 593	339 55 12 214 367	88 11 12 42 42	2 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00000
Containing) Nail Polishes Other Nail Polish Removers Unknown Nail Polish Removers Category Total:	10,667 1,356 7,713 224,484	10,364 1,328 7,434 217,963	9,460 1,028 5,351 170,210	455 128 735 16,478	336 144 1,114 25,860	10,261 1,286 7,200 209,649	75 28 161 4,206	12 7 48 789	111 7 16 3,128	534 122 815 12,667	1,878 363 1,748 37,072	1,135 223 1,050 22,288	42 13 61 2,078	0 2 1 58	0 0 0 0 1
Air Freshener: Aerosols Air Fresheners: Liquids Air Fresheners: Solids Air Fresheners: Volknown Form	2,774 9,102 5,048 2,367	2,694 9,010 5,012 2,340	2,010 8,140 4,566 2,005	347 383 160 157	262 394 223 139	2,579 8,895 4,971 2,285	69 76 25 33	33 29 10 7	9 5 12 12	237 704 254 184	472 2,157 1,131 592	509 1,482 470 358	34 73 25 27	4070	0 0 0 1
Miscellaneous Deodorizers Diaper Pail Deodorizers (Excluding Moth Repellents)	16	16	13	- 5	1	16	0 6	0 5	0 1	0	3	1 25	0 2	0 -	0 0
Outer Types of Decidentizer (100 For Personal Use) Toilet Bowl Deodorizers Unknown Types of Deodorizer (Not for Personal Use)	555 70	,307 533 66	3,208 440 45	242 29 7	53 12	4,173 521 62	. ∞ ∨	77	7 0	480 67 13	147 18	65 9	i 40	0 7 0	00
0	24,397	23,978	20,487	1,326	1,739	23,502	283	104	74	1,945	5,519	3,570	203	6	-
Miscellaneous Dyes Miscellaneous Dyes Dyes: Fabrics Dyes: Foods (Including Easter Egg) Dyes: Leathers Dyes: Other Dyes: Unknown Category Total: Essential Oils	464 1,247 110 596 81 2,498	451 1,194 107 549 77 2,378	333 983 80 245 46 1,687	63 153 11 189 10 426	33 10 10 85 182	433 1,146 107 512 65 2,263	4 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	\$ 0 0 \$ 2 1	13 0 0 25 8 8 53	31 28 10 68 14 151	109 183 31 85 11 419	19 50 1 38 8 8	2 2 0 4 7 0 0 2 4 7 7 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00000
Miscellaneous Essential Oil Cinnamon Oil Clove Oil Eucalyptus Oil Miscellaneous Essential Oils	530 491 502 6,819	483 463 476 6,651	303 320 289 5,746	103 27 35 287	63 98 116 495	388 429 449 6,555	60 10 16 40	10 2 4 19	25 20 7 36	35 86 113 562	48 131 134 1,560	192 93 90 1,079	9 8 20 65	3 5 0 0	0000



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Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

)										
	No of	No of		Age			Reason			Treated)	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv rxn	care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Pennyroyal Oil Tea Tree Oil Category Total:	24 1,090 9,456	21 1,035 9,129	3 673 7,334	1 83 536	15 235 1,022	11 968 8,800	8 23 157	1 2 38	1 42 131	7 162 965	293 2,170	$1 \\ 157 \\ 1,612$	0 30 132	1 7	0 0 0
Miscellaneous Fertilizers Household Plant Foods (Generally for	2,436	2,343	1,435	261	534	2,300	18	13	10	68	444	88	7	0	0
Indoor Plants) Other Types of Fertilizer Ourdoor Fertilizers	1,880	1,702	1,110	195	323	1,652	16	5 7	28	126	332	118	18	7 -	00
Plant Hormones	49	24.5	20,1	207	21	41	0 0	0 - 0	ţ ~ c	100	13	25.5	70,	- 0 0	000
Unknown 1ypes of Fertilizer Category Total:	7,581	7,144	5/ 4,579	738	26 1,498	696'9	58	35	76	13 389	24 1,492	413	25	3 0	00
Fire Extinguishers Miscellaneous Fire Extinguisher Miscellaneous Fire Extinguishers	3,354	3,275	316	917	1,436	2,978	93	156	19	406	564	810	143	-	0
Category Total: Food Products/Food Poisoning	3,354	3,275	316	917	1,436	2,978	93	156	19	406	564	810	143	-	0
Bacterial Food Poisoning (Documented) Botulism	152	143	29	10	79	127	2	ъ	∞	33	36	2	7	10	0
Other Types of Bacterial Food Poisoning (Salmonella Shigella Vibrio	853	804	189	116	387	726	С	26	18	136	68	115	37	1	-
Stathylococcus, Streptococcus, etc.) Unknown Types of Bacterial Food Poisoning	11,127	10,973	1,585	1,580	6,248	10,297	19	116	508	1,157	757	2,124	520	Ξ	0
Ichthyosarcotoxins Ciguatera Poisoning	176	168	7	15	129	156	0	0	12	103	S	46	54	S	0
Clupeotoxic Fish Poisoning	16	41.5	- 5	0 5	= 3	10	0 -	0 (4 %	9 6	7 4	- 2	0 ;	0 -	0
Other Types of Seafood Poisoning Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning	111	103 133	10 3	15 20	61 94	108		n 0	2 7	32 32	0 0	31	16 19	7	00
Scombroid Fish Poisoning Tetrodon Poisoning	199 138	190 134	13 12	16 44	132 64	138 128	- 4	0 -	50	33 8 33 8	11 3	67 32	19	1 5	0 -
Miscellaneous Food Products/Food Poisoning	000	100	220			0.00		94		000	5	0.00	- 40	C	
Capsicum Peppers (Exclude Non-Food) Monosodium Glutamate (MSG)	4,982 111	4,881 101	855 12	946 9	2,412 64	3,940 29	0 0	2 1	/9/	306 18	91	1,969	148 10	00	00
Other Adverse Reactions to Food	2,706	2,552	642	385	1,029	1,003	49	114	1,364	438	131	646 1 876	191	r "	00
Original Types of Suspected Food	20,400	110,00	.,11	1,00,1	7,00	0000	: ;		101	100,1	100	0/0/1	-	, ;	• •
Foreign Bodies/Toys/Miscellaneous	30,409	23,610	, , ,	t,510	10,010	70,000	117		1,00,0	3,300	0/6,1	0,932	6,6,1	7	4
Miscellaneous Foreign Bodies/Loys/Miscellaneous Ashes	ous 391	351	299	13	29	341	S	7	7	21	52	30	33	0	0
Bubble Blowing Solutions	5,089	5,047	4,740	229	61	4,998	33	6 6	L	124	672	739	22	0	0
Christmas ornaments	48 / 595	452 588	368 485	52	50 50	43 / 585	~ w	7 0	0 0	C 4	85 128	C 7	o €	00	00
Coins	4,124	4,063	3,304	632	98	3,964	87	\$	0	1,363	1,067	407	46	9	0
Desiccants Feces/Trine	42,592	42,382 5,668	37,895 4 656	2,512	1,382	41,948 5.476	300	109 149	16	1,447	5,650	254 106	~ «	- 0	00
Glass	6,435	6,344	1,519	881	2,656	6,207	31	89	33	362	1,016	260	22	0	0
Glow Products	19,213	19,186	12,901	5,738	334	18,914	231	12	17	774	2,336	3,617	83		00
Other Types of Foreign Body, Toy, or Miscellaneous Substance	25,268	24,179	16,403	3,755	2,884	23,298	437	226	164	2,130	4,107	1,070	157	- 4	0
Soil Toys	2,444 9,910	2,116 9,839	1,775 7,635	133 1,917	168	2,077 9,675	20 110	21	15 26	99 200	$\frac{310}{1,530}$	109 624	14 31	3	0 0
															•



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

\$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Ā	Age			Reason			Treated		O	Outcome		
State Stat	No. o case mentio			-9	< 61-9	- 61×	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in Health care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
rers: Mercury 3,646 3,628 1,076 fers: Other 1,620 1,610 596 1,610 596 fers: Unknown 130,123 127,345 94,792 1 as Fumes/Gases/Vapors					135	29	698	11	10	3	69	144	62	7	0	0
apons s Fumes/Gases/Vapors xxide noxide no	13	12		_	1,081 420 197 8.039	904 373 206 9.923	3,566 1,554 703 124.890	40 21 3 1.379	6 29 1 1 653	12 5 0 315	241 82 49 7.677	757 304 50 19.040	36 64 3 7.475	3 1 5 412	0 0 0	0000
ith Hypochlorite) Sulfide (Sewer Gas) July 1,193 July 1,076 July 1,533 July 1,076 July 1,533 July 1,076 July 1,03 July 1,03 July 1,03 July 1,04 Ju	ies/Gases/Vapors de 'hen Household Acid is	_		•			379 12,877 760 4,567 1.392	27 270 24 105 39	11 15 1 0 0	4 4 4 0 0 0 65 2	80 5,450 174 1,500 415	2,602 84 226 112	67 3,544 269 1,821 576	22 1,141 97 737 285	1 171 0 13 0	0 4 0 0 0
s Heavy Metals 1,145 1,057 1,145 1,057 1,19 1,19 1,19 1,19 1,19 1,19 1,19 1,1	61	ω			-	530 1,940 717 7 1,173 907 6,730	1,058 4,239 1,294 10 2,165 2,052 30,793	6 15 48 0 0 180 19 733	0 3 113 0 8 8 87 134	10 12 32 32 0 0 15 15 195	323 752 381 0 702 395 10,172	207 1,162 209 5 282 193 5,139	253 728 356 1 668 640 8,923	85 123 114 224 148 2,977	11 3 4 0 17 1221	2040104
refer) e Fever s of Heavy Metal Cyde 1,882 2,646 1,882 699 25 25 25 683 39 25 14 12,096 10,625 3,253 8 Hydrocarbons 150 118 11 18 11 12 12 133 1,275 194 150 104 105 104 105 105 105 10	des)	2,5	- i		85 65 65 14 10 11 11 17	279 495 6 6 27 27 278 1 1 1 13 13 88 88 988 988	1,023 573 22 32 32 628 12 2,722 2,722 89 1.973	27 12 0 0 0 0 33 2 2 10 2 10 3	115 0 0 1 12 0 0 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	6 16 17 17 17 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	64 458 8 8 26 200 200 1 1,087 16 33	135 133 10 0 10 87 87 612 612 28 498	40 69 69 208 139 7 7	588 2 2 2 2 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-00000000
150 118 11 etrachloride 35 31 1 etrachloride 1,333 1,275 194 1 Other Propellants 7,573 7,273 112	_	. =	က်	- i		501 709 10 27 4,036	637 1,653 13 59 9,468	30 95 0 0 318	27 6 6 8 4 8 8	13 93 1 1 226	184 395 10 22 3,025	19 366 4 11 1,907	190 183 1 2 938	77 61 4 2 359	360083	0000%
Other Propellants 7,573 7,273 712						76 23 759	110 30 1,216	£ 0 4 5	1 0 6	1006	72 8 879	23	33	6 0 51	0 0 0	000
1,277 1,209 5,340 1,277 1,209 5,80 1,837 1,816 1,416 1,749 2,563 1,419 1,010 Motor Oils 4,921 4,625 2,981	ropellants J Vor Naphtha und/or Motor Oils	1			2,678 126 64 259 337	3,728 8,249 405 287 693 1,010	5,874 14,903 1,133 1,778 2,431 4,499	1,212 1,010 52 26 71 64	99 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	55 8 8 8 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2,069 2,576 352 592 842 739	1,341 2,254 237 471 564 1,497	1,662 5,476 343 459 674 719	588 491 56 137 169	30 30 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	000
Mineral Spirits 2,176 1,980 661 Other Types of Halogenated Hydrocarbon 447 393 98	alogenated Hydrocarbon				39	887 210	23 1,840 371	87 87	29 6	17 5	633 145	356 41	541 142	137	0 0	0 0 0 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	4	J 14		Age			Reason			Treated		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	n rreann care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Other Type of Hydrocarbon	5,172	4,826	2,392	475	1,556	4,581	138	47	47	1,243	1,181	1,128	210	~	0
Toluene and/or Xylene (Excluding	922	758	135	92	451	691	52	4	9	325	104	239	73	5	-
Addressves) Turpentine Unknown Types of Hydrocarbon Category Total: Industrial Classics	490 715 46,357	428 628 44,050	147 252 14,565	42 87 6,148	202 234 18,774	373 552 40,405	46 60 2,875	6 12 403	1 4 235	152 225 10,257	91 131 8,469	92 160 12,118	20 45 2,123	1 144	0 0 11
Miscellaneous Industrial Cleaners Industrial Cleaner: Disinfectants Industrial Cleaner: Other or Unknown Industrial Cleaners: Acids Industrial Cleaners: Akids Industrial Cleaners: Akidsis Industrial Cleaners: Alkalis	2,850 1,527 1,458 2,827 939	2,707 1,378 1,272 2,624 828	270 329 402 730 429	316 161 82 299 85	1,666 720 638 1,335 263	2,496 1,280 1,189 2,484 788	171 45 47 82 82 25	22 32 28 8 8	13 14 24 6	895 600 359 1,284 169	269 179 221 320 130	927 483 341 897 191	307 142 85 85 381 26	10 1 6 6 1	0 - 1 - 0 0
Nomones Industrial Cleaners: Cationics Category Total: Information Calls	894 10,495	839 9,648	187 2,347	123 1,066	435 5,057	766 9,003	49 419	11	8 48	3,624	123 1,242	287 3,126	54 995	0 44	7 0
Food Information Calls Information Calls About Food Products,	12,919	11,413	6,961	1,538	2,192	6,679	541	248	868	1,030	1,498	1,182	221	11	0
Additives of Supplements Information Calls About Possibly Spoiled	17,981	17,564	5,143	2,866	7,320	16,507	52	359	618	772	2,157	1,169	188	2	0
Miscellaneous Information Calls Administrative Information Drug Information Medical Information Poison Information Category Total:	1 2 2 4 30,908	1 0 2 2 4 28,984	0 0 1 2 12,107	0 0 0 0 4,404	1 0 1 1 1 9,515	1 0 1 4 4 26,192	0 0 0 0 0 593	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 1,517	0 0 1 1,804	0 0 0 2 3,657	1 0 0 1 1,353	0 0 0 0 409	0 0 0 0 4	00000
Lacrimators: Miscellaneous Lacrimators Lacrimators: Capsicum Defense Sprays Lacrimators: CN (Chloroacetophenone) Lacrimators: CS (O-Chlorobenzylidene	4,009 1,066 43	3,979 1,054 43	635 171 3	1,455 307 5	1,272 429 22	2,917 743 41	182 46 2	700 203 0	45 14 0	534 182 21	147 52 9	1,831 452 12	112 86 10	0 1 2	000
Matches/Fireworks/Explosives	23 274 5,415	20 255 5,351	1 43 853	2 65 1,834	14 111 1,848	19 196 3,916	1 5 236	0 43 946	0 5	11 58 806	1 11 220	8 111 2,414	1 7 216	0 1 4	000
Miscellanceous Matches/Fireworks/Explosives Explosives Fireworks Matches Other Types of Match, Firework, or	273 720 741 56	257 714 726 53	158 606 656 36	43 66 31 12	42 31 30 5	234 700 717 51	14 8 6	0 3 3 6	1 0 2 3	62 72 25 10	54 215 161 16	37 62 9 13	11 1 4	1 0 0 1	0000
Explosive Unknown Types of Match, Firework, or Explosive	9	9	5 -	0	- 9	9	0 6	0 9	0	0 9	- 1	0 5	0 }	0 (0 0
Caregory Total. Mushrooms Miscellaneous Mushrooms Group I Mushrooms: Cyclopeptides Group IA Mushrooms: Cyclopeptides	1,790	1,730 42 4	1,401	4 0	28 1	30 4 4	10 0	0 0	0 70	32 33 3	60	121 5 0	0 0 0	7 9 1	0 % 0
Orellanine Group 2 Mushrooms: Muscimol (Ibotenic Acid)	42	37	11	9	19	19	17	0	0	27	∞	7	10	4	0
														(Con	(Continued)



	9	3		Age			Reason	и		Treated			Outcome		
	no. or case mentions	no. or single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in Health care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Group 3 Mushrooms:	39	35	9	2	21	30	0	0	4	16	7	9	4	0	0
Monomethylnydrazine (MMH) Group 4 Mushrooms: Muscarine and	42	41	4	4	29	27	∞	0	5	25	4	13	14	0	0
Group 5 Mushrooms: Coprine Group 6 Mushrooms: Hallucinogenics	26 758	23 574	28	308	10	21 82	1 479	0 4	1 7	4 429	9	8	0 248	0 6	0 0
(Psilocybin and Psilocin) Group 7 Mushrooms: Gastrointestinal	168	156	73	29	90	120	25	0	11	99	43	53	11	3	0
Mushrooms: Miscellaneous, Non-Toxic	190	170	73	17	69	133	9 6	00	26	43	50	37	11	0	00
Mushrooms: Unknown Category Total:	Α, O,	4,473 5,644	2,880 3,144	772 1,157	708 1,144	3,831 4,375	544 1,093	9 6 15	70 134	1,696 2,367	2, 1,998 2,191	506 738	252 565	16 39	> - 4
Other/Unknown Nondrug Substances Miscellaneous Other/Unknown Nondrug Substances Other Non-Drug Substances Unlikely to be Drug Brodtore	stances 23,642 6,184	22,467 5,920	13,077 1,774	2,991 739	4,676 2,463	20,458 4,159	590 196	625 803	610 318	2,939 1,919	4,111	2,978	593 311	44 62	0 5
Category Total:	29,826	28,387	14,851	3,730	7,139	24,617	786	1,428	928	4,858	4,766	3,741	904	106	2
Panns and Stripping Agents Miscellaneous Paints and Stripping Agents Other Types of Paint, Varnish or Lacquer Unknown Types of Paint, Varnish or	477 7,095	424 6,729	154 4,641	47 478	183 1,280	409	78	1 24	7	95 703	65	88 506	24 110	0 4	00
Lacquer Varnishes and Lacquers	1,248	1,155	364	100	509	1,112	14	S	23	203	177	255	56	0	0
Paints Anti-Algae Paints	30	28	7	7.0	19	27	0 -	0	- '	νį	0	Ξ :		0 -	0
Anti-Cotrosion Faints Oil-Base Paints Water Base Paints (Acrylic I atex etc.)	2,650 4 190	2,491 4,099	16 676 3 179	561 254	26 1,018 535	2,241 4,014	1 172 32	52 0	o 8 4 6 8 6	541 279	352 737	18 561 292	112	10	000
Wood stains	745	706	320	65	256	682	7	m	12	88	123	126	10	. 2	0
Stripping Agents Methylene Chloride Stripping Agents Other Tymes of Strinning Agent	505	484	76	4 %	310	465	6 01	0 -	10	161	37	184	44	C1 4	00
Unknown Types of Stripping Agent Category Total:	94 94 17,714	84 16,839	8 8 9,593	8 1,626	53 4,500	80 80 16,203	342	62	, 0 205	233 39 2,361	2,610	25 2,251	4	1 25	000
Pesticides Firmicants															
Aluminum Phosphide Methyl Bromide	35	32	00	77	18	31	0	0 0	0 "	24	m	16	r 0	00	00
Other Fumigants	32	30	- ;	14	17	27	· — ·	0 0	0.71	, ∞ <u>(</u>	4 ;	, אי	4	0	0
Sulfuryl Fluoride Unknown Fumigants	163 83	151 76	31	1 4 8	90 4	146 73	- 2	- 0	m	18 23	16 2	16 12	- 11	- 0	00
Fungicides (Non-medicinal)	170	000	Ċ.	ć	0,9	116	-	-	,	4	ç	9	7	c	_
Copper Compound Fungicides Magnetial Evergides	55	47	8 9 9	000	33 -	45	t — c	100	n c		0 00 0	13	0 0	100	
Non-Mercurial Fungicide	3.		0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Types of Non-Medicinal Fungicide Other/Unknown Type of Non-Medicinal	805	656	132	62	375 0	628	9 0	9 0	16	107	116	142 0	15	0	00
r ungicine Phthalimide Fungicides Unknown Types of Non-Medicinal	83 43	32	18	\$ 1	8 18	32	0 1	00	0 7	9	2 7	ν 4	3	0 0	00
Fungicide				;	,	,	,	,		č	7	ć	ı	•	c



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Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	Jo of		Age			Reason	ı		Treated			Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Herbicides (Including Algaecides, Defoliants, Desiceants, Plant Growth Re 2,4-D or 2,4,5-T	Desiccants, F	lant Growth R 29	egulators)	1	17	28	1	0	0	5	4	4	3	0	0
Carbamate Herbicides (Excluding Metam Sodium)	12	10	4	-	S	∞	7	0	0	S	S	0	_	0	0
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides	2,134	1,883	520	127	1,037	1,788	23	9	57	345	446	384	63	9	0
Diquat Glyphosate	181	3.921	1.081	283 83	2.195	3.711	. 4 . 4	0 54	4 129	55 179	82 8 878 878	1.019	<u> </u>	1 2	o v
Other Types of Herbicide	1,513	1,190	313	06	655	1,144	16	ς κ	23	246	246	267	30	14	0
Paraquat	72	57	9	m	40	47	4 (- «	7	36	6	19	∞ ∘	0	(
Paraquat and Diquat Combinations Trioging Harbinidae	1 370	1 307	O 6	0 4	0 160	1 000	o v	o -	- 0	0 5	0 15	0 02	0 5	00	00
Unknown Types of Herbicide	364	288	73	38 1	135	260	o 4	- 1	16	t 69	37	47	2 82		0
Urea Herbicides	63	50		S	18	46	ж	0	-	13	13	6	7	-	0
Insecticides (Including Insect Growth Regulators, Molluscicides, Nematicides)	ors, Molluscio	cides, Nematic	ides)	140	010	2,002	96	5	7	191	410	301	33	1.	c
Carbanate Insecticides in Combination	327	320	77	26	918 164	303	o /-	2	‡ ~	46/	51	901	16	0	0 0
with Other Insecticides Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Insecticides	453	405	152	48	168	361	17	-	25	86	98	59	10	0	0
Alone															
Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Insecticides in	259	250	112	23	68	239	-	S	5	41	32	9	10	0	0
Insect Growth Regulators	136	79	46	5	22	75	0	1	3	12	14	9	2	0	0
Metaldehyde	229	223	89	10	121	214	es .	_	4	31	46	34	5	0	0
Nicotine (Excluding Tobacco Products) Organophosphate in Combo with	9 1	~ -	0 2	0 0	w 	- ×	00	00	0 0	0 -	1 2	0	0 0	00	00
Chlorinated Hydrocarbon (Fixed- Combo)															
Organophosphate Insecticides Alone Organophosphate Insecticides in Combination with Carbamate	3,620	3,274 97	1,002	296	1,540 47	3,079 93	88 -	18	72 2	824 18	712 24	732	164	21	0 3
Insecticides Organophosphate Insecticides in Combination with Non-Carbamate	918	867	176	84	512	821	19	7	19	151	135	197	29	-	0
Insecticides Organophosphate/Carbamate/Chlorinated	4	4	-	-	2	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	-	0	0
Hydrocarbon (Fixed-Combo)	-	-	•	•	1	-	>	>	>		1		•		>
Other Types of Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide & Pyrethrins (without	9,632 305	9,059	4,538 124	683 40	3,045	8,762 272	3 82	19	180	773 44	1,800	1,053	118	7 0	0 1
Pyrethrins	5,211	4,857	1,830	619	1,930	4,497	119	29	202	731	837	920	150	10	0
Pyrethrins Only (Alone) Pyrethroids	104 22.620	104 21,480	36 5.919	10 2.199	52 11.063	102 20.057	1 506	0 140	1 734	13 3.293	$\frac{10}{3.508}$	9 5.184	732	0 26	00
Rotenone	78	73	10	9	46	70	0	0	ε,	14	5	24	- !	0	0
Unknown Types of Insecticide Veterinary Insecticide/Pesticide Product (For Pets-Flea Collars, etc.)	4,155 168	3,769 162	1,037	368 20	1,722 74	3,402 152	102 3	6 <u>8</u> 0	148	951 19	454 26	714 20	167	6 1	00
Miscellaneous Pesticides															
Arsenic Pesticides Borates and/or Boric Acid Pesticides	279 4,706	275 4,641	190 3,954	14 168	58 409	272 4,558	0 41	2 16	22	20 315	94 1,218	8 173	13	00	00
Metam Sodium	4	4	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Repellents Animal Repellents	406	397	146	26	154	371	S	9	15	38	38	114	12	-	0
Insect Repellents (Exclude Lacrimators) Insect Repellents with DEET	6,875	6,740	21 21 4,298	1,166	1,029	39 6,329	1 65	2 51	283	587	1,018	2,141	120	4	00
Insect Repellents without DEET	1,527	1,482	1,101	162	166	1,417	12	∞	42	77	280	243	18	0 (0



Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	,			Age			Reason			Treated		0	Outcome		
	no. or case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in Health care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major]	Death
Naphthalene Moth Repellents (Excluding	1,445	1,408	957	104	250	1,376	25	1	3	284	451	76	24	0	0
Deodonzing Products) Other Types of Moth Repellent Paradichlorobenzene Moth Repellents	5 127	5 124	8 48	3	30	4 118	3 -	0 -1	7 0	2 15	24	1 6	0 1	0 0	0 0
(Excluding Deodorizing Products) Unknown Types of Moth Repellent	2,230	2,193	1,322	152	485	2,104	50	18	14	375	583	143	32	33	0
Kodenticides ANTU (1-naphthalenylthiourea) Bromethalin Rodenticides Chologlifead D Americides	558	7 529	392	9 26	75	488	28	1 1 0	m 77 C	1165	1165	400	0 % 0	0 - 0	000
Cyanide Rodenticides Cyanide Rodenticides Town Action Actionalized	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 01	0 545	0 0	102	10.463	0 1	009	002	2 2 2 2	23.13	7 - 2	000	004	000
Long-Acting Anticoaguiant rodenucides Other Types of Rodenticide Sodium Manacharacacactete	11,146 691 5	10,8/3 669 5	476 476	56 56	101	10,462 641 5	115	900	<u>7</u> – c	70 70	5,513 190	36	07 - 0	<u>.</u> 4 c	000
Strychnine Rodenticides Unknown Types of Rodenticide	93	76 1,350	12 937	62 5	240 241	46 1,173	9 101	51	o	30 544	358	3 20 50	18 2 9	o m 01	0 0
Warfarm Type Anticoagulant Rodenticides Zinc Phosphide Rodenticides	341 101 03 454	328 92 88 033	273	9 2 9	55 20 770	307	13 1 846	5 0	2 2 2	36	136 18 077	17 700	1 6 6 6	2 1 2	0 0 2
Caregory Total. Photographic Products Miscellaneous Photographic Products	+0+,00	770,00	45,200	610,7	00,	62,126	1,640	100	2,102	14,202	7/0,01	14,730	6,000	001	C
Developers, Fixing Baths, Stop Baths Other Types of Photographic Product Photographic Coating Fluids	198 323 5	172 298 5	20 221 3	76 19	58 0	165 292 4	ω4⊂	- 0 -	e 2 0	54 20 0	22 21	66 19	v ю С	000	000
Unknown Types of Photographic Product Category Total:	533	481	248	1 97	104	6 467	7 0 0	7 0 7	200	75	75	85	00%	00	00
Pians Miscellaneous Plants Plants: Amygdalin and/or Cyanogenic	3,223	3,120	1,991	583	426	2,925	100	11	81	149	614	116	12	_	0
Plants: Anticholinergics Plants: Cardiac Glycosides (Excluding	1,040 1,494	940 1,449	362 843	362 256	188 283	505 1,381	409 47	- 8	113	501 218	169 415	80 91	292 17	21	0 0
Plants: Colchicine Plants: Depressants Plants: Depressants Plants: Gastrointestinal Irritants	17 283 9,773	17 245 9,406	10 146 6,877	4 37 1,080	2 49 1,167	16 196 8,911	$\frac{1}{35}$	0 16	0 9 170	2 26 761	7 50 1,844	1 16 830	0 4 153	0 0 0	000
(Excluding Oxalate Containing Plants) Plants: Hallucinogenics (Code as Street Drift Tribes Plant Part Involved)	497	427	147	153	66	225	183	7	Ξ	151	75	62	69	0	0
Plants: Nicotine (Excluding Tobacco	125	104	47	19	31	96	7	0	-	34	29	24	12	-	0
Plants: Non-Toxic Plants: Other Toxic Types Plants: Oxalares	9,518 5,024 7,210	8,984 4,756 7,078	6,971 3,403 5,719	1,040 730 798	724 474 462	8,433 4,439 6,827	192 214 184	18	328 91 44	356 419 348	1,163 1,146 1,536	432 296 1.151	91 80 56	2 6 2	0 - 0
Plants: Skin Irritants (Excluding Oxalate Containing Plants)	7,445	7,007	3,701	1,037	1,757	6,459	163	45	332	579	890	753	233	4	0
Plants: Solamine Plants: Stimulants	1,906	1,790 161	908	210	533 53	1,696	35 14	1 2	54 5	247 21	420 60	200	33	5.2	00
Plants: Toxalbumins Plants: Unknown Toxic Types or	206 15,118	195 14,497	72 10,586	34 2,082	73 1,411	166 13,793	20 461	15	4 215	80 1,372	61 3,527	36 1,104	6 185	6 2	00
Unknown 11 Ioxic Category Total: Polishes and Waxes	63,059	60,176	41,842	8,463	7,732	56,208	2,355	147	1,369	5,264	12,006	5,209	1,252	29	1
Miscellaneous Polishes and Waxes Floor Waxes, Polishes, or Sealers Furniture Polishes	613 2,280	576 2,181	347	32 90	155 185	563 2,135	10	0 112	7 3	96 239	141 719	101	19	0 4	0 0
														(Continued)	(panu)



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Table 22A. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE nonpharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	,	;		Age			Reason	ū		Treated			Outcome		
	no. or case mentions	no. or single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	in Health care facility	None	Minor	Moderate	Major	Death
Miscellaneous Polishes and Waxes	3,282	3,172	2,476	165	419	3,121	23	111	14	358	862	363	99	-	0
(Excluding Mineral Seal Oils) Category Total:	6,175	5,929	4,700	287	759	5,819	09	23	24	693	1,722	753	106	S	0
Kattotsotopes Miscellaneous Radioisotopes Miscellaneous Non-Radiopharmaceutical	286	264	28	28	139	226	9	9	19	80	40	23	9	0	0
Isotopes Category Total: Sporting Equipment	286	264	28	28	139	226	9	9	19	80	40	23	9	0	0
Sporting Exquipment Miscellaneous Sporting Equipment Fishing Baits Fishing Products, Miscellaneous	57 12	56 10	38	41 0	3.2	50	5 0	0 1	0 1	1 0	12 3	4 1	0 0	0 0	00
Golf Balls (Including Liquid Center of	14	14	2	S	9	14	0	0	0	3	0	S	-	0	0
Gun Bluing Compounds Hunting Products, Miscellaneous	372	36	211	3	71 71 3	31 322	4 7 7	16		14 107	125	12 40	17	000	-00
Outer 1 ypes of sporting Equipment Category Total:	513	498	288	88	102	445	26	17	3 0	126	151	63	10	00	1 0
Swimming Pool/Aquarium Miscellaneous Swimming Pool/Aquarium															
Algicides Amarium Products Miscellaneous	1,987	1,898	623	355	799	1,840	28	9 01	24	383	230	548	187	ю O	00
Bromine Shock Treatments	147	132	42	15	09	122	'n	0	, 9	21	24	47	6	0	0
Chlorine Shock Treatments Other Types of Swimming Pool or	3,531 2,135	3,354 1,926	562 530	869 403	1,652 866	3,246 1,817	37 18	e 2	61 81	875 420	217 267	1,411 650	421 139	∞ ∞	00
Aquarium Product Swimming Pool and Aquarium Test Kits	236	208	191	17	24	203	v	0	0	24	61	16	v	0	0
Category Total:	10,026	9,420	3,521	1,760	3,561	860,6	107	27	177	1,870	1,304	2,798	771	17	0
Tobacco Products Miscellaneous Tobacco Products															
Chewing Tobacco Cigarettes	830 5,876	806 5,691	726 5,295	33 105	37 219	780 5,579	21 58	1 23	22	221 978	249 1,989	$\frac{250}{1,101}$	17 67		00
Cigars	118	ΞΞ	96	- 0	12	103	4 (- 0	m	22	45	20	ω (0	0
Filter 1 ips Only (i.e., Butts) Other Types of Tobacco Product	156 97	154 85	141 47	7 6	9 16	152 75	N 60	0 -1	⊃ 4	12	99 19	11	ν 4	00	00
Snuff	450	436	379	21	24	418	12	- 1	3	119	123	142	16		00
Category Total:	8,356	8,069	7,310	201	416	7,827	129	34	62	1,564	2,712	1,705	134	- 4	00
Waterproofers/Sealants Miscellaneous Waterproofers/Sealants															
Waterproofers/sealants: aerosols Waterproofers/sealants: liquids	90	82 12	24 م	16	40 0 ×	72	90	00	4 C	40 2	w c	29	18	C C	00
Waterproofers/sealants: solids		!	0		0	!	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0
Waterproofers/sealants: unknown form Category Total:	9	8 103 8	27	I 1	6 5 54	8 %	0 0	00	O 4	4 4	- 9	2 %	1 20	0 2	00
Weapons of Mass Destruction Miscellaneous Weapons of Mass Destruction															
Anthrax	10	6	0	0	9 ;	9 ;	0	ω.	0	7 ;		0	0	0	0
Other Biological Weapons Other Chemical Weapons	63 74	54 62	∞ ~	9 7	36 53	4 5 4 6 5 6 7 6 8 7 6	- 0	m 6	m 0	1.4	4 11	9 61	12	- 0	00
Other Suspicious Powders Other Suspicious Substances (Non-	10	10	00	0 -	r -	r -	00	7 -	00	70	€ ⊂	00	00	0 0	00
Powder)	1	1		•	•	•	>	•			>	>			>
Suspicious Powders in Envelope or Package	19	18	0	7	∞	12	0	S	0	7	S	4	-	0	0
Category Total: Nonpharmaceuticals Total:	178 1,314,438	155 1,204,673	10 684,572	11 141,012	111 302,852	129 1,137,570	1 35,499	16 10,709	3 17,154	65 170,202	24 204,737	29 182,098	14 36,018	$\frac{1}{2,310}$	0 178
														Ş	



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	No of		Age			Reason			Treated in		Ō	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv rxn	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Analgesics Acetaminophen Alone Acetaminophen Alone, Adult Acetaminophen Alone, Pediatric Acetaminophen Alone, Unknown if	41,486 32,063 7,296	27,790 29,432 4,664	8,896 27,318 1,789	6,997 1,877 1,075	10,566 162 1,561	16,276 29,065 2,714	10,904 224 1,792	20 11 4	350 100 48	13,650 3,666 2,454	7,348 6,820 1,211	2,727 283 445	1,518 42 349	511 15 130	£4 8 8
Adult of Penatric Acetaminophen Combinations Acetaminophen in Combination with Other Drugs Adult Ecremolations	23,479	14,155	3,182	3,310	6,847	5,553	8,132	16	305	8,498	3,007	2,912	1,833	214	v
Acetaminophen in Combination with Other Pures Bedictin Ecamindicae	614	539	494	42	3	537	1	0	1	83	180	25	1	0	0
Acetaminophen with Codeine Acetaminophen with Hydrocodone Acetaminophen with Other Narcotics or	4,646 26,166 1,778	2,532 11,726 804	738 2,201 146	571 1,803 120	1,060 6,724 500	1,394 5,517 365	837 5,208 379	3 3	278 764 52	1,135 5,698 450	613 2,591 163	462 1,990 114	132 767 76	16 171 19	2 2 2
Acetaminophen with Oxycodone Acetaminophen with Propoxyphene	9,502 5,143	4,545 2,391	959 446	582 319	2,608 1,463	2,270 1,135	1,738	27 5	429 120	2,062 1,301	997 549	785 467	310 202	66 51	α 4
Acetylsalicylic Acid Alone, Adult Eggmanletica	7,208	4,153	1,733	1,021	1,272	2,335	1,709	1	81	2,077	1,027	505	515	61	∞
Acetylsalicylic Acid Alone, Pediatric	867	695	431	94	34	511	42	0	16	86	176	=	10	0	0
Adult or Pediatric Formulations	10,290	5,454	1,711	1,442	2,065	2,543	2,682	-	126	3,245	1,170	946	885	108	16
Acetylsalicylic Acid Combinations Acetylsalicylic Acid in Combination with	1,676	965	341	138	429	616	267	9	59	356	207	146	85	14	0
Other Drugs, Adult Formulations Acetylsalicylic Acid in Combination with	12	10	7	В	0	10	0	0	0	3	∞	-	0	0	0
Acetylsalicylic Acid with Carisoprodol Acetylsalicylic Acid with Carisoprodol Acetylsalicylic Acid with Codeine Acetylsalicylic Acid with Other Nitrodice On Manual Acid	103 122 42	54 67 19	8 ¹ 1	2 6	42 43 14	15 26 6	36 37 9	000	7 π 4	39 44 8	s 71 4	22 18 4	6 14 0	0 0	000
Acetylsalicylic Acid with Oxycodone Acetylsalicylic Acid with Propoxyphene	62 13	31	% O	r -1	14 8	14	10	0 0	9 0	10 2	8	3	3	0 0	0 0
Miscelaneous Anaigesics Non-Aspirin Salicylates (Excluding Topicals and/or Gastrointestinal Druce)	433	333	204	26	87	263	43	0	25	80	84	30	41	0	0
Other Analgesics	689	618	357	64	168	559	19	- <	37	98	120	118	41	0	0
Phenacetin Phenazopyridine	1 1,439	1,204	933	0 89	171	$\frac{0}{1,103}$	0 45	0	0 54	0 229	438	120	17	0 7	0
Salicylamide Unknown Analgesics	6 214	5	24	0 26	1 26	\$ 42	o 4	0 0	0 4	1 52	2 16	0 15	0 /	0 0	00
Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory Drugs	370	730	53	7	151	166	71	r	¥	112	7	7	1	v	c
Cyclooxygenase-2 Inhibitors	1,378	807	395	192	290	669	56	10	50	135	226	35	12	00	00
Ibuprofen Ibuprofen with Hydrocodone	85,686 140	68,648 108	50,302 32	9,261 25	7,811 44	58,723 65	9,063 32	52 0	069 0	11,134	16,082 22	2,907 13	553 1	8 8 0	00
Indomethacin	603	372	108	43	188	239	75	0	55	106	76	48	Ξ-	77	00
netoproten Naproxen Other Tvnes of Nonsteroidal	12,827 6.344	7,881 3.716	2,877	1,688	2,890 1,566	5,115 2,994	2,280 493	O 4 W	204 206	2,377 854	1,942 960	849 328	173	3 2 6) — —
Antiinflammatory Drug Unknown Types of Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory Drug	12	7	4	0	. 7	Ś	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
															1



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Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	Je M	J. J.		Age			Reason	-		Treated in		Ō	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Opioids Codeine	596	616	234	131	204	449	109	1	51	158	123	71	17	1	0
Meperidine Methadone	493 4.770	255	46 276	37	154 1.416	129 805	92 1.088	83	23	135 1.466	52 251	41 384	35 44 8	8 27	0 0
Morphine	3,762	1,969	313	188	1,234	1,051	665	30	173	986	353	293	219	57	9 -
Other or Unknown Inarcotics Oxycodone Alone or in Combination	9,639 7,692	3,741	1,428 674	488 538	2,885 2,126	2,6/1 1,980	1,880	61	363 191	3,130 1,825	807 700	1,191	289	82 83	2 =
(Excluding Combination Products with Acetaminophen or Acetylsalicylic															
Acid) Pentazocine	113	71	10	9	46	28	25	-	15	36	4	Ξ	7	'n	0
Propoxyphene Tramadol	330	131	25 979	12	3 057	952.2	52 2 478	35	351	3 101	27	26	14	3	
Other Acetaminophen and Acetylsalicylic Acid Combinations	d Combinatio		2 888	1 185	1 648	3 91 1	1 791	, 4	30	2,361	1691	848	800	<u> </u>	, ,
with Other Ingredients								- (;	i i				; (1 <
Acetaminophen and Acetylsalicylic Acid without Other Ingredients	374	251	121	42	11	174	62	0	Ξ	75	69	28	16	2	0
Category Total:	329,064	219,654	114,216	34,672	61,759	154,432	56,949	512	6,082	73,430	51,327	20,902	10,529	2,192	173
Inhalation Anesthetics Nitrous Oxide	192	149	21	56	99	78	45	2	24	61	17	36	22	2	0
Other Types of Inhalation Anesthetic Local and/or Topical Anesthetics	132	91	_	∞	28	70	10	m	m	55	13	26	10	2	0
Dibucaine Lidocaine	29	1 433	16	173	483 8	27	0 17	۳ ٥	0 105	326	356	£ 3	0 55	0 2	00
Other or Unknown Local and/or Topical	6,110	5,815	4,104	457	1,023	5,382	136	12	278	771	1,899	643	. 8	15	0
Anestneuc Miscellaneous Anesthetics	;	;	;	,	;	!				:	,	;	;	,	,
Ketamine and Analogs Other Types of Anesthetic	114 33	55 24	==	9 7	29 9	17 20	25 1	1 2	∞ ~	46 8	w w	01 8	24 2	0 0	00
Unknown Types of Anesthetic Category Total:	98.250	7.601	4.844 3	1 705	1 1.677	4 6.845	0 288	0	1 421	1.270	1 2.302	2 911	0 197	33	00
Anticholinergic Drugs			-	3		5		ì	i	ì)	
Anticholinergio Drugs (Excluding Cough	10,798	8,548	462	205	6,747	8,103	266	13	140	743	1,354	292	161	20	0
and Cold Preparations, and Plants) Category Total:	10,798	8,548	462	205	6,747	8,103	266	13	140	743	1,354	292	161	20	0
Anticoagulants Miscellaneous Anticoagulants															
Glycoprotein IIIa/IIb Inhibitors	8	8 300	0 %	- 0	\$ 140	5	0 2	0 =	ω δ	7	2 5	2 3	2,5	0	00
Other Antiplatelets	2,677	1,022	303	22	605	951	32	t O 0	37	145	218	30 30	g 6 -	- 0 -	00,
Other Types of Anticoagulant Unknown Types of Anticoagulant	4 4 4 4 8	55 45	36	7 0	o 0 4	37 40	7 7	7 0	o	2 5 24	10	0 0	0 1	1 0	0 1
Warfarin (Excluding Rodenticides) Category Total:	4,004 7,060	2,422 3,761	1,035 1,430	79 113	1,143 1,922	2,119 3,303	180	12	98 192	746 1,058	612 908	59 114	120 168	21 23	0 1
Anticonvulsants Miscellaneous Anticonvulsants															
Carbamazepine Other Types of Anticonvulsant	4,351 27,270	2,330 12,382	551 3,637	363 2,340	1,297 5,665	1,242 7,941	802 3,599	33	214 706	1,517 5,511	389 3,306	619 2,292	437 968	69 69	0 0
(Excluding Barbiturates)	701.0	,	130	140	1001		5		073	315	036	073	173	9	c
Frienytoin Primidone	259	2,337 120 2	251 24 25	9 5	1,801	1,0/8	15	00	900 5	1,/15	35 35	263 19	/ OC	8 O	00
Succinumides Unknown Types of Anticonvulsant	122	/8 8	39	0	3 -		s -1	00	4 0	22	0	0 [5	0 0	0	00
(Excluding Barbiturates)														Ç	6



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	NO. 0I	10.01								nealth					
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Valproic Acid Category Total: Antideoressants	8,462 44,264	3,444 20,706	555 5,058	3,660	1,939	1,709	1,361 6,382	51	294 1,783	2,020 10,832	895 5,013	649 4,154	397 2,381	56 270	1
Cyclic Antidepressants Amitriptyline Amoxapine Cyclic Antidepressants Formulated with	5,683 24 37	2,530	478 0 3	374 1 1	1,546 4 7	1,024 1 4	1,382	% O O	65	1,842 4 9	456 0 2	526 2 5	568 0 3	192 1 0	\$ 00
a Benzodiazepine Cyclic Antidepressants Formulated with	87	40	9	9	26	13	23	0	4	25	4	10		5	0
a Phenothiazine Desipramine Doxepin Imipramine	$110 \\ 1,038 \\ 517$	47 427 231	11 49 73	6 45 56	28 304 93	27 170 131	19 232 78	0 - 0	17	32 302 126	69	5 104 33	80	39.2	0 % 0
Maprotiline Nortriptyline Other Types of Cyclic Antidepressant	7 903 2,589	4 413 1,026	67 198	0 69 143	252 620	3 216 518	0 173 403	006	1 17 62	1 238 637	93 204	0 70 201	0 62 178	o ≅	0 % 0
Protriptyline Unknown Types of Cyclic Antidepressant Miccellanous Artidepressants	18 20	<i>P</i> 9	7 1	0 0	9 4	4	77	0 0	0 0	0 2	7		7 0	0 0	0 -1
Lithium	6,492	3,349	209	502	2,439	1,141	1,223	ς-	815	2,638	586	643	766	147	4 0
Monoannne Oxidase innoliois Other Types of Antidepressant Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors	25,022 44,287	11,136 20,011	3,123 5,976	1,693 5,099	5,617 7,759	6,811 11,152	3,734 7,921	53 62	451 764	6,045 9,739	3,369 6,448	1,741 3,144	28 1,216 1,173	283 90	0 0 7 0
Irazodone Unknown Types of Antidepressant Category Total:	13,458 104 100,696	5,211 24 44,619	5 5 10,757	982 1 8,994	3,308 10 22,123	1,666 10 22,970	3,382 10 18,626	0 142	103 2 2,350	3,616 15 25,355	1,099 4 12,440	1,581 0 8,084	641 1 5,003	88 0 88	% 0 0 %
Antihistamines Miscellaneous Antihistamines Cimetidine and Other Histamine-2	9,212	7,132	5,854	352	780	6,768	243	4	107	619	1,879	229	20	0	0
Blockers Diphenhydramine Alone (Over the	5,976	4,794	3,474	563	629	4,041	859	3	72	1,179	1,192	635	215	17	0
Counter) Diphenhydramine Alone (Prescription) Diphenhydramine Alone (Unknown if	27 29,373	12 20,982	11 11,850	3,452	5,045	12 15,381	5,077	0 15	388	$\frac{1}{6,820}$	5 4,679	$\frac{1}{3,049}$	0 1,717	0	3 0
Over the Counter or Prescription) Other Antihistamines Alone (Excluding	43,494	31,239	18,425	6,523	5,442	27,360	3,154	30	585	5,949	8,512	2,275	826	49	0
Category Total: Antimicrobals Antimicrobals	88,082	64,159	39,614	10,890	11,947	53,562	9,132	52	1,152	14,568	16,267	6,189	2,778	250	ю
Diethylcarbamazine	82	76	32	4 %	33	73	1 20	0 4	3 7	8 2	10	2	- 5	00	00
Ouler Types of Antitienmuc Piperazine Unknown Tynes of Anthelmintic	1,0/7 433 4	428 428	367	19	38	418 418	g 6 C	n c	ñ o c	70	150	20	0 - 0	000	000
Antibiotics	0000		703 11	2 2	3000	300 10	- 00	,	105	040 4	2007	, ,	9 6	> 5	• •
Systemic Anniolous Freparations (Olar, Intravenous, Intramuscular) Tonical Antibiotic Preparations (Dermal.		7.521	5.551	4,515	0,003	7.265	80	u v	164	4,030	1.232	373	90, 4	₅ =	o
Otic, Ophthalmic, Nasal) Unknown Types of Antibiotic Preparation		294	149	37	92	231	14	-	46	44	40	36	4	-	0
Antifungals Systemic Antifungal Preparations (Oral,	1,704	1,391	849	124	342	1,240	28	0	122	180	297	87	25	-	0
Intravenous, intranuscular) Topical Antifungal Preparations (Dermal, Otic, Ophthalmic, Nasal)	9,497	9,133	6,993	336	1,469	8,869	53	9	198	569	1,571	290	71	-	0



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	Jo oN	No.		Age			Reason			Treated in		Ō	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Unknown Types of Antifungal Preparation	12	12	∞	0	3	10	0	0	2	S	3	1	1	0	0
Antiparasitics Antimalarials Metronidazole Other Types of Antiparasitic	830 1,378 41	544 867 39	135 296 18	77 79 6	278 411 10	444 678 31	41 51 1	0 1 3	52 135 6	165 140 9	130 140 9	62 73 4	34 21 1	v	000
Antituberculars Isoniazid Other Types of Antitubercular Rifampin	332 18 109	237 6 70	48 1 26	102 1 8	78 3	110 6 55	83 0 3	000	36 0 12	161 1 19	54 1 14	22 0 10	32 0 6	48 0 1	0 0
Antivirals Amantadine Amuterrovirals Other Anti-Influenza Agents Systemic Antiviral Preparations (Oral,	240 525 291 1,640	88 278 248 1,302	39 72 74 570	12 15 63 183	34 152 96 476	66 209 204 1,130	10 53 8 8 76	0 1 0 3 3 3	11 14 33 89	33 92 17 183	26 65 38 289	11 20 15 73	5 11 3 20	04	0000
Intravenous, Intramuscular) Topical Antiviral Preparations (Dermal, Otic, Ophthalmic, Nasal) Unknown Types of Antiviral	238	231	102	21	89	211	3 71	0 0	17	10	45	21	3	0 7	0 0
Preparations Miscellaneous Antimicrobials Other Types of Antimicrobial Unknown Types of Antimicrobial Category Total:	99 22 67,809	88 11 57,728	61 4 34,073	4 1 6,272	15 5 14,098	83 9 50,467	$\frac{1}{1}$ 1,860	0 0 29	4 1 5,201	14 1 6,204	21 1 10,128	$\frac{10}{1}$	0 0 995	0 0 131	0 0 1
Antineoplastics Miscellaneous Antineoplastics Antineoplastic Drugs Category Total: Asthma Theranies	1,714	1,322	306	79	770 770	1,148 1,148	29	7 7	138 138	433 433	284 284	124 124	81	10	4 4
Miscellaneous Asthma Therapies Albuterol Aminophylline or Theophylline Leukotirene Antagonist or Inhibitor Non-Selective Beta Agonists Other Asthma Therapeutic Agents Terbutaline and Other Beta-2 Agonists Unknown Asthma Therapeutic Agents Category Total	6,349 347 12,782 1,098 374 3,063 7	5,693 217 10,894 1,035 269 2,664 5	4,303 39 8,797 167 80 962 14,349	773 16 1,632 366 27 408 0 3,222	504 153 374 442 1,094 2,706	5,261 143 10,658 987 197 2,458 19,708	224 37 175 28 37 111 0	17 0 0 0 0 0 12 0 0 0	176 31 55 17 17 31 81 1 32	702 124 870 350 103 256 2,407	1,373 46 2,448 68 67 561 1 4,564	540 30 132 452 30 145 0 1,329	252 38 8 147 33 95 1	7 16 0 0 8 8 8 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Miscellaneous Cardiovascular Drugs Alpha Blockers Apgretensin Converting Enzyme	2,290 15,131	1,047 7,131	283	41 602	650 3,040	911	80 554	- 4	52 174	288	346 2,707	64 239	70	5	0 0
Angiotensin Receptor Blockers Antiarrhythmics Antihyperlipidemics Antihypertensives (Excluding Diuretics) Beta Blockers (Including All Propranolol	7,016 1,322 12,360 3,590 21,282	3,595 762 5,747 2,086 9,787	1,228 138 2,722 806 3,035	203 30 367 487 740	1,948 539 2,312 721 5,517	3,320 697 5,374 1,805 8,433	196 26 163 223 1,091	40716	66 37 199 39 212	816 291 491 924 3,807	1,284 283 1,106 776 3,953	154 50 119 261 413	77 48 29 219 653	4 6 8 7 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 9 4 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 3 0
Cases) Calcium Antagonists Cardiac Glycosides Clonidine Hydralazine Long-Acting Nitrates Nitroglycerin Nitroprusside Other Types of Cardiovascular Drug	10,398 2,632 6,526 484 946 1,561 38 444	4,840 1,615 3,679 203 324 1,151 36 244	1,430 243 1,525 104 772 104 111	245 52 1,203 14 21 43 5	2,926 1,273 836 104 185 275 28	4,257 966 2,892 1,73 1,006 1006 226	416 67 662 21 21 21 110 0	1	143 515 78 8 7 7 7 26 26 8	2,247 1,108 2,310 2,310 102 365 365 32	1,988 292 879 75 131 549 8	253 130 797 13 20 59 2 13	360 490 770 10 22 32 7	63 115 95 0 0 2 2 3	17 17 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
														į	•



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	No of		Age			Reason	_		Treated in Health		0	Outcome		
	case	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Other Types of Vasodilator Unknown Types of Cardiovascular Drug	1,293	893 38	312 13 8	100	390	676 27 17	100	20	91	291 20	255	102	40	w c	000
Vasopressors Category Total:	2,980 90,399	2,550 45,750	544 16,524	747 4,915	1,025 $21,894$	2,447 39,911	68 3,819	99	25 1,708	1,061 16,145	229 14,948	, 995 3,695	291 3,308	8 8 406	39
Cold and Cough Preparations Acetylsalicylic Acid Combinations with Decongestant Acetmaninophen and Acetylsalicylic Acid Combinations with Decongestant	mbinations wit	h Decongestar	nt and/or Ant	ihistamine w	ithout Phen	and/or Antihistamine without Phenylpropanolamine	nine	c	c	71	7	٧	"	c	
Acetaminopten and Acetylsailcylic Actu with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Combinations without Phenylpropanolamine or Opioids Acetaminophen, Acetylsailcylic Acid, and Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/or	131	107	‡ 12	15	15	06	-	-	7 -	33	34	13	n K	0	0
Antihistamine without Phenylpropanolamine Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, and Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine	11	6	4	2	ю	9	ю	0	0	4	_	0	-	0	0
without Phenylpropanolamine Acetaminophen and Phenylpropanolamine Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Acetaminophen and Phenylpropanolamine Combinations Phenylpropanolamine Combinations with Decongestant and/or	ombinations w 291	ith Decongest 201	ant and/or Ar 91	ntihistamine 76	32	124	74	0	2	84	49	30	32	0	0
Antihistamine without Opioid Acetaminophen, Phenylpropanolamine, and Codeine Combinations with	6	4	0	1	т	ю	0	0	-	0	1	2	0	0	0
Decongestant and/or Anthustamme Acetaminophen, Phenylpropanolamine, and Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/or	338	248	186	31	24	221	21	0	S	61	78	26	S	0	0
Autunistatinus, Acetaminophen, Phenylpropanolamine, and Other Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine	B	-		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acetaminophen Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine without Phenylpropanolamine Acetaminophen and Codeine 44 29 15 5 Combinations with Decongestant and/ or Antihistamine without	stant and/or Aı 44	ntihistamine w 29	ithout Pheny 15	Ipropanolam 5	iine 8	24	4	0	-	∞	S	ю	0	0	0
A retary propanoiamine A cetaminophen and Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/ or Antihistamine without	17,970	11,684	7,440	2,068	1,865	9,624	1,645	10	338	2,892	2,971	1,281	275	16	0
Phenylpropanolamine Acetaminophen and Other Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/ or Anthistamine without	50	36	26	ю	7	32	4	0	0	12	11	ю	-	0	0
Phenylpropanolamine Acetaminophen with Decongestant and/ or Antihistamine Combinations without Phenylpropanolamine or Opioids	6,489	4,481	2,875	860	657	3,612	719	ю	130	1,164	1,160	406	228	6	0
														(Con	(Continued)



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Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

Conference Con		9	9		Age			Reason	_		Treated in		0	Outcome		
Authlisteanine 5 3 1 0 75 3 0 2 12 25 8 1 0 1 5 0 2 12 25 8 1 0 18 4 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 10 0 0 1 0		case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
75 3 0 2 12 25 8 1 0 18 4 0 1 0 2 1 2 3 0 10 0 <td>Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, and Phe Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, and Phenylproparolamine</td> <td>enylpropanol 25</td> <td>amine Combin 16</td> <td>ations with D</td> <td>econgestan 3</td> <td>t and/or Anti 7</td> <td>histamine 11</td> <td>S</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>∞</td> <td>'n</td> <td>ю</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, and Phe Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, and Phenylproparolamine	enylpropanol 25	amine Combin 16	ations with D	econgestan 3	t and/or Anti 7	histamine 11	S	0	0	∞	'n	ю	-	0	0
5 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 18 4 0 0 1 1 2 3 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 23 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 0	and Thoust propanoraming Combinations with Decongestant and/ or Antihistamine without Opioid Acetaminonhen Acetylsalicviic Acid	=	80	69		4	75	"	C	c	2	35	~	-	-	c
5 0 1 0 2 1 0	Phenylpropanolamine, and Dextromethorphan Combinations with		8	1	3	-	j)		1	1	3		•		
18 4 0 0 7 1 2 3 0 10 0	Decongestant and/or Anthristamine Acetaminophen, Acetylsalicylic Acid, Phenylpropanolamine, and Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/	9	9	2	7	7	S	0	0	-	0	7	-	0	0	0
18 4 0 0 7 1 2 3 0 10 2 0	or Antihistamine Acetylsalicylic Acid and Phenylpropanolamin	e Combinatio	ons with Decor	gestant and/o	or Antihista	mine										
10 0	Acetylsalicylic Acid and Phenylpropanolamine Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antibistamine without Onioid	29	22	11	7	4	18	4	0	0	٢	-	7	w	0	0
10 2 3 3 2 2 0	Acetylsalicylic Acid, Phenylpropanolamine, and Codeine Combinations with Decongestant and/	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 3 6 3 5 7 3 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Or Antunistatione Acetylsalicylic Acid, Phenylpropanolamine, and Dextromethorphan Combinations with	20	14	10	ю	1	10	7	0	7	С	2	2	0	0	0
23 3 6 3 5 7 3 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 12 0 3 17 7 5 4 1 667 55 0 14 135 214 80 24 0 22 2 0 1 4 135 214 80 24 0 3481 57 0 34 502 1,035 328 30 1 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Acetylsalicylic Acid Combinations with Deco	ngestant and	or Antihistami	ne without P	henvlpropar	nolamine										
1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	Acetylsalicylic Acid and Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine without Phenylpropanolamine	32	29	18		ß	23	κ	0	ю	S	7	8	-	0	0
43 20 11 8 28 12 12 0 3 17 7 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Acetylsalicylic Acid and Other Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/ or Antihistamine without Phenylmonanolamine	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	-	0	0	0
20 10 6 1 17 3 0 4 7 1 2 0 740 561 128 47 667 55 0 14 135 214 80 24 0 28 15 6 5 2 2 0 2 10 4 0 <td>Acetylsalacylic Acid with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Combinations without Phenylpropanolamine or Opioids</td> <td>89</td> <td>43</td> <td>20</td> <td>11</td> <td>∞</td> <td>28</td> <td>12</td> <td>0</td> <td>ю</td> <td>17</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> <td>4</td> <td>П</td> <td>0</td>	Acetylsalacylic Acid with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Combinations without Phenylpropanolamine or Opioids	89	43	20	11	∞	28	12	0	ю	17	7	8	4	П	0
20 10 6 1 17 3 0 4 7 1 2 0 740 561 128 47 667 55 0 14 135 214 80 24 0 28 15 6 5 22 2 0 2 10 9 4 0 0 572 3,195 366 58 3,481 57 0 34 502 1,035 328 30 1 ,064 577 223 242 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 ,521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Phen	ıylpropanolar		•	١	,	ţ	•	¢	(ı	•	•	(•
740 561 128 47 667 55 0 14 135 214 80 24 0 28 15 6 5 2 2 10 9 4 0 0 ,572 3,195 36 58 3,481 57 0 34 502 1,035 328 30 1 ,064 577 223 242 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 ,521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Anthistamine and/or Decongestant with Phenylpropanolamine and Codeine	73	70	10	9	-	/1	n	0	0	4		-	7	0	0
28 15 6 5 22 2 10 9 4 0 0 ,572 3,195 306 58 3,481 57 0 34 502 1,035 328 30 1 ,064 577 223 242 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 ,521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Phenylpropanolamine and Dextromethornhan	918	740	561	128	47	299	55	0	41	135	214	80	24	0	0
,572 3,195 366 58 3,481 57 0 34 502 1,035 328 30 1 ,064 577 223 242 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 ,521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Phenylpropanolamine and Other Opioid	39	28	15	9	5	22	7	0	7	10	6	4	0	0	0
,064 577 223 242 943 77 0 35 219 315 144 27 0 0 551, 521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Phenylpropanolamine without Opioid	4,188	3,572	3,195	306	28	3,481	57	0	34	502	1,035	328	30	-	0
. 17,334 14,521 9,467 3,627 1,287 11,217 3,039 8 222 4,150 3,266 2,022 1,314 63	Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with	nenyipropand 1,280	1,064 1,064	577	223	242	943	77	0	35	219	315	144	27	0	0
	Coccine without then yptopanolaring Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Dextromethorphan without Phenylpropanolamine	17,334	14,521	9,467	3,627	1,287	11,217	3,039	∞	222	4,150	3,266	2,022	1,314	63	0



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	No of	No of		Age			Tocasor		ĺ	Health)	o descourse		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Antihistamine and/or Decongestant with Other Opioid without	2,275	1,857	932	327	535	1,593	169	0	83	505	509	341	63	4	
Phenylpropanolamine Antihistamine and/or Decongestant without Phenylpropanolamine and	21,419	16,294	11,044	2,282	2,583	14,740	1,146	11	339	2,877	4,536	1,366	419	38	2
Opioid Miscellaneous Cold and Cough Preparations Acetaminophen in Combination with Dextromethorphan (Without	223	175	135	21	17	157	15	0	2	39	26	12	4		0
Decongestants or Antihistamines) Acetylsalicylic Acid in Combination with	7	Ś	ю	2	0	Ś	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	0
Expectorants or Antitussives (Without	3,911	2,854	1,514	433	770	2,517	227	4	102	468	649	189	42	∞	0
Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates in	15	13	111	_	_	13	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0
Combination with Dexantinetrophan Other Dextromethorphan Preparations Other Phenylpropanolamine Preparations (Excluding Street Drugs and Diet	15,865 296	12,590 250	6,944 123	3,106	2,245	10,204 244	2,037	9 0	289	2,933	2,570	1,588	738	22 0	0
Arus) Other Types of Cough and Cold Preparation (Excluding Phenylpropanolamine.	2,420	1,920	1,365	271	234	1,749	76	-	71	253	504	162	38	1	0
Dextromethorphan, Acetaminophen, and Acetylsalicylic Acid) Unknown Types of Cough and Cold Preparation	1,229	089	303	229	107	391	247	2	30	326	127	112	73	7	0
Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates and Phenylpropanolamine Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates and 5 Phenylpropanolamine Combinations	ıylpropanolam 5	ine Combinat 3	ions with De 2	congestant	and/or Antih 0	istamine 3	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	
with Decongestant and/or Antihistanine without Opioid Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates, Phenylpropanolamine, and	10	6	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	-	т	1	0	0	0
Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates, Phenylpropanolamine, and Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/	-1		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	
or Anthistamine Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates with Decongestant and/or Anthistamine without Phenylpropanolamine Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates and 14 14 8 0 Dextromethorphan Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine	ongestant and 14	/or Antihistan 14	nine without	Phenylprop 6	anolamine 0	12	2	0	0	E	S	0	0	0	
without Priety/propanojamine Non-Acety/salicy/ic Acid Salicy/lates and Opioid Combinations with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine	4	7	0	-	П	П	П	0	0	-	7	0	0	0	
without rrienylpropanojamine Non-Acetylsalicylic Acid Salicylates with Decongestant and/or Antihistamine without	2	2	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Phenylpropanolamine and Opioid Category Total: Disonostic Acents	97,192	73,683	47,108	14,102	10,885	61,944	669'6	46	1,717	16,780	18,256	8,154	3,335	171	•
Miscellaneous Diagnostic Agents Diagnostic Tablets for Glucose or Karones	1	1	0	0		1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	Jo of	No of		Age			Reason		-	Treated in		Ou	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv rxn	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Other Types of Diagnostic Agent Unknown Types of Diagnostic Agent Category Total: Dictary Supplements/Herbals/Homeopathic	690 12 703	634 12 647	179 4 183	45 2 47	294 4 299	526 10 537	∞ O ∞	000	100 2 102	216 5 222	112 1 113	124 0 124	38 0 38	6 7	000
Amino Acids Creatine Other Amino Acid Dietary Supplements	201 521	152 384	63 232	42 46	39 91	85 318	22 26	0 7	44 35	51	27 70	17	13	0 7	0 0
Blue Cohosh Citrus Aurantium (Single Ingredient)	1 7 220	0 4 150	0 3	0 0 0 35	0 1 7	0 3 335	000	000	0 1 9	007	001	000	000	000	000
Ginkgo Biloba Ginseng	350 123 168	61 111 111	36 36 59	33 9 16	33 44	53 80 80	y E E :	0 - 1	3 16	24 T T T	15 20	10 15	100	007	000
Kava Kava Ma Huang/Ephedra (Single Ingredient) Multi-Botanicals with Citrus Aurantium Multi-Botanicals with Ma Huang Multi-Botanicals without Ma Huang or	52 99 165 433 2,350	29 64 131 310 1,897	4 20 52 143 1,024	9 4 30 53 318	12 35 45 103 495	9 30 78 195 1,285	10 21 37 71 344	7007	6 11 16 43 252	10 30 60 135 567	3 37 89 448	9 34 63 269	7 8 13 34 150	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00000
Citrus Aurantium Other Single Ingredient Botanicals St. John's Wort Valerian Yohinney	2,397 194 216 204	1,815 118 122 146	1,109 76 41 37	146 12 18 17	452 27 60 81	1,527 90 66 58	101 19 32 26	0 1 1 1	178 9 21 60	247 20 45 91	359 29 23 26	151 7 14 18	54 6 6 7	0 0 0 0	0000
Cututal Medicines Asian Medicines Ayurvedic Medicines Hispanic Medicines Other Cultural Medicines	119 12 16 38	94 9 12 28	47 6 6 17	4 1 0 1	34 2 2 9	74 7 7 20	L 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	0000	12 0 3 5	33 3 6 11	29 0 4 6	12 2 1	7 0 0 8	1000	0000
Androgen or Androgen Precursor Dietary	110	92	44	8	23	09	9	0	∞	21	18	5	4	0	0
Supplements Glandular Dietary Supplements A,059 Phytoestrogen Dietary Supplements Signal Miscell Dietary Supplements	49 4,059 56 Homeomothio	3,231 3,231 39	32 2,195 22	0 628 3	4 339 13	33 2,740 30	2 424 1	0 1 0	58 T	3 448 6	5 699 7	347 3	0 10 2	0 1 0	000
Misseriancous Dieany Supplements at Homeopathic Agents Unknown Dietary Supplements or Homeopathic Agents Other Dietary Supplements	2,715	10,901 2,274	10,091	277 255	418 435	10,579	116	==	189 247	546 507	2,375 432	227 196	57 118	10	0 0
Blue-Green Algae Glucosamine (with or without	127 764	119 521	41 395	27 20	32 84	111 488	- 8	0 1	6 25	21	19 118	22 16	0 0	00	0 0
Other Single Ingredient Non-Botanical Dietary Supplements	730	507	360	46	81	442	18	0	4	72	106	19	15	2	0
Category Total: Diuretics Miscallanaous Diumetics	27,693	23,443	17,858	2,025	2,981	20,542	1,487	40	1,307	3,095	5,024	1,504	571	38	0
Furosemide Others Types of Diuretic	2,857	1,086	482 380	81 80 80	478 321	988	70 54 52	m m c	22 40	248	279	105 54 58	38 8 8	- 70	000
Unknown Types of Diuretic Category Total:	1,777 1,277 10,709	1,366 484 4.384	231 2.039	38 38 384	190 1.765	418 3.916	163 41 328	000	25 123	97	100 1.154	303 303	38 18 128	3 0 5	000
Electrolytes and Minerals Miscellaneous Electrolytes and Minerals Calcium and Calcium Salts Chromium, Trivalent Colloidal Silver	17,038 349 66	15,295 294 54	14,160 152 14	595 29 5	433 96 29	15,087 267 35	144 10 6	0 0 0	42 16 13	341	2,448 64 5	227 16 2	27 8 8 7	0 0 0	000
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Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	37 714	9		Age			Reason			Treated in		Ō	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Fluoride (Excluding Vitamins,	3,234	3,062	2,682	267	81	2,992	22	2	45	109	646	182	10	0	0
Hydrofluoric Acid & Mouthwashes) Iron and Iron Salts (Excluding Vitamins	4,479	3,378	2,082	279	898	2,912	289	\$	162	905	921	315	98	3	0
with Iron) Magnesium and Magnesium Salts Multi-Mineral and Multi-Herbal Dietary	1,050 1,640	845 1,310	355 775	86 169	353 339	691 919	79 216	9 1	61 164	121 510	139 375	107	17 124	V 4	0 0
Supplement Multi-Mineral Dietary Supplements	219	158	1112	∞ ;	31	133	12		Ξ,	26	24	= :	9	0	0
Other Types of Electrolyte or Mineral Potassium and Potassium Salts	80 1 624	71	26	13 40	308 308	57 605	ς ς.	00	o %	14	111	12 23 23	7 =	0 4	00
Selenium and Selenium Salts	199	126	36	2∞;	25	80	101	21.5	27	34	20	3 - 8 8	;∞;		00
Sodium and Sodium Saits Unknown Types of Electrolyte or	3,325	2,783	1,669	421 1	511	2,4/2	207	0 0	640	404 5	531	393 2	47 1	4 0	0 3
Mineral Vanadium and Vanadium Salts	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zinc and Zinc Salts Category Total:	1,098	917	566	81	3.371	837	24 1.070	0 68	52 679	85	134	75 1.574	362	0 6	0 %
Eye/Ear/Nose/Throat Preparations Miscellanous Eye/Ear/Nose/Throat Preparations Torical Starnids Eve Fuel/Nose/Throat		1 705	1047	306	338	1 678	35	,	8	35.	275		} =	, ,	, <
Nasal Preparations	C+ 7,7	1,170	1,0,1	000	970	1,0/0	C C	1	0/	2	7	101	ţ	1	
Other Nasal Decongestants or Sympathomimetics (Excluding	2,557	2,422	1,117	268	855	2,209	52	12	145	285	999	254	31	-	0
Tetrahydrazoline)	ľ	ī	ţ	ć		300	c	ć	2	ç	-	Ġ	c	c	c
Omer 1ypes of Inasal Preparation Tetrahydrozoline, Nasal Preparations	30	29	4/8 24 42	2 2	1/1	093 26	×	7	<u>.</u> 0	30	114	80 2	× 7	0 -1	0
Unknown Types of Nasal Preparation	5	5	-	-	2	4	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	0
Contact Lan Products	3,481	3,370	1,821	308	1,011	3,286	26	15	40	563	391	657	131	<i>κ</i> (0
Other Ophthalmic Sympathomimetics	1,123	1,051	587	150	239	860	55	92	38	32 220	395	83 83	13	7 -	0
Other Types of Ophthalmic Preparation Tetrahydrozoline, Ophthalmic	1,681 2,226	1,578 2,159	835 1,412	154 248	464 402	1,447 1,805	96 96	21 220	70 24	98 544	212 898	117	27 49	25	0 0
Preparations				;	÷		,	C		9	-	;	,	¢	(
Unknown Types of Ophthalmic Preparation	49	22	7.7	4	Ξ	33	es.	6	9	12	10	Ξ	-	0	0
Otic Preparations	2 521	3 168	1 212	342	776	2 135	1	C	ζ	010	160	289	3.7	c	C
Other Types of Otic Preparation Unknown Types of Otic Preparation	2,128	2,175 2,175 75	914	198 108	862 23	2,149 2,149 74	· o o	10C	7 4 -	241 10	315 10	612	24 c	o m O	000
Throat Preparations															
Other Types of Throat Preparation Throat Lozenges with Local Anesthetics	376 376	515 331	209 179	127 58	145 67	312	13 33	m 0 0	4 v i	59 19	131 91	45 12 2	w 4 r		000
Inroat Lozenges without Local Anesthetics	1,525	1,413	1,208	174	80	1,301	45	0	/1	51	2/7	21	n	0	0
Unknown Types of Throat Preparation Category Total: Gastrointestinal Preparations	21,716	2 20,408	$\frac{1}{11,160}$	1 2,354	5,550	2 19,057	0 414	380	0 516	2,481	1,315	2,962	388	22	0 0
Antacids		0		,	000	0	č	t	ç			Ċ	c	C	(
Antacids: Other Lypes Antacids: Proton Pump Inhibitors Antacids: Salicylate-Containing	10,469 10,825 3,117	9,966 6,440 2,808	9,239 3,961 2,320	368 389 247	283 1,741 200	9,820 6,044 2,629	91 200 91	~ 7.7	186 80	16 / 505 236	1,427 1,430 672	271 99	29 x	000	000
Antidiarrheals: Diphenoxylate and	435	265	127	25	92	203	40	0	20	145	91	4	19	0	0
Atropine Containing Antidiarrheals: Loperamide	1,589	1,272	847	84	293	1,105	76	0	64	328	513	91	21	-	-
														,	



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	Jo oV		Age			Reason			Treated in		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Antidiarrheals: Non-Narcotic Containing	40	29	23	1	5	29	0	0	0	2	8	0	0	0	0
(Excluding Sancyl Containing) Antidiarrheals: Other Narcotic	-	1	0	-	0	0	_	0	0	1	0	_	0	0	0
Containing Antidiarrheals: Paregoric Containing	12	10	4	0	5	6		0	0	4	2	3	П	0	0
Antispasmodics: Antispasmodics: Anticholinergic	3,352	1,811	916	230	574	1,506	200	2	92	582	582	181	110	S	0
Containing Antispasmodics: Other Types Miscellaneous Gastrointestinal Prenarations	99	45	19	7	17	33	6	0	7	19	12	9	-	-	0
Laxatives Other Types of Gastrointestinal	16,110 11,271	14,429 9,896	10,640 8,453	1,072 396	2,254 870	13,375 9,357	496 229	118	409	1,244	2,120 1,838	1,402 268	159 124	3	00
Preparation Unknown Types of Gastrointestinal	29	17	10	1	3	14	1	0	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
Category Total: Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	57,316	46,989	36,559	2,821	6,337	44,124	1,456	141	1,191	4,047	8,697	2,364	481	25	-
Miscellaneous Hormones and Hormone Antagonists		į	•	•			,	,	ć	Ċ	ć	,	ţ	•	(
Androgens Corticosteroids	380 10,241	316 8,391	109 4,551	906 906	142 2,432	230 7,682	48 137	w 0	32 544	95 628	39 1,199	42 296	17 96	4 v	00
Estrogens Insulin	1,778	1,145	733	78 161	236 3.610	992 3.956	38 290	4 5	110	108	207	78	13 649	37	0 -
oral Contraceptives	9,670	8,264	6,850	724	511	7,702	429	6-	110	568	1,381	190		. 77	00
Other Hormone Antagonists Other Hormones	340 836	421 639	226	123	244 244	576 558	28 28	1 9	- 4	151	189	50	20	14	00
Progestins Selective Estronen Recentor Modulators	1,706	1,469	851 83	158	328	1,199	30	· -	232	207	240 82	158	20	0 -	00
Thyroid Preparations (Including	13,005	900,6	5,026	554	2,957	8,710	191	7	90	1,032	1,858	138	32	ω,	0
Synthetics and Extracts) Unknown Hormones or Hormone	26	14	∞	1	3	111	2	_	0	4	4	0	П	0	0
Antagonists Oral Hypoglycemic															
Oral Hypoglycemics: Biguanides Oral Hypoglycemics: Other or Unknown	6,538	3,098	778	309	1,806	2,636	370	4 0	77	767	894	197	110	17	4 0
Oral Hypoglycemics: Sulfonylureas	4,308	1,850	987	82		1,571	162) (- (93	1,323	788	63	405	94	00
Oral Hypoglycemics: Thiazolidinediones Category Total:	1,4/1 56,875	510 40,169	252 20,933	36 3,231		464 36,722	1,808	0 9	1,473	1// 6,898	236 9,091	1,488	1,424	131	0 %
Miscellaneous Drugs Other Miscellaneous Drugs															
Allopurinol	712	301	149	23	1111	266	24	0,	∞ (46	95	11	7		0
Distilliram Ergot Alkaloids	283	166	91	18	96 49	32 133	10	o	77 70	100	10 73	17	1 4	0 1	0
Levo-Dopa and Related Drugs	991	526	181	16	300	467	39	0 -	19	165	116	70	38		00
Neuronuscular Biocking Agents (Succinylcholine, Curare, etc.)	C7	18	n	>	11	10	n	-	4	71	n	7	n	-	>
Nicotine Pharmaceuticals Other Types of Miscellaneous	1,174 $20,999$	1,082 $14,339$	589 6,318	136 1,614	297 5,450	868 12,281	66 881	21 47	126 1,071	275 3,081	332 3,332	215 1,756	28 517	0 4	7 0
Prescription or Over the Counter Drug	24.411	16 507	7 330	1 800	8969	14.057	1 040	7.3	1 270	3 712	3 063	0.70	613	38	r
Caregory roun. Muscle Relaxants	71,411	10,00	(,,,	1,60	0,70	1,00,1	1,010	2	0,7,1	2,1,12	0,,0	6,0,7	CIO	8	1
Miscellaneous Muscle Relaxants Carisoprodol (Formulated Alone)	8,677	3,614	290	406	2,668	835	2,632	S	49	2,844	447	1,203	740	104	0
Cyclobenzaprine Methocarbamol	1,601	4,190	1,399	123	1,958 420	2,343	324	201	24,	396	1,086	893 142	4/3	\$ 9 ; 9 ;	00
Other Types of Skeletal Muscle Relaxant Unknown Types of Muscle Relaxant	7,305	3,353	726	8 8	1,992	1,656	1,4/8	0 [5	2 - 5	1,986	68/ 10	663	55/	141	0 7
Category Total:	27,319	11,980	2,615	1,542	7,060	5,261	6,162	22	322	7,704	2,445	2,912	1,804	335	2



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	,			Age			Reason			Treated in		Ō 	Outcome		
	no. of case mentions	no. or single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	Health care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Narcotic Antagonists Miscellaneous Narcotic Antagonists Miscellaneous Narcotic Antagonist Category Total Radionhamaceuticals	288 288	131	<i>.</i>	11 11	100	49	4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	∞ ∞	29 29	85 85	==	26 26	37	2.2	0 0
Miscellaneous Radiopharmaceutical Miscellaneous Radiopharmaceuticals Category Total: Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	41	33	<i>L L</i>	7 7	15	18	0 0	0 0	14 14	14 14	4 4	27 72	7 7	0 0	0 0
Barbiturates Long Acting Barbiturates Short or Intermediate Acting Barbiturates Unknown Types of Barbiturate	2,362 298 59	1,345 158 20	356 15 2	103 15 4	798 114 11	937 101 4	322 46 13	r 2 0	40 7 0	581 90 15	326 30 3	198 49 2	156 17 2	04 4 0	0 1 3
Miscellaneous Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics Atypical Antipsychotics Benzodiazepines Buspirone	otics 43,540 78,443 2,551	19,062 30,856 858	3,085 6,569 190	4,817 4,006 147	10,136 17,800 456	7,657 11,518 429	10,208 18,062 377	62 286 4	874 503 41	13,391 20,332 430	3,568 6,234 255	5,226 9,292 143	3,614 2,877 51	486 332 5	980
Chloral Hydrate Ethchlorvynol Glutethimide Meruobamate	183 2 4 40	108	31 0 7 %	41 0 0 -	09 1 0 5	\$ - 2 ×	52 0 0 1	-000	×000	85 0 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 0 0 0	35 0 1 4	22 0 0 0	600-	0000
Methaqualone Other Types of Sedative/Hypnotic/Anti-	24,916	5 12,061	0 1,716	0 1,872	7,548	5,204	5 6,258	23	0 404	7,195	0 1,903	3,840	2 1,239	0 105	0 7
Anxiety or Anti-Psychotic Drug Phenothiazines Sleep Aids, Over the Counter Only	4,744 1,503	2,158 854	431	298 123	1,256	1,159	743 567	× 7	218	1,258 581	418 148	390 172	438 182	30	0 1
(Excluding Diphenhydramine) Unknown Types of Sedative/Hypnotic/	281	110	6	12	71	22	80	S	0	91	13	25	21	2	0
Ann-Anxiety of Anu-rsychotic Drug Category Total: Serums, Toxoids, Vaccines	158,935	67,617	12,538	11,412	38,803	27,344	36,744	400	2,106	44,070	12,918	19,378	8,627	1,034	21
Miscellaneous Serums, Toxoids, Vaccines	2,508	2,252	451	351	1,116	1,704	9	2	529	702	202	402	102	4	0
Category Total: Stimulants and Street Drugs	2,508	2,252	451	351	1,116	1,704	9	7	529	702	202	402	102	4	0
Diet Alds Diet Alds: Phenylpropanolamine and Caffains Combinations	10	∞	2	7	33	S	-	0	2	8	-	-	-	0	0
Diet Aides: Phenylpropanolamine Only Other Types of Diet Aid, Over the	34 220	21 178	878	35	10	16 116	34	0 0	2 26	7	53	3 25	1 23	0 0	00
Counter Only Other Types of Diet Aid, Prescription	66	79	47	10	20	63	111	0	5	32	27	10	4	3	0
Unly Unknown Types of Diet Aid Miscellaneous Stimulants and Street Dungs	76	64	26	12	23	33	19	0	11	30	12	12	12	0	0
Amphetamines and Related Compounds Amyl or Butyl Nitrites (Street Drugs)	12,425 95	8,408 72	3,010	3,110 0	2,004	5,856 41	2,058	40	369	4,087	2,116	1,447	1,147	67	9 0
Caffeine Cocaine Ephedrine gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid including	4,852 6,351 423 448	3,661 2,075 315 297	1,208 87 185 11	1,170 229 30 34	1,090 1,508 88 218	1,920 261 240 65	1,258 1,695 58 154	21 43 1 55	427 14 13 8	1,281 1,737 83 232	602 419 66 23	751 281 49 57	470 474 33 91	111 121 2 37	18 0 0
Analogs or Precursors Hallucinogenic Amphetamines Heroin Lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) Marijuana	2,168 1,919 357 4,009	1,357 988 204 1,020	24 20 2 129	560 124 110 422	587 752 73 359	129 100 20 280	1,110 806 170 644	73 49 13 41	20 19 1 41	1,031 853 146 601	77 108 11 125	244 149 29 192	365 265 78 174	52 147 10 15	4 6 0 0



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	No of	No of		Age			Reason			Treated in		Oı	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Mescaline/Peyote Methamphetamines Methylphenidate	116 1,587 9,522	103 914 6.851	28 110 1,706	19 110 3,937	42 548 1,075	79 343 5,463	21 500 1,097	0 33 17	3 16 234	30 641 2,190	1 110 1,755	24 140 991	12 224 584	1 33 16	070
Other Hallucinogens Other Stimulants (Excluding	, 21 54	, 16 29	&	4 0	011	, 19	15	0 0	3 0	==	1 7	0 \$	∞	0 1	00
Amphetamines) Other Street Drugs Phenylcyclohexylpiperidine (PCP)	24 747	14 329	3 20	e 4	238	\$	234	0 %	0 7 0	8 270	5 20	4 7 9	0 124	1 45	000
Phenylpropanolamine Containing Look Alike Drugs	-		0	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
Unknown Hallucinogens Unknown Stimulants or Street Drugs Category Total:	8 156 45,743	5 89 27,098	0 4 6,731	$\frac{2}{27}$ 10,007	3 45 8,807	2 13 15,138	2 51 9,984	1 7 400	0 9 1,226	2 66 13,451	0 7 5,560	2 25 4,522	$\frac{1}{18}$	0 6 551	0 0 0
Topical Preparations Miscellaneous Topical Preparations Acne Preparations Boric Acid or Borates (As Antiseptics,	3,278 92	3,167	1,889	586 4	543 32	2,956	44	0 0	155	186	601	359	36	1 0	0 0
Excluding Insecticides) Calamine (Including All Caladryl Type	3,915	3,823	3,008	132	597	3,797	14	2	∞	144	570	194	6	0	0
Products) Camphor Camphor and Methyl Salicylate	10,808 2,209	10,606 2,195	8,686 1,925	486 94	1,152 153	10,377 2,162	136 13	10	73	1,013 214	3,059	1,303 299	70	16	0 0
Combinations Diaper Care and Rash Products	45,196	44,640	42,902	576	922	44,553	53	10	23	543	6,008	794	13	7 9	0
Hexacinotophene Containing Antiseptics Hydrogen Peroxide 3% Iodine or Iodide Containing Antiseptics	13,401 1,246	39 13,129 1,127	5,382 389	1,138 185	5,572 444	53 12,808 971	229 77	31	51 60	617 213	1,595 252	1,681 208	52 33	- m -	000
Mercury Containing Antiseptics Methyl Salicylate	9,207	9,116	77,7,183	6 554	22 1,093	102 8,920	5 75	0 47	93	12 713	25 2,069	1,459	3 51	00	00
Minoxidil, Topical Other Types of Rubefacient or Liniment (Excluding Camphor and Methyl	149 3,301	142 3,235	53 2,084	10	809	124 2,921	31	3	14 277	27 188	37 526	11 567	r ₂ 4	0 -	00
Sancylate) Other Types of Topical Antiseptic Podophyllin Silver Nitrate	7,571 44 203	7,423 44 170	5,594 13	895 6 76	769 19 49	7,054 29 147	203 4 6	121	37	382 18 40	1,890	654 10 36	4 4 o	4 - C	000
Topical Steroids (Including Otic, Ophthalmic, and Dermal Preparations)	10,032	9,742	7,271	555	1,585	9,617	32	S	84	194	1,320	329	16	. —	0
Topical Steroids in Combination with Antibiotics (Including Otic	1,396	1,358	728	147	383	1,331	3	-	22	82	172	215	11	0	0
Ophthalmic, and Dermal Preparations) Wart Preparations and Other Keratolytics Category Total: Unknown Drug	1,704 113,904	1,676	1,093 88,356	205 5,828	320 14,541	1,595 109,577	20 959	2 229	56 1,003	204	352 19,256	286 8,425	36 430	32	0 0
Miscellaneous Unknown Drug Miscellaneous Unknown Drugs Category Total:	20,178 20,178	15,237 15,237	5,519 5,519	2,824 2,824	5,325 5,325	8,123 8,123	4,176 4,176	735 735	950 950	8,875	2,893	1,819	1,642 1,642	536 536	20 20
Miscellaneous Veterinary Drugs Miscellaneous Veterinary Drugs without	3,037	2,852	1,039	202	1,343	2,723	45	3	77	339	588	432	62	2	0
Human Equivalent Category Total:	3,037	2,852	1,039	202	1,343	2,723	45	3	77	339	288	432	62	2	0



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	Jo ok	Jo ON		Age			Reason			Treated in		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Vitamins Miscellaneous Vitamin Other Types of Vitamin Unknown Tynes of Vitamin	995	802	479	93	192	624	55	2.5	121	123	128	84	24	2 0	00
Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Adult Formulations Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Adult		9	8 6	2		9	0	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Formulations with Fluoride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Adult	163	118	70	6	34	105	S	0	∞	13	17	7	-	0	0
Formulations with Iron (No Fluoride) Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Adult	10	∞	4	0	2	∞	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron and Fluoride Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Adult Formulations without Iron or Fluoride	222	154	06	26	31	140	∞	0	9	21	26	13	8	0	0
Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Pediatric Formulations Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Pediatric	ons 332	306	299	9	1	305	0	0	1	11	48	∞	0	0	0
Formulations with Filloride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Pediatric	531	510	492	12	4	500	-	1	∞	31	109	19	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron (No Fluoride) Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Pediatric	30	29	29	0	0	28	0	0	1	0	1	-	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron and Fluoride Multiple Vitamin Liquids: Pediatric	409	386	366	16	3	380	2	1	3	21	63	20	1	0	0
Formulations without Iron or Fluoride Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult Formulations Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult	33	31	27	~	c	7.	C	C	C	C	1	0	0	C	C
Formulations with Fluoride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult	7.584	6.298	4,779	331	1.023	5,959	220		110	593	1.461	218	21	0	0
Formulations with Iron (No Fluoride) Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult	51	39	27	2		38	-	0	0	0	_	-	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron and Fluoride Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult	73	65	49	6	7	59	4	0	-	13	25	з	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron Carbonyl (No Fluoride)															
Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Adult Formulations without Iron or Fluoride	3,963	2,946	2,065	299	498	2,629	180	т	129	338	633	142	4	0	0
Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Pediatric Formulations Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Pediatric	ons 948	880	835	38	ß	875	S	0	0	23	150	11	-	0	0
Formulations with Fluoride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Pediatric	13,078	12,526	11,184	1,220	100	12,288	198	S	29	968	2,862	475	19	2	0
Formulations with Iron (NO Fluoride) Multiple Vitamin Tablets. Pediatric	100	68	92	12	1	88	-	0	0	з	23	3	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron and Fluoride Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Pediatric Formulations with Iron Carbonyl (No	25	24	21	8	0	23	0	0	-	4	9	_	0	0	0
Fluoride) Multiple Vitamin Tablets: Pediatric Formulations without Iron or Fluoride	23,419	22,755	17,467	5,049	141	21,763	943	14	20	726	4,178	382	10	0	0
														(Con	(Continued)



Table 22B. Demographic profile of SINGLE-SUBSTANCE pharmaceuticals exposure cases by generic category (this table can be viewed separately online at www.informahealthcare.com/ctx)

	No of	No of		Age			Reason	1		Treated in		0	Outcome		
	case mentions	single exposures	9>	6-19	>19	Unint	Int	Other	Adv	care facility	None	Minor	Moder ate	Major	Death
Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Adult Formulations Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Adult	lations 7	7	v	_	-	7	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0
Formulations with Fluoride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Adult	2,150	1,581	1,175	121	237	1,491	65	ъ	20	187	389	53	4	1	0
Formulations with Iron (No Fluoride) Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Adult Formulations with Iron and Elucaide	∞	3	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Adult	99	45	28	6	7	41	2	0	2	S	e	4	0	0	0
Formulations without from or Fluoride Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Pediatric Formulations Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Pediatric Formulation of Proceedings of Procedure of Pro	mulations 34	30	28	2	0	30	0	0	0	4	4	0	1	0	0
Formulations with Fluoride (No Iron) Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Pediatric	184	175	158	16	1	173	1	0	-	13	24	S	0	0	0
Formulations with Iron (No Fluoride) Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Pediatric Formulations with Iron and Fluoride	6	7	9	1	0	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Multiple Vitamins, Unspecified Pediatric	410	391	299	06	7	376	14	0	-	17	57	13	0	0	0
Other B Complex Vitamins	4,149	3,011	2,433	125	360	2,847	75		47.	176	556	55	13	0	0
Vitamin A Vitamin B3 (Niacin)	750	637 2.495	489 681	366	1.227	591 1.224	382		97 880	45 451	165	26 794	9 102	5 0	00
Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine)	377	232	178	12	35	211	6	0	12	19	28	6	e	0	0
Vitamin C	2,111	1,546	1,244	163	104	1,440	82	0	21	64	262	63	3	0	0
Vitamin D	1,561	1,221	388	53	675	1,103	22	7	92	150	197	89	10	0	0
Vitamin E	1,083	772	644	33	80	737	18	0	16	36	140	19	3	0	0
Category Total:	68,674	60,719	46,550	8,255	4,912	26,668	2,343	37	1,603	4,059	11,844	2,520	272	∞	0
Total Pharmaceuticals	1,543,812	1,049,594	571,543	142,936	289,696	827,205	175,964	3,640	35,796	277,477	231,368	110,774	50,614	7,217	350
Total Nonpharmaceuticals + Pharmaceuticals	2,858,250	2,254,267	1,256,115	283,948	592,548	1,964,775	211,463	14,349	52,950	447,679	436,105	292,872	86,632	9,527	528



The frequency of any injury rests on the definition used. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) defined a poisoning as the "event resulting from ingestion of or contact with harmful substances including overdoses or incorrect use of any drug or medication."11 NCHS reported that the ageadjusted death rate for poisoning doubled from 1985 through 2004 to 10.3 deaths per 100,000 population. The rise was most evident from 1998 to 2000 when the poison fatalities increased an average of 8.2% per year. 11

The CDC National Center for Injury Prevention and Control latest poison data available are for the year 2006. 12 Their system reports 37,286 deaths from a US population of 298,362,973 and produces an age adjusted rate of 12.37 per 100,000 population [ICD-10 codes: X40-X49,X60-X69,X85-X90,Y10-Y19, Y35.2, *U01(0.6, 0.7)]. 12 This is in contrast to the 1,229 fatalities captured by NPDS during this time period. 1

In 2005 (latest CDC report for this comparative data), 23,618 (72%) of the 32,691 poisoning deaths in the United States were unintentional, and 3,240 (10%) were of undetermined intent.¹³ Unintentional poisoning death rates have been rising steadily since 1992. NPDS reported 2,005,307 unintentional exposures out of 2,403,539 total exposures reported. Unintentional poisoning was second only to motor vehicle crashes as a cause of unintentional injury death in 2005.¹³ Among people 35–54 years old, unintentional poisoning caused more deaths than motor vehicle crashes. In the United States in 2005, 5,833 (18%) of the 32,691 poisoning deaths were intentional; 5,744 were suicides and 89 were homicides. 13 NPDS reported 308,483 intentional exposures for 2005.

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Disclaimer

The American Association of Poison Control Centers (AAPCC; http://www.aapcc.org) maintains the national database of information logged by the country's 61 Poison Centers (PCs) serving all 50 United States, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia. Case records in this database are from self-reported calls: they reflect only information provided when the public or healthcare professionals report an actual or potential exposure to a substance (e.g., an ingestion, inhalation, or topical exposure, etc.), or request information/ educational materials. Exposures do not necessarily represent a poisoning or overdose. The AAPCC is not able to completely verify the accuracy of every report made to member centers. Additional exposures may go unreported to PCs and data referenced from the AAPCC should not be construed to represent the complete incidence of national exposures to any substance(s).

Appendix A – Acknowledgments

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Poison Centers

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The initial review of reported fatalities and development of the abstracts was the responsibility of the staff of the participating poison centers. These poison centers and individuals are listed at the beginning of this report.

Many individuals at each center participate in the review of their centers fatality cases. The following toxicology professionals summarized and prepared their center's fatality data for NPDS:

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The Lead and Peer review of the 2008 fatalities was carried out by the 29 individuals listed here. The authors and the AAPCC wish to express our appreciation for their volunteerism, dedication, hard work, and good will in completing this task in a very limited time.

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*These reviewers further volunteered to read the top ranked 200 abstracts and judged to publish or omit.

**These individuals reviewed the pediatric fatalities.

Surveillance team

Surveillance was carried out by a team of 10 medical and clinical toxicologists working across the country in a distributed system who provided daily monitoring of surveillance anomalies throughout 2008:

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Regional Poison Center (RPC) Fatality Awards

This year the AAPCC and the Fatality Review team recognized several Regional Poison Centers (RPCs) for their extra effort in a variety of categories reflected by their preparation of fatality reports and prompt responses to reviewer queries during the review process. The awards were presented at the September 2009, North Amercian Congress of Clinical Toxicology meeting in San Antonio, Texas:

First Center to Complete all Cases - Pittsburgh Poison Center, closed the last of their cases September 1, 2008

Highest Percentage with Autopsy Reports - Oklahoma Poison Control Center, 97.4% of 153 cases

Highest Overall Quality of Reports - Carolinas Poison Center, 5.38 of possible 10 for their 56 fatalities

Most Abstracts Published in 2008 Annual report – a 3-way tie - Children's Hospital of Michigan Regional Poison Control Center (Detroit), Hennepin Regional Poison Center (Minneapolis), and Carolinas Poison Center (Charlotte)

Outstanding Case Preparation – Long Island Regional Poison & Drug Information Center. Honorable mention: National Capitol, Oklahoma, Florida Tampa, New Jersey, Carolinas Most Helpful Regional Poison Center Staff – Georgia Poison Center, Honorable mention: Carolinas, and Long Island.

Appendix B – data definitions

NPDS classifies all calls as either EXPOSURE (concern about an exposure to a substance) or INFORMATION (no exposed human or animal). A call may provide information about one or more exposed person or animal (receptors).

Reason for exposure

Specialists in Poison Information (SPIs) coded the reasons for exposure reported by callers to PCs according to the following definitions:

Unintentional general: All unintentional exposures not otherwise defined below.

Environmental: Any passive, non-occupational exposure that results from contamination of air, water, or soil. Environmental exposures are usually caused by manmade contaminants.

Occupational: An exposure that occurs as a direct result of the person being on the job or in the workplace.

Therapeutic error: An unintentional deviation from a proper therapeutic regimen that results in the wrong dose, incorrect route of administration, administration to the wrong person, or administration of the wrong substance. Only exposures to medications or products used as medications are included. Drug interactions resulting from unintentional administration of drugs or foods which are known to interact are also included.

Unintentional misuse: Unintentional improper or incorrect use of a nonpharmaceutical substance. Unintentional misuse differs from intentional misuse in that the exposure was unplanned or not foreseen by the patient.

Bite/sting: All animal bites and stings, with or without envenomation, are included.

Food poisoning: Suspected or confirmed food poisoning; ingestion of food contaminated with microorganisms is included.

Unintentional unknown: An exposure determined to be unintentional, but the exact reason is unknown.

Suspected suicidal: An exposure resulting from the inappropriate use of a substance for reasons that are suspected to be self-destructive or manipulative.

Intentional misuse: An exposure resulting from the intentional improper or incorrect use.

Medical outcome

No effect: The patient did not develop any signs or symptoms as a result of the exposure.

Minor effect: The patient developed some signs or symptoms as a result of the exposure, but they were minimally bothersome and generally resolved rapidly with no residual



disability or disfigurement. A minor effect is often limited to the skin or mucus membranes (e.g., self-limited gastrointestinal symptoms, drowsiness, skin irritation, firstdegree dermal burn, sinus tachycardia without hypotension, and transient cough).

Moderate effect: The patient exhibited signs or symptoms as a result of the exposure that were more pronounced, more prolonged, or more systemic in nature than minor symptoms. Usually, some form of treatment is indicated. Symptoms were not life-threatening, and the patient had no residual disability or disfigurement (e.g., corneal abrasion, acid-base disturbance, high fever, disorientation, hypotension that is rapidly responsive to treatment, and isolated brief seizures that respond readily to treatment).

Major effect: The patient exhibited signs or symptoms as a result of the exposure that were life-threatening or resulted in significant residual disability or disfigurement (e.g., repeated seizures or status epilepticus, respiratory compromise requiring intubation, ventricular tachycardia with hypotension, cardiac or respiratory arrest, esophageal stricture, and disseminated intravascular coagulation).

Death: The patient died as a result of the exposure or as a direct complication of the exposure.

Not followed, judged as nontoxic exposure: No follow-up calls were made to determine the outcome of the exposure because the substance implicated was nontoxic, the amount implicated was insignificant, or the route of exposure was unlikely to result in a clinical effect.

Not followed, minimal clinical effects possible: No follow-up calls were made to determine the patient's outcome because the exposure was likely to result in only minimal toxicity of a trivial nature. (The patient was expected to experience no more than a minor effect.)

Unable to follow, judged as a potentially toxic exposure: The patient was lost to follow-up, refused follow-up, or was not followed, but the exposure was significant and may have resulted in a moderate, major, or fatal outcome. Unrelated effect: The exposure was probably not responsible for the effect.

Confirmed nonexposure: This outcome option was coded to designate cases where there was reliable and objective evidence that an exposure initially believed to have occurred actually never occurred (e.g., all missing pills are later located). All cases coded as confirmed nonexposure are excluded from this report.

Death, indirect report

A reported death is coded as "indirect" if no inquiry was placed to the poison center. For example, if the case was obtained from a medical examiner who queries the PC about interpretation of post mortem reports.

Appendix C – abstracts of select cases

Abstracts of the 89 cases selected (see Selection of Abstracts for Publication) and 1 addendum from 1,315 human fatalities judged related to a poisoning exposure as reported to U.S. Poison Centers in 2008. A structured format for abstracts was optional in the preparation of the abstracts and was used in the abstracts presented. Abbreviations, units and normal ranges omitted from the abstracts are given at the end of this appendix

Abstracts

Case 6. Acute ethanol ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: 23 y/o male ingested an unknown amount of alcohol 10 hours prior, found comatose by EMS, given D50% en route to the ED without effect.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive male, BP 130-140/96, HR 120, without spontaneous respirations. Pupils fixed and dilated, gag reflex absent.

Laboratory Data:

Ca 7.8, anion gap 23, serum osmolality 357, pH 6.91. Ethanol 402 mg/dL. Toxicology screen, acetaminophen and salicylate

Clinical Course: In ED, patient was intubated, ventilated and sedated with IV propofol. Sodium bicarbonate was given. At 14 hours post-ingestion, 2 sequential cardiac arrests occurred, pupils remained fixed and dilated; the patient expired at 25 hours post-ingestion.

Autopsy Findings: Ante mortem ethanol in blood (specimen not dated or timed) 0.37 gm/100 ml. No other drugs detected. Death due to acute ethanol intoxication.

Case 44. Acute hydrofluoric acid Ingestion, Dermal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 12 month old female got hydrofluoric acid on her hands and put her hands in mouth after the bottle of the product fell onto the child's walker. The child vomited 1–2 times at home and became lethargic per father and EMS who transported directly to tertiary care pediatric ED by helicopter.

Physical Exam: In ED awake, alert, no apparent distress. BP 92/38, HR 166, RR 38, T 37°C, O₂ sat 100%. No oral burns noted and the remainder of exam unremarkable.

Laboratory Data: (2.5 hr post exposure):

Calcium 6.8, ECG sinus tachycardia, ventricular rate of 175, QRS 54 ms, QT/QTc 256/436 ms, PR 94 ms, and nonspecific ST abnormality.

Clinical Course: In ED IV access, cardiac monitoring established with pulse oximetry and reverse trendellenburg. Irrigation



of the child's hand occurred 2-3 h post exposure. The child was resting comfortably. While sleeping 4 hr post exposure, posturing with apnea and Torsade de pointes occurred. Positive pressure ventilation, CPR was started. Resuscitation included 6 g calcium, 6 g magnesium sulfate, 0.7 mg epinephrine, and defibrillation. Resuscitation was unsuccessful and she expired 4.5–5 h post exposure.

Autopsy Findings: No anatomic pathology was identified. The cause of death was ruled cardiac arryhthmia due to hypocalcemia due to hydrogen fluoride poisoning.

Case 57. Acute antifreeze (ethylene glycol) ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 65 y/o male was brought to the ED due to loss of consciousness of unknown cause.

Laboratory Data: HCO₃ 4 (from ABG), Ca 8.9, Cr 2.0, BUN 13, osmolar gap 150.

Clinical Course: Upon arrival to the ED he was obtunded. Day 2 ethylene glycol was reported >3000 mg/L, glycolic acid >3000 mg/L, methanol and ethanol were negative. The patient was started on hemodialysis. Day 3 fomepizole was given prior to a second session of hemodialysis, post-dialysis ethylene glycol was 295 mg/L. On Day 4 he developed a fever of 41.1° C seizures, treated with sodium bicarbonate, IV lorazepam, and a cooling blanket. He did not respond and died on Day 4.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death was ethylene glycol

Case 58. Acute ethylene glycol ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 69 y/o male ingested 1 "cup" of antifreeze and presented an unknown time later to the ED with altered mental status.

Past Medical History: Hypertension, sleep apnea, osteomyelitis, hypercholesterolemia.

Physical Exam: Confused male with constricted pupils, BP 210/70, HR 103, RR 40.

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 6.96, pCO₂ 11, PO₂ 131 (on O₂), HCO₃ 2.3; K 6.8, Cr 1.8, BUN 11, anion gap 27, Serum ethylene glycol 156 mg/dL; serum methanol not detected; toxicology serum screen for ethanol, salicylate and acetaminophen not detected. Head CT: diffuse cerebral edema.

Clinical Course: Patient was intubated, sedated, received IV fluids, sodium bicarbonate, fomepizole, and mannitol. Hemodialysis performed. Multiple tonic clonic seizures treated with levetiracetam and valproic acid. Cr increased to 6.6. The patient remained unresponsive with anoxic brain injury. Comfort measures were instituted and he expired on Day 12. Autopsy Findings: Pulmonary edema, cardiomegaly, acute tubular necrosis and oxalate crystal deposition in renal tubules. Cause of death was acute ethylene glycol poisoning.

Case 61. Acute crotalid envenomation: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 37 y/o male was bitten on his right thumb by a rattlesnake at home. He called his wife, who arrived 30 min later and found him blue and unresponsive with vomitus. EMS intubated, defibrillated and began CPR.

Past Medical History: Asthma; 2 prior rattlesnake bites with reported "allergy" to rattlesnake venom.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive; small (<1 cm) laceration on right thumb; pupils fixed and dilated. Respiratory and metabolic acidosis. Asystole converted to VF, then VT. Respiratory arrest; T 35.6°C.

Clinical Course: In the ED, the patient was given sodium bicarbonate, epinephrine, atropine, methylprednisolone, diphenhydramine, 6 vials of antivenom, norepinephrine, lidocaine, clindamycin, levoquinalone, IV fluids, midazolam, epinephrine, vecuronium, naloxone and vitamin K. At ~4 hours post exposure, PT 19.6 seconds; PTT 40.5 seconds; fibrinogen 155 mg/dl; platelets 232; WBC 19.7; Hgb 19.1, Hct 56.8%. After stabilizing the patient, he was flown to a tertiary hospital. Six more vials of antivenom were given. No ecchymosis or oozing noted. Day 2, he was not on norepinephrine or sedation, still on ventilator; shaking; swelling to hand; thumb was black; on insulin infusion; on antibiotics; diphenhydramine and 4 units of fresh frozen plasma given; given. On Day 2 his platelets were 142; PTT 29.6 seconds; INR 1.5; fibrinogen 223 mg/dl; D-Dimer 11.09 mcg/mL; fibrin degradation product >40 mcg/ mL. On Day 3 he had GCS 5T; on lantus, albuterol nebulizer, morphine, hydrocortisone, antibiotic; vitamin K; poor urine output; on NG feeding; tip of thumb necrotic. His platelets were 84, fibrinogen 330 mg/dl; AST 44; ALT 451; WBC 21.2; Hgb 11.5; Hct 33.2%. On Day 4, he had no cough or gag reflex; GCS 3T. On Day 5, the patient's family requested comfort measures only and he expired on Day 6

Autopsy Findings: Not done

Case 64. Acute jellyfish stings: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 70 y/o male was swimming in the ocean off a Florida beach when he was stung by a Portuguese Man O' War. Local wound care was applied by the lifeguard including application of vinegar and removal of nematocysts. The patient collapsed ~25 min after the sting as he was walking away from the lifeguard stand. EMS found him in cardiopulmonary arrest and transported him to the ED.

Past Medical History: cardiac disease with a pacemaker/ automatic cardioverter defibrillator.

Clinical Course: He arrived in the ED in cardiopulmonary arrest. Pacer spikes were noted on the electrocardiogram, but there were no spontaneous respirations or pulse, resuscitation was stopped, and he was pronounced dead.

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 66. Acute sulfuric acid ocular and dermal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 18 y/o male suffered burns oropharynx, neck, face, and chest, when acid was thrown in his face during an altercation. He was intubated by EMS during transport to the ED.

He presented in the ED with 2nd and 3rd degree burns to his face, neck, and upper chest. Stabilized and evacuated by air to an out of state burn center.



Physical Exam: 2nd and 3rd degree burns and edema of the oropharynx, neck, face, and chest.

Clinical Course: He was placed on a ventilator and received IV fluids and sedation while his skin and eyes were irrigated. He was stabilized and transferred to the burn center ICU. Esophagogastroduodenoscopy showed injury to his oropharynx. Bronchoscopy revealed inhalation injury at the level of the carina. He had debridement of the anterior neck and chest with placement of a graft. Subsequently he developed bilateral bronchopneumonia, abdominal compartment syndrome, and acute renal failure. A decompression laparotomy was performed but his respiratory function continued to decline and he expired on Day 8.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death: complications of acid burns to the oropharynx, face, neck, and chest. Incidental findings were cardiomegaly and bilateral ventricular hypertrophy

Case 72. Acute nitrate/nitrite inhalation: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 33 y/o male was found unresponsive with "Jungle juice" (an ethanol beverage) and a head cleaner containing ethyl chloride found nearby.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive with agonal respirations, O₂ sat in the 80s%. SBP in the 80s; cyanotic with mottled skin.

Laboratory Data: The methemoglobin level was reported after the patient expired at > 70%.

Clinical Course: The patient was brought to the ED by EMS. He was given 1 dose of methylene blue and naloxone with no apparent response. He became pulseless, was intubated and CPR was administered per ACLS protocols. He could not be resuscitated and expired shortly after arriving at the hospital. Autopsy Findings: The cause of death was chemical asphyxiation due to methemoglobin due to "huffing" of volatile sub-

Case 84. Acute antifreeze (ethylene glycol) ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

stances. Postmortem methemoglobin saturation was 41.2%.

Scenario/Substances: 50 y/o male became be very unsteady and lethargic. His wife assumed that he had taken too much of his methadone, but when she later attempted to wake him and he had a seizure, she called EMS.

Laboratory Data:

Day 1: ABG-pH 6.9/pCO₂ 32/pO₂ 111, total Ca 5.8, Na 155, K 5.4, CO₂ 8, Cr 3.5, CK 366, ethanol and acetaminophen not detected, urine drug screen negative; TProt in CSF 148 mg/L; glucose in CSF 146 mg/dL; PT 16.5, WBC 44.2, platelets 449. Urinanalysis: protein 75, glucose 50, blood 4+.

Day 2: K 2.8, HCO₃ 17, Cr 6.2, CK 812, CKMB 10.3, troponin 0.097, WBC 19.8, PT 16.7, d-dimer 3.79, serum osmolality 341, lactic acid 5.3, pH 7.18, ionized Ca 0.88, methanol not detected; ethylene glycol 24.8 mg/dL.

Day 3: AST 71, Total Ca corrected to 8.1 mg/dL. Day 4: WBC 17.8, Cr 3. Day 5: AST 109. Day 6: K 5.5, BUN 81, Cr 6.5. Day 7: BUN 81, Cr 6.7, Alk Phos 142, AST 71.

Clinical Course: Upon arrival to the ED, the patient was intubated, IV fluids, sodium bicarbonate, and antibiotics were initiated for hypotension, profound acidosis and suspected sepsis and he was admitted to the ICU. Fomepizole was started when his ethylene glycol 24.8 mg/dL was reported. He was in renal failure (Cr 4.7) with poor urine output. On Day 2, the patient was hemodialyzed and fomepizole was continued. Day 3: dialysis was performed and sodium bicarbonate and norepinephrine were continued. CxR revealed severe lung consolidation. IV calcium replacement was administered. An EEG was consistent with encephalopathy. Insulin and insulin glargine were given for hyperglycemia. On day 5, the patient showed minimal response including gag reflex, corneal reflex and pupillary reflex. Repeat EEG showed moderate abnormality with increased generalized slowing, poor organization of background activity suggesting diffuse encephalopathic process. The family elected for comfort measures only and the patient expired on Day 7.

Autopsy Findings: Not available.

Case 85. Acute antifreeze (ethylene glycol) ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 50 y/o male found unresponsive in the trunk of a car was suspected of drinking ethylene glycol after finding that a friend had died from ethylene glycol ingestion. He was reportedly taking his wife's alprazolam as well. He was transported to the ED.

Physical Exam: In the ED he was unresponsive to pain and had a gag reflex and responsive pupils. Vital signs were "stable" and he was not intubated.

Laboratory Data: pH 7.06, HCO₃ 8, K 5.8, Cr 1.36. Urine: no crystals, no ketones. Calculated osmolality 299, anion gap 24. Ethanol, salicylate and acetaminophen not detected.

Clinical Course: No response to naloxone; started on fomepizole, folate, pyridoxine, and thiamine based on acidosis and recent history of a friend with ethylene glycol poisoning. He was retransferred to a tertiary care hospital, intubated and begun on hemodialysis. Labs were BUN 27, Cr 2.7, K 7.9, HCO₃ < 10, AST 36, lactate 2.4, INR 1.2. He received sodium bicarbonate and calcium chloride IV. Ethylene glycol 26,089 mg/L. Despite dialysis and fomepizole he developed ARDS and/or aspiration pneumonia and expired on Day 2. **Autopsy Findings:** No autopsy performed.

Case 87. Acute antifreeze (ethylene glycol) ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 51 y/o female was found unresponsive at home in the early morning with a suicide note after having been seen the night before. Her parents managed her medications because of concerns about overdose. EMS found her breathing spontaneously but unresponsive; unresponsive to naloxone 2 mg IM en route to the hospital.

Past Medical History: depression, bipolar disorder, prior suicide attempts. Medications included lithium, duloxetine, zolpidem, simvastatin, lorazepam, trazodone, rabeprazole.

Physical Exam: ED: GCS 3, BP 155/72, HR 98, RR 21 (intubated, on ventilator), T (rectal) 35.4°C, pupils 4–5 mm. Exam otherwise unremarkable.



Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 6.89/pCO₂ 27/pO₂ 524/HCO₃ 5.2 on FiO₂ 100%. Na 147, K 5.1, HCO₃ 7; BUN 12, Cr 1.36, glucose 295. osmolality 332, osmol gap 18 mmol. Ethanol, acetaminophen, salicylate all not detected. Lithium 0.03 mmol/L. ECG showed sinus rhythm, QRS 78 ms, QTc 472 ms, CxR mild pulmonary congestion. UA showed trace protein and blood, questionable crystals.

Clinical Course: Naloxone IV and flumazenil IV were given in the ED without response. Based on the severe acidosis and the osmol gap, the home was searched for antifreeze – the patient's daughter called the hospital to report she had found a 3/4 empty 1-gallon container of antifreeze in the bathroom. In addition, the family found an empty bottle of ziprasidone that had been filled a week before. Ethylene glycol level from admission was 17 mg/dL, reported 2 days after arrival. Fomepizole was started and IV sodium bicarbonate was given. The family declined permission for dialysis. The next day the patent remained completely unresponsive and the Cr had increased to 3.81. The patient's family requested comfort measures only and the patient expired on Day 2.

Autopsy Findings: The ME determined the cause of death to be ethylene glycol toxicity.

Case 90. Acute ethylene glycol ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 55 y/o female ingested an unknown amount of ethylene glycol and was found at home unresponsive with posturing.

Past Medical History: Prior CVA; medications included estrogen, buspirone, and sertraline.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive, BP 146/90, HR 72.

Laboratory Data: Initial ED values: ABG-pH 6.69/pCO₂ 24/ pO₂ 229/HCO₃ 2.8, lactate 53 mg/dL, anion gap 27, BUN 9, Cr 1.1, glucose 140 mg/dL, CK and troponin: normal. Day 1: WBC 23.6, glucose 308, Cr 2.0, BUN 11, pCO₂ 7, Na 150, K 6.1, ethanol 14 mg/dL, serum osmolality 466. Labs 10 hr after admission; lactic acid 30 mg/dL, pH, 7.1.

Day 2, ethylene glycol level 4570 mg/L.

Day 3: ethylene glycol level 211 mg/dL, BUN, 11; creatinine 1.9, CT head: small subdural hematoma.

Clinical Course: After transfer to the second hospital, IV sodium bicarbonate and fomepizole were given. Hemodialysis was started when the ethylene glycol level returned; fomepizole was continued. Seizures occurred and a lorazepam infusion was started; norepinephrine was required to support BP. On Day 3 hemodialysis was repeated Comfort measures were instituted on Day 4 and he expired on Day 5.

Autopsy Findings: A hospital blood sample contained ethylene glycol 5300 mg/L. No other substances were detected on toxicology screens. Blunt head trauma with an acute, small subdural hemorrhage was also found.

Case 98. Acute cyanide Unknown: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: A 72 y/o male intentionally ingested cyanide. A the suicide note at the scene warned responders of

the presence of cyanide. The medical examiner's office requested guidance about the handling of the body.

Autopsy Findings: Pulmonary congestion and edema, cerebral edema, lacerations, abrasions, and contusions throughout the body. Postmortem toxicology: cyanide 18 mg/ L in femoral blood; carboxyhemoglobin saturation of heart blood 6.7%, and ethanol 0.04 g/100 mL in femoral blood. Cause of death was cyanide poisoning.

Case 107. Acute ethylene glycol monobutyl ether Inhalation/nasal: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 25-y/o male inhaled the fumes from an aluminum cleaner while at work cleaning a truck 3 weeks prior to clinical evaluation. He became acutely ill, but recuperated in a couple of days and returned to work. Two days prior to presenting he returned to work, repeated the exposure and the symptoms returned but were more severe. The patient presented to his primary care physician's office with complaints of acute shortness of breath, cough, hemoptysis, dizziness, severe chest pains with deep breathing, and a sore throat. The patient was started on steroids and a budesonide/formoterol inhaler. He stated he felt better after 2 days of treatment, but his symptoms suddenly worsened during the night and his physician instructed him to go to the ED.

Past Medical History: He had history of depression, alcohol abuse, hypertension and 1-pack per day smoking for 8 years. **Physical Exam:** On arrival in the ED, with shortness of breath, coughing, hemoptysis, dizziness, chest pain with cough, and a sore throat. bilateral lung crackles, tachycardia, and depressed affect. BP 118/69, HR 109, RR 25 and T 37.6°C.

Laboratory Data: Electrolytes, BUN, Cr, glucose, ALT, AST, CK, CK-MB, and, troponin were WNL. WBC 21.5, Hgb 8.9, Hct 26, ABG-pH 7.46/pCO₂ 33.9/pO₂ 67.3

Clinical Course: The patient was admitted with acute dyspnea secondary to chemical pneumonitis. His CxR showed diffuse bilateral alveolar infiltrates. He was started on methylprednisolone, ciprofloxacin, urosemide. He had hemolytic anemia. Day 4 he received 2 units of packed red blood cells early in the day and later became hypertensive and tachycardic with respiratory distress requiring intubation and ventilation and a propofol infusion. Day 6 a bumetanide infusion and dialysis for oliguric renal failure with metabolic acidosis, hyperkalemia and anemia. He was started on vancomycin and piperacillin with tazobactam infusions after blood cultures for fever. The patient had a cardiac arrest on Day 6, was resuscitated, but died on Day 7.

Autopsy Findings: Severe pulmonary congestion and edema related to pneumonia, fibrosis, and diffuse aveolar damage, hepatic inflammation with cirrhosis, severe renal edema and congestion. The cause of death was complications of cleaning chemical inhalation.

Case 115. Acute cleaner (alkali) Ingestion (with aspiration): undoubtedly responsible.



Scenario/substance: A 54 y/o male accidentally drank an alkaline degreaser solution that had been stored in a diet green tea plastic bottle. He presented to the local ED ~30 min post-ingestion.

Past Medical History: obesity

Physical Exam: Respiratory distress with posterior oropharyngeal edema.

Clinical Course: The patient's airway continued to swell. Attempts to intubate were unsuccessful, as were attempts at cricothyrotomy; the anesthesia team performed an emergency tracheotomy. The patient suffered a cardiorespiratory arrest, and attempts at resuscitation were unsuccessful. The patient expired ~2 hr post-ingestion.

Autopsy Findings: The patient had massive upper airway edema. The base of the tongue and epiglottis were erythematous and markedly edematous. The upper airway was occluded by the supraglottic tissues which had marked erythema and edema. The esophagus showed subtle mucosal erythema. The proximal fundus of the stomach had mucosal erythema and focal mucosal erosion. Aortic blood was negative for ethanol. The cause of death was determined to be asphyxia secondary to massive upper airway edema and laryngospasm secondary to sodium hydroxide ingestion and aspiration.

Case 119. Acute cleaner (acid) ingestion: undoubtedly

Scenario/Substances: A 70 y/o female was taken to the ED after a suspected ingestion of a toilet bowl cleaner containing 15–25 % hydrochloric acid, and resembled a smoothie drink often consumed by the patient.

Past Medical History: Alzheimer dementia and hypertension. Clinical Course: The patient was awake and not complaining of any pain on examination in the ED, HR 120, RR 28. Initial K 5.9. The patient developed rapidly progressive abdominal pain and suffered perforation of her bowel. She was not taken to surgery and died within 24 hours after pre-

Autopsy Findings: Extensive necrosis of stomach, duodenum and small bowel.

Case 130. Acute food poisoning, bacterial ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 26 y/o male noticed gradual onset of cramping abdominal pain and development of watery diarrhea during the night and a temp of 38.7°C. The patient had eaten at a restaurant 3 days earlier which had been associated with an atypical E Coli food poisoning outbreak.

Past Medical History: Healthy; the patient denied any history of peptic ulcer disease or similar abdominal problems.

Physical Exam: The patient presented to the ED after awaking with bloody diarrhea. T 36.6°C, BP 147/85, HR 81, RR 20, O₂ sat 97% on room air. Abdomen, peri umbilicular tenderness.

Laboratory Data: Bilirubin 1.7, AST 43, WBC 14.8, 79 segs and 8 bands, INR 1.01, PTT 26, Hgb 17.1, Hct 49%; calculated osmolality 278 mOsm/L. Day 2: WBC 48,000 with 22 % bands and 58 % segs; CO2 18;; Later bilirubin 1.5; Glucose 156; K 5.1; Hgb 18.4; Platelets 118, Hct 57.6 %; Urinalysis: nitrites positive, blood trace, white cells trace, ketones trace, glucose trace, protein 3+, casts 5-10 /hpf fine granular.

Clinical Course: Admitted to noncritical care unit to have stools checked for C. difficile, shigella, and salmonella as well as amylase, lipase, SED rate and a urinalysis. He received normal saline IV for 4 hours and then D5 1/2 normal saline with K. Started on metronidazole, levofloxacin and vancomycin. WBC increased to 29.0. Abdominal cramping with tenderness in the left and right lower quadrants. Day 2 transferred larger hospital where his condition deteriorated. A flexible sigmoidoscopy examination demonstrated normal appearing rectal mucosa and a large amount of blood in the colon. Ciprofloxacin therapy was initiated. Developed DIC, thrombocytopenia, ARDS, and cardiac arrest. Resuscitated successfully and hemodialysis initiated. The patient had a second cardiopulmonary arrest and expired on the Day 4.

Autopsy Findings: Hemorrhagic necrotizing colitis with relative rectosigmoid sparing, stomach and small bowel ischemic changes. Hemorrhagic mesenteric lymph nodes and serosanguinous ascites (1000 ml). Acute pneumonia with bilateral serosanguinous effusions (400 ml). Hemorrhagic infarction of the liver and the spleen was congested with hemorrhage and hilar vein thrombosis. Adrenal hemorrhagic necrosis. Heart demonstrated edema and ischemic changes. Cerebral edema with ischemic changes. Renal cortical necrosis and extreme edema. Ethanol was not detected. Multiple postmortem blood, colon and stool cultures were negative. A nasopharyngeal swab for virus culture was negative. Multiple tissue sections submitted to the CDC for immunohistochemical testing and serologic studies showed no evidence of infection with E. coli O111. Several hundred individuals became sick with an acute intestinal illness and ~70 were hospitalized for severe bloody diarrhea and abdominal pain. Many patients subsequently tested positive for E. coli O111. A single restaurant where the patient dined was reported to be a common source.

Case 131. Acute foreign body ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: He tried to swallow cocaine packets while in police custody. Cardiac arrest before arrival to the ED and EMS resuscitated.

Physical Exam: In the ED: BP 98/67, HR 101,, O_2 sat 97%. ET tube in place, not responsive, fixed pupils equal at 5–6 mm, muscle spasms.

Laboratory Data: Na 167, Cr 1.8, CK 3085. Urine drug screen positive for cocaine metabolite.

Clinical Course: ICU bronchoscopy showed small bags of cocaine which were removed. He became hypertensive and was treated with labetalol but never became responsive. Developed diabetes insipidus and renal insufficiency. Declared brain dead, was given, comfort care was instated and expired Day 4.



Autopsy Findings: Complications of foreign body obstruction, cocaine use, atherosclerotic heart disease, pulmonary emphysema, pleural effusions. Serum cocaine 0.16 mg/L, benzoylecgonine 2.84 mg/L, cocaethylene not detected.

Case 164. Acute carbon monoxide inhalation: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 43 y/o male attempted suicide by redirecting the car exhaust into the passenger compartment. He was found pulseless, after being missing for 15 min. CPR was initiated and he was transferred to an ED where he was resuscitated. He was then transferred to a tertiary care facility for hyperbaric oxygen.

Past Medical History: Depression

Clinical Course: Vital signs at the tertiary care facility 200/ 120, HR 147, RR 14. The patient is intubated and unresponsive with a GCS 3. He had non specific movements of his head occasionally. Pupils were equal and reactive 3 mm. Otherwise exam was unremarkable. On admission the ABG-pH 7.39/pCO₂ 32/pO₂ 543, lactic acid 4.7 mMol/L

anion gap 18, troponin 0.22, WBC 24.2, Hgb 16.5, Hct 50.5, platelets 407, carboxyhemoglobin 8%. Day 2 troponin 3.51 and later to 6.52. AST 71, ALT 32, CK 702. He received hyperbaric oxygen therapy for 3 hours. He declined neurologically while in the ICU; his pupils became fixed and constricted and the corneal reflex was lost. His blood pressure became unstable despite fluid resuscitation and vasopressors. He experienced an episode of SVT treated with amiodarone. He failed an apnea test and, after discussion with the family, comfort measures were instituted and he expired.

Autopsy Findings: ME documented an initial Carboxyhemoglobin 50.5%.

Case 202. Acute mercury parenteral: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: A 36 y/o male apparently injected himself with elemental mercury an unknown time before arriving at ED. He had complaints of fever, diarrhea, headache, cough and pruritus.

Past Medical History: The patient had been to the ED about 10 days prior with complaints of fever, sore throat, generalized itching and a macular rash. He was given diphenhydramine, but symptoms did not improve.

Clinical Course: In the ED complaining of fever, diarrhea and headache on the left side. CxR and CT scan showed mercury deposits in the lungs and within the right heart cavities. Succimer and IV antibiotics were started on Day 3. On Day 5, the patient had nausea, emesis, diarrhea, numbness and tingling of the feet, weakness in the extremities, blurred vision and was producing blood-stained sputum. On Day 6, the patient's urine mercury was 552 mcg/dl, serum mercury was 224 mcg/dl, urine lead was 24 mcg/dl and cadmium was 6.1 mcg/dl. On Day 7, he was transferred to the ICU

and oral n-acetylcysteine was begun. On Day 8, he was febrile, had diffuse bone pain, was agitated, tachycardic and had urticarial rash on his chest and abdomen. On Day 9, succimer was held due to leukopenia. His WBC was 1.9. On Day 11, his AST peaked at 465, his ALT peaked at 344 and his CK peaked at 43002. He was intubated on Day 10 and vasopressors were begun on Day 11. DMPS (2,3-dimercaptopropane-1-sulfonate) was started on Day 12, as well as dialysis. DMPS was discontinued on Day 16 because of hypotension. The patient was anuric by Day 17. He expired on Day 18.

Autopsy Findings: Focal myocardial necrosis, pulmonary edema and bilateral pleural effusion and ascites. Blood mercury level was 39 mcg/dl. Cause of death was acute elemental mercury poisoning. Manner of death was undetermined.

Case 203. Acute mercury inhalation/nasal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: A 55 y/o male was boiling off elemental mercury to isolate gold from electronic components. Over the next 2 days he developed flu like symptoms, progressive chest pain, shortness of breath and swollen gums. Sheriff's Department reported that methamphetamine laboratory chemicals and paraphernalia were also discovered at the site. **Physical Exam:** In the ED, 2 days after exposure, HR 80s, T 38.1°C

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.4/pCO₂ 33/pO₂ 51; WBC was 20.9, urine positive for THC and methamphetamine; urinalysis positive for trace protein, urobilinogen, blood +1; Cr 0.9, BUN 15. Mercury level on admission 1,108 mcg/L. All other laboratory values WNL.

Clinical Course: Patient admitted to ICU and placed on oxygen. ECG normal sinus rhythm with HR in the 80s. IV fluids were initiated prior to transfer to a larger hospital. Day 2 he was intubated and ventilated. IV fluids, oxygen and BAL were administered. CxR indicated ARDS. Day 5 penicillamine administration was added. Day 9 he was hypotensive and required epinephrine and norepinephrine. Chelation with succimer was initiated. He continued to deteriorate and penicillamine was discontinued. Comfort measures were instituted and he expired on Day 10.

Autopsy Findings: No autopsy was performed. Final cause of death listed as ARDS due to toxic effects of mercury vapor inhalation.

Case 204. Acute arsenic ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: 57 y/o male ingested 3 grams of arsenic pentoxide 5 hours prior to arrival at ED with hemate-

Physical Exam: BP 92/62, HR 102, RR 20, O₂ sat 98%. Agitated, diaphoretic, anuric; HEENT: no burns; Lungs: clear, tachycardic; generalized abdominal tenderness and bloating, NEURO: nonfocal, SKIN: no rash

Laboratory Data: Initial local hospital:

WBC 16.6, Hgb 19.9, platelets 395, glucose 2598 mg/dL, Cr 2.0, K 2.6, HCO3 19, ALT 17. Tertiary care hospital: WBC 25.1, Hgb 16.7, glucose 39, Cr 1.8, K 2.6, lactate 8.2 mg/dL,



pH 7.1, INR 1.3, troponin 17.5 ng/mL, urinary arsenic 2,800 μ g/L, inorganic arsenic 264 μ g/L, serum arsenic 252 μ g/L.

Clinical Course: Upon transfer to the tertiary care hospital, NG aspiration of the metallic stomach contents seen on abdominal xray yielded a white residue. He was intubated and received BAL IM, IV fluids, potassium, norepinephrine and antibiotics. Endoscopy and CVVHD were performed. Day 2: Maximum rates of norepinephrine, dopamine and vasodopressin were required to support BP. The patient's family elected the institution of comfort measures and he expired on Day 2.

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 206. Acute on chronic chloroflurocarbon Inhalation/ nasal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 19 y/o male witnessed at home inhaling fluorinated hydrocarbons multiple times on the day of presentation.

Past Medical History: Inhalant abuse

Physical Exam: Mechanically ventilated, BP120/72, HR 80, RR 16, T 36.7°C, O₂ sat 88%. CxR showed interstitital edema which progressed to infiltrate.

Clinical Course: In ED had shortness of breath and chest pain; transferred to tertiary care hospital. Pulmonary embolism notfound, developed severe respiratory distress and hypoxemia which required intubation and ventilation with PEEP. He required high pressure ventilation with 100% oxygen for 9 days with failed attempts to wean. Fever prompted empiric antibiotics. Steroids were administered. Day 13: hypercarbia, hypoxemia, acidosis continued followed by a fatal cardiac arrest.

Autopsy Findings: not performed

Case 214. Acute charcoal lighter fluid injection: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 40 y/o female came to the ED after intentionally injecting 40 ml of charcoal lighter fluid into her

Past Medical History: History of prior suicide attempts, alcohol abuse, marijuana use, back surgery, knee surgery, s/p hysterectomy.

Physical Exam: Altered mental status, diaphoretic, systolic BP 99, HR 94.

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.46, pCO2 31, pO2 70, serum bicarbonate 19, O2 sat 97% (3 L O2 NC). Salicylate, APAP, ethanol, urine pregnancy and urine tox negative. ECG: ST segment elevation.

Clinical Course: Admitted to ICU, tachypneic (RR 30–40), with abdominal pain. Respiratory status declined requiring intubation. Hypotension developed and IV vasopressin and phenylephrine were given which increased systolic BP to 94– 103. Body temperature increased to 104.7 F and hyperglycemia developed. The patient expired 18 hours after presentation.

Autopsy Findings: No autopsy was performed. Cause of death was multiple organ failure and self injection IV with charcoal lighter fluid. Toxicology reported blood alcohol level of 0.10%.

Case 218. Acute mineral spirits ingestion (with aspiration): undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: An 11 month old male became ill after ingesting an unknown amount of paint thinner. The product was in its original container, but the cap had been left off. A sibling had used the product to clean a floor and had misplaced the safety cap. The child experienced rapid onset of cough, altered mental status and an extended generalized tonic-clonic seizure of 40 min duration. Responding EMS reported finding an actively seizing child with HR 132 and RR 22.

Physical Exam: In the ED the child was unresponsive, cyanotic, actively seizing, HR 130, BP 85/61 and T 37.8°C. He exhibited a "strong paint thinner odor".

Laboratory Data: A chest X-ray taken on arrival was consistent with ARDS.

Clinical Course: The child was intubated, ventilated and given bronchodilators in the ED. A pneumothorax required chest tubes. Adequate oxygenation could not be accomplished. An NG tube on back-aspiration revealed a paint thinner-like odor. Rectal diazepam was given for the seizures, which remained refractory to treatment. The child was anuric with "multi-organ system failure". Death occurred 12 hours after presentation.

Autopsy Findings: Marked pulmonary edema and congested lungs. Hemorrhagic gastrointestinal fluids. Cerebral edema. A comprehensive postmortem blood toxicology screen was negative. Analysis of small intestines revealed the presence of petroleum distillates. Cause of death: multiple organ failure secondary to petroleum hydrocarbon toxicity.

Case 223. Acute mushrooms, cyclopeptides ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 53 y/o female developed nausea and vomiting 1 day after picking, cooking and eating wild mushrooms. Symptoms began 10–12 hours after ingestion. She was brought to ED where they were concerned about possible Amanita mushroom poisoning.

Laboratory Data: AST 68, ALT 54, Cr 1.2, INR 1.1. Day 2: AST 304, ALT 223; Day 3 AST 2,060, ALT 1,723, pH 6.8, lactate 10 mmol/L, INR 5.5.

Clinical Course: Initial treatment was multiple dose activated charcoal (q 2 – 4 hr); Penicillin G 1,000,000/Kg/day IV divided every 8 hours for 24 hours, and cimetidine 300mg IV q 6 hr. Day 2: Increased LFTs and PCC recommended and she received N-acetylcysteine IV. Mental status was alert and oriented with resolution of GI complaints.

Day 3: Patient became lethargic, pH 7.1, intubation required, refractory hypotension requiring vasopressors, with HR 143. Dialysis was considered, but the patient was too hypotensive. Day 4: Multiple cardiac arrests occurred before the fatal arrest. A sample of the meal was examined by a mycologist who confirmed Amanita bisporigera.

Autopsy Findings: Severe hepatic necrosis.



Case 224. Acute mushrooms, cyclopeptides ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 55 y/o female picked mushrooms while hiking in upstate New York; developed weakness, dizziness, nausea and vomiting 24 hr after ingestion; presented to the ED 2 days later.

Physical Exam: Abdominal tenderness.

Laboratory Data: Initial AST 4200, ALT 5000, INR >20 HCO3 10.

Clinical Course:

Admitted with fulminant hepatic failure 3 days after ingestion of wild mushrooms. Treatment with N-acetylcysteine started and transfer to a liver center. 6 hr after admission: BP declined, vasopressors and intubation required. Bleeding from venipuncture sites noted, patient was considered too unstable for transfer. Patient expired 14 hours after presentation from cardiac arrest.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death was acute fulminant hepatic necrosis due to ingestion of poisonous mushroom.

Case 228. Acute paraguat ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: An 8 y/o male ingested an unknown blue herbicide that had been stored in a soda bottle.

Clinical Course: At initial ED presentation, he had normal vital signs and had 1 episode of vomiting, but was otherwise asymptomatic during evaluation. CxR 4 hours post ingestion was normal and he was sent home. The child developed increasing vomiting and returned to the ED 10 days later, ataxic, lethargic, and confused with continued emesis, HR, 110; RR 50–57, O₂ sat 96% with O₂ supplementation. Laboratory results at that time were:

Salicylate was not detected, CK 58, AST 35, ALT 11, lactate 2.6 mg/dL, venous pH 7.44 and pCO2 40, UA showed 1+ Hgb. The herbicide was unavailable, but the parents believed the product was a chlorphenoxy compound. He was admitted for new onset renal failure, anion gap metabolic acidosis, altered mental status, hypoxia and tachypnea. A CxR revealed mediastinitis with a large right pneumothorax. During Day 1 vitals remained stable with improvement in clinical status. Paraquat was considered as a possible etiology, but no specific therapy was recommended as they were considered too risky given the unclear etiology and improving renal function. On Day 2, a chest tube was placed; IV fluids, electrolyte replacement, and supplemental oxygen were continued. Renal function continued to improve. His BP increased and nicardipine was initiated. On Day 3, chest tube removal was not tolerated and his oxygen requirement increased. A repeat CxR revealed increased consolidation and furosemide was administered for fluid overload. Alkalosis persisted; ABG pH was 7.53. Later that day, his respiratory status further

declined (O₂ sat 80%), and he was intubated. CxR revealed bilateral atelectasis, pulmonary edema, and questionable pulmonary fibrosis. Anemia was treated with packed red blood cells. On Day 4, paraquat was reconsidered as a potential cause of injury; unconventional therapies were discussed including cyclophosphamide in combination with high dose steroids. The pneumothorax recurred; antibiotics were started and high flow oscillator ventilation for poor oxygenation instituted; his lungs developed hemorrhage. Except for a low serum magnesium, his electrolytes, liver function, and renal function were normal. An ABG demonstrated pH, 7.43; pCO₂, 48; and pO₂ about 50.On Day 5, the CxR improved although ventilation remained difficult. There was no improvement in ABG; pO₂ was only 27. Pulmonary surfactant was administered but not tolerated. Free air was discovered in his abdomen and epinephrine was added for a drop in BP and HR. Continued anemia was treated with additional packed red blood cells. On Day 6, the child's status further declined with continued decreases in O2, BP, HR, and intermittent changes in heart rhythm. On day 7, dopamine was started to maintain BP but he became hypertensive and died after an unsuccessful resuscitation.

Autopsy Findings: Pleural and peritoneal effusions. Lung parenchyma was moderately congested without obvious consolidation or focal lesions. Lung sections showed diffuse alveolar damage with fibrosis and intraalveolar hemorrhage. The small bronchi were plugged with mucus and acute inflammatory cells. Analysis of urine sample obtained at the final healthcare facility on day 14 from ingestion, revealed paraquat, 0.74 mcg/mL. Cause of death was diffuse alveolar damage and fibrosis with intraalveolar hemorrhage consistent with paraquat poisoning. The ME ruled the death as accidental secondary to respiratory failure due to paraquat ingestion.

Case 242. Acute copper sulfate ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 59 y/o female may have ingested a copper sulfate containing root killer. The caller was not sure if this was a suicide attempt or if the product was diluted.

Past Medical History: Bipolar disorder.

Physical Exam: Patient was mumbling her words and difficult to understand. BP 220/110; Coffee ground-like emesis. Laboratory Data: K 7.8. Post intubation ABG-pH 7.07/ pCO₂ 76/pO₂ 396, Methemoglobin 2.5%.

Clinical Course: Treated for hypertension and hyperkalemia. Within a few hours, she became hypotensive and required hemodynamic support. Sodium bicarbonate given for acidosis. Within ~8 hours from she became bradycardic, had a cardiac arrest and resuscitation was unsuccessful.

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 243. Acute strychnine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: A 61 y/o male ingested trazodone, propoxyphene-acetaminophen, hydrocodone, acetaminophendiphenhydramine, beer, and arsenic powder. Initial symptoms



included drowsiness, diaphoresis and multiple episodes of emesis. Emesis eventually became bloody.

Past Medical History: Depression

Physical Exam: Drowsy and vomiting, BP 141/74; HR 85,

RR 18. Muscle contractions were present.

Laboratory Data: Initial electrolytes, liver function tests, and coagulation studies were normal. Ethanol was 30 mg/dL, acetaminophen 148 mg/L at 5 hr, salicylate was not detected. Clinical Course: The patient received IV fluids, antiemetics, IV N-acetylcysteine and IM BAL. Within 5 hour of presentation, vomiting had subsided and mental status was normal. However, nurses reported an odd tremor. He went on to develop severe muscle spasms, hematuria, and delirium. About 8 hours later, the patient went into sudden cardiac arrest and resuscitation was unsuccessful.

Autopsy Findings: Postmortem venous blood: caffeine, dihydrocodeine 0.031 mg/L, hydrocodone 0.19 mg/L, propoxyphene 0.96 mg/L, norpropoxyphene 1.9 mg/L, oxycodone 0.060 mg/L, and strychnine 1.2 mg/L. No arsenic was detected. The death was attributed primarily to strychnine.

Case 250. Acute oxycodone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 4 y/o female was found unresponsive and after a suspected carbon monoxide exposure. EMS found the child to be in full arrest, initiated ACLS resuscitation, gave naloxone, and transported her to the ED.

Clinical Course: Resuscitation was unsuccessful and the child was pronounced dead upon arrival to the ED.

Autopsy Findings: Subclavian blood: oxycodone > 2 mg/L (lethal per ME: 0.10 - 8.0 mg/L), oxymorphone 0.20 mg/L (oxycodone metabolite) and midazolam 0.54 mg/L (toxic per ME: 1.0 - 1.5 mg/L). Further investigation revealed the child had been playing with and is presumed to have ingested some of a grandparent's medication.

Case 253. Acute methadone ingestion, inhalation/nasal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 12 y/o male found to be behaving abnormally and his 16 y/o brother suspected drug use. The next morning he was found unresponsive. The family found him pulseless and apneic and performed CPR and EMS.

Past Medical History: Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder. Medications included amphetamine/ dextroamphetamine and atomoxetine.

Physical Exam: On initial presentation, the patient was in cardiac arrest. He was resuscitated to a pulse, 90's; blood pressure, 60/30 to 110/60; T, 96° F.

Laboratory Data: During resuscitation, ABGs & electrolytes were ABG-pH 6.73/pCO₂ 47/pO₂ 574/HCO₃ 6.2,

Na 149 Cl 97 BUN 15 K 7.5 HCO₃ 23 Cr 1.2 Glu 180

troponin was 1.9 ng/mL; CK, 393, MB fraction 23.2, myoglobin, 1957 mcg/L. His urine drug screen was positive for methadone, benzodiazepines, and THC.

Clinical Course: In the ED the patient received standard PALS care with a loading dose of phenobarbital. Naloxone and flumazenil were given with no response. Return of spontaneous circulation occurred 90 min after his arrest, but return of spontaneous respiration did not occur. After intubation and resuscitation, the patient was transferred to a tertiary care facility's ICU. On arrival, BP 78/56; HR 103, and he had significant cardiac dysfunction. He was on an induced hypothermia protocol, which was discontinued after 6 hours due to refractory hypotension. Treatment with dopamine, epinephrine, insulin, phenytoin, and steroids was provided. On Day 2 HR 102; BP 94/58; RR 24 (ventilator), T, 98.5° F with a warming blanket, Na 150, K 3.2; ionized Ca 5.4; BUN 33; Cr, 3; ALT, 2088; AST, 4729; bilirubin, 1.1; INR 2.94; lactate, 10.7 mmol/L. ABG-pH 7.2/pCO₂ 37/pO₂ 64/HCO₃ 14.7 /BE -13, phenytoin 11 mcg/mL. On Day 3 an EEG showed no cortical brain activity. A cerebral perfusion study on Day 4 supported the diagnosis of brain death. Comfort measures were instituted and he expired on Day 3.

Autopsy Findings: Bloody fluid (antemortem) methadone 0.24 mg/L, nicotine (trace amounts). The cause of death was methadone and benzodiazepine toxicity.

Case 266. Acute acetaminophen ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 17 y/o female arrived 28 hours post acetaminophen ingestion.

Past Medical History: Schizophrenia, bi-polar disorder, anxiety, prior suicide attempts. She was paraplegic from a previous motor vehicle collision. Medications included quetiapine, venlafaxine, escitalopram, and lorazepam.

Physical Exam: She presented afebrile with nausea and vomiting.

Laboratory Data: The initial acetaminophen level was 138 mcg/mL ~28 hours post ingestion, AST 1,946, ALT 1,699. bilirubin 3.6 and PT 55.7. Day 2 AST 10,050, ALT 7,940, INR 12.6, bilirubin 4.5.

Clinical Course: IV N-acetylsteine was started and transferred for possible transplantation. Liver function and enzymes worsened. On Day 2 intracranial pressure began to rise and was treated with pentobarbital and mannitol. CT scan the following day showed herniation. The family elected comfort measures only and the patient expired on Day 6.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death was acute liver failure due to hepatic necrosis due to acute acetaminophen intoxication. Manner of death was suicide.

Case 281. Acute methadone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 19 y/o male found unresponsive at home without spontaneous pulse or respirations after suspected abuse of methadone. He received 20 min of CPR by EMS with return of pulses and was transported to the ED.



Past Medical History: No prior hospitalizations or surgeries. Physical Exam: BP 120/70, HR 100, RR 16 on mechanical ventilation, pupils fixed at 5 to 6 mm.

Laboratory Data: Na 145, K 3.7, Cl 110, bicarbonate 21 (was 16), BUN 27, Cr1.5, PT 15.4, INR 1.42, CK 5,059, WBC 21.0, platelets 310, APAP & ASA not detected, head CT negative for acute intracranial event.

Clinical Course: The patient arrested again in the ED treated successfully with an additional 40 min of resuscitation. He was then transferred to a tertiary hospital. On the second Day he was given naloxone 8 mg resulting in tachycardia (from 50 to 90), hypertension (SBP 200) and piloerection. Methadone 92 ng/mL on admission and 54 ng/mL 48 hrs post ingestion. However his level of consciousness did not change (Glasgow coma score) and he remained ventilator dependent. His initial EEG was found to have burst suppression and subsequent EEGs were isoelectric. Based on the isoelectric EEG, negative cold calorics, brainstem reflexes and no other signs of brain function he was pronounced dead on Day 4.

Autopsy Findings: ME gave cause of death as methadone intoxication.

Case 288. Acute salicylate ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: 20 y/o female ingested salicylate 325 mg tablets. From a bottle of 500 tablets, 379 were missing.

Physical Exam: In the ED ~14 hours after the ingestion she complained of nausea and vomiting and of being weak and tired. She denied tinnitus or abdominal pain. HR 67 to 110 (highest when she was actively vomiting), BP 124/85, RR 28, afebrile, O₂ sat 100% on room air.

Laboratory Data: salicylate 101 mcg/mL, ABG-pH 7.49/ pCO₂ 16/pO₂ 130, Na 143, K 4.3, Cl 105, HCO₃ 13, BUN 10, Cr 1.1, glucose 137, tox screen: negative for tricyclic antidepressants, positive for salicylate.

Clinical Course: Four hours after presentation to the ED (18 hours post ingestion) she had a seizure and arrested. While attempting to place a Quentin catheter for dialysis she developed a widened QRS, went into VT and then VF and was unable to be resusciated. Her organs were harvested for transplantation.

Autopsy Findings: External examination only due to tissue donation. Cause of death was severe metabolic acidosis due to acute salicylate intoxication. Antemortem blood salicylate was 700 mcg/mL.

Case 290. Acute methadone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 20 y/o female presented in cardiac arrest after consuming unknown amounts of carisoprodol, alprazolam, and methadone. The medications were not believed to be hers. EMS found the patient cyanotic and cold to touch, pupils were fixed and dilated. During intubation gastric contents were noted in the pharynx. CPR was begun, she was found to be in VF, treated with defibrillation.

Past Medical History: chronic pain, anxiety, previous suicide attempts.

Clinical Course: ED: resuscitation that included naloxone (6 mg), epinephrine, and atropine was applied. The patient was declared dead before other suggested therapies could be attempted.

Autopsy Findings: External: several tattoos and piercings, multiple non-fatal contusions. Internal exam showed vascular congestion, patchy pneumonia, and cellular debris consistent with aspiration pneumonia. Myocardial ischemia on microscopy was attributed to hypotension. Aortic blood: methadone 0.27 mg/L, alprazolam 0.057 mg/L trace meprobamate and atropine. Ileac vein methadone 0.30 mg/L, Liver methadone 1.7 mg/kg. The cause of death was methadone toxicity.

Case 291. Acute fentanyl (transdermal) inhalation: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 20 y/o male was found unresponsive by his parents in his home after smoking a 25 mcg fentanyl patch in a tin foil pipe. He was found face down in his pillow in the bedroom. The father attempted CPR at home and in their car en route to the ED while the mother drove.

Past Medical History: drug abuse including alcohol and marijuana since 14 y/o, smoking heroin.

Physical Exam: On arrival in the ED, the patient was unresponsive, and asystolic. He received 4 mg of naloxone without response.

Clinical Course: Resuscitative efforts continued for 45 min in the ED without response. He was transported to a regional hospital. Lab: Na 138, Cl 108, lactic acid 4.6 mmol/L, Cr 2.0, AST 831, salicylate 4.8 mg/dL, acetaminophen not detected, urine toxicology screen negative. Absent brainstem reflexes. He was stabilized on pressor therapy with dopamine and norepinephrine. The patient was challenged with escalating doses of naloxone up to a total dose of 15 mg without response. He developed multi-organ failure with shock liver and acute renal failure. The parents requested comfort measures only and the patient expired on Day 2.

Autopsy Findings: Antemortem blood: negative for carisoprodol and meprobamate, fentanyl 9.6 ng/mL, norfentanyl 1.2 ng/mL. Cause of death: acute fentanyl intoxication.

Case 342. Acute salicylate ingestion: probably responsible. Scenario/Substances: 25 y/o female found unresponsive. She was brought to the ED by EMS, who reported that all pill counts and medications were "accounted for." The patient was unable to provide any history. It was mentioned that she had reported feeling hot earlier and had taken her clothing

Past Medical History: schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, and diabetes. Medications included risperidone, metformin, glipizide, atenolol, clonazepam and levothyroxine.

Physical Exam: Initial exam in the ED revealed BP 102/63, HR 164, RR 44, T 41.1°C. She was unconscious and in severe respiratory distress. Skin was warm and dry. Pupils were not recorded. Bowel sounds were present. There was no rigidity or abnormal muscle movements.



Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.47/pCO₂ 22/pO₂ 224 on 15 L nonrebreather mask. Na 143, K 3.5, CO2 17, BUN 27, Cr 1.9, CK 472, WBC 25.0.

Clinical Course: Serum salicylate was 96.5 mg/dL; ethanol nondetectable; urine tox screen negative. The patient was treated with IV fluids, sodium bicarbonate (boluses and infusion), and application of ice packs and a cooling blanket. The T fell to T 39.4°C. She remained deeply comatose. Before the planned hemodialysis could be carried out the patient developed complete heart block followed by asystole and could not be resuscitated. She expired ~3 h after arrival in the ED.

Autopsy Findings: Not available.

Case 380. Acute on chronic acetaminophen/butalbital/ caffeine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 29 y/o male presented to hospital after an intentional ingestion of sertraline and acetaminophen/ diphenhydramine combination tablet.

Past Medical History: Psychiatric disorder

Physical Exam: BP 175/99, HR 144 and afebrile. The patient was confused and agitated alternating with episodes of obtundation. Pupils were noted to be dilatated and the patient had positive bowel sounds. Patient was confused.

Laboratory Data: ALT 37, AST 20, troponin 0.015, ammonia 90 mM/L.

Acetaminophen (mg/mL)	Time (hr post presentation)
360	1
210	7
124	13
317	19
350	23
287	27
43	38
14	44

The maximal AST 447; ALT 95 on Day 3. EKG sinus tachycardia with a rate of 144, QRS 99, QTc 551.

Clinical Course: Intubated on presentation and given activated charcoal. He started on IV acetylcysteine initially 150 mg/kg over 1 h followed by 12.5 mg/kg for 4 h and 6.25 mg/ kg for 16 h, the patient was converted to intermittent 70 mg/ kg at ~24 h post ingestion. When his acetaminophen levels started to rise he was started on whole bowel irrigation with polyethylene glycol solution. An attempt was made to extubate the patient on Day 2 but he vomited, aspirated and was subsequently reintubated. He had a myocardial infarction on Day 4, comfort measures were instituted and he expired.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death: Complications of Acetaminophen intoxication. Antemortem blood acetaminophen 350 mg/mL, and sertraline 29 ng/mL.

Case 423. Acuity unknown methadone ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 32 y/o male found by family at home, not breathing, with no detectable pulse and evidence of vomiting and aspiration; was successfully resuscitated by EMS prior to ED arrival. Family reported the patient had been started on methadone less than a week earlier and increased dosage within the last few days. One day earlier, patient noted to have trouble breathing.

Physical Exam: Bradycardia.

Clinical Course: The patient received naloxone 6 mg which improved HR followed by naloxone infusion prior to transfer to another hospital. Upon arrival, hypotension required vasopressors; CT head: changes consistent with anoxic brain injury and herniation with compression of the brainstem. The patient expired 19 hr after presentation.

Autopsy Findings: Herniation of the cerebellar tonsils and symmetric flattening of gyri. Post-mortem blood: methadone 0.30 mcg/mL, methadone metabolite (EDDP) 0.19 mcg/mL.

Case 441. Acuity unknown fentanyl transdermal ingestion: Dermal: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 34 y/o male was found dead in a car with family pictures and was taken to the medical examiner. Tablets of citalogram were found at the scene.

Autopsy Findings: Cerebral edema, pulmonary edema and early decompositional changes noted. Nine fentanyl patches (25 mcg/hr) found on left chest. Post-mortem blood: fentanyl 12 ng/mL, norfentanyl 6.2 ng/mL, alprazolam 0.25 mg/L. Cause of Death was mixed drug intoxication (fentanyl and alprazolam).

Case 515. Acute on chronic methadone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 41 y/o male was found cyanotic in coma, possibly down for 12 hours with a suicide note. He responded to naloxone and was placed on a continuous infusion. He said he took methadone 280 mg.

Past Medical History: seizures, COPD, heroin abuse, previous suicide attemps, prior gunshot to head, dilated cardiomyopathy. Medications included clonidine, albuterol, ibuprofen, and methadone

Physical Exam: T 33.9°C; after naloxone BP 116/49, HR 79, RR 25, and O_2 sat 99% on 2 liters nasal O_2 .

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.02/pCO₂ 46/pO₂ 135,

Na 144	Cl 101	BUN 24
K 6.1	HCO ₃ 29	Cr 3.2

lactic acid 7.7, CK 20,000, QRS 142, QTc 449. Toxic alcohol panel was negative.

Clinical Course: Compartment syndrome in his upper extremeties treated with fasciotomy. He remained sedated, on the ventilator after surgery, with worsening oliguric renal failure and hypotension requiring norepinephrine. AST peaked at 3,281 and Cr at 6.6 mg/dl. He expired on Day 2.



Autopsy Findings: Severe hemorrhagic bilateral pulmonary edema. Pericardial blood methadone 0.63 mg/L and EDDP (methadone metabolite) 0.1 mg/L.

Case 518. Acute butalbital/ acetaminophen/caffeine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: A 41 y/o female was found unresponsive and cyanotic by her spouse. She had last been seen 24 hours prior. A bottle of acetaminophen with diphenhydramine was found near her bed.

Past Medical History: fibromyalgia depression. Medications included carisoprodol, acetaminophen with hydrocodone, and

Physical Exam: In the ED she was cyanotic, HR 90–100, T (rectal) 32.8°C; withdrew to pain and occasionally moved extremities.

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 6.99/HCO₃ 10, CK 7488, INR 8.0; aPTT 78 seconds, acetaminophen 46 mcg/mL; salicylate 12.4 mg/dL; ethanol 57 mg/dL. Her urine drug screen was positive for cyclic antidepressants and benzodiazepines.

Clinical Course: In the ED, 4 mg naloxone and flumazenil were given with no response. She was intubated without any sedation and received sodium bicarbonate; norepinephrine, dopamine, and epinephrine. N-acetylcysteine and morphine infusions were begun. The patient's repeat HR 111; BP 84/ 37; RR 30. The initial EEG showed minimal brain activity. She remained hypotensive over the next 36 hours. She received fresh frozen plasma, whole blood, and insulin. She was begun on continuous veno-venous hemodiafiltration for refractory acidosis. Her CK rose to 38,480, troponin to 53.6, INR to 9, AST 7560, ALT 6876, glucose 760. She developed aspiration pneumonitis and pancreatitis. The family requested comfort measures only and the patient expired on

Autopsy Findings: Massive centrilobular necrosis of the liver, moderate to severe bronchopneumonia, acute tubular necrosis of the kidney, full thickness necrosis and hemorrhage of the small intestine. Admission blood oxymorphone < 0.05 mg/L. Femoral blood (antemortem): acetaminophen 53 mcg/mL, diphenhydramine 0.33 mcg/mL, hydroxyzine 0.076 mcg/mL, O-desmethylvenlafaxine 0.40 mcg/mL, venlafaxine 0.29 mcg/mL. Aortic blood (post-mortem): diphenhydramine 0.63 mcg/mL, O-desmethylvenlafaxine 0.75 mcg/mL, morphine 1.3 mg/L (likely from palliative care), venlafaxine 0.72 mcg/mL. Live: diphenhydramine 14 mg/kg, O-desmethylvenlafaxine 2.2 mg/kg, venlafaxine 3.5 mg/kg. The cause of death was multi-system organ failure due to oxymorphone, acetaminophen, and diphenhydramine toxicity.

Case 520. Acute fentanyl transdermal ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 41-y/o white female presented to the ED with nausea and vomiting after an episode of coffee grounds emesis with epigastric and right upper quadrant "stabbing "pain. Admitted to the hospital a fentanyl patch applied. She ingested her fentanyl patch while outside on a smoking break. She returned to her room where she was later found unresponsive, bradycardic, hypotensive and apneic.

Past Medical History: Renal cell carcinoma, status post nephrectomy, ovarian cancer, right lower extremity deep venous thrombosis, gastroesophageal reflux, pancreatitis.

Physical Exam: HR 111, BP 136/97, RR 16, T 37.8°C, O₂ sat 98% on 50% FiO₂, PEEP 5 cm H₂O. Intubated with coarse breath sounds, persistent left lateral gaze, pupils 3 mm, equal and reactive. GCS 5, responsive to deep tactile stimulation.

Laboratory Data: Hgb 11.1, WBC 22.4 INR 2.0, K 3.1, Ca 7.9, phosphate 2.2 mEq/L, albumin 2.9 gm/dL, AST 239, ALT 1,503, CK 4,610, CK-MB 64.6, troponin-I - 3.92, ABGpH 7.35/pCO₂ 42/pO₂ 108/HCO₃ 23.1

Clinical Course: After resuscitation CPR, intubation, vasopressors, and naloxone infusion and transferred to the ICU. No response to naloxone and she was weaned from her vasopressors with maintenance of adequate blood pressure. Head CT showed no acute abnormality, echocardiogram showed diminished LV systolic function; acute renal failure and rhabdomyolysis developed which responded to bicarbonate and fluid resuscitation. She was subsequently found to have evidence of diffuse anoxic brain injury on head CT. Comfort measures were instituted and she in died in hospice.

Autopsy Findings: External examination only. Cause of death as listed by the coroner was complications of substance

Case 535. Chronic acetaminophen ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 42-y/o male alcoholic ingested acetaminophen hourly for 1 week to treat chronic pain.

Past Medical History: Alcoholism, pancreatitis, hypertension, hypothyroidism and antisocial personality disorder.

Physical Exam: In ED he presented with nausea, vomiting, anorexia, abdominal pain, dark urine. Alert and oriented, with jaundice, dehydration, tremor and ataxia.

Laboratory Data: Admission acetaminophen 76 µg/mL. AST peaked at 14,782 and then fell to 83 prior to death. Venous pH 7.18. Peak values Cr 5.2, INR 4.8, ammonia 131, bilirubin 26.5. K fell to 1.6.

Clinical Course: Treated with IV N-acetylcysteine, vitamin K, fresh frozen plasma and lactulose. Due to his alcoholism he was not a transplant candidate. On Day 2, the patient became somnolent and had encephalopathy (Grade IV) on Day 3 with oliguria elevated ammonia, unresponsive and required intubation. Developed renal failure, persistent acidosis, hypokalemia, and pancytopenia and was dialyzed. Insulin and multiple antibiotics administered. He deteriorated, mechanical ventilation was withdrawn and he was transferred to hospice for comfort care. He became bradycardic, hypotensive, arrested and expired on Day 10.

Autopsy Findings: No autopsy was performed.

Case 556. Acute hydrocodone, multiple drugs parenteral: undoubtedly responsible.



Scenario/Substances: 44 y/o female admitted 17 days earlier for COPD exacerbation and was to be discharged on Day 7, but had a witnessed grand mal seizure (no seizure history). The seizure was attributed to excessive meperedine administration, no further meperedine was administered, and no further seizure activity occurred. On Day 17, the patient was very anxious about her discharge and upcoming legal problems and complained of constipation and was noted to be diaphoretic and slightly tachycardic but her physical exam wasunremarkable. Later on Day 17she was cyanotic, dyspneic, diaphoretic and hypotensive with complaints of cramping and abdominal pain. A cup of white paste which appeared to be made from crushed tablets and water along with a syringe was found in her room. Bottles of hydrocodone with acetaminophen, tramadol, and promethazine, all of which had been filled the previous day, were found empty in her room. The patient denied injecting this mixture into her indwelling central line but a white powdery mixture was suctioned from her central line. She had apparently crushed 55 hydrocodone/ acetaminophen tablets, 33 tramadol tablets, and 20 promethazine tablets, mixed them with water and injected this mixture into her central line.

Past Medical History: Hypertension, asthma, COPD, HIV (14 + years), migraines with aura, chronic pain, head injury 4 years prior, anemia, bipolar depression, substance abuse history included opiates, cocaine, and tobacco. Her medications included efavirenz + emtricitabine +tenofovir combination product, paroxetine, salmeterol, and albuterol.

Physical Exam: Post injection, the patient was cyanotic and dyspneic, BP 91/57, HR 127, O₂ sat 95% on nasal O₂. Her lungs were clear without wheezes. She complained of cramping and abdominal pain, had diffuse, moderate tenderness in her lower abdomen with some bowel sounds in the LLQ. CT of chest, abdomen, and pelvis were negative for bowel infarction.

Laboratory Data: Urine drug screen was positive for opiates and benzodiazepines shortly after the injection. Glucose was 425 (repeat, 252), amylase 216, lipase 24, lactic acid 4.2 mmol/L, Na 128, K 7.6, Cl 92, HCO₃ 20, BUN 40, Cr 1.54, calcium 6.9, troponin and CK normal., albumin 2.5 g/dl, total bilirubin 2.6, AST 459, ALT 607, phosphorous 15 mg/dl. Ini-

Clinical Course: The patient was transferred to the MICU. ECG after injection showed sinus tachycardia with mild ST depression which evolved to ST elevations and markedly peaked T waves 3.5 hrs later then signs of an acute anterior infarct 20min later. K was markedly elevated and calcium, insulin, and glucose were given. Sodium bicarbonate was administered for a worsening anion gap acidosis. Despite documentation of a "physiologic" acetaminophen level, n-acetylcysteine was started. The patient had a cardiac arrest, CPR including epinephrine, atropine, lidocaine, naloxone, amiodarone, was unsuccessful and the patient died.

Autopsy Findings: Aortic blood: hydrocodone 0.37 mg/L, morphine 0.076 mg/L, paroxetine 0.31 mg/L; atropine dihydrocodeine, lidocaine, N-desmethyltramadol, tramadol were present; and promethazine was trace. Iliac vein blood: hydrocodone 0.31 mg/L, morphine 0.063 mg/L, and tramadol 1.4 mg/L. Urine (bladder) hydrocodone 0.081 mg/L, morphine <0.050 mg/L. Lungs histopathology: massive small arterial vessel and capillary foreign bodies composed of refractile, polarizable, clear layered sheet like material and dark purple colored crystalline material surrounded by early thrombus formation. Scattered interstitial granulomata with similar material were noted. Other organ systems were unremarkable other than being consistent with preexisting disease states. The cause of death hydrocodone and tramadol toxicity in combination with acute massive micro-foreign body thromboemboli consistent with parenteral injection of medication.

Case 587. Acute on chronic salicylate ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 47 y/o female with a 3 day history of headache, blurred vision and unsteady gait presented to the ED reporting having taken 4 baby aspirin tablets 3-4 times per day for an unknown period of time.

Past Medical History: Prior admission (6 mos earlier) for salicylate poisoning with cerebral edema requiring hemodialysis after intentional overdose.

Physical Exam: BP 133/82, HR 78, RR 16.

Laboratory Data: Venous blood gas: pH 7.47, PCO2 30, calculated HCO3 21.

WBC 7.8, Hgb 14.4, Hct 43, platelets 308, PT 10.4 sec, INR 1.0, APAP not detected, salicylate 46.6 mg/dL. ECG: normal sinus rhythm, QRS and QTc interval. CT head showed diffuse cerebral edema.

Clinical Course: IV sodium bicarbonate bolus then infusion was given to alkalinize the serum. Hemodialysis was initiated. 6 hr after admission, salicylate: 32 mg/dL; patient lethargic. Day 2: intubation, mechanical ventilation with sedation and paralysis performed. Salicylate: undetectable. ICP monitor showed increased pressure, therapeutic hypothermia and mannitol infusions. Day 6: CT head shows right-sided epidural hematoma which was surgically evacuted. Post operatively ICP was normal until Day 8 when ICP was again elevated and a myocardial infarction occurred. Pentobarbital coma was induced for ICP but the patient expired on Day 15.

Autopsy Findings: Cerebral swelling with bilateral tonsillar and left uncal herniation, evidence of hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy, and small residual epidural hemorrhage; Severe coronary artery atherosclerosis, cardiac dilation and hypertrophy, left ventricular endocardial fibrosis, and severe aortic atherosclerosis: Acute bronchopneumonia, mild COPD, pulmonary congestion and edema, pleural effusions and ascites; Left renal artery stenosis with scarring of the left kidney. The cause of death was complications of acetylsalicylic acid overdose.



Case 588. Acute acetaminophen/hydrocodone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 47 y/o female was found down at home for an unknown time after taking an estimated 100 acetaminophen with hydrocodone and an unknown number of carisoprodol tablets.

Past Medical History: History of of chronic pain with increasing abdominal pain recently, fibromyalgia, obsessive/ compulsive disorder and multiple prior suicide attempts.

Physical Exam: Obtunded and unresponsive; obvious respiratory effort; hypotensive with regular heart rate and rhythm. **Laboratory Data:** Initial APAP level 396 mcg/mL, INR 1.7, liver transaminases in the 300's. Day 2: INR 4.5 (after phytonadione). Later AST 14,012, ALT 2789, and ammonia 44

Clinical Course: The patient was intubated in the ED and given IV fluids for hypotension with no effect. The patient was transferred to a liver transplant center. Hepatic failure worsened, INR 12.1, bilirubin 5 mg/dL. Cerebreal edema was noted; the patient was denied transplant candidacy due to the history of drug dependence and non-compliance with medical directives. The patient remained unresponsive, experienced seizure activity and expired on Day 8.

Autopsy Findings: Blood: acetaminophen 434.4 mg/L, carisoprodol 12.2 mg/L, hydrocodone 0.86 mg/L, hydromorphone 26.4 mg/L. Cause of death: multi-organ failure due to acute intoxication with hydrocodone, acetaminophen and carisoprodol. Manner of death was suicide.

Case 607. Acute acetaminophen/caffeine/salicylate ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 48 y/o female ingested ~30 tablets of Extra Strength Excedrin. She was taken to the ED ~2 hours after the ingestion.

Physical Exam: On arrival in the ED awake and alert, and complaining of nausea and vomiting. T 36.4°C, BP 143/86, RR 20.

Laboratory Data: At 2.5 hours after ingestion, salicylate 36 mg/dL, acetaminophen 121 mg/L, AST 68, ALT 79, BUN 8, Cr 0.8, Na 143, K 3.6, HCO₃ 14.4, urine toxicology screen was negative.

Clinical Course: In the ED N-acetylcysteine was begun by NG tube and anti-emetics were given. Eight hours after presentation she became "restless and shaky and with cramps in the legs". HR 146, RR 22-24. BP 149/100 and she was afebrile. A salicylate level 5.5 hours after presentation was 51.4 mg/dL and 81 mg/dL at 11 hours. Twelve hours after presentation she became agitated, HR 224. An ABG-pH 7.35, pCO2 12, HCO₃ 6.6. Intubation and ventilation were initiated. Hemodialysis was not performed on this patient. Following a dose of IV labetalol, given in an attempt to control heart rate, the patient suffered a cardiac arrest from which she could not be resuscitated. **Autopsy Findings:** No autopsy was performed.

Case 612. Chronic acetaminophen ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 48 y/o female with chronic pain was taking acetaminophen (extended release) for headache 8 to 10 tablets or more on a daily basis. She was on a steadily decreasing dose of sustained release oxycodone 10 mg bid and fentanyl patch 25 mcg q 72 hours. Over 3 weeks, she developed very dark urine and became fatigued. PCP Dx dehydration and increased oral fluid intake. She became increasingly nauseated, and jaundiced. PCP referred her to the ED.

Past Medical History: History of hypertension, anxiety, chronic headaches, mechanical low back pain, degenerative knee arthritis, chronic narcotic use, ethanol, marijuana and crystal methamphetamine abuse. Medications included: fentanyl, sustained release oxycodone, acetaminophen, naproxen, alprazolam, clonazepam, quetiapine, olmesartan, gabapentin, fluoxetine, escitalopram, cyclobenzaprine and bismuth subsalicylate.

Physical Exam: In the ED the patient denied confusion, trouble walking or any motor weakness. No ascites noted. Admitted to the ICU, HR 108; mental status was intact, flapping asterixis, grossly jaundiced, icteric sclera and palmar ervthema.

Laboratory Data: Acetaminophen not detected, INR 1.9 to 7.8; glucose 85 to 145; BUN 6 to 8; Cr 0.7 to 3.4; albumin 1.8 to 2.7; TProt 4.9 to 6.7; alk phos 200 to 300; bilirubin 14.1 to 17.7; AST 1246 to 4090; ALT 640 to 909; ammonia 79 to 90. Abdominal CT no portal hypertension small ascites related to inflammation.

Clinical Course: Hepatitis screens negative. She reported she had stopped taking acetaminophen ~5 days prior to admission. Hepatic function and enzymes were abnormal. Admitted to ICU for IV N-acetylcysteine, later changing to oral dosing. Encephalopathic and was started on lactulose. On admission Cr 0.8 and BUN 8. Cr increased but not BUN, urine output was 90 cc. Decreasing mental status with hypotension resolved with IV fluids. Encephalopathy worsened and the lactulose was increased. Transferred to a liver transplant center, but denied due to social issues and BMI qualification. The patient's family elected the institution of comfort measures she expired on Day 14.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death hepatic necrosis due to acetaminophen. Manner of death was accidental.

Case 633. Acute morphine ingestion: probably responsible. Scenario/substance: A 51 y/o female was found to have altered level of consciousness by a friend at home. EMS found her apneic and asystolic, Initiated CPR, intubated, and gave epinephrine, atropine, and naloxone with return of sinus rhythm prior totransport to the ED.

Past Medical History: Fibromyalgia, chronic back pain, bipolar disorder, migraine headaches, meningitis. A friend reported that the patient was taking liquid morphine for chronic lower back pain and sometimes doubled up on her dose.

Medications included pregabalin, duloxetine, diazepam, acetaminophen/hydrocodone, and topiramate.



Physical Exam: ED: apneic with, fixed and dilated pupils, GCS 3, BP 71/41, HR 77, T (rectal) 34.4°C, O₂ Sat 100%.

Laboratory Data: WBC 19.5, Hgb 9.9, K 5.9, HCO₃ 17, BUN 23, Cr 2.7, Glucose 322, AST 1330, ALT 1163, CK 2321, urine tox screen: positive for amphetamines, benzodiazepines and opiates; acetaminophen not detected.

Clinical Course: The patient received dopamine for hypotension, head CT suggested cerebral edema. She was admitted to the ICU where IV hydration and supportive care were continued. She had no change in her neurologic status over the course of several days, EEG was consistent with brain death. The patient's family requested comfort measures only and the patient expired.

Autopsy Findings: no significant abnormalities on gross examination. Microscopic examination: scattered aggregates of bile-like pigments consistent with aspiration. Premortem blood (afternoon of admission): diazepam 0.12 mg/l, nordiazepam 0.30 mg/l, d-methamphetamine 0.51 mg/l, d-amphetamine 0.13 mg/dl, morphine 0.84 mg/l, topiramate 3.6 mg/l, THC, fentanyl, and ethanol not detected, Cause of death: cardiopulmonary arrest due to acute multi-drug toxicity.

Case 689. Acute salicylate ingestion: probably responsible. Scenario/substance: 55 year-old female was found by her husband and told him she had taken acetaminophen, aspirin and a cold medication.

Past Medical History: Depression

Laboratory Data: Initial acetaminophen 74 mcg/mL (unknown time after ingestion), salicylate 34 mg/dL. Later salicylate at unknown time 84 mg/dL. ABG-pH 7.43/PCO2 17/PO2 89/HCO3 11.

Clinical Course: Admitted to ICU. IV N- acetylcysteine given. Day 2: transferred to hospital floor, became febrile (T 40°C), with confusion, had a grand mal seizure followed by a cardiac arrest and death. The patient did not receive activated charcoal or sodium bicarbonate therapy.

Autopsy Findings: Post-mortem blood: salicylate 83 mg/dL, acetaminophen 39 mg/L. doxylamine 0.09 mg/L; urine drug screen negative. Cause of death was acute salicylate toxicity with pulmonary edema.

Case 703. Acute salicylate ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. **Scenario/Substances:** 56 y/o male intentionally ingested 9 grams of aspirin, developed nausea and vomiting and was transported to the ED three hours post ingestion.

Physical Exam: Awake, alert and oriented. BP 202/78 HR 95 RR 30–40 (initial), then 20, 96% O₂ sat. T 36.9°C.

Laboratory Data:

ABG-pH 7.51/pCO₂ 27.1/pO₂ 107 (2L, NC)

Na 135 C1 -- BUN 17 Glu --- Cr 0.7

WBC 19.6, Hgb 18.0, platelets 233, PTT 32.7, INR 1.0. APAP not detected, ASA 85.6 mg/dL. Urine pH 6.5 prior to IV sodium bicarbonate.

Clinical Course: Serial oral activated charcoal and nephrology consultation for dialysis recommended on admission. Repeat salicylate 7 hours post ingestion: 116 mg/dL; ABGpH 7.46/pCO₂ 21/pO₂ 56/HCO₃ 15; glucose 451 mg/dL. IV fluids and sodium bicarbonate given continuously from ED arrival; insulin infusion later added for hyperglycemia. 10 hr post ingestion: agitation required sedation, while being prepared for dialysis, the patient arrested and expired.

Autopsy Findings: No autopsy was performed. Toxicology listed salicylate 994 without units but a normal range of 20-300 was provided by the testing laboratory.

Case 766. Acute salicylate ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 73 y/o female was brought to an ED with altered mental status. Her husband reported to ED staff that she may have consumed unknown amount of salicylate over an unknown period of time.

Past Medical History: Nonspecific psychiatric history.

Physical Exam: Awake but non-verbal. BP 150/57, HR 98, RR 28 and O2 sat 99%.

Laboratory Data: Salicylate 113 mg/dL, ABG-pH 7.4/pCO₂ 27/HCO₃ 17.9, BUN 33, Cr 1.1, WBC 21.0.

Clinical Course: She developed irreversible cardiac arrest about 2 hours after presentation as she was being transported to have a dialysis catheter inserted.

Autopsy Findings: No structural cause of death. Femoral blood salicylate 98.5 mg/dL. Jugular blood salicylate 116 mg/dL, naproxen 78 mcg/mL, donepezil was 0.11 mcg/mL. Coroner cause of death was suicide caused by multiple drug ingestion.

Case 819. Acute bupropion ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 17 y/o female ingested about 190 bupropion 150 mg tablets.

Past Medical History: Previous history of bupropion overdose with seizure activity.

Clinical Course: Admitted to the ICU and intubated, ventilated and IV fluids. Hypotension treated with vasopressors. Partial complex seizures were unsuccessfully treated with fosphenytoin and benzodiazpines. After successful cardioconversion, 20% Intralipid therapy was initiated. Despite aggressive supportive care the patient expired within 12 hours of hospitalization.

Autopsy Findings: Recent contusion at the tip of the tongue. Pulmonary congestion and edema with pleural effusions, ascites and pericardial effusion. Multiple scars on the front of the forearms/wrists. 144 tablets in the stomach and 43 tablets present in the small intestine. Cause of death was seizure disorder due to bupropion overdose. Manner of death was suicide.

Case 821. Acute on chronic bupropion ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: An 18 y/o male took bupropion and gabapentinin as a suicide gesture. He had called and texted several friends and his mother after the ingestion.



Past Medical History: Bipolar disease in the manic phase, suicidal ideation with several involuntary holds, first occurring in the 4th grade, marijuana use. Medications included bupropion, aripiprazole, gabapentin and lorazepam.

Clinical Course: When he arrived in the ED by ambulance which he had called himself he was awake and talking. HR 111 BP 138/78, RR 16, T 37.7°C, O2 sat 98% on room air. Electrolytes were normal, HCO₃ was 17. Three hours post ingestion his speech was slurred and he had difficulty following directions. At 3.5 hr he had a grand-mal seizure. He received activated charcoal and was placed in 4-point soft restraints. Seizures increased in frequency until he was in status. He developed a wide complex bradycardia and arrested. Resuscitation attempts with atropine, epinephrine and sodium bicarbonate were unsuccessful. A pacemaker was placed but he could not be resuscitated and died about 5.5 hours after the ingestion.

Autopsy Findings: Severe pulmonary congestion and edema, gastric contents consistent with activated charcoal administration, Wellbutrin tablet fragments in the gastric contents. Blood concentrations: bupropion 2200 ng/mL, hydroxybupropion 2600 ng/mL, aripiprazole 330 ng/mL, lorazepam 22 ng/mL. No other drugs were detected. Cause of death acute bupropion toxicity.

Case 824. Acute on chronic antidepressant ingestion:

Scenario/substance: 19 y/o female found by her parents in her room with a decreased level of consciousness after taking an unknown amount of her own bupropion extended release tablets and clonazepam. A suicide note was found and her left wrist had a laceration. EMS transported her to the ED.

Past Medical History: morbid obesity, depression, bipolar disorder, and previous suicide attempts.

Physical Exam: The patient was drowsy with an abnormal affect upon arrival in the ED. Her pupils were equal and reactive to light. T (axillary) 39.3°C, BP 129/70, sinus tachycardia 115, RR 16.

Laboratory Data: APAP, ASA and EtOH not detected. Her urine drug screen was positive for benzodiazepines. Na 153, K 6.3, CK 1974, ABG-pH 6.3/pCO₂ 93.

Clinical Course: 125 grams of activated charcoal were given via NG tube 1 hour after admission. 1 hour after receiving naloxone and flumazenil she had 3 seizures. She was paralyzed, sedated and intubated. A norepinephrine infusion was started for hypotension and she was admitted to the ICU. She was given a loading dose of phenytoin, which was replaced with propofol and alorazepam infusion. She received multiple antibiotics for positive sputum cultures, chest tube insertions for bilateral pneumothoraces. By Day 9 she had develoed ARDS and extensive subcutaneous emphysema, hyperglycemia, and electrolyte imbalance. Comfort measures were instituted and she expired on Day 12.

Autopsy Findings: The lung parenchyma was firm, variegated red and exuded copious amounts of edema fluid with several thromboemboli in the small arteries, and organization. Microscopic analysis showed an organizing pneumonia, alveolar edema and hyalie membrane formation, with acute pulmonary thromboemboli. The liver showed shock liver with certilobular necrosis. The gross examination of the brain was normal. The cause of death was reported to be complications of drug overdose, with morbid obesity being a contributing factor. The manner of death was suicide.

Case 836. Acute olanzapine, carvedilol, bupropion ingestion: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 29 y/o male found cyanotic and unresponsive at home with 3 empty medication bottles (olanzapine, carvedilol, bupropion) nearby. Patient was last seen awake and alert the evening prior to arrival. EMS gave 2 mg of naloxone IV, oxygen and 50% dextrose without effect.

Past Medical History: Substance abuse.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive, dyspneic, with agonal respirations, BP 117/74, HR 70, RR 16, T 33.9°C, O₂ sat 93%, pupils 2-3 mm, minimally responsive. Neuro: rigidity, minimally responsive to noxious stimuli and sternal rub. Laboratory Data:

Ca 8.4, T. Tprot 7.3, albumin 4, bilirubin 0.2, AST 24, ALT 36, CPK 136, INR 0.4, PTT 30.6, ABG-pH 7.44/pO2 138/ pCO2 37, O2 sat. 99.3%; urine pH 6; specific gravity 1.025, CPK MB 1.2, troponin I 0, WBC 4.1, Hgb 14.8, Hct 42.6, platelets 161, ethanol 104 mg/dL, APAP negative; ASA 3.3 mg/dL, urine tox negative for benzodiazepines, barbiturates, opioids, cocaine, amphetamine, PCP, methadone and THC. CT head and CxR were unremarkable.

Clinical Course: O2 and IV fluids were given in ED. Clinical deterioration ensured over the next few hours; the patient expired on Day 2 from cardiac arrest.

Autopsy Findings: Bupropion: femoral blood 8.49 mg/L; antemortem blood 0.63 mg/L; liver 6.05 mg/Kg; gastric contents 397 mg recovered. Olanzapine: femoral blood 0.17 mg/L; antemortem blood 1.03 mg/L; liver 4.73 mg/Kg

gastric contents 12.1 mg recovered. ethanol: antemortem blood 0.08 g%; blood, vitreous: not detected.

Phenytoin: femoral blood 14.7 mg/L. Lorazepam: blood: therapeutic concentration.

Case 844. Acute on chronic antidepressant ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: A 36 y/o female was reported to intentionally ingest 21 bupropion (extended release) 300 mg, 21 sertraline 100 mg, and 21 cyclobenzaprine 10mg. She was transported by EMS to ED.

Past Medical History: Bipolar disorder, cocaine abuse, prior drug overdoses including 1 less than 1 month earlier. Medications included bupropion, sertraline, and cyclobenzaprine.



Physical Exam: Initially, the patient was slightly drowsy HR 128. She was also noted to have tremors, and possible seizure during transport

Laboratory Data: Low serum glucose, elevated CK, normal cardiac enzymes, urine drug screen positive for cocaine.

Clinical Course: Within 30 min of arrival, the patient became markedly agitated and combative; given lorazepam, haloperidol, and diphenhydramine. Cardiac arrest followed 5 min after onset of agitation. Resuscitation, including intubation, sodium bicarbonate, atropine, and epinephrine, was unsuccessful. She expired within 1 hour of initial presentation.

Autopsy Findings: Autopsy intact tablets of bupropion in her stomach (7 tablets). Aortic blood: for bupropion 3.0 mg/L, threobuproprion > 40 mg/L, sertraline 1.4 mg/L, norsertraline 2.0 mg/L, benzoylecgonine 0.23 mg/L, cocaethylene 0.024 mg/L, and diphenhydramine 0.28 mg/L. Atropine, erythro bupropion, and morpholinol bupropion were detected, but not quantified, cycyclobenzaprine of < 0.25 mg/L and cocaine and ethanol were not detected. Vena cava blood demonstrated bupropion 2.3 mg/L, norsertraline 7.5 mg/L, sertraline 4.7 mg/L and threobupropion 22 mg/L. Liver: norsertraline of 36 mg/kg, sertraline of 13 mg/kg and threobupropion of 140 mg/kg. Death was felt to be a due to a combination of bupropion, sertraline and cocaine.

Case 866. Acute sertraline ingestion: probably responsible. Scenario/substance: A 31-y/o female was found unresponsive and cyanotic at home by her boyfriend. According to the boyfriend the patient had prescriptions for hydrocodone, carisoprodol and diazepam. EMS found her in asystole. She responded to epinephrine with return of spontaneous circulation, unresponsive to naloxone or to D50 given for a blood glucose of 28 mg/dL and she was transported to the ED.

Past Medical History: depression, anxiety

Physical Exam: Atraumatic, GCS was 3, pupils fixed and dilated, lungs clear tachycardia.

Laboratory Data: WBC 12, K 6, Cr 2.6, glucose 140, AST 800, ALT 500, troponin 0.33, CK 336. Urine toxicology screen positive for benzodiazepines and opiates; APAP, ASA and EtOH were not detected.

Clinical Course: She was intubated upon arrival in the ED. Head CT showed no acute intracranial injury. She became hypotensive, dopamine infusion was started and she was admitted to the ICU. BP 151/106, HR 110, T 37.1°C, O₂ Sat 87% bagged. Norepinephrine was added for pressor support, but her condition continued to deteriorate and she was noted to be posturing on Day 3. EEG's showed no significant brain activity. The patient's family elected the institution of comfort measures she expired on Day 7.

Autopsy Findings: Ischemic infarction of basal ganglia, citalopram 1300 ng/mL, urine positive for oxazepam, temazepam, morphine and hydrocodone. Cause of death "narcotic and sedative drug intoxication."

Case 914. Acute on chronic venlafaxine (extended release): ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 58 y/o female was found in her car with lacerations to her wrists. She reported taking a large number of tablets (later determined to be ~100 tablets of extended release venlafaxine 150 mg). She seized in the ambulance en route to the ED.

Past Medical History: Depression

Physical Exam: Altered mental status (postictal), HR 150's and hypotensive, volar wrist lacerations bilaterally.

Laboratory Data: Initial: K 3.1, lactate 2.0 mmol/L, ABG-pH 7.29/pCO₂ 49/pO₂ 67/HCO₃ 23. Several hours later ABG-pH 7.33/pCO₂ 44/pO₂ 125/HCO₃ 22; CK (maximum) 451, troponin 1.42. From day of admission, serum venlafaxine 20,000 ng/mL Carbon monoxide and urine drugs of abuse screen were negative.

Clinical Course: She was intubated and received adenosine for SVT without effect. Fluid and norepinephrine were given for hypotension. Whole bowel irrigation was started and then stopped due to problems with gastric/duodenal access. Further investigation revealed a large bezoar, most of which was removed endoscopically and found to be comprised, at least in part, of venlafaxine. The patient developed symptoms of cardiac failure ~24 hours into the course, with an ejection fraction of < 15%. Insulin infusion was started and intraaortic balloon pump placed. She went to the cardiac catheterization lab to determine possible CAD and had a cardiac arrest in the lab. She was resuscitated and placed on dopamine. Comfort measures were instituted on Day 5 and she expired.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death was listed as venlafaxine overdose.

Case 928. Acute diphenhydramine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 25 y/o male was found unconscious on the floor of his apartment. Near his body were empty boxes originally containing 120 capsules of diphenhydramine 25 mg (3 g total)

Past Medical History: depression, psoriasis.

Physical Exam: On transport to the ED, the patient was unconscious. T 42.2°C, HR 80-110, BP 94/48.

Laboratory Data: ECG QRS prolonged, AST 2052, total bilirubin 1.4, BUN 29, Cr 2.5. Ethanol, APAP and salicylate were undetected. CK 208,000.

Clinical Course: IV hydration and sodium bicarbonate was given, with subsequent narrowing of the QRS width. 90 min after presentation, T was 43.3°C. Pancuronium was administered for hyperthermia, but was not effective.

Autopsy Findings: Postmortem toxicology revealed a diphenhydramine level of 7.2 mg/L. (based on a Vd of 3.5 L/kg this 86.4 kg body contained 2.18 g of diphenhydramine). No other toxic, traumatic or other cause of death was revealed by autopsy.

Case 943. Acute on chronic antineoplastic drug ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.



Scenario/Substances: 58 y/o female was prescribed methotrexate once weekly but took it before dialysis three times a week for unknown time period.

Past Medical History: Rheumatoid arthritis, end stage renal disease on hemodialysis

Laboratory Data: WBC 0.3, platelets 20, Hgb 11.5.

Clinical Course: Patient was hospitalized for 2 days before the dosing error was discovered and admission labs returned. Leucovorin 180 mg IV was given and dialysis performed. Hemorrhagic shock occurred with bleeding from all orifices and into soft tissues. The family decided to withdraw medical care and the patient expired

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 944. Acute methotrexate injection: probably responsible

Scenario/Substances: 67 y/o male admitted for scheduled chemotherapy with high-dose methotrexate (MTX) 20 g and bevacizumab for glioblastoma. Renal function was adequate and urine alkalinization was accomplished prior to MTX infusion. One day after the infusion an abnormally high serum level of MTX was found; the patient was confused and slightly agitated.

Physical Exam: Confused, GCS 14; BP 118/68, HR 78, RR 21 T 37.1 C.

Past Medical History: Glioblastoma multiforme, congestive heart failure, CAD, hypertension, gout.

Laboratory Data: Initial: BUN 3, Cr 0.7: Post-infusion: MTX 403 umol/L (toxic at >1.0 umol/L); 12-24 h post infusion: WBC 2.5, platelets 44, Hct 31.

Clinical Course: High-dose leucovorin, sodium bicarbonate infusion, and continuous hemodialysis were applied. Serum MTX declined over 16 hours to 1.43 umol/L. The MTX concentrations fluctuated between 0.33 and 2.09 umol/L. The course was complicated by, mental status changes, anuria, renal failure, pancytopenia, sepsis, and atrial fibrillation. One dose of carboxypeptidase was administered. Despite resolution of toxic MTX levels, mental status declined, multisystem organ failure occurred. Comfort measures were instituted and she expired on Day 62.

Autopsy Findings: autopsy not performed.

Case 950. Acute metoprolol and flecainide ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 14 y/o male ingested unknown amounts of his father's metoprolol and flecainide. Two empty bottles of flecainide and 1 empty bottle of metoprolol were found at the scene. The patient's citalogram medication bottle did not appear to have any missing medication. Prehospital the patient was awake and talking.

Past Medical History: Depression with treatment that included citalopram.

Physical Exam: In the ED: unresponsive, hypotensive (weak pulse), and bradycardic.

Laboratory Data: ECG showed a wide complex bradycardia and a long QTc.

Clinical Course: Upon arrival in ED he had a generalized seizure and remained unresponsive, intubated. He was never tachycardic. Resuscitation included epinephrine, atropine, sodium bicarbonate, high dose insulin, calcium chloride, and glucagon, but the patient remained pulseless and he was pronounced dead in the ED.

Autopsy Findings: Blood concentrations: flecainide 12 mcg/mL, citalopram 420 ng/mL, metoprolol 140 ng/mL. Cause of death was mixed drug overdose.

Case 959. Acute ingestion of a cardiac glycoside-containing aphrodisiac (Piedra): undoubtedly responsible

Scenario/Substances: 35 y/o male took one pill of "piedra", believed to be an aphrodisiac. EMS found him with chest and epigastric pain of several hours duration and brought him to

Physical Exam: Bradycardia and hypotension in the field treated with atropine 1 mg. ED: BP 118/66, HR 110

Laboratory Data:

Digoxin 2.9 mcg/mL, initial K 7, WBC 20.5, Hct 48, platelets 484. ECG: narrow complexes with a variable AV block after

Clinical Course: The patient was treated with insulin, glucose, bicarbonate and albuterol. Bradycardia recurred, atropine 0.5 mg was given and improved BP and HR. Based on the history, bufotenin was suspected based on prior local reports of cardiac glycoside poisoning with ingestion of a resin-like aphrodisiac intended for topical use called "rock hard" or "love stone" or "piedra". Digibind, 10 vials, was given with improvement in nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain, BP and HR. Over the next 20 hrs, bradycardia, VT, and varying degrees of AV block recurred. Digibind fragments were given by slow IV infusion plus bolus of 1–2 vials as needed for vital sign instability. 35 vials in total were given as well as 2–3 doses of activated charcoal q 4 hr to the 3rd dose which produced emesis, treated by metoclopramide and normal saline IV. On Day 2 after complaining of thirst, VT developed into VF which, despite ACLS protocols with the inclusion of digibind IV, was fatal.

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 979. Acute verapamil ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 47 y/o female presented to the ED 15 hr after self-reported ingestion of verapamil with the intention of self harm. A history of several episodes of vomiting prior to ED arrival was obtained.

Past Medical History: Medications: sucralafate, escitalopram, atorvastatin, acetaminophen/ hydrocodone, omeprazole, polyethylene glycol, sennacot, montelukast, zolpidem, synthroid, and vitamin B12.



Physical Exam: Awake, lethargic; BP 91/68, HR 41. Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.24/pCO2 44/pO2 70, salicylate 2.8 mg/dL; glucose 113; BUN 85; Cr 3.6.

Clinical Course: The patient quickly became hypotensive to systolic BP 56; ECG: sinus bradycardia with first degree heart block, QRS 154 ms, QTc 366 ms. 1mg of atropine and 1 gram of calcium gluconate were given without response. Vasopressor and high-dose insulin therapy was started as the patient remained awake and anxious. 12 hours after admission the patient became unresponsive, required intubation. Day 2, echocardiogram revealed left ventricular ejection fraction of 77%. ECG: remained junctional rhythm, mean arterial pressure in the 60s on vasopressors. CxR revealed non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema. Renal function declined: 38 hr after admission, patient had a fatal asystolic cardiac arrest. **Autopsy Findings:** The cause of death was determined to be

secondary to complications of an acute verapamil overdose. Post mortem whole blood revealed verapamil 2685 ng/mL, norverapamil 1733 ng/mL.

Case 1009. Acute on chronic beta blocker ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 55 y/o male ingested a full bottle of his medication, refused to go to the hospital and family called EMS after he stood up and collapsed.

Past Medical History: Hypertension

Physical Exam: ED initial: nonpalpable BP, HR 60, after glucagon BP 105, temp 36.2°C, pupils fixed and dilated.

Laboratory Data: Hgb 7.8, RBC 2.23, WBC 3.1, platelets 93. Labs repeated Hgb 13.9, RBC 3.98, WBC 5.6, platelets 139, ABG-pH 7.22/pCO₂ 38/pO₂ 110, blood ethanol 322.

Clinical Course: EMS observed agonal breathing, unconscious, unresponsive and sinus bradycardia of 53. IV naloxone, normal saline, glucagon, pacer pads, intubated. The family requested DNR and life support was removed.

Autopsy Findings: Cardiomegaly, fibrosis and fatty changes of liver with pulmonary and systemic visceral congestion. Mild myocyte hypertrophy and focal interstitial fibrosis of the myopericardium, portal tracts exhibited lymphocyte infiltrate with fibrosis and marked hepatosteatosis. Post mortem blood: y ethanol 187, metoprolol 95,000 ng/mL, delta-9 THC 5.8 ng/mL, and positive for nicotine and cotinine. Cause of death was suicide from overdose of metoprolol.

Case 1045. Acute amiodarone ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 82 y/o female presented to the hospital after an intentional ingestion of 28 tablets of amiodarone 200 mg.

Past Medical History: Arthritis, arrhythmia, chronic renal insufficiency and insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus.

Physical Exam: The patient was obtunded, hypothermic BP 70/30; HR 30–40.

Laboratory Data: APAP & ASA not detected, tricyclic antidepressant screen was negative; urine drug screen was negative; troponin was negative; bicarbonate 15 mEq/L; pH 7.38; pCO₂ 34; pO₂ 157; BUN; Cr 2.5; glucose 135, Glucose declined to 40. EKG bradycardia with a rate of 40, QRS 120. Clinical Course: Intubated on presentation, given activated charcoal and started on sodium bicarbonate infusion for the prolonged QRS, given a bolus of dextrose, atropine and an infusion of glucagon and insulin, and dopamine. Whole bowel irrigation with polyethylene glycol. The patient initially responded, but hypotension and bradycardia recurred. A transvenous pacemaker was inserted but blood pressure did not improve. Insulin was titrated up to 3 u/kg/hr and dextrose 25 gm/hr and BP rose to 100 systolic on Day 2. The insulin and glucagon infusions were discontinued on Day 4, and the patient had recurrence of hypotension and bradycardia which again responded to high dose insulin and glucagon. Pulmonary edema developed and an EEG on Day 6 that showed poor electrical activity. Comfort measures were instituted and she expired.

Autopsy Findings: Not provided

Case 1048. Chronic digoxin ingestion: contributory.

Scenarios/Substances: 86 y/o female was brought to the ED with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and lower extremity edema. While ambulating from the car to the hospital she fell and struck her head. She arrived in the ED awake and alert, however she was bradycardic, hypotensive and hypothermic.

Past Medical History: Atrial fibrillation, CAD (s/p CABG), mitral and tricuspid stenosis, hypothyroid disease. Medications: digoxin, coumadin, furosemide, amlodipine and benazepril, spironolactone, and levothyroxine.

Physical Exam: Awake, alert and shivering; BP 60/48, P 35–40. T 31.1°C, RR 18, O₂ sat 99% on room air. Pupils reactive and 3 mm. Skin, cool and dry, HEENT normal. Lungs bilateral basilar rales. Heart, grade 3/6 mid systolic possible diastolic murmur at the apex. abdomen normal, extremities pitting lower edema, weak pulses, moved all extremities, slightly confused.

Laboratory Data: WBC 4.6, Hgb 9.6, Hct 32, platelets 296,

ionized Ca 1.13, Mg 2.9, phosphorous 6.9, CK 104, CK-MB 18.3 ng/ml, CK-MB Index 17.6%, troponin 0.06, acetaminophen 12.6 mcg/mL, ALT 391, AST 431, alk phos 103, bilirubin 0.7, direct bilirubin 0.3, INR 13.5, PTT 63.2 sec, digoxin 3.5 µg/L, B-type natriuretic peptide 125 pg/mL, urinalysis: specific gravity 1.03, glucose 100, large blood, protein 300 mg/dL; ECG: atrial fibrillation, ventricular rate 35-40. diffuse low voltage, QRS 130ms, QTc 490 ms, no ST changes; CxR: Enlarged cardiac silhouette; right pleural effusion; Head CT: No acute pathology; chronic atrophy and lacunar infarcts.

Clinical Course: Warming blanket, 3 mg atropine IV had no effect in HR; 3 vials digibind (120 mg) IV; sodium polystyrene 30 g PO; 25 g D50 and 10 U regular insulin IV; vitamin



K 5 mg and 4 units of fresh frozen plasma. A urinary catheter was placed. Hypotension (70-80 systolic BP) despite 2 L normal saline; norepinephrine10 µg/min given. Hypothermia resolved over 5 hours; HR remained 40-50 with systolic BP 90 norepinephrine, mental status worsened; dialysis not feasible due to coagulapathy. 10 hr after admission, K 5.9, free digoxin level 2.7, serum Cr 3.1. Unsuccessful attempts to wean off the norepinephrine; patient became refractory to NE and dopamine was added. No significant clinical improvement was seen, urine output declined. The patient's family elected the institution of comfort measures and she expired on Day 4.

Autopsy Findings: No autopsy was performed.

Case 1057. Acute on chronic amlodipine ingestion (with aspiration): undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: A 91 y/o female mistakenly ingested 10.8 gm of recently prescribed diltiazem extended release formulation.

Past Medical History: Atrial fibrillation, dementia, anxiety, and osteoarthritis. Medications included: furosemide, levothyroxine, digoxin, esomeprazole, doxepin, temazepam, and warfarin.

Clinical Course: At 2 hours after ingestion, she exhibited depressed mental status, BP 80/50, PR 50. Skin was cool and clammy with peripheral cyanosis. ECG demonstrated complete AV block with a functional escape. Initial blood studies were normal, but the patient developed progressive hyperglycemia (450 mg/dl) and metabolic acidosis (pH 7.1, serum bicarbonate 17, lactate 3.7 mmol/L) during resuscitation procedures. K 3.5 mEq/L, digoxin 1.7 ng/mL, acetaminophen and salicylate were not detected. A CxR showed pulmonary edema. A bedside cardiac ultrasound demonstrated global hypokinesis that progressively worsened. Cardiac enzymes did not suggest ischemia. INR 2.1, Cr 1.55. Other treatments given included intubation, and administration of norepinephrine, glucagon, Ca gluconate, and high dose insulin. CxR was consistent with aspiration or pulmonary edema. External pacing was added without consistent capture. Asystole occurred 5 hour after ingestion and the patient was pronounced dead.

Autopsy Findings: Peripheral blood (antemortem) diltiazem 3.8 mg/L. Cause of death was accidental diltiazem overdose.

Case 1060. Acute on chronic flecainide ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 23 month old 11 kg male on oral flecainide for SVT, ingested ~100 mL of 10 mg/mL (total 1 gram) flecainide. The child had a seizure, became somnolent, and was transported to the ED via private vehicle.

Past Medical History: SVT diagnosed in utero; preterm birth at 32 weeks; febrile seizures; ear infection.

Physical Exam: In the ED the patient was lethargic, appropriate but after a grand mal tonic-clonic seizure became bradycardic at HR 50 with widened QRS, QT and PR intervals and was unresponsive.

Laboratory Data: Initial flecainide level was 3.19 mcg/mL (reference range 0.2 to 1 mcg/mL), K 2.6; Ca 7.5; TProt 4.9, AST 106; ALT 58. WBC 62.8 with left shift; Hgb 10.2, Hct 29.9, ABG-pH 7.35/pCO₂ 25/pO₂/HCO₃14.

Clinical Course: Intubated, CPR performed; VT resembling Torsades de Pointes, MgSO₄ given. Epinephrine, atropine, and sodium bicarbonate administered. Two intraosseous lines were placed due to difficulty with IV access. HR increased to 80's - 90's with continued widened QRS and widened intervals. BP was 62/50. Cardioversion was attempted at 5 joules, then synchronized 10 joules with HCO₃ along with an amiodarone bolus. Wide complex tachycardia with palpable pulses continued, but BP was not obtainable. A 20% lipid bolus was given at 2 mL/kg and subsequent infusion of 8 mL/kg over 1 hour was planned, but interrupted and took several hours. The patient was transffred to a tertiary care center and given an isoproterenol infusion for bradycardia and hypotension; systolic BP in the 70's with continued wide ventricular complexes. External pacing pads increased the HR to 80; internal jugular catheter for transvenous pacing with good capture took place. Another lipid bolus at 12 mL/kg and an infusion of 8 mL/kg/ hour was given. Severe neurological abnormality with lack of cortical or brain stem responses and no carotid arterial supply to the supratentorial or infratentorial brain was noted. The patient was pronounced brain dead on Day 2.

Autopsy Findings: Hypoxic encephalopathy due to aberrant cardiac rhythms due to flecainide intoxication. Blood positive for flecainide. Manner of death was accidental.

Case 1063. Acute antihistamine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 21y/o male found on the floor with a suicide note and multiple empty bottles of diphenhydramine. Maximum possible ingestion was estimated at 8700 milligrams.

Past Medical History: depression and previous suicide attempts.

Physical Exam: The patient was confused upon arrival to the emergency room. T 36.9°C, HR 115, BP 170/101, RR 42.

Laboratory Data: APAP & ASA not detected, urine drug screen was negative.

Clinical Course: The patient was intubated and ventilated. He experienced 3 consecutive seizures and was treated with lorazepam 3mg. Whole bowel irrigation was initiated and IV fluids given. He was sent to the ICU and expired within several hours of his arrival to the ED.

Autopsy Findings: Stomach contained ~100 ml of white, pasty, granular pill type material with a slight blue tinge Antemortem blood diphenhydramine 3.26 mg/L. The death was determined to be the result of intentional overdose with diphenhydramine and the manner of death was suicide.

Case 1076. Acute on chronic loperamide ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 21 y/o male ingested up to 800 loperamide tablets (1600 mg) and was found apneic and pulseless at



home. EMS initiated CPR including epinephrine, naloxone, and intubation and restored rhythm.

Past Medical History: Chronic diarrhea and abdominal pain; previous loperamide overdose.

Physical Exam: In ED hypotensive (64/28) and agitation required propofol.

Laboratory Data: pH 7.26, anion gap, glucose 283, Cr 1.7. Clinical Course: Developed myoclonus, opisthotonous, rigidity, severe anoxic encephalopathy and aspiration pneumonia. Transferred to hospice and expired 11 days after admission.

Autopsy Findings: Cause of death was anoxic encephalopathy and bronchopneumonia due to resuscitated cardiac arrest and loperamide intoxication.

Case 1095. Acute drotrecogin alpha: parenteral: contributory.

Scenario/Substances: A 22 y/o female presented to a HCF acutely ill, was diagnosed with meningitis and received infusion of 8900 mcg of drotrecogin alpha over 1 hour instead of over the intended 12 hours.

Past Medical History: Present diagnosis of meningitis; otherwise normal healthy adult

Laboratory Data: Before medication error: INR 1.42, PTT 37; ~9 hours after error: INR 4.18; PTT > 300, fibringen 105.

Clinical Course: Patient was admitted to ICU in critical condition with full supportive measures and was noted to have active bleeding. Her condition continued to deteriorate. She was also in acute renal failure and continuous renal replacement therapy was initiated. She arrested and was resuscitated twice. She received fresh frozen plasma x 12 units, cryoprecipitate x 2 units, and platelet phoresis x 10 units. She developed a pneumothorax and required placement of chest tube. She expired on the day after medication error.

Autopsy Findings: Not available.

Case 1133. Acute alprazolam ingestion and parenteral administration: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/substance: 26 y/o female hospitalized for asthma. Found in cardiopulmonary arrest on the day after the selfadministered alprazolam overdose. Six empty 10 ml syringes were found under her pillow, as well as a bottle of alprazolam with 64 missing tablets and two empty 1 mL vials of promethazine injectable, 25 mg/mL. A nearly empty bottle of fabric softener was also found.

Past Medical History: Major depression, anxiety disorder, borderline personality disorder, bipolar disorder, Munchhausen Syndrome, Munchhausen Syndrome by Proxy, hypertension, asthma.

Laboratory Data: Na 149, K 9.5, Hgb 10, platelets 5 (254) on admission), glucose 551, WBC 17.5. Urine and blood screens positive for benzodiazepine, caffeine. Blood alprazolam 120 ng/mL (range in 7 fatal suicides: 122–2100 ng/mL). Clinical Course: Found apneic, pulseless. Resuscitation attempted with intubation, epinephrine, naloxone, flumazenil, sodium bicarbonate, calcium, insulin/glucose and dopamine. Resuscitation unsuccessful and the patient expired.

Autopsy: Acute alprazolam toxicity and foreign body granulomas of both lungs, extensive. Lung sections showed birefringent foreign body material.

Case 1136. Acute olanzapine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 28 y/o female called her boyfriend and told him that she had taken an overdose of her medications. EMS found her in a room with pills scattered on the floor and bottles of atenolol, pregabalin, quetiapine and alprazolam. She was in cardiac arrest with PEA. CPR initiated with intubation, an intraosseous line was started and atropine and epinephrine were given prior to transport to the ED.

Past Medical History: depression and prior suicide attempts. **Physical Exam:** On arrival in the ED she remained pulseless and apneic, with a slow, wide complex rhythm.

Clinical Course: Despite aggressive resuscitation efforts including epinephrine, atropine, sodium bicarbonate glucagon for 30 min in the ED the patient expired.

Autopsy Findings: There was ~40 mL of beige-colored particulate fluid possibly consisting of multiple pill fragments. Blood was positive for benzodiazepines, ethanol, caffeine, nicotine, quetiapine and bupropion metabolite. Ethanol 102 mg/dL, alprazolam 390 ng/mL (therapeutic range 10-100 ng/ mL), quetiapine 4500 ng/mL (therapeutic range 286–828 ng/ mL). The cause of death was acute mixed drug ingestion.

Case 1140. Acute doxylamine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 30 y/o male ingested 200 tablets of Unisom and then called 911. There were multiple empty packages of Unisom and antiretroviral medications at his bedside. When EMS arrived, he was initially conversant with garbled speech then subsequently had a grand mal seizure lasting about 45 seconds. He was given D50W for glucose on the mid 60's. Activated charcoal was withheld in the field to minimize aspiration hazard and transported him to the ED.

Past Medical History: He was on antiretroviral medication. He had been admitted previously to the ED with altered mental status. He used alcohol, marijuana and diazepam to manage environmental stress and depression. Medical record indicated he had access to tricyclic antidepressants, ziprasidone, escitalopram and lorazepam.

Physical Exam: On arrival in the ED, the patient was unresponsive; the BP was 212/133, HR 117, O2 Sat 96% on nonrebreathing bag. After intubation, pupils were dilated and non-reactive, the oropharynx, lungs and abdomen were unremarkable. Extremities were flaccid after the seizure; there as no evidence of injury.

Laboratory Data: Initial glucose 153, Na 148, K 2.1, HCO₃ 6, lactic acid 35 mmol/L, INR 1.6, Hct 47.1%, WBC 12.4, platelets 381, salicylate 3.2 mg/dL, APAP 6.8 mg/L, valproic acid, phenytoin and digoxin were not detected. Carbamazepine 0.5mg/L, phenobarbital 1.5 mg/L



Clinical Course: The patient had a grand mal seizure lasting 40 seconds in the ED treated by lorazepam. The ECG showed a wide complex tachycardia with a rate of about 120. He developed VT which deteriorated to PEA after DC countershock. CPR was performed including epinephrine, atropine, and naloxone but he remained pulseless with a bradycardia. He was given 3 boluses of sodium bicarbonate followed by bicarbonate IV infusion, which resulted in a transient palpable pulse for only 5-10 seconds. He remained bradycardic and in PEA and did not respond to continued CPR and ACLS and he was pronounced dead

Autopsy Findings: The stomach contained 400 mL of green turbid fluid without identifiable food material and a whitegreen pill residue within the pylorus. Both lungs were congested with moderately edematous parenchyma. There was atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, but no evidence of occlusive thrombus or regional wall infarction. Blood levels: citalopram <0.1 mg/l, diphenhydramine 14.1 mg/l, doxylamine 17.5 mg/l. Gastric contents: diphenhydramine:1,320 mg, doxylamine 124 mg. Cause of death: acute Unisom (diphenhydramine and doxylamine) intoxication

Case 1199. Acute cocaine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: 14 y/o male in ingested an unknown amount of either heroin or crack cocaine during an police arrest. In custody vomited up a baggie and then promptly reingested the contents.

Clinical Course: Arrived at the ED in full arrest and resuscitation was not successful and he was pronounced dead shortly after arrival, within an hour of ingesting the contents of the

Autopsy Findings: Stomach contents were positive for cocaine. Blood: cocaine 10.5 mg/L, benzoylecgonine 3.14 mg/L. The cause of death was acute cocaine intoxication.

Case 1204. Acute MDMA ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 18 y/o female was driving with a friend when she suddenly lost consciousness and began vomiting. She reportedly had ingested "home-made, doublestrength" MDMA. She was brought to the ED by private vehicle. A pill with an unrecognized imprint was brought with the patient that appeared to have been an illicit manufacture.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive to stimuli, with twitching noted

Laboratory Data: Urine drug screen showed positive for methamphetamine and cocaine. Na 160, K 4.9, BUN 12, Cr 1.1 Ca 9.6, CK 239, CK-MB 17.8, Troponin 2.3.

Clinical Course: The patient experienced a short episode of VT that resolved spontaneously. She was intubated and placed on mechanical ventilation. HR 119. CT showed evidence of cerebral edema and she was transferred to a tertiary medical facility. The patient continued to deteriorate with intermittent ventricular arrhythmias and increasing hypotension requiring pressors. Repeat CT showed increasing cerebral edema with closures of ventricles. Pupils were 6 mm and

fixed. There was no response to stimuli. After 48 hours the patient was declared dead and became an organ donor.

Autopsy Findings: Blood from the initial ED arrival revealed MDMA 274 ng/mL and was negative for methamphetamine and cocaine

Case 1210. Acute heroin Parenteral: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: 21 y/o female was found unresponsive in a bathroom stall by a co-worker. A syringe was found in the stall near the patient. EMS found her comatose, administered naloxone 4 mg IV without response, intubated her and brought to ED.

Past Medical History: No known medical problems or family history of disease.

Physical Examination: Hypotensive, on respirator; GCS 3. Pupils fixed, with dolls eye movements, corneal reflexes absent. No trauma, rashes or track marks.

Laboratory Data:

Acetaminophen and salicylate not detected, urine pregnancy test negative; ethanol <10; urine tox positive for opiates; CxR: pulmonary edema; head CT: no noted bleed or injury.

Clinical Course: Hypotension requiring dopamine, norepinephrine, and phenylephrine infusions. Upon ICU transfer, the patient had PEA, was resuscitated before having an asystolic rhythm 1 hr later. The patient expired 7 hours after initial presentation.

Autopsy Findings: Pulmonary congestion and edema. Post mortem blood concentrations: codeine <0.1 mg/L, morphine 0.10 mg/L; vitreous: codeine <0.01 mg/L, morphine 0.05 mg/ L, and 6-monoacetyl morphine 0.01 mg/L. Cause of death was accidental heroin intoxication.

Case 1212. Acute on chronic heroin parenteral: probably responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 22 y/o female, known drug abuser arrested and released and was sent to a crisis center and then home. Found by her parents unconscious in respiratory arrest with a syringe still in her arm and six empty and 2 full bags of heroin. EMS found her in cardiac arrest, CPR with intubation, epinephrine, atropine and naloxone with return of vital

Past Medical History: Prior admissions for drug overdose including one 2 weeks prior from which she had been discharged to rehabilitation.

Physical Exam: On arrival to the ED her BP was 139/86, HR 124, T was 33.3°C.

Laboratory Data: ABG-pH 7.16/pCO₂ 40, QRS 100 ms, QT/QTc 372/499 ms, Na 137, K 3.6, Cl 96, BUN 11, Cr 1.8, glucose 146. AST 419, ALT 278, INR 1.3, salicylate, acetaminophen, ethanol were not detected. Head CT showed cerebral edema and diffuse subarachnoid hemorrhage,



intraventricular hemorrhage and new infarctions of the basal ganglia.

Clinical Course: Patient was treated to correct her acidosis, but she remained moribund. She developed polyuria consistent with diabetes insipidus treated with vasopressin. Brain perfusion study showed no cerebral flow. Repeat head CT shortly before death showed protrusion of the cerebellar hemispheres into the foramen magnum. Declared dead on Day 2 and organs were harvested for transplantation.

Autopsy Findings: Cerebral edema and congestion, atelectasis of both lower lobes of lung. Premortem blood: morphine or fentanyl were not detected. Post mortem urine revealed acetaminophen level of 2.35 mg/L and free morphine 0.09 mg/L.

Case 1217. Acute caffeine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 23 y/o female ingested 100 fatburner weight loss capsules (cola nut, cactus extract, white willow bark, grapefruit extract, chitosan, caffeine 250 mg, green tea, guarana and garcinia).

Past Medical History: Venlafaxine for depression, cocaine abuse, prior suicide attempts and psychiatric hospitalizations. Smoked 1 pack per day.

Clinical Course: She suddenly became diaphoretic and tachycardic en route to the ED. When she arrived at the ED 1 hour after the ingestion she was anxious, but otherwise asymptomatic. BP 135/109, HR 139, RR 28. On physical exam she was diaphoretic. Following the gastric lavage (90 min post-ingestion), which returned a large quantity of reddish-purple soup and pill fragments that were consistent with the ingestion, the patient had a tonic seizure and was given lorazepam. Seven min following the seizure, the patient went into a VF and was resuscitated. CK exceeded 500,000 on Day 1. Activated charcoal was given and ~36 hours after presentation, she was stable enough to undergo a session of hemodialysis. At ~43.5 hours after initial presentation, she went into an unspecified heart block and then VF from which she could not be resuscitated. A caffeine level drawn upon presentation returned following the patient's death: 189 mg/L.

Autopsy Findings: Not available

Case 1243. Acute cocaine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: 32 y/o male swallowed cocaine during a law enforcement traffic stop and while in police custody, started vomiting. An estimated 50 - 60 rocks of cocaine were seen in his emesis. EMS were called and found the patient unresponsive in cardiac arrest. He was revived at the scene with naloxone and a dopamine infusion was started prior to the onset of seizure activity.

Laboratory Data: Admission: urine drug screen positive for cocaine and PCP, APAP & ASA not detected, AST 91, ALT 139. Post intubation on Fi02 50%. ABG-pH 7.35/pCO₂ 31.2/ pO₂ 231/HCO₃ 21/BE -5.

Clinical Course: In the ED the patient had fixed, dilated pupils, was intubated and ventilated. An infusion of naloxone was started prior to transfer to the ICU with a BP 90/77, HR 134. The dopamine infusion was stopped and a phenylephrine infusion started. The naloxone infusion continued. Day 2

measured serum osmolarity 330 mOsm/kg. Day 5: BUN 103. Cr>10. He had episodes of hyperthermia (to 38.4°C) which also appeared to affect his BP (up to 185/105). His HR stayed in the 140 to 150 range. He received labetalol, mannitol, furosemide, and antibiotics. All medications, with the exception of antibiotics, pantoprazole, IV fluids, and total parenteral nutrition were stopped on Day 4. He was dialyzed on Days 3 - 6 for acute renal failure. His pupils remained fixed and dilated and he started posturing. He remained unresponsive on a ventilator throughout hospitalization. An EEG performed on Day 8 showed acute anoxic encephalopathy. A CT scan showed bilaterally thrombosed internal carotids without evidence of cerebral blood flow. Comfort measures were instituted and he expired on Day 8.

Autopsy Findings: Massive pulmonary edema. The brain was edematous and soft, with a small subarachnoid hemorrhage over the brainstem. Both carotid arteries were thrombosed. Antemortem blood was positive for cocaine metabolites. A brain sample showed ecgonine methyl ester at 10.3 mg/kg, cocaine at 2.71 mg/kg and benzoylecgonine at 4.66 mg/kg. Cause of death: cocaine intoxication.

Case 1246. Acute on chronic cocaine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible.

Scenario/Substances: A 32 y/o male swallowed several baggies of cocaine when he was stopped by law enforcement. He was transported to the ED.

Physical Exam: BP 200/120, HR 142, highest, T 36.7°C. diaphoretic and shivering.

Laboratory Data: Urine tox screen was positive for cocaine. THC, opiates. acetaminophen not detected.

Clinical Course: Admitted to the ICU where whole bowel irrigation was started. Developed diarrhea and a distended abdomen. His T increased to 37.7°C. A nicardipine infusion was started for hypertension resulting in a BP of 138/68; Plantar reflex was present; pupils were 2+ and sluggish, on propofol; intubated and placed on a ventilator; seizures every 3 minutes lasting about 60 seconds and he was started on benzodiazepines and phenytoin. The ambient T of the room was cooled and patient T to 36.4°C. His abdomen was no longer distended; the patient was placed on a labetalol infusion for persistent hypertension. Tonic-clonic activity and EEG showed epileptiform activity in the frontal lobe which stopped, but started in other areas of the brain; Glasgow coma scale 4. Significant anoxic brain injury was suspected. Day 9: he arrested and could not be resuscitated.

Autopsy Findings: Healing abrasions on the face, torso and extremities; empty cellophane packet found in gastric contents,



pulmonary edema, cardiac hypertrophy. Antemortem blood: cocaine 95 ng/mL, benzoylecgonine 2500 ng/mL, no other drugs detected. Cause of death was anoxic/ischemic encephalopathy secondary to cocaine intoxication.

Case 1251. Acute cocaine ingestion: undoubtedly responsible. Scenario/Substances: A 38 y/o male ingested "a large amount of crack cocaine" During a police stop. In the ensuing altercation the patient was "tasered" several times before being handcuffed. EMS arrived, but he refused to answer questions, refused an IV line, and become anxious and sweaty. He was transported to the hospital and admitted to EMS that he had ingested a couple of large packages of cocaine.

Clinical Course: He continued to be uncooperative, HR 160, BP 180/systolic. Shortly after arrival in the ED he abruptly seized and became bradycardic and hypotensive. He was intubated and resuscitative measures were unsuccessful and the patient expired less than 1 hour after arrival.

Autopsy Findings: Stomach contained ~16 white-beige objects measuring ~1 cm in diameter consistent with ingested crack cocaine. The heart was enlarged (480 gm) with concentric 2 cm left ventricular hypertrophy with evidence of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and scattered epicardial petechiae. Antemortem blood: cocaine 3200 ng/mL, benzoylecgonine 3100 ng/mL, delta-9-thc 2.9 ng/mL, delta-9carboxy-THC 31 ng/mL, lorazepam 300 ng/mL (therapeutic range 50-240 ng/mL) [he had been given lorazepam in the hospital after the seizure.]. The cause of death was acute cocaine intoxication.

Case 1253. Acute cocaine ingestion: probably responsible. Scenario/Substances: 39 y/o male brought to ED by police 2 days following an arrest when police suspected ingestion of cocaine.

Physical Exam: Hypertension, tachycardia, and agitation. Laboratory Data: Initial: Cr 0.9, troponin 0.02, urine toxicology positive for cocaine and benzodiazepines; Day 5: Cr 3.5; Day 6: Cr 6.0, troponin 9.2.

Clinical Course: CT scan abdomen showed a large number of foreign bodies. On the day of admission surgery was performed to remove 15 "packets" believed to contain cocaine from the stomach. Post-operatively he became agitated; CT abdomen showed two foreign bodies in the colon.

Day 2: Colonoscopy removed two more "packets". The packets were 2-3 inch thin balloons. One packet removed during colonoscopy was ruptured.

Day 3: He continued hypertensive and tachycardic (BP 180/110 HR 120) on a mechanical ventilator. A third CT scan of the abdomen did not show any foreign bodies. IV lorazepam drip and phentolamine were given for hypertension without resolution. Whole bowel irrigation was initiated, but was discontinued due to abdominal distention. IV infusion of nicardipine was used to control BP, but HR remained elevated. The patient expired during cardiac arrest on Day 6.

Autopsy Findings: The medical examiner stated that the brain, myocardium, bowels and kidneys appeared grossly normal, but in the distal small bowel 2 small burst "packets" were found.

Case 1260. Acute cocaine exposure: contributory.

Scenario/Substances: 42 y/o male found unresponsive and profoundly hypertensive in a known drug house and brought to the ED.

Past Medical History: Significant for cocaine use and smoking and history of head trauma 1 week prior to admission.

Physical Exam: Unresponsive, BP 240/140 to 300/200, HR 53-190. Pupils fixed and dilated (6 mm), absent corneal reflexes bilaterally.

Laboratory Data: ECG: QRS 120 ms, QTc 464 ms; Head CT: actively bleeding large subarachnoid hemorrhage. Chemistries were WNL, except glucose: 178; salicylate, acetaminophen, ethanol; negative; urine drug screen positive for cocaine.

Clinical Course: The patient was intubated, given sublingual nitroglycerin and started on nitroprusside infusion. No respiratory effort over the ventilator was noted; life support was withdrawn four hours after ED arrival and the patient expired.

Autopsy Findings: The cause of death was subarachnoid and intraventricular hemorrhage due to ruptured cerebral artery aneurysm. Cocaine was found to be a contributory cause. Iliac blood: benzoylecgonine 0.23 mg/L, ecgonine methyl ester was positive.

Case 1265. Acuity unknown cocaine Unknown: probably responsible.

Scenario/substance: 45 y/o male became agitated after a drug stop and police restraint. He was tasered once, got up and tried to run again, and was tasered a second time and became unresponsive. EMS was called, noted PEA, and administered naloxone, atropine and epinephrine. He was intubated and ventilated during transport to the ED.

Past Medical History: left ventricular hypertrophy, psychiatric disorder, and cocaine abuse.

Physical Exam: In the ED: T 39.9°C, BP 148/108, HR 140. His pupils were 3 mm and reactive to light. He was intubated and mechanically ventilated.

Laboratory Data: glucose 300, ethanol 14 mg/dl, APAP & ASA not detected. ABG-pH 6.90/pCO₂ 47/pO₂ 527/HCO₃ 9.3, urine drug screen was positive for cocaine, ammonia 334 umm/L, AST 123, ALT 106.

Clinical Course: Metabolic acidosis was treated with multiple doses of sodium bicarbonate. Despite aggressive care in the ICU, he expired about 8.5 hours after admission to the ED,

Autopsy Findings: Generalized cerebral edema early degenerative neuronal changes consistent with hypoxia. Bronchilitis. Focal hemorrhages at the attachments of the chordae tendinae of the heart, and microscopic revealed acute infarction with hemorrhage. Cause of death: 1) excited delirium,



with cardiac dysrhythmia, myocardial infarction and hypoxic brain injury, metabolic acidosis and hyperthermia. 2) Cocaine intoxication with benzoyl ecgonine 1.56 mg/L, and ecgonine methyl ester at 0.371 mg/L in antemortem blood. Cocaine and cocaethylene were not detected. 3) Complications of cardiac arrest following violent suggle with restraint and deployment of electronic control device. The manner of death was deemed accidental.

Addendum

Case. Acute N-acetylcysteine parenteral.

Scenario/substance: An 18 y/o female took an unknown amount of acetaminophen 2 hours before arriving in the ED.

Past Medical History: The patient had recently found out she was pregnant.

Laboratory Data: Initial acetaminophen was 200 mcg/mL at 4 hours (all times refer to hours post ingestion), AST 20, ALT 14. Clinical Course: In the ED, she was awake and alert, equal reactive pupils HR 123, BP 116/69, RR 18-20; weight 50 kg. She received activated charcoal and IV N-acetylcysteine (NAC) was started at 3.5 hours: Loading Dose 150 mg/kg over 1 hr, Second Dose 50 mg/kg/hr x 4 hr (instead of over 4 hr), Third Dose and 100 mg/kg/hr x 16 hr (instead of over 16 hr). Seizures began approximately 17 hours and continued until 23 hours. The patient aspirated charcoal and gastric contents and was intubated. Normal saline, phenytoin, lorazepam, and propofol were given. Day 2 vital signs were: HR 113, BP 133/63, RR 20. Approximately 26 hours: acetaminophen < 10 mcg/mL, AST 30, ALT 16, INR 2.1. NAC was re-started ~29 hours (dosage according to package insert instructions). At 32 hours her BP was 67/34, pupils 9 mm and non-reactive. no cough, gag, or corneal reflexes were found leading to the Dx of brain death. During evaluation for organ donation, the patient developed a bradydysrhythmia, leading to asystole and expired at 41 hours.

Autopsy findings: Cerebral edema, herniation, acute pneumonia due to aspiration of gastric contents, acute myocardial ischemia. The liver was not grossly or microscopically necrotic. The cause of death was "complications from acetaminophen toxicity" but did not exclude the possibility of a NAC overdose.

NB: The above abstract is included as an addendum to this report because of the potential importance of the case and the initial lack of agreement between the regional poison center (RPC) and the fatality managers as to RCF based on the information then available. Details of the initial physical exam and dose administered were not received until the time of page proofs. The RPC authors believed the appropriate RCF = 1, undoubtedly responsible and opined "Given the initially reported NAC dose, the elevated INR consistent with an extremely high serum NAC level, the cerebral injury and lack of hepatic injury, death appears to be much more likely due to NAC overdose".

CVVHD

CxR

Day

Dx

Abbreviations & Normal ranges for Abstracts

Disclaimer – all laboratories are different, units and normal ranges are provided for general guidance only. These values were taken from Harrison's. 14, Goldfrank. 15 or Dart . 16 Serum electrolyte summary table

Sodium [136-146]	Chloride [102-109] BUN [7-20] mg/dL Glucose [75-110] mg/dL		
Fotassium [3.3-3]	Bicarbonate [22-20] Creatinine [0.3-1.2] ing/di		
1 D.C			
ABG	= arterial blood gases		
ABG-pCO ₂	= partial pressure of carbon dioxide		
	[38–42] mmHg		
ABG-pH	= hydrogen ion concentration		
	[7.38–7.42] mmHg		
$ABG-pO_2$	= partial pressure of oxygen [90–100] mmHg		
ACLS	= advanced cardiac life support, protocol for the		
	provision of cardiac resuscitation		
Alk phos	=alkaline phosphatase [13–100] U/L		
ALT	= Alanine aminotransferase [7–41] U/L =		
1121	(SGPT)		
AMA	= against medical advice		
Ammonia	= $[250-80] \text{ mcg/dL} = [15-47] \text{ mcmol/L}$		
ARDS	= acute respiratory distress syndrome		
AST	= Aspartate aminotransferase [12–38] U/L =		
A X 71 1 1	(SGOT)		
AVblock	= atrio-ventricular block		
BAL	- British anti-Lewisite		
BE	= base excess, mmol/L		
Bicarbonate	= [22-26] mEq/L		
Bilirubin	= total $[0.3-1.3]$ mg/dL, direct $[0.1, 0.4]$ mg/dL,		
	indirect [0.2, 0.9] mg/dL		
BLQ	= below the limit of quantitation		
BMI	= body mass index		
BP	= Blood Pressure, systolic/diastolic, mmHg		
	(Torr)		
BUN	- see Urea nitrogen		
C	= degrees Centigrade		
Ca	= calcium, [8.7–10.2] mg/dL		
CAD	= coronary artery disease		
CABG	= coronary artery bypass graft		
CK	= creatinine kinase (CPK), total: [39–238] U/L		
CIL	females, [51–294] U/L males		
C1	= chloride [102–109] mEq/L		
	= COHb		
COPD	= chronic obstructive pulmoary disease		
COPD CPR			
	= cardio pulmonary resuscitation		
Cr	= creatinine [0.5–0.9] mg/dL females, [0.6–1.2]		
C/T	males,		
CT	= computed tomography (CAT scan)		
CVA	= cerebrovascular accident		

= continuous venovenus hemodialysis

= when capitalized, Day = hospital day, i.e.,

= chest radiograph, chest xray

days since admission

= diagnosis



ECG	= electrocardiogramECG, leads = I, II, III, aVR,	mmol/L	= millmoles per Liter
	aVL, aVF, V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6	mosm/kg	= milliosmoles per kilogram
ED	= emergency department, in these abstracts	mosm/L	= milliosmoles per Liter
	refers to the initial health care facility	MRI	= Magnetic Resonance Imaging
EDDP	= principal methadone metabolite	ms	= milliseconds
EEG	= electroencephalogram	NG	= nasogastric
ELISA	= enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay	ng/mL	= nanograms per milliliter
EMS	= emergency medical services, paramedics, the	NS	= normal saline
	first responders	O ₂ sat	= oxygen percent saturation [94–100]% at sea
ER	= extended release (sustained release)	2	level
FiO_2	= fraction of inspired oxygen	OR	= operating room
g/dL	= grams per deciliter	Osm	= osmole
GCS	= Glasgow Coma Score, ranges from 3 to 15	PALS	= pediatric advanced life support
Glu	= glucose, fasting [75–110] mg/dL	PC	= poison center (= PCC, or Poison Control
HCF	= health care facility		Center)
HCG	= human chorionic gonadotropin test for preg-	PCP	– primary care provider
	nancy	PEA	= pulseless electrical activity
HCO_3	= bicarbonate	PEEP	= positive end expiratory pressure
HCP	= health care provider	Platelets	= platelet count $[150-400] \times 10^9/L$
Hct	=hematocrit[35.4-44.4] females,[38.8-46.4]%	PO	= per os ("by mouth" in Latin)
	males	Potassium	= [3.5-5] mEq/L
Hgb	= hemoglobin [12.0–15.8] g/dL females, [13.3–	PR	= P-R interval [120–200] msec on the ECG
8-	16.2] g/dL males	PT	= prothrombin time, INR is preferred, but PT
HIV	= human immunodeficiency virus		may be used if INR is not available
HR	= heart rate, beats per min	PTA Prior to	
hr	= hour(s)	PTT	= partial thromboplastin time [26.3–39.4] sec
ICU	= intensive care unit	QRS	= ECG QRS complex duration [60–100] msec
IgE	= immunoglobulin E	QT	= Q to T interval on the ECG waveform, varies
IM	= intramuscular	~	with heart rate
INR	= international normalized ratio (PT to control)	QTc	= QT interval corrected for heart rate, usually
	[0.8-1-2]	($QTcB = QT/RR\frac{1}{2}$ (Bazett correction) 1–15
IU/L	= international units per Liter		y-o [<440] msec, adult male [<430] msec,
IV	= intravenous		adult female [<450] msec
K	= potassium, [3.5–5] mEq/L	RBC	= red blood cell(s)
kg	= kilogram	RR	= respiratory rate, breaths per minute
L	= Liter	sec	= seconds
Lactate	= lactic acid [4.5–14.4] mg/dL arterial,	SVT	= supraventricular tachycardiaF
	[4.5–19.8] mg/dL venous	s/p	= status post
Leukocyte	[,]8	T (oral)	= Temperature (oral) [36.4, 37.2]°C or
count	= white blood count $[3.54-9.06] 10^3/\text{mm}^3$	T (rectal)	= Temperature (rectal) [36.4, 37.2]°C or
mcg/dL	= micrograms per deciliter	T (tympanic)	
mcg/L	= micrograms per Liter	THC	= tetrahydrocannabinol
mcg/min	= micrograms per minute	Tprot	= total protein
mcg/mL	= micrograms per milliliter	Troponin I	= normal range [0–0.08] ng/mL, Cut-off for MI
mcmol/L	= micromoles per liter	- F -	> 0.04 ng/mL
MDA	= 3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine	U/dL	= units per deciliter
MDMA	= methylenedioxymethamphetamine (ecstasy)	U/L	= units per liter
ME	= medical examiner	U/mL	= units per milliliter
mEq	= milliequivalents	UA	= urinalysis
mEq/L	= milliequivalents per Liter	Urea nitroger	•
Mg	= magnesium [1.5–2.3] mg/dL	(BUN)	= [6-17] mg/dL
mg	= milligrams	VF	= Ventricular fibrillation
mg/dL	= milligrams per deciliter	VT	= Ventricular tachycardia
mg/kg	= milligrams per kilogram	WBC	= white blood count, see leukocyte count
mg/L	= milligrams per Liter	WNL	- within normal limits
min	= minutes	y/o	= years old
		J. C	J 0.44

